### **ASSESMENT 2**

ASSESMENT DATE	26-09-2022
STUDENT NAME	V.Sumathi
STUDENT ROLL	713119104019
NUMBER	
MAXIMUM MARKS	2 Marks

### 1. Download the dataset

### 2. Load the dataset Solution:

 $import\ pandas\ as\ pd\\ import\ numpy\ as\ np\\ df=pd.read\_csv("C:\\Desktop\\Churn\_Modelling.csv")$ 

df

## output:

Out[7]:		RowNumber	Customerld	Surname	Credit Score	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimat
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	1
	- 1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	1
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	11
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	ç
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	7
	-					377	175	100	1775	(22)		883		
	9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	6
	9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	10
	9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	4
	9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	9
	0000	*0000	45000140	187-11	700	F	Female	20		400440 70		34		

df.head()

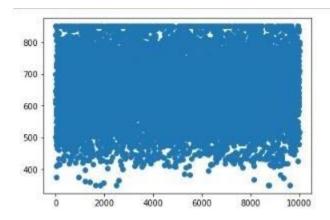
Estimated Salary	IsActiveMember	HasCrCard	NumOfProducts	Balance	Tenure	Age	Gender	Geography	CreditScore	Surname	CustomerId	RowNumber	
101348,88	1	1	1	0.00	2	42	Female	France	619	Hargrave	15634602	1	0
112542.58	1	0	1	83807.88	1	41	Female	Spain	608	Hill	15847311	2	1
113931.57	0	1	3	159860.80	8	42	Female	France	502	Onio	15619304	3	2
93826.63	0	0	2	0.00	1	39	Female	France	699	Boni	15701354	4	3
79084.10	1	1	1	125510.82	2	43	Female	Spain	850	Mitchell	15737888	5	4

# **3.perform following operations**

# > univariate analysis

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.scatter(df.index,df['CreditScore'])
plt.show()

## output:

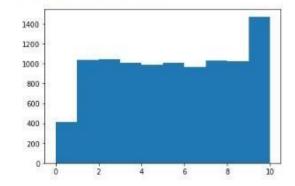


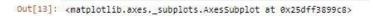
## plt.hist(df['Tenure'])

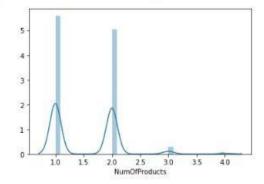
```
Out[12]: (array([ 413., 1035., 1048., 1009., 989., 1012., 967., 1028., 1025., 1474.]),

array([ 0., 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8., 9., 10.]),

<a href="mailto:kallararay"><a href="mailto:kallaray"><a href="mailto:kallaray"><a
```

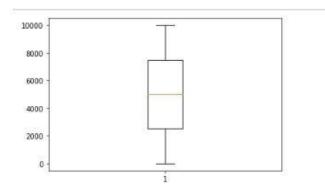




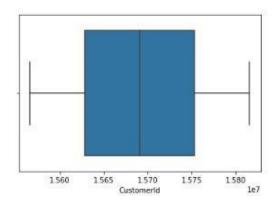


# plt.boxplot(df['RowNumber'])

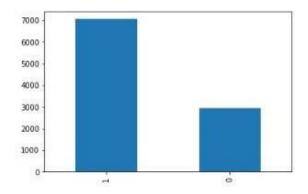
# plt.show()



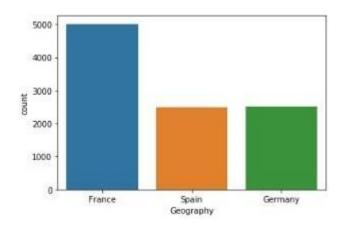
# sns.boxplot(df['CustomerId'])



# $df ['HasCrCard'].value\_counts().plot.bar()$



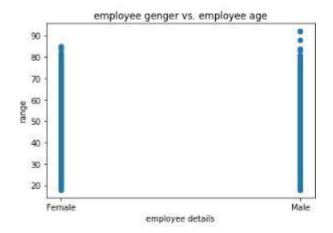
## sns.countplot(df['Geography'])



