Smart Farmer – IOT ENABLED SMART FARMING APPLICATION

Sprint Delivery – 1

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1. Introduction

The main aim of this project is to help farmers automate their farms by providing them with a Web App through which they can monitor the parameters of the field like Temperature, soil moisture, humidity and etc and control the equipment like water motor and other devices remotely via internet without their actual presence in the field.

2. Problem Statement

Farmers are to be present at farm for its maintenance irrespective of the weather conditions. They have to ensure that the crops are well watered and the farm status is monitored by them physically. Farmer have to stay most of the time in field in order to get a good yield. In difficult times like in the presence of pandemic also they have to work hard in their fields risking their lives to provide food for the country.

3. Proposed Solution

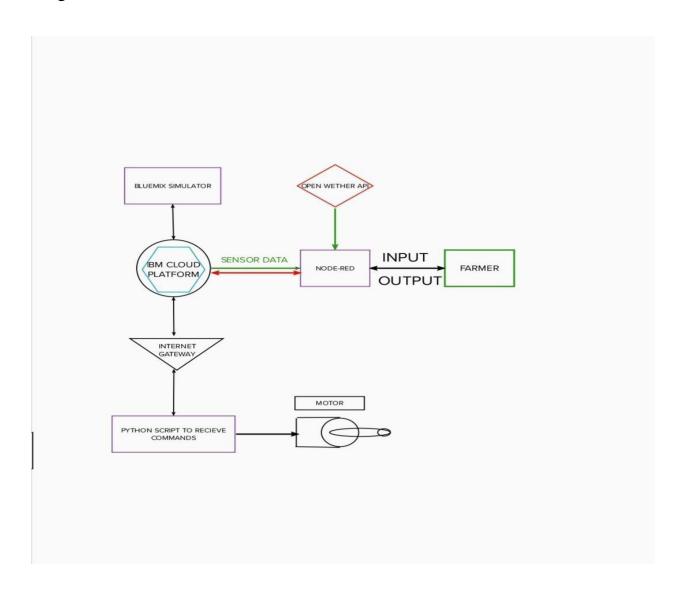
- In order to improve the farmer's working conditions and make them easier, we introduce IoT services to him in which we use cloud services and internet to enable farmer to continue his work remotely via internet. He can monitor the field parameters and control the devices in farm.
- To provide efficient decision support system using wireless sensor natural which handle different activities of farm and gives useful information related to agriculture soil moisture, temperature, soil humidity control. The previous proposed systems have a drawback of network issues which causes delays in many operations.
- There is a problem of excess water supply or lack of water supply which makes the crops die. Because for rice, sugarcane, coconut crops require more water for the cultivation but in case of crops like pumpkin, ladies finger, carrot require water in drops so the

requirement of water depends on the crops.

4. Theoretical Analysis

4.1 Block Diagram

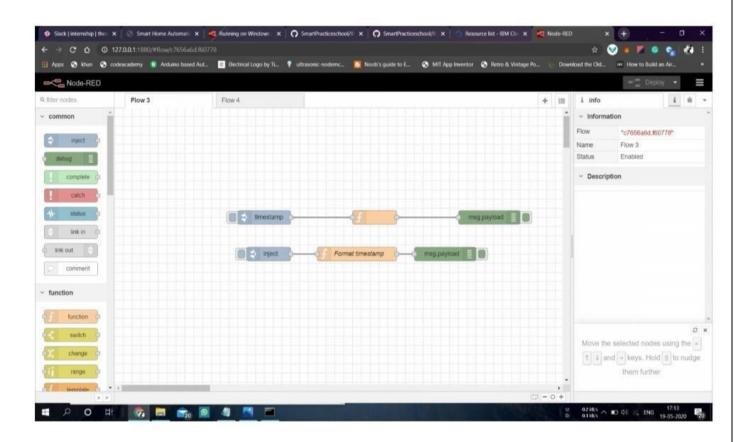
In order to implement the solution , the following approach as shown in the block diagram is used



1.1 Required Software Installation

1.1.A Node-Red

 Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming developed originally by IBM for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services a part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web browser-based flow editor, which can be used to create JavaScript functions.



