ASSIGNMENT-3

Build CNN Model for Classification Of Flowers

Assignment Date	07 October 2022
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Maximum marks	2 Marks

1. Download the data set: Dataset

 $\frac{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1xkynpL15pt6KT3YSlDimu4A5iRU9q}{Yck/view}$

```
Total number of flowers in the dataset: 4326
Flowers in each category:
dandelion 1055
tulip 984
rose 784
daisy 769
sunflower 734
Name: category, dtype: int64
```

2. Image Augmentation

[4] from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

```
featurewise_center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
samplewise_center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
featurewise_std_normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
samplewise_std_normalization=False, # divide each input by its std
zca_whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
rotation_range=10, # randomly rotate images in the range (degrees, 0 to 180)
zoom_range = 0.1, # Randomly zoom image
width_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images horizontally (fraction of total width)
height_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images vertically (fraction of total height)
horizontal_flip=False) # randomly flip images
vertical_flip=False) # randomly flip image
```

```
/ [6] test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
              featurewise center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
              samplewise_center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
              featurewise_std_normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
              samplewise_std_normalization=False, # divide each input by its std
              zca whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
              rotation_range=10, # randomly rotate images in the range (degrees, 0 to 180)
              zoom_range = 0.1, # Randomly zoom image
              width_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images horizontally (fraction of total width)
              height_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images vertically (fraction of total height)
              horizontal_flip=True, # randomly flip images
              vertical_flip=False) # randomly flip image
  [ ] train = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(r"E:\SB\Dataset\Training", target_size=(64,64), batch_size=32, class_mode="categorical")
  Found 1717 images belonging to 2 classes
  [ ] test = test datagen.flow from directory(r"E:\SB\Dataset\Testing",target size=(64,64),batch size=32,class mode="categorical")
  Found 2600 images belonging to 3 classes
```

3. Create the Model

```
#build the model
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from tensorflow.keras import layers
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu', input_shape=(32,32,3)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(55, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(564, acti
```

4.Add Layers (Convolution, Max Pooling ,Flatten,Dense-(Hidden Layers),Output)

Convolution layer:

```
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 32, kernel_size = (5,5),padding = 'Same',activation = 'relu', input_shape = (150,150,3)))
# 32 indicates => no of feature detectors
#(5,5)=> kernel size (feature detector size)
```

Max Pooling Layer:

```
[ ] model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
```



Flatten layer:

[] model.add(Flatten())



Dense (hidden layer):

```
[ ]
model.add(Dence(units=3,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="relu")
model.add(Dence(units=2,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="relu")
```

Output layer:

```
[ ] model.add(<u>Dence</u>(units=5,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="softmax")
```

```
Number of types of flowers: 5
Types of flowers: ['daisy', 'rose', 'tulip', 'dandelion', 'sunflower']

Out[2]: category image

0 daisy flowersData/daisy/14167534527_781ceb1b7a_n.jpg

1 daisy flowersData/daisy/34718882165_68cdc9def9_n.jpg

2 daisy flowersData/daisy/5512287917_9f5d3f0f98_n.jpg

3 daisy flowersData/daisy/476857510_d2b30175de_n.jpg

4 daisy flowersData/daisy/521762040_f26f2e08dd.jpg
```

4. Compile the Model

```
-----
```

```
[ ] model.compile(optimizer=Adam(lr=0.001),loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
dandelion : 26.07 %
tulip : 21.12 %
sunflower : 20.52 %
rose : 16.19 %
daisy : 16.09 %
```

5. Fit the Model

```
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 37, 37, 64)
2D)
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                      (None, 37, 37, 96)
                                           55392
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling (None, 18, 18, 96)
2D)
conv2d_3 (Conv2D) (None, 18, 18, 96)
                                        83040
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling (None, 9, 9, 96)
2D)
flatten (Flatten)
                      (None, 7776)
dense (Dense)
                      (None, 512)
                                           3981824
activation (Activation) (None, 512)
dense_1 (Dense)
                      (None, 5)
                                            2565
______
Total params: 4,143,749
Trainable params: 4,143,749
Non-trainable params: 0
```

6. Save the Model

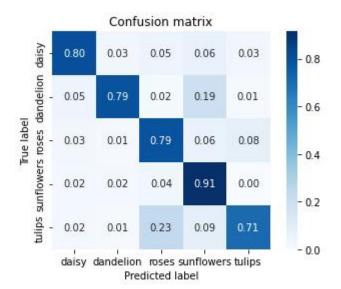
model.save("flowers.h5")

7. Test the Model

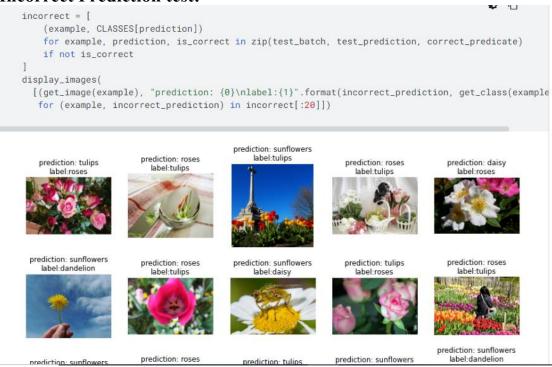
Prediction Test:

```
def show_confusion_matrix(test_labels, predictions):
    """Compute confusion matrix and normalize."""
    confusion = sk_metrics.confusion_matrix(
        np.argmax(test_labels, axis=1), predictions)
    confusion_normalized = confusion.astype("float") / confusion.sum(axis=1)
    axis_labels = list(CLASSES.values())
    ax = sns.heatmap(
        confusion_normalized, xticklabels=axis_labels, yticklabels=axis_labels,
        cmap='Blues', annot=True, fmt='.2f', square=True)
    plt.title("Confusion matrix")
    plt.ylabel("True label")
    plt.xlabel("Predicted label")

show_confusion_matrix(batch_labels, test_prediction)
```



Incorrect Prediction test:



Count test:

```
In [4]: # Let's do some visualization and see how many samples we have for each category
    f, axe = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(14,6))
    sns.barplot(x = flowerNum.index, y = flowerNum.values, ax = axe, palette="rocket")
    axe.set_title("Flowers count for each category", fontsize=16)
    axe.set_xlabel('Category', fontsize=14)
    axe.set_ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)
    plt.show()
```

