# HX8001 - PROFESSIONAL READINESS FOR INNOVATION, EMPLOYABILITY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

# DETECTION OF PHISHING WEBSITES FROM URL'S USING IBM WATSON STUDIO

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### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Overview

Due to the ignorance of healthy food habits, obesity rates are increasing at an alarming speed, and this is reflective of the risks to people's health. People need to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid obesity. However, although food packaging comes with nutrition (and calorie) labels, it's still not very convenient for people to refer to App-based nutrient dashboard systems which can analyze real-time images of a meal and analyze it for nutritional content which can be very handy and improves the dietary habits, and therefore, helps in maintaining a healthy lifestyle.

### 1.2 Purpose

This project aims at building a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food. Our method employs Clarifai's Al-Driven Food Detection Model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food. Nutrition assistants help dieticians with providing proper nutrition at healthcare facilities. They determine patients' nutritional needs, assess risk factors, and plan meals and menus. One of the most basic functions of such an app is to guide its users towards a healthy diet and assist them to achieve their health goals.

### LITERATURE SURVEY

### 2.1 Existing Problem

In some parts of the world, people are not eating sufficient amounts of food to provide the calories, vitamins and minerals they need for optimal health, while in others, people are eating far more food than is necessary for their health and well-being, or simply too much of foods high in fat, sugar and/or salt. The analysis of different application features shows that reflective visual feedback has a more substantial impact on healthy behaviour than the recommender. We further identify system limitations influencing this result, such as a lack of diversity, mistrust in healthiness and personalization, real-life contexts, and personal user characteristics with a qualitative analysis of semi-

### 2.2 References

structured in-depth interviews.

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/275441011\_A\_Systematic\_Literature\_Review \_of\_Nutrition-related\_Mobile\_Apps

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/292153499\_Smartphone\_Applications\_for\_Promoting\_Healthy\_Diet\_and\_Nutrition\_A\_Literature\_Review

https://ecu.au.libguides.com/c.php?g=410561&p=5946715

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK206913/

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0010482521001591

https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fnut.2019.00149/full

### 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

Wellness and healthy lifestyles have become mainstream. Interest in fitness applications and revenue from them grow as fast as the number of people striving to be fit. The research in recommender systems has been recently interested in food recommender systems addressing, among others, nutritional health with different approaches. These systems have the potential to help users navigate the growing amount of multimedia food content while fostering healthy eating patterns. Conventional recommender systems learn the user's preferences and try to cater to

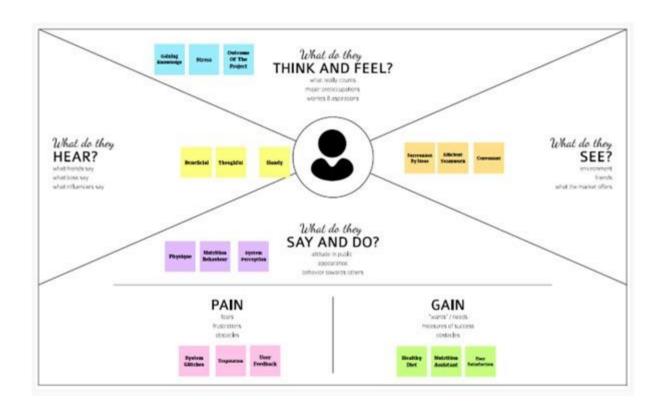
them, which might enforce recommendations for unhealthy food as well. Thus, health-

aware recommender systems need to also incorporate different parameters related to taste and health into their systems. The use of nutrition assistance systems is promising since previous studies have shown that persuasive technologies can help people to eat healthier.

### **IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION**

### **3.1 Empathy Map Canvas**

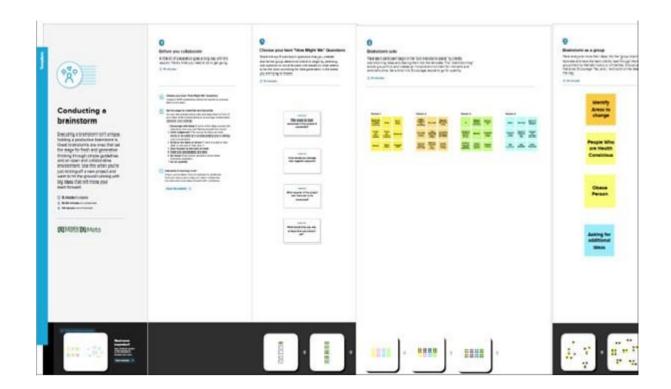
Empathy Map Canvas: An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviours and attitudes. It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users. Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it. The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.



