FOR BODY DAMAGE

IMAGE PRE PROCESSING

1. Import The ImageDataGenerator Library

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

:2. Configure ImageDataGenerator Class

```
Image Data Augmentation
```

test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255)

3. Apply ImageDataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset

'categorical')

Found 979 images belonging to 3 classes. Found 171 images belonging to 3 classes.

MODEL BUILDING

1. Importing The Model Building Libraries

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Lambda, Dense, Flatten
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg19 import VGG19
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import
ImageDataGenerator,load img
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
import numpy as np
from glob import glob
2. Loading The Model
IMAGE SIZE = [224, 224]
train path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-
20221023T072112Z-001/body/training'
valid path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-
20221023T072112Z-001/body/validation'
vgg16 = VGG16(input shape=IMAGE SIZE + [3], weights='imagenet',
include top=False)
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-
applications/vgg16/vgg16 weights tf dim ordering tf kernels notop.h5
3. Adding Flatten Layer
for layer in vgg16.layers:
   layer.trainable = False
folders = glob('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-
20221023T072112Z-001/body/training/*')
folders
['/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-20221023T072112Z-
001/body/training/02-side',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-20221023T072112Z-
001/body/training/01-rear',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-20221023T072112Z-
001/body/training/00-front'l
x = Flatten()(vgg16.output)
len(folders)
3
4. Adding Output Layer
prediction = Dense(len(folders), activation='softmax')(x)
5. Creating A Model Object
model = Model(inputs=vgg16.input, outputs=prediction)
model.summary()
Model: "model"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	36928
<pre>block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	147584
<pre>block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
<pre>block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 28, 28, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
<pre>block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
<pre>block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 25088)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 3)	75267

Total params: 14,789,955 Trainable params: 75,267 Non-trainable params: 14,714,688

6. Configure The Learning Process

```
model.compile(
 loss='categorical crossentropy',
 optimizer='adam',
 metrics=['accuracy']
)
7. Train The Model
r = model.fit generator(
 training set,
 validation data=test set,
 epochs=25,
 steps per epoch=len(training set),
 validation steps=len(test_set)
)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:6:
UserWarning: `Model.fit_generator` is deprecated and will be removed
in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`, which supports
generators.
Epoch 1/25
98/98 [============= ] - 560s 6s/step - loss: 1.2275 -
accuracy: 0.5383 - val loss: 0.8698 - val accuracy: 0.6608
Epoch 2/25
98/98 [============= ] - 584s 6s/step - loss: 0.7810 -
accuracy: 0.7007 - val loss: 0.8931 - val accuracy: 0.6491
Epoch 3/25
accuracy: 0.8264 - val loss: 0.8348 - val accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 4/25
98/98 [============== ] - 537s 5s/step - loss: 0.3813 -
accuracy: 0.8560 - val loss: 0.9010 - val accuracy: 0.6901
Epoch 5/25
98/98 [============= ] - 537s 5s/step - loss: 0.2735 -
accuracy: 0.8999 - val loss: 1.0660 - val accuracy: 0.6901
Epoch 6/25
98/98 [============= ] - 538s 5s/step - loss: 0.2211 -
accuracy: 0.9295 - val loss: 1.0073 - val accuracy: 0.7076
Epoch 7/25
98/98 [============= ] - 536s 5s/step - loss: 0.2163 -
accuracy: 0.9224 - val loss: 0.9560 - val accuracy: 0.7251
Epoch 8/25
98/98 [============= ] - 538s 6s/step - loss: 0.1728 -
accuracy: 0.9397 - val loss: 1.0719 - val accuracy: 0.6491
Epoch 9/25
98/98 [============== ] - 540s 6s/step - loss: 0.1423 -
accuracy: 0.9581 - val loss: 1.0706 - val accuracy: 0.6901
```

```
Epoch 10/25
accuracy: 0.9704 - val loss: 1.1651 - val accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 11/25
98/98 [============= ] - 538s 5s/step - loss: 0.0808 -
accuracy: 0.9785 - val loss: 1.1212 - val accuracy: 0.7076
Epoch 12/25
98/98 [============== ] - 549s 6s/step - loss: 0.0751 -
accuracy: 0.9857 - val loss: 1.1451 - val accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 13/25
98/98 [============= ] - 555s 6s/step - loss: 0.0730 -
accuracy: 0.9816 - val_loss: 1.0812 - val_accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 14/25
accuracy: 0.9734 - val loss: 1.2204 - val accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 15/25
accuracy: 0.9888 - val_loss: 1.6480 - val_accuracy: 0.6316
Epoch 16/25
98/98 [============= ] - 543s 6s/step - loss: 0.0810 -
accuracy: 0.9806 - val loss: 1.2050 - val accuracy: 0.6901
Epoch 17/25
98/98 [============= ] - 541s 6s/step - loss: 0.1196 -
accuracy: 0.9632 - val loss: 1.3478 - val accuracy: 0.6374
Epoch 18/25
accuracy: 0.9755 - val_loss: 1.2961 - val_accuracy: 0.7018
Epoch 19/25
accuracy: 0.9806 - val loss: 1.2175 - val accuracy: 0.6842
Epoch 20/25
accuracy: 0.9918 - val loss: 1.3791 - val accuracy: 0.6784
Epoch 21/25
accuracy: 0.9847 - val_loss: 1.5585 - val_accuracy: 0.6433
Epoch 22/25
98/98 [============= ] - 537s 5s/step - loss: 0.0740 -
accuracy: 0.9775 - val loss: 1.7693 - val accuracy: 0.6550
Epoch 23/25
98/98 [============ ] - 538s 6s/step - loss: 0.0822 -
accuracy: 0.9765 - val loss: 1.9127 - val accuracy: 0.6374
Epoch 24/25
accuracy: 0.9653 - val loss: 1.5448 - val accuracy: 0.6316
Epoch 25/25
accuracy: 0.9551 - val loss: 1.4574 - val accuracy: 0.6842
```

