

VirtualEye-Life Guard for Swimming Pools to Detect Active Drowning

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Project Development PhaseSprint-3

APPLICATION BUILDING

App.py

```
import re
import numpy as np
import os
from flask import Flask, app, request, render_template, redirect,
url_for
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.models import
load_model
from
tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.python.ops.gen_array_ops import
concat
import cvlib as cv
from cvlib.object_detection import
draw_bbox
import cv2
import time
from playsound import
playsound
import requests

#Loading the model

from cloudant.client import Cloudant# Authenticate using an IAM API key
client = Cloudant.iam(e6697307-8c7b-4a1a-bbbb-4402a47bccd4-bluemix',
tRqrfR8394n1mxhJ8LQfzhPrGByfCS7gC5ezUTZkQRK0', connect=True)

# Create a database using an initialized client
my_database = client.create_database('my_database')

app=Flask(__name__)

#default home page or route
@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render_template('index.html')

@app.route('/index.html')
def home():
    return render_template("index.html")
```

```

#registration page
@app.route('/register')
def register():
    return render_template('register.html')

@app.route('/afterreg', methods=['POST'])def afterreg():
    x = [x for x in
    request.form.values()]print(x)
    data = {
        '_id': x[1], # Setting _id is
        optional'name': x[0],
        'psw':x[2]
    }
    print(data)

    query = {'_id': {'$eq': data['_id']}}

    docs =
    my_database.get_query_result(query)
    print(docs)

    print(len(docs.all()))

    if(len(docs.all())==0):
        url =
        my_database.create_document(data)
        #response = requests.get(url)
        return render_template('register.html', pred="Registration
        Successful, please login using your details")
    else:
        return render_template('register.html', pred="You are already a
        member, please login using your details")

#login page
@app.route('/login')
def login():
    return render_template('login.html')

@app.route('/afterlogin', methods=['POST'])def afterlogin():
    user =
    request.form['_id']
    passw =
    request.form['psw']
    print(user,passw)

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query = {'_id': {'$eq': user}}

docs =
my_database.get_query_result(query)
print(docs)

print(len(docs.all()))

if(len(docs.all())==0):
    return render_template('login.html', pred="The username is not
found.")else:
    if((user==docs[0][0]['_id'] and
    passw==docs[0][0]['psw'])):return
    redirect(url_for('prediction'))
    else:
        print('Invalid User')

@app.route('/logou
t')def logout():
    return render_template('logout.html')

@app.route('/predictio
n')def prediction():
    return render_template('prediction.html')

@app.route('/result',methods=["GET","P
OST"])def res():
    webcam = cv2.VideoCapture('drowning.mp4')

    if not webcam.isOpened():
        print("Could not open
        webcam")exit()

    t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970

    #variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been
standing still for
    centre0 =
    np.zeros(2)
    isDrowning =
    False

    #this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person
doesn't move,#or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they
are drowning

    #loop through frames

```

```

while
webcam.isOpened():
    # read frame from webcam status, frame = webcam.read()#print(frame)
    if not status:
        print("Could not read
        frame")exit()
    # apply object detection
    bbox, label, conf = cv.detect_common_objects(frame)
    #simplifying for only 1
    person
    #print('bbox',bbox)
    #print('label',label)
    #print('conf',conf)

    #s = (len(bbox), 2)
    if(len(bbox)>0):
        bbox0 = bbox[0]
        #centre =
        np.zeros(s)centre
        = [0,0]
        #for i in range(0, len(bbox)):
            #centre[i]

        =[(bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2,(bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2 ]

        centre =[(bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2,(bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2

        ]

        #make vertical and horizontal movement
        variableshmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])
        vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])

        #there is still need to tweek the threshold
        #this threshold is for checking how much the centre

        has movedx=time.time()

        threshold = 10
        if(hmov>threshold or
        vmov>threshold):print(x-t0, 's')
        t0 = time.time()
        isDrowning = False

    else:
        print(x-t0, 's') if((time.time() - t0) > 10):

```

```

        isDrowning = True

        #print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label , 'confidence: '
        conf[0], 'centre: ', centre)
        #print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
        print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:',
        centre0)print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)

        centre0 = centre
        # draw bounding box over detected
        objects#print('came here')
        out = draw_bbox(frame, bbox, label,

        conf,colors=None,write_conf=isDrowning)#print('Seconds since last

        epoch: ', time.time()-t0)

        # display output

        cv2.imshow("Real-time object
        detection", out)if(isDrowning == True):
            playsound('alarm.mp
            3') webcam.release()
            cv2.destroyAllWindows()
            ws()
            #return
        render_template('prediction.html',prediction="Emergency !!! The
        Person is drowining")
            #return render_template('base.html')

        # press "Q" to stop
        if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF ==
            ord('q'):break

        # release resources
        webcam.release()
        cv2.destroyAllWindows()
        return render_template('prediction.html',prediction="Emergency !!!
        The Person isdrowining")

        """ Running our application """
        if __name__ == "__main__":
            app.run(debug=False)

```

OUTPUT

The image shows a code editor with a Python script for a Flask application. The script imports necessary libraries like Flask, TensorFlow.js, and Cloudant. It defines several routes: a default home page, an index route, a registration route, and a POST endpoint for object detection. The object detection route uses TensorFlow.js to load a model and process an image. The right sidebar displays the Flask Variable Explorer, showing the state of variables such as 'app', 'client', and 'my_database'.