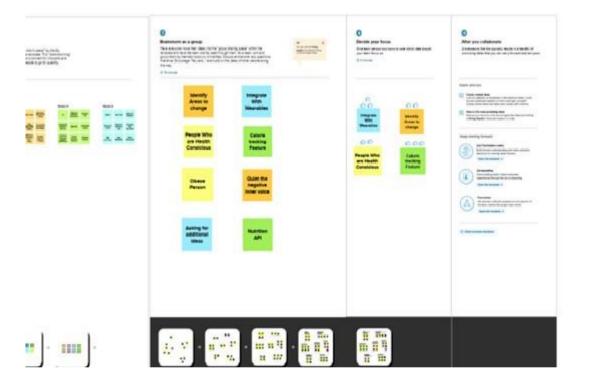
# 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

Brainstorming provides a free and open environment that encourages everyone within a team to participate in the creative thinking process that leads to problem solving. Prioritizing volume over value, out-of-the-box ideas are welcome and built upon, and all participants are encouraged to collaborate, helping each other develop a rich amount of creative solutions.

Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement



Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping

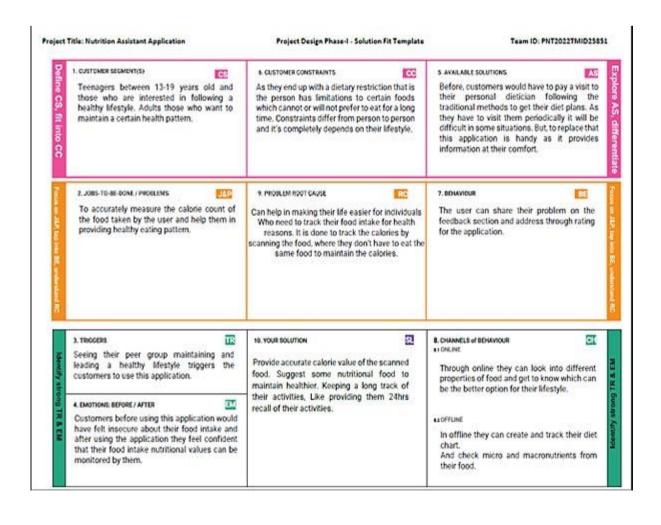


# **3.3 Proposed Solution**

S.No.	Parameter	Description

1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To accurately measure the calorie count of the food taken by the user and help them in providing healthy eating patterns.
2.	Idea / Solution description	With the help of Clarifai's Al-Driven food detection model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	The system's uniqueness is its user friendly interface.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	It has both positive and negative impact. This app gets more friendly for those whose lifestyle gets synced with the features provided by the application.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	It is a freemium business model, which means we offer a basic version of the app for free(like tracking the calories, scanning the picture of the food, etc).
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Application can be accessed in timely with a limited delay in response.

### 3.4 Problem Solution Fit



# **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

# **4.1 Functional Requirements**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)		
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail Registration through LinkedIN		
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP		
FR-3	User Login	Login via EmailLogin via OTP Login via Googleaccount		
FR-4	User ProfileDetails	<ul><li>Fill the profile details</li><li>Name</li><li>Height</li><li>Weight</li></ul>		
FR-5	User Permission	Grant permisssion for:  • Gallery  • Camera  • Files and folder		

