LITERATURE SURVEY

TITLE	YEAR	AUTHORS	TECHNOLOGY ADOPTED	MERITS	DEMERITS
Real Time Detection of Phishing Websites	2016	ABDULGHANI ALI AHMED, NURUL AMIRAH ABDULLAH	Checking Uniform Resources Locators (URLs)	Increased accuracy by 32% than previous proposed systems. Identifies URL redirecting to other web pages by analyzing the URL type.	Accuracy depends on heuristic band and depends on discriminative features. Only checks validity of URLs.
Detection of Phishing Websites by Using Machine Learning- Based URL Analysis	2020	Mehmet Korkmaz, Ozgur Koray Sahingoz, Banu Diri	Machine Learning- Based URL Analysis (Logistic Regression (LR), K-Nearest Neighborhood (KNN), Support Vector Machine (SVM), Decision Tree (DT), Naive Bayes (NB), XGBoost, Random Forest (RF) and Artificial Neural Network (ANN))	Logistic Regression is the algorithm that generates effective predictions of phishing domain elements. Hybrid algorithms enhance the accuracy.	Takes time to identify the phishing website. Requires high processing power.
Phishing Website Detection Based on Machine Learning Algorithm	2020	Weiheng Bai	Machine Learning Algorithm (Logistic regression classifier)	With high threshold value, it has high accuracy rate. Logistic regression classifies being used improves the speed.	Not completely reliable because transmission of packets does not reflect the proximity of location . Data preprocessing is required.
Machine Learning Techniques for Detection of Website Phishing: A Review for Promises and Challenges	2021	Ammar Odeh, Ismail Keshta, Eman Abdelfattah	Machine learning, Deep learning (Heuristic and automated techniques)	Use of Machine learning improvised the URLs. Stacking model has improved the accuracy by detecting legitimate websites.	Large binds of datasets are difficult to handle. Low accuracy and hypertuning.