Installation:

- First install npm/node.js
- Open cmd prompt
- Type => npm install node-red

To run the application:

- Open cmd prompt
- Type=>node-red
- Then open http://localhost:1880/ in browser

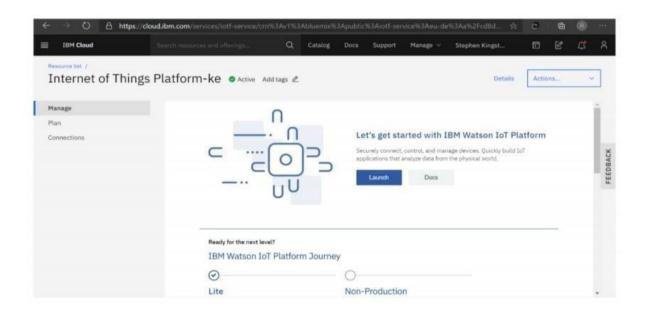
Installation of IBM IoT and Dashboard nodes for Node-Red

In order to connect to IBM Watson IoT platform and create the Web App UI these nodes are required 1. IBM IoT node

2. Dashboard node

1.1.B IBM Watson IoT Platform

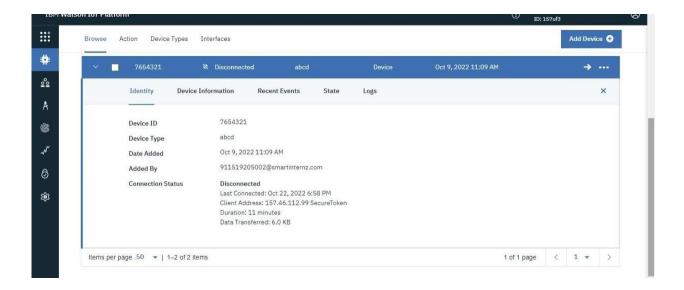
A fully managed, cloud-hosted service with capabilities for device registration, connectivity, control, rapid visualization and data storage. IBM Watson IoT Platform is a managed, cloud-hosted service designed to make it simple to derive value from your IoT devices.



Steps to configure:

- Create an account in IBM cloud using your email ID
- Create IBM Watson Platform in services in your IBM cloud account

- Launch the IBM Watson IoT Platform
- Create a new device
- Give credentials like device type, device ID, Auth. Token
- Create API key and store API key and token elsewhere.



1.1.A .Python IDE

Install Python3 compiler

Install any python IDE to execute python scripts, in my case I used Spyder to execute the code.

```
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Python 3.7.6 (tags/v1.7.5:5c02a39w66, Oct 15 2019, 00:11:34) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)] on win12

Type "hlp", "copyright", "credits" or "lizense" for more information.

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| Python 3.7.6 (tags/v1.7.5:5c02
```

Code: import time import sys import ibmiotf.application import ibmiotf.device import random

#Provide your IBM Watson Device
Credentials organization = "157uf3"
deviceType = "abcd" deviceId = "7654321"
authMethod = "token" authToken =
"87654321"

Initialize GPIO

```
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
               print("Command received: %s" %
cmd.data['command']) status=cmd.data['command']
               if status=="motoron": print
("motor is on") elif status == "motoroff":
               print ("motor is off")
                                            else
   print ("please send proper command")
try:
         deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id":
         deviceId.
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token":
                authToken} deviceCli =
ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
     #.....
except Exception as e:
     print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" %
                  str(e)) sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the
cloud as an event of type "greeting" 10 times deviceCli.connect()
while True:
   #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
```

```
temp=random.randint(90,110)
   Humid=random.randint(60,100)
Mois=random.randint(20,120)
   data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'Mois'
   :Mois} #print data
                          def
myOnPublishCallback():
print ("Published Temperature
= % s C" % temp, "Humidity = % s
%%" % Humid, "Moisture
=%s deg c" %Mois, "to
IBM Watson")
   success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback) if not success:
                                                   print("Not
connected to IoTF")
                      time.sleep(10)
   device Cli.command Callback = my Command Callback \\
# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud deviceCli.disconnect()
```