# **4.2 Non-Functional Requirement**

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

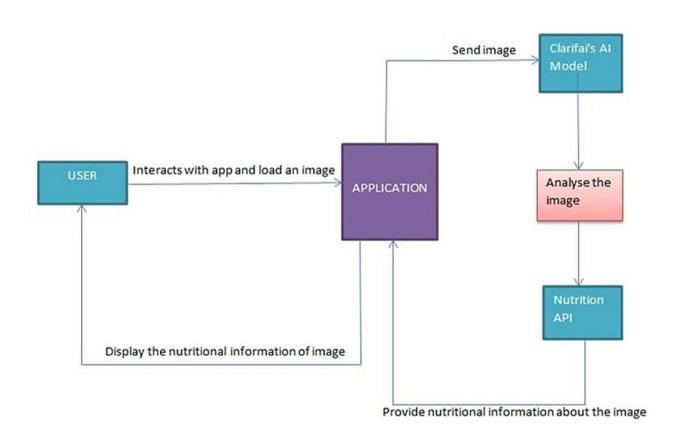
FR	Non-Functional	Description
No.	Requirement	
NFR-1	Usability	It involves watching a group of users interacting with your website or application in order to see whatworks and what doesn't. Doing so will allow you to make small tweaks that often go overlooked in having any impact at all.

NFR-2	Security	Providing a secure platform to users is crucial as it involves user upload their profile details on the application.
NFR-3	Reliability	The application exhibits the quality of being trustworthy or of perform consistently well.
NFR- 4	Availability	To make sure that the application is easily available and ready to use for the users.
NFR-5	Scalability	The measure of the application's ability to increase or decrease in performance and cost in response to changes in the application and system processing demands.

# **PROJECT DESIGN**

### **5.1 Data Flow Diagrams**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

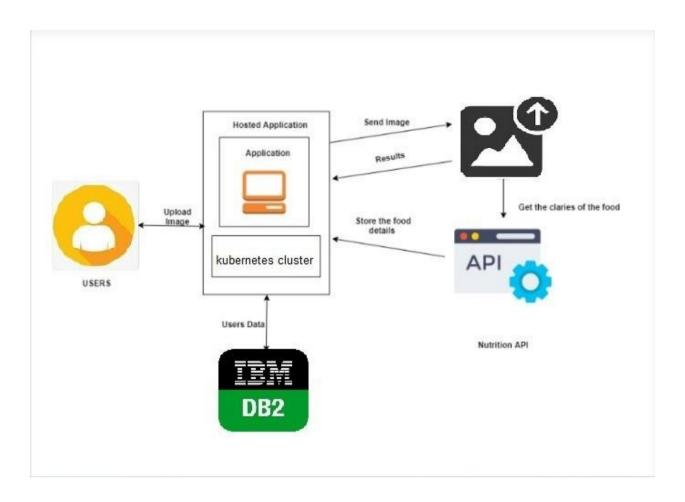


### **5.2 Solution Architecture**

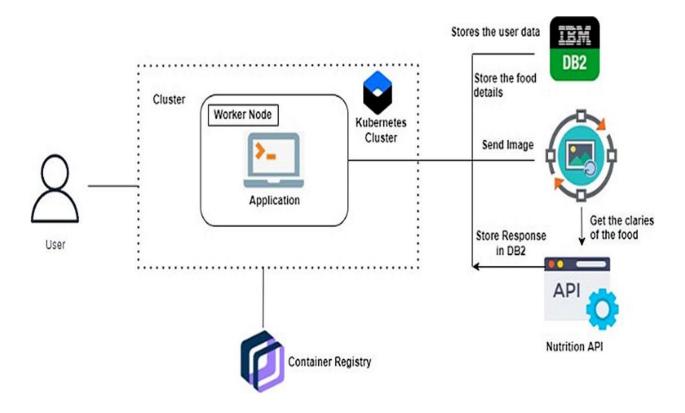
Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behaviour, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.
- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed, and delivered.

### **Solution Architecture Diagram:**



### **Technical Architecture:**



### 5.3 User Stories

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account/dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	I can register & access the dashboard with Facebook Login	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can get the nutritiondetails.	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can get whether the scanned food is suitable ornot.	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Web user)	Upload Photo	USN-4	As a user. I can upload the food photo.	I can get the nutrition details.	High	Sprint-1
Customer Care Executive	User details	USN-5	As a user I can fill the Details.	I can get whether the scanned food is suitable ornot.	High	Sprint-2
Administrator	Push notification	USN-6	As a user, I will search the food items.	I can get the notification, related to my search.	High	Sprint-1
	Shown the nutrition details	USN-7	As a user, I can scan the food.	I can get the nutrition details of the scanned food.	High	Sprint-1
	Recipe shown	USN-8	As a user, I want to get the recipe for the scanned food.	I can get the recipe about the food.	Low	Sprint-2

# PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

# **6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation**

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation:

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L

Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email oncel have registered for the application.	1	High	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L
Sprint-1	Login	USN-3	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password.	1	High	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L
Sprint-2	User Details	USN-4	As a user, I can entermy details.	2	Hlgh	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L
Sprint-3	Scanni ng And Searchi ng Food	USN-5	As a user, I can searchthe food items.	2	Medi um	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L
Sprint-4	Show Nutrition al Details	UNS-6	As a user, I canscan the foodand get thenutritional details.	1	High	Nandhini M Nithya Sri V Pavithradevi S Preethi L

# **6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule**

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart:

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint1	20	6 Days	23 Oct 2022	28 Oct 2022	20	28 Oct 2022
Sprint2	20	6 Days	30 Oct 2022	04 Nov2022	20	04 Nov 2022
Sprint3	20	6 Days	05 Nov20 22	10 Nov2022	20	10 Nov 2022
Sprint4	20	6 Days	12 Nov20 22	18 Nov2022	20	18 Nov 2022

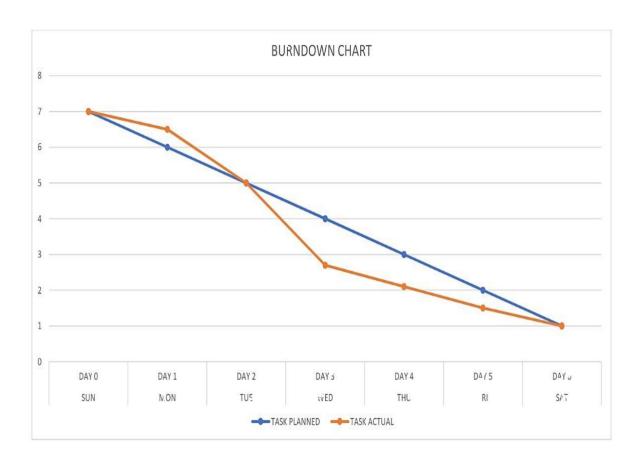
### Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$

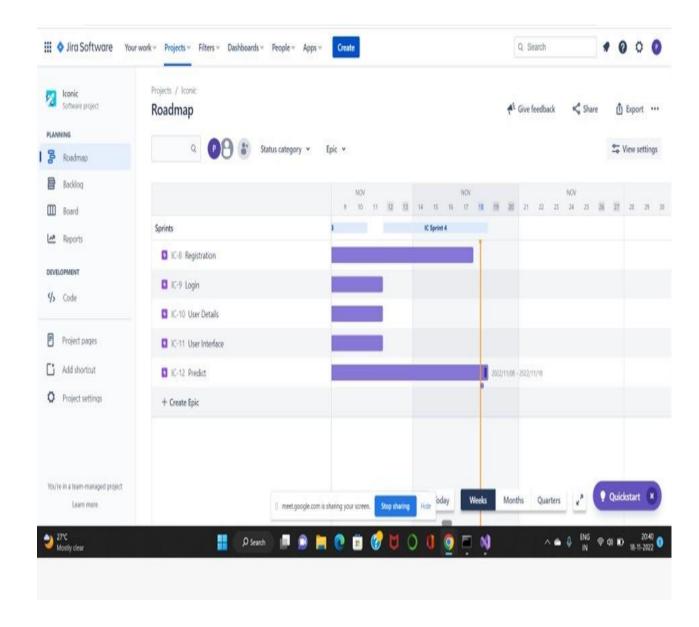
**Burndown Chart:** 

A burn down chart is a graphical representation of work left to do versus time. It is often used in agile software development methodologies such as Scrum. However, burn down charts can be applied to any project containing measurable progress over time.