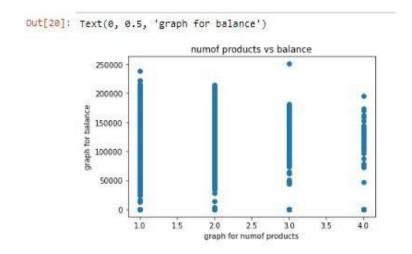
# > Bivariate analysis

plt.scatter(df.Gender, df.Age)
plt.title('employee genger vs. employee

age') plt.xlabel('employee details')
plt.ylabel('range')



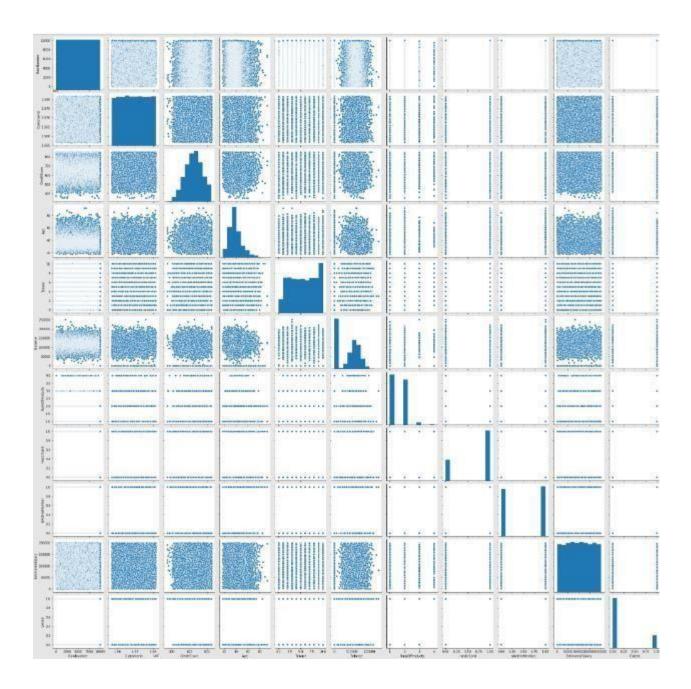
plt.scatter(df.NumOfProducts, df.Balance)
plt.title('numof products vs balance')
plt.xlabel('graph for numof products')
plt.ylabel('graph for balance')



## > Multivariate analysis

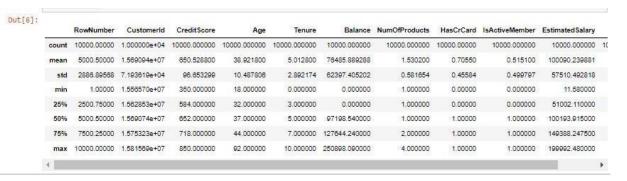
seaborn.pairplot(df)

plt.show()



### 4.describtive function

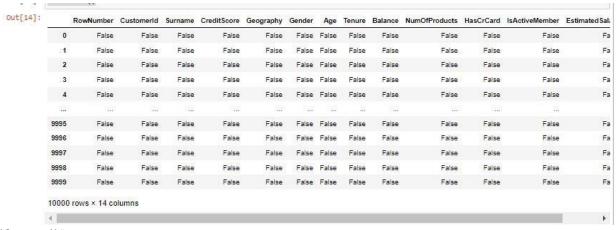
df.describe()



#### **5.handle the missing data** df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 14 columns):
# Column
                   Non-Null Count Dtype
---
                   -----
0 RowNumber
                  10000 non-null int64
1
    CustomerId
                  10000 non-null int64
2
                   10000 non-null object
    Surname
                   10000 non-null
                                  int64
3
    CreditScore
                   10000 non-null object
4
    Geography
5
    Gender
                  10000 non-null object
6
    Age
                   10000 non-null int64
7
    Tenure
                   10000 non-null int64
8
    Balance
                   10000 non-null
                                  float64
    NumOfProducts 10000 non-null int64
9
10 Hascrcard
                   10000 non-null int64
11 IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64
12 EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null
                    10000 non-null int64
13 Exited
dtypes: float64(2), int64(9), object(3)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

