#### **ASSIGNMENT-3**

### **Build CNN Model for Classification Of Flowers**

Assignment Date	07 October 2022
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Maximum marks	2 Marks

# 1. Download the data set: Dataset

 $\frac{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1xkynpL15pt6KT3YSlDimu4A5iRU9q}{Yck/view}$ 

```
Total number of flowers in the dataset: 4326
Flowers in each category:
dandelion 1055
tulip 984
rose 784
daisy 769
sunflower 734
Name: category, dtype: int64
```

### 2. Image Augmentation

### 3. Create the Model

```
/ [6] test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
              featurewise center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
              samplewise_center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
              featurewise_std_normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
              samplewise_std_normalization=False, # divide each input by its std
              zca whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
              rotation_range=10, # randomly rotate images in the range (degrees, 0 to 180)
              zoom_range = 0.1, # Randomly zoom image
              width_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images horizontally (fraction of total width)
              height_shift_range=0.2, # randomly shift images vertically (fraction of total height)
              horizontal_flip=True, # randomly flip images
              vertical_flip=False) # randomly flip image
  [] train = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(r"E:\SB\Dataset\Training", target_size=(64,64), batch_size=32, class_mode="categorical")
  Found 1717 images belonging to 2 classes
  [ ] test = test datagen.flow from directory(r"E:\SB\Dataset\Testing",target size=(64,64),batch size=32,class mode="categorical")
  Found 2600 images belonging to 3 classes
```

```
#build the model
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from tensorflow.keras import layers
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu', input_shape=(32,32,3)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax'))

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```

# **4.Add** Layers (Convolution, Max Pooling ,Flatten,Dense-(Hidden Layers),Output)

### **Convolution layer:**

```
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 32, kernel_size = (5,5),padding = 'Same',activation = 'relu', input_shape = (150,150,3)))
# 32 indicates => no of feature detectors
#(5,5)=> kernel size (feature detector size)
```

## **Max Pooling Layer:**

```
[ ] model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
```



# Flatten layer:

[ ] model.add(Flatten())

# Dense (hidden layer):



```
Number of types of flowers: 5
          Types of flowers: ['daisy', 'rose', 'tulip', 'dandelion', 'sunflower']
Out[2]: category
                                                                 image
                  daisy flowersData/daisy/14167534527_781ceb1b7a_n.jpg
                  daisy
                         flowersData/daisy/34718882165_68cdc9def9_n.jpg
           2
                  daisy
                          flowersData/daisy/5512287917_9f5d3f0f98_n.jpg
                         flowersData/daisy/476857510_d2b30175de_n.jpg
           3
                  daisy
                  daisy
                           flowersData/daisy/521762040_f26f2e08dd.jpg
model.add(Dence(units=3,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="relu")
   model.add(Dence(units=2,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="relu")
```

# **Output layer:**

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```
[ ] model.add(<u>Dence</u>(units=5,kernel_intializer="random_uniform"),activation="softmax")
```

# 4. Compile the Model

```
[ ] model.compile(optimizer=Adam(lr=0.001),loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
dandelion : 26.07 % tulip : 21.12 %
```

sunflower : 20.52 %

rose : 16.19 % daisy : 16.09 %

### 5. Fit the Model

```
history = model.fit_generator(datagen.flow(X_train,y_train, batch_size=batch_size),
epochs = epochs,
validation_data = (X_test,y_test),
verbose = 1)
```

```
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 37, 37, 64)
2D)
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                (None, 37, 37, 96) 55392
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling (None, 18, 18, 96)
2D)
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)
                     (None, 18, 18, 96)
                                         83040
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling (None, 9, 9, 96)
2D)
flatten (Flatten)
                (None, 7776)
dense (Dense)
             (None, 512)
                                 3981824
activation (Activation)
                     (None, 512)
dense_1 (Dense)
                     (None, 5)
                                          2565
-----
Total params: 4,143,749
Trainable params: 4,143,749
Non-trainable params: 0
```

### 6. Save the Model

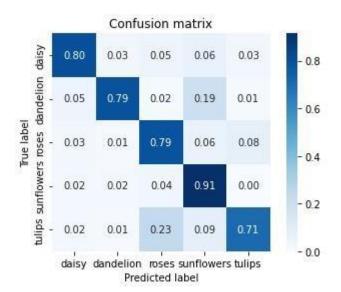
model.save("flowers.h5")

### 7. Test the Model Prediction Test:

```
def show_confusion_matrix(test_labels, predictions):
    """Compute confusion matrix and normalize."""
    confusion = sk_metrics.confusion_matrix(
        np.argmax(test_labels, axis=1), predictions)
    confusion_normalized = confusion.astype("float") / confusion.sum(axis=1)
    axis_labels = list(CLASSES.values())
    ax = sns.heatmap(
        confusion_normalized, xticklabels=axis_labels, yticklabels=axis_labels,
        cmap='Blues', annot=True, fmt='.2f', square=True)
    plt.title("Confusion matrix")
    plt.ylabel("True label")
    plt.xlabel("Predicted label")

show_confusion_matrix(batch_labels, test_prediction)
```

### **Incorrect Prediction test:**





#### **Count test:**

```
In [4]: # Let's do some visualization and see how many samples we have for each category
f, axe = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(14,6))
sns.barplot(x = flowerNum.index, y = flowerNum.values, ax = axe, palette="rocket")
axe.set_title("Flowers count for each category", fontsize=16)
axe.set_xlabel('Category', fontsize=14)
axe.set_ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)
plt.show()
```