8. Save The Model

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
model.save('/content/drive/MyDrive/Intelligent Vehicle Damage
Assessment & Cost Estimator For Insurance Companies/Model/body.h5')
9. Test The Model
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
import cv2
from skimage.transform import resize
model = load model('/content/drive/MyDrive/Intelligent Vehicle Damage
Assessment & Cost Estimator For Insurance Companies/Model/body.h5')
def detect(frame):
  img = cv2.resize(frame,(224,224))
  img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB)
  if(np.max(img)>1):
   img = img/255.0
  img = np.array([img])
  prediction = model.predict(img)
  label = ["front","rear","side"]
  preds = label[np.argmax(prediction)]
  return preds
import numpy as np
data = "/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/body-
20221023T072112Z-001/body/training/00-front/0008.ipeg"
image = cv2.imread(data)
print(detect(image))
front
FOR LEVEL DAMAGE
IMAGE PRE PROCESSING
 1. Import The ImageDataGenerator Library
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
     Configure ImageDataGenerator Class
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255,
                                  shear range = 0.1,
                                  zoom range = 0.1,
                                  horizontal flip = True)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale = 1./255)
```

```
Apply ImageDataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset
training set =
train datagen.flow from directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM -
PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/training',
                                                target size = (224,
224).
                                                 batch size = 10,
                                                class mode =
'categorical')
test set =
test datagen.flow from directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM -
PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/validation',
                                           target size = (224, 224),
                                           batch \overline{\text{size}} = 10,
                                           class mode =
'categorical')
Found 979 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 171 images belonging to 3 classes.
MODEL BUILDING
1. Importing The Model Building Libraries
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Lambda, Dense, Flatten
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg19 import VGG19
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import
ImageDataGenerator,load img
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
import numpy as np
from glob import glob
2. Loading The Model
IMAGE SIZE = [224, 224]
train_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-
20221023T072121Z-001/level/training'
valid path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-
20221023T072121Z-001/level/validation'
vgg16 = VGG16(input_shape=IMAGE_SIZE + [3], weights='imagenet',
include top=False)
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-
applications/vgg16/vgg16_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_kernels_notop.h5
```

```
3. Adding Flatten Layer
```

for layer in vgg16.layers:
 layer.trainable = False

folders = glob('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/training/*')

folders

['/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/training/03-severe', '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/training/02-moderate', '/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM - PROJECT/Data set/level-20221023T072121Z-001/level/training/01-minor']

x = Flatten()(vgg16.output)

len(folders)

3

4. Adding Output Layer

prediction = Dense(len(folders), activation='softmax')(x)

5. Creating A Model Object

model = Model(inputs=vgg16.input, outputs=prediction)

model.summary()

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
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block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080

```
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 56, 56, 256)
                                                       590080
block3 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, 28, 28, 256)
block4 conv1 (Conv2D)
                             (None, 28, 28, 512)
                                                       1180160
                            (None, 28, 28, 512)
block4 conv2 (Conv2D)
                                                       2359808
block4 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 28, 28, 512)
                                                       2359808
block4 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, 14, 14, 512)
block5 conv1 (Conv2D)
                             (None, 14, 14, 512)
                                                       2359808
block5 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 14, 14, 512)
                                                       2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 14, 14, 512)
                                                       2359808
block5 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, 7, 7, 512)
                            (None, 25088)
flatten (Flatten)
dense (Dense)
                             (None, 3)
                                                       75267
```

Total params: 14,789,955 Trainable params: 75,267

epochs=25,

)

Non-trainable params: 14,714,688

6. Configure The Learning Process