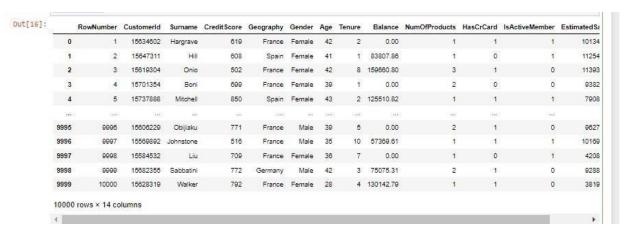
#### df.isnull()



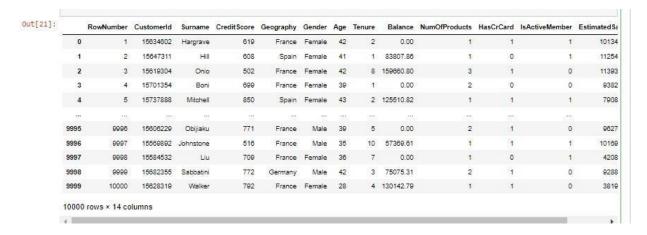
df.notnull()



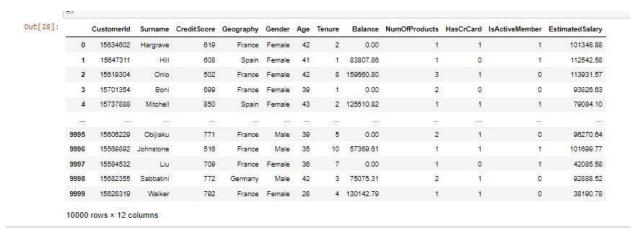
#### df.fillna(0)



#### df["Gender"].fillna("No Gender", inplace = True) df



df.drop("RowNumber",axis=1,inplace=True)



#### print(df.isnull().sum())

CustomerId	0
Surname	0
CreditScore	0
Geography	0
Gender	0
Age	0
Tenure	0
Balance	0
NumOfProducts	0
HasCrCard	0
IsActiveMember	0
EstimatedSalary	0
dtype: int64	

#### updated\_df = df.dropna(axis=1) updated\_df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 12 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                  -----
0 CustomerId 10000 non-null int64
                 10000 non-null object
   Surname
1
2 CreditScore 10000 non-null int64
   Geography
                  10000 non-null object
   Gender
                  10000 non-null object
4
                 10000 non-null int64
5 Age
   Tenure
                 10000 non-null int64
   Balance
6
                10000 non-null float64
8 NumOfProducts 10000 non-null int64
9 Hascrcard
                 10000 non-null int64
10 IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64
11 EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(7), object(3)
memory usage: 937.6+ KB
```

#### 6. Finding outliers and replace

Q1 = df.quantile(0.25)

```
Q3 = df.quantile(0.75) IQR
```

print(IQR)

= Q3 - Q1

RowNumber 4999,5000 CustomerId 124705.5000 CreditScore 134.0000 12.0000 Age Tenure 4.0000 Balance 127644.2400 NumOfProducts 1.0000 HasCrCard 1,0000 IsActiveMember 1.0000 EstimatedSalary 98386.1375 Exited 0.0000 dtype: float64

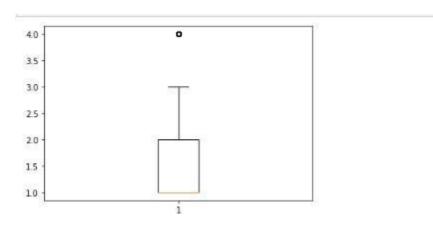
print(df < (Q1 - 1.5 \* IQR))

(df > (Q3 + 1.5 \* IQR))

