Assignment -2

Data Visualization and Preprocessing

Assignment Date	19 November 2022
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Student Roll Number	820519106029
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Question-1:

Download the dataset:

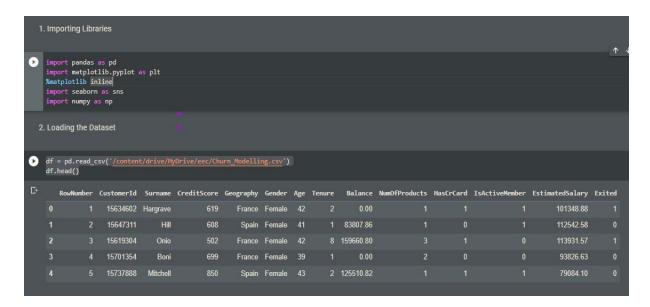
Question-2:

Load the dataset.

Solution:

import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline import seaborn as sns import numpy as np

df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/eec/Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head()



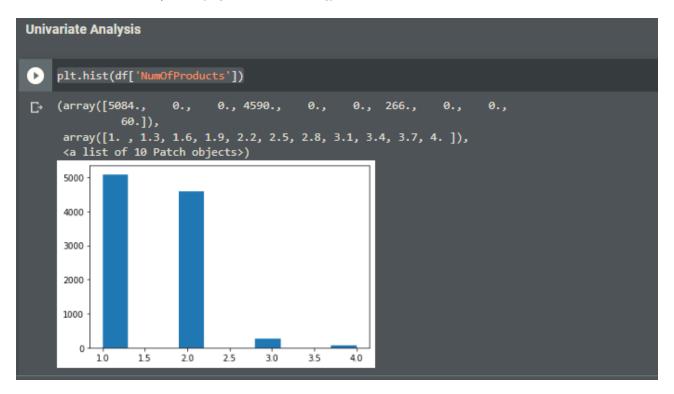
Question-3:

Perform Below Visualizations.

1)Univariate Analysis

Solution:

plt.hist(df['NumOfProducts'])



2)Bi - Variate Analysis

Solution:

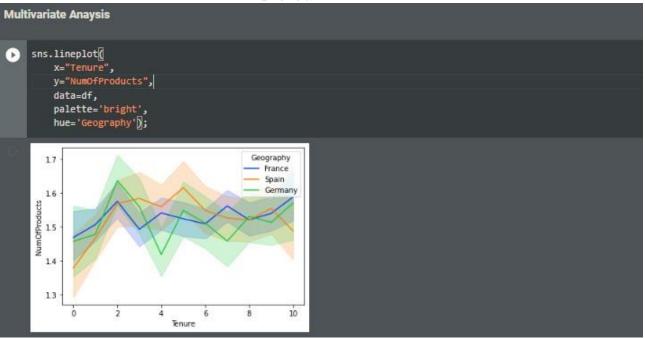
sns.barplot(x=df.NumOfProducts,y=df.Tenure)



1) Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

```
sns.lineplot(
   x="Tenure",
   y="NumOfProducts",
   data=df,
   palette='bright',
   hue='Geography');
```

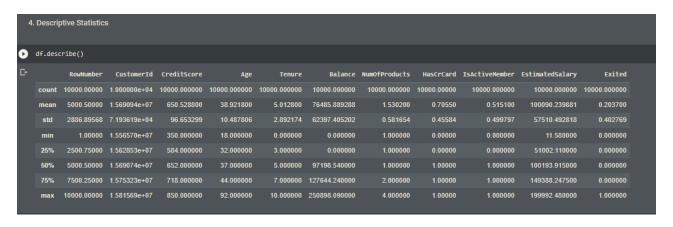


Question-4:

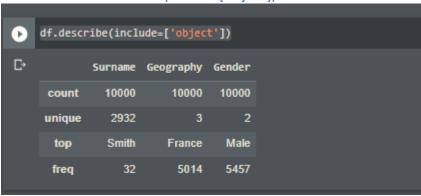
Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

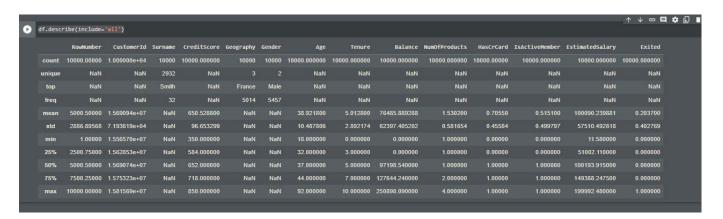
df.describe()



df.describe(include=['object'])



df.describe(include='all')