Arduino code for C:

```
//include libraries
#include <dht.h>
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
//define pins
#define dht_apin A0 // Analog Pin sensor is connected
SoftwareSerial mySerial(7,8);//serial port of gsm
const int sensor_pin = A1; // Soil moisture sensor O/P pin
int pin_out = 9;
//allocate variables
dht DHT;
int c=0;
void setup()
pinMode(2, INPUT); //Pin 2 as INPUT
pinMode(3, OUTPUT); //PIN 3 as OUTPUT
pinMode(9, OUTPUT);//output for pump
void loop()
 if (digitalRead(2) == HIGH)
 digitalWrite(3, HIGH); // turn the LED/Buzz ON
 delay(10000); // wait for 100 msecond
 digitalWrite(3, LOW); // turn the LED/Buzz OFF
 delay(100);
  Serial.begin(9600);
   delay(1000);
  DHT.read11(dht_apin); //temprature
 float h=DHT.humidity;
 float t=DHT.temperature;
```

```
delay(5000);
  Serial.begin(9600);
   float moisture_percentage;//moisture
 int sensor_analog;
 sensor_analog = analogRead(sensor_pin);
 moisture_percentage = (100 - ((sensor_analog/1023.00) * 100));
 float m=moisture_percentage;
 delay(1000);
 if(m<40)//pump
 while(m<40)
 digitalWrite(pin_out,HIGH);//open pump
 sensor analog = analogRead(sensor pin);
 moisture_percentage = ( 100 - ( (sensor_analog/1023.00) * 100 ) );
 m=moisture_percentage;
 delay(1000);
 }
 digitalWrite(pin_out,LOW);//closepump
 }
 if(c>=0)
 mySerial.begin(9600);
 delay(15000);
 Serial.begin(9600);
 delay(1000);
 Serial.print("\r");
 delay(1000);
 Serial.print("AT+CMGF=1\r");
 delay(1000);
 Serial.print("AT+CMGS=\"+XXXXXXXXXXXX\"\r"); //replace X with 10 digit mobil
e number
 delay(1000);
 Serial.print((String)"update-
>"+(String)"Temprature="+t+(String)"Humidity="+h+(String)"Moisture="+m);
 delay(1000);
 Serial.write(0x1A);
```

```
delay(1000);
 mySerial.println("AT+CMGF=1");//Sets the GSM Module in Text Mode
 delay(1000);
 mySerial.println("AT+CMGS=\"+XXXXXXXXXXX\"\r"); //replace X with 10 digit
mobile number
 delay(1000);
 mySerial.println((String)"update-
>"+(String)"Temprature="+t+(String)"Humidity="+h+(String)"Moisture="+m);//
message format
 mySerial.println();
 delay(100);
 Serial.write(0x1A);
 delay(1000);
 C++;
  }
}
```

1.2 IoT Simulator

In our project in the place of sensors we are going to use IoT sensor simulator which give random readings to the connected cloud.

The link to simulator:

https://watson-iot-sensor-simulator.mybluemix.net/

We need to give the credentials of the created device in IBM Watson IoT Platform to connect cloud to simulator.

1.3 OpenWeather API

Open Weather Map is an online service that provides weather data. It provides current weather data, forecasts and historical data to more than 2 million customer.

Website link: https://openweathermap.org/guide Steps to

configure:

- o Create account in OpenWeather o Find the name of your city by searching o Create API key to your account
- o Replace "city name" and "your api key" with your city and API key in below red text api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city name}&appid={your api key}