```
Age Balance CreditScore CustomerId EstimatedSalary Exited \
0
      False
               False
                           False
                                       False
                                                         False
                                                                False
1
      False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
                                                                False
2
      False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
                                                                False
3
      False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
                                                                False
4
      False
               False
                           False
                                        False
9995 False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
                                                                False
9996
      False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
                                                                False
9997
      False
                                                                False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
9998 False
                                                                False
               False
                            False
                                        False
                                                         False
9999 False
                           False
                                                                False
              False
                                        False
                                                         False
      Gender Geography HasCrCard IsActiveMember NumOfProducts RowNumber
0
      False
                 False
                            False
                                            False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
1
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                            False
                                                                       False
2
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                            False
                                                                       False
3
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                            False
       False
                  False
                             False
                                            False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
9995
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
9996
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
9997
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
9998
       False
                  False
                             False
                                             False
                                                            False
                                                                       False
9999
      False
                  False
                             False
                                            False
                                                           False
                                                                       False
      Surname Tenure
0
       False
               False
1
        False
                False
3
        False
               False
        False
               False
        False
               False
9995
9996
        False
               False
9997
        False
               False
9998
        False
               False
        False
               False
```

plt.boxplot(df["NumOfProducts"])

plt.show()



np.where(df.Age>42,42, df.Age)

Out[16]: array([42, 41, 42, ..., 36, 42, 28], dtype=int64)

print(df['Age'].skew())

1.0113202630234552

print(df['Age'].quantile(0.25))

print(df['Age'].quantile(0.75))

df['Age'] = np.where(df['Age'] > 39, 41, df['Age'])

df.describe()

41.0

Out[22]:

1		RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Salary	
	count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	1
	mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	35.788600	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	
	std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	5.659409	2.892174	62397,405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	
	min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	
	25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	
	50%	5000.50000	1.589074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	
	75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	41.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	
	max	10000.00000	1.581589e+07	850.000000	41.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	

## 7.categorical column

df["CustomerId"].value\_counts()

### df.dtypes

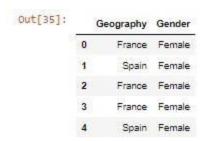
```
RowNumber int64
CustomerId int64
Surname category
CreditScore int64
Geography
Out[27]: RowNumber
          Geography
                             object
                              object
          Gender
                               int64
          Age
          Tenure
Balance
                                 int64
          Balance float64
NumOfProducts int64
                                int64
         HasCrCard
          IsActiveMember
                                int64
          EstimatedSalary float64
          Exited
                                int64
          dtype: object
```

### df["Age"].value\_counts().sort\_index()

```
Out[32]: 18
        19
               27
        20
        21
              53
        22
              84
        23
              99
        24
             132
        25
              154
        26
             200
        27
              209
        28
              273
        29
             348
        30
              327
        31
             404
        32
             418
        33
             442
             447
        35
             474
             456
        36
        37
             478
             477
        38
        39
             423
        41
             4013
        Name: Age, dtype: int64
```

df\_categorical = df[categorical\_columns]

df\_categorical.head()



pd.get\_dummies(df, columns=["Age"]).head()



#### 8.split the data into dependent and independent variables print(df.size)

```
140000
X = df.iloc[:, :-1].values
```

print(X)

```
[[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 101348.88]
[2 15647311 'Hill' ... 0 1 112542.58]
[3 15619304 'Onio' ... 1 0 113931.57]
...
[9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 0 1 42085.58]
[9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 1 0 92888.52]
[10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 0 38190.78]]
```

Y = df.iloc[:, -1].values

print(Y)

#### 9.minmaxscaler

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

df

scaler = MinMaxScaler()

print(scaler.fit(df))

```
MinMaxScaler(copy=True, feature_range=(0, 1))
```

10. train -split data import pandas from as pd LinearRegression sklearn.linear\_model import from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split  $df = pd.read\_csv("C:\\\\\)PC\\\\)Churn\_Modelling.csv")$ df.head()

Out[77]:		RowNumber	Customerld	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Salary
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
	1	2	15847311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159880.80	3	1	0	113931.57
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	.1	1	1	79084.10
	41													

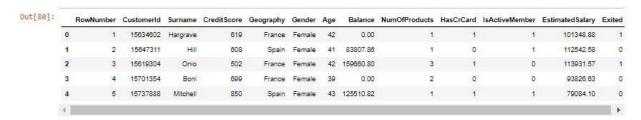
y= df.Tenure

y.head()

```
Out[78]: 0 2
1 1
2 8
3 1
4 2
Name: Tenure, dtype: int64
```

x=df.drop('Tenure',axis=1)

x.head()



x\_train,x\_test,y\_train,y\_test=train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.2)

```
x_train.shape
Out[82]: (8000, 13)

y_train.shape
Out[83]: (8000,)

x_test.shape
Out[84]: (2000, 13)

y_test.shape
Out[85]: (2000,)
```