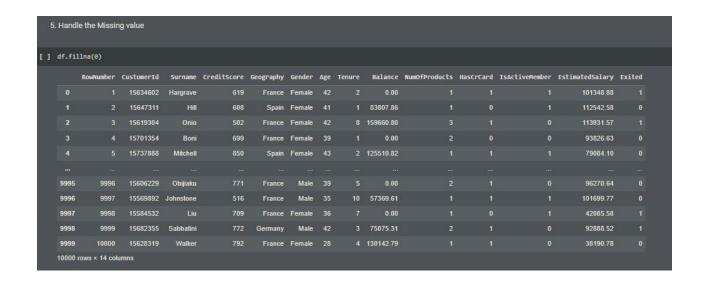


Question-5:

Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

df.fillna(0)



d.isnull(df["HasCrCard"])

Question-6:

Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:

```
median = float(df['Tenure'].median())
df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] >10, median, df['Tenure'])
df["Tenure"]
```

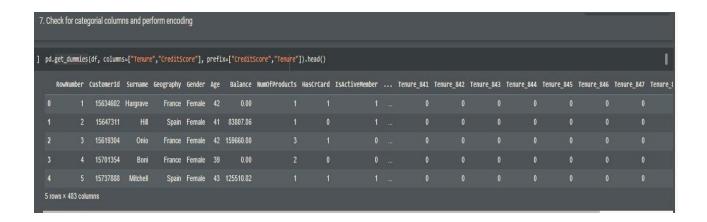
```
6. Finding the outliers and replace the outliers
[ ] median = float(df['Tenure'].median())
    df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] >10, median, df['Tenure'])
    df["Tenure"]
    0
             2.0
             1.0
             8.0
             1.0
            2.0
    4
            5.0
    9995
           10.0
    9996
             7.0
             3.0
             4.0
    Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
```

Question-7:

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

Solution:

```
pd.get_dummies(df, columns=["Tenure","CreditScore"], prefix=["CreditScore","Tenure"]).head())
```



Question-8:

Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

Solution:

Dependent Variable

x= df.iloc[:, -2].values
print(x)

```
8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

Dependent Variable

[ ] x= df.iloc[:, -2].values
print(x)

[101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 ... 42085.58 92888.52 38190.78]
```

Independent Variable

y= df.iloc[:, :-2].values print(y)

```
Independent Variable

[] y= df.iloc[:, :-2].values
    print(y)

[[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]
    [2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]
    [3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]
    ...
    [9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]
    [9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0]
    [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]
```

Question-9:

Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df[["Tenure"]] = scaler.fit_transform(df[["Tenure"]])
print(df)
```

```
9. Scale the Independent variables
    from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
     scaler = MinMaxScaler()
     df[["Tenume"]] = scaler.fit_transform(df[["Tenume"]])
     print(df)

        RowNumber
        CustomerId
        Surname
        CreditScore Geography
        Gender
        Age

        1
        15634602
        Hargrave
        619
        France
        Female
        42

        2
        15647311
        Hill
        608
        Spain
        Female
        41

        3
        15619304
        Onio
        502
        France
        Female
        42

        4
        15701354
        Boni
        699
        France
        Female
        39

        5
        15737888
        Mitchell
        850
        Spain
        Female
        43

        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...

        9996
        15606229
        Obijiaku
        771
        France
        Male
        39

        9997
        15569822
        Johnstone
        516
        France
        Male
        35

        9998
        15584532
        Liu
        709
        France
        Female
        36

                                                15584532 Liu 709 France Female 36
15682355 Sabbatini 772 Germany Male 42
15628319 Walker 792 France Female 28
    9997
                              9998
                            9999
10000
    9999
                    Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember \
                            0.1 83807.86
                           0.8 159660.80
                            0.1
                            0.2 125510.82
                            0.5 0.00
                           0.5
                                        57369.61
                          1.0
                      0.7 0.00
0.3 75075.31
0.4 130142.79
    9998
    9999
                    EstimatedSalary Exited
                            112542.58
                                 113931.57
                                  93826.63
79084.10
    ...
9995
                                    96270.64
                                   101699.77
                                     42085.58
    9998
                                     92888.52
                                      38190.78
```

Question-10:

Testing and training data

Solution:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import traim_test_split
train_size=0.7
X = df.drop(columns = ['CreditScore']).copy()
y = df['CreditScore']
X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.7)
test_size = 0.4
X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.4)
print(X_train.shape), print(y_train.shape)
print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)
print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)
```

```
10. Split the data into training and testing
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    train_size=0.7
    X = df.drop(columns = ['CreditScore']).copy()
    y = df['CreditScore']
    X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.7)
    test_size = 0.4
    X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.4)
    print(X_train.shape), print(y_train.shape)
    print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)
    print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)
    (7000, 13)
(7000,)
(1800, 13)
    (1800,)
    (1200, 13)
    (1200,)
    (None, None)
```