```
model.compile(
   loss='categorical_crossentropy',
   optimizer='adam',
   metrics=['accuracy']
)

7. Train The Model
r = model.fit_generator(
   training_set,
   validation data=test set,
```

steps_per_epoch=len(training_set),
validation_steps=len(test_set)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:6: UserWarning: `Model.fit_generator` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`, which supports

```
Epoch 1/25
98/98 [============= ] - 606s 6s/step - loss: 1.1697 -
accuracy: 0.5608 - val loss: 0.9855 - val accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 2/25
accuracy: 0.7099 - val loss: 0.9670 - val accuracy: 0.6199
Epoch 3/25
accuracy: 0.8202 - val loss: 1.0758 - val accuracy: 0.5965
Epoch 4/25
accuracy: 0.8570 - val loss: 1.0519 - val accuracy: 0.6257
Epoch 5/25
accuracy: 0.8856 - val loss: 1.5903 - val accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 6/25
98/98 [============= ] - 596s 6s/step - loss: 0.2978 -
accuracy: 0.9019 - val_loss: 1.1763 - val_accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 7/25
98/98 [============ ] - 598s 6s/step - loss: 0.2060 -
accuracy: 0.9295 - val loss: 1.2846 - val accuracy: 0.6082
Epoch 8/25
98/98 [============ ] - 596s 6s/step - loss: 0.1685 -
accuracy: 0.9387 - val loss: 1.1337 - val accuracy: 0.6023
Epoch 9/25
accuracy: 0.9305 - val loss: 1.1559 - val accuracy: 0.6725
Epoch 10/25
98/98 [============= ] - 594s 6s/step - loss: 0.1206 -
accuracy: 0.9653 - val loss: 1.2013 - val accuracy: 0.6433
Epoch 11/25
98/98 [============= ] - 595s 6s/step - loss: 0.1151 -
accuracy: 0.9663 - val loss: 1.2582 - val accuracy: 0.6023
Epoch 12/25
98/98 [============= ] - 595s 6s/step - loss: 0.0615 -
accuracy: 0.9857 - val loss: 1.1696 - val accuracy: 0.6608
Epoch 13/25
98/98 [============= ] - 597s 6s/step - loss: 0.0659 -
accuracy: 0.9837 - val_loss: 1.1735 - val_accuracy: 0.6374
Epoch 14/25
accuracy: 0.9939 - val loss: 1.1479 - val accuracy: 0.6433
Epoch 15/25
accuracy: 0.9898 - val loss: 1.5237 - val accuracy: 0.5673
Epoch 16/25
98/98 [============= ] - 596s 6s/step - loss: 0.0437 -
```

```
accuracy: 0.9888 - val loss: 1.4307 - val accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 17/25
98/98 [============ ] - 602s 6s/step - loss: 0.0428 -
accuracy: 0.9877 - val loss: 1.2403 - val accuracy: 0.6433
Epoch 18/25
98/98 [============= ] - 605s 6s/step - loss: 0.0359 -
accuracy: 0.9949 - val loss: 1.3156 - val accuracy: 0.6433
Epoch 19/25
98/98 [============= ] - 598s 6s/step - loss: 0.0289 -
accuracy: 0.9959 - val loss: 1.4142 - val accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 20/25
accuracy: 0.9980 - val loss: 1.3567 - val accuracy: 0.6316
Epoch 21/25
98/98 [============= ] - 598s 6s/step - loss: 0.0248 -
accuracy: 0.9990 - val loss: 1.3492 - val accuracy: 0.6257
Epoch 22/25
98/98 [============= ] - 596s 6s/step - loss: 0.0222 -
accuracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 1.3326 - val accuracy: 0.6491
Epoch 23/25
98/98 [============== ] - 597s 6s/step - loss: 0.0137 -
accuracy: 0.9990 - val loss: 1.4157 - val accuracy: 0.6199
Epoch 24/25
98/98 [============= ] - 595s 6s/step - loss: 0.0398 -
accuracy: 0.9888 - val loss: 1.4562 - val accuracy: 0.6257
Epoch 25/25
accuracy: 0.9939 - val loss: 1.5857 - val accuracy: 0.5965
8. Save The Model
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
model.save('/content/drive/MyDrive/Intelligent Vehicle Damage
Assessment & Cost Estimator For Insurance Companies/Model/level.h5')
9. Test The Model
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
import cv2
from skimage.transform import resize
model = load model('/content/drive/MyDrive/Intelligent Vehicle Damage
Assessment & Cost Estimator For Insurance Companies/Model/level.h5')
def detect(frame):
 img = cv2.resize(frame,(224,224))
 img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB)
 if(np.max(imq)>1):
   img = img/255.0
```