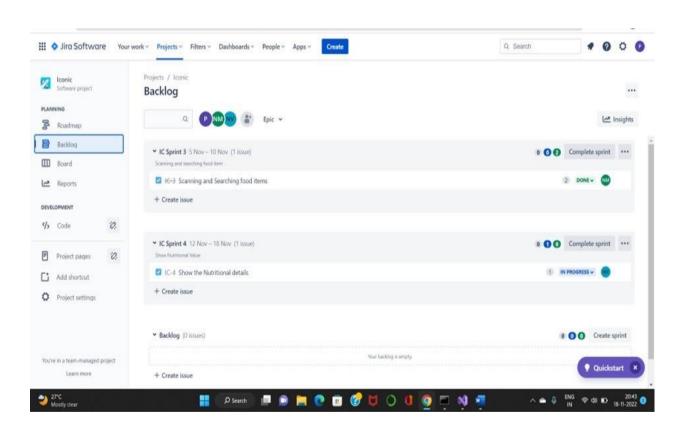


# 6.3 Reports from JIRA

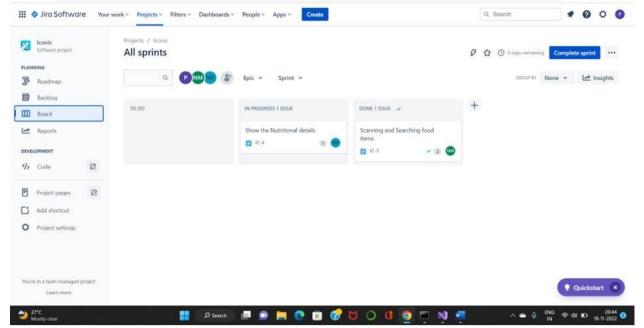
Roadmap:



### Backlog:



**Board:** 



**CODING & SOLUTIONING** 

### 7.1 Feature 1

- User interacts with the Web App to Load an image.
- The image is passed to the server application, which uses Clarifai's Al-Driven
   Food Detection Model Service to analyze the images.

#### Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Document</title>
<style>
.row
 background-color: #534d6b;
 }
 h2
  background-color: white;
  height: 80px;
  font-size: 75px;
  input
   {
  background-color: #b4547c;
  border: none;
  color: black;
  padding: 15px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  font-size: 16px;
```

```
margin-left: 60px;
  margin-top: -30px;
 img {
 border: 2px solid red;
 margin-top: -500px;
 margin-left: 10px;
 }
 .about {
 width: 300px;
 border: 15px solid gray;
 padding: 50px;
 margin: 20px;
 margin-left: 950px;
 color: white;
</style> </head>
<body>
<div class="container">
<div class="row">
<div class="col-lg-8 offset-lg-2">
<Center><h2 class="mt-5">Nutrition Assistant</h2></Center>
<div id="myform">
<form method="post" action="{{ url_for('tasks') }}"
<input type="submit" value="Stop/Start" name="stop" />
<input type="submit" value="Capture" name="click" />
<input type="submit" value="Detect" name="detect" />
</form>
</div>
<div class="about">
By identifying the supplied food image, this project attempts to create a web application that automatically calculates food
qualities like nutritional value. For precise food recognition and to determine the nutritional value of the recognized item, our
solution uses a food detection model and food <APIs class="br">
First click on start/stop. 
Then click on capture to take an image for which food item you need to know the nutritional values. 
Click on detect button to view the detailed list of nutritional value.
The health issues most of the time depends on our diet and nutrition
</APIs>
</div>
<img src="{{ url_for('video_feed') }}" >
</div>
```

border-radius: 12px;

```
</div>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 7.2 Feature 2

- It uses Nutrition API to provide nutritional information about the analyzed Image.
- Nutritional information of the analyzed image is returned to the app for display.

### Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"> <title>Document</title>
<style>
 .container{
 border:2px solid black;
 background-color: gray;
 }
 </style>
 </head>
 <body>
 <div class="container">
 <div class="row">
 <div class="col-lg-8 offset-lg-2">
 <div class="container">
 <h2 class="mt-5">Nutrition Assistant</h2>
 <h1>Our model said that it is a {{name}}</h1>
 <h1>and Nutrients present is {{name}} are following</h1>
 {{data}}
 </div>
 </div>
 <a href="http://127.0.0.1:5000/">Home</a>
 </div>
 </div>
</body>
</html>
```

### **TESTING**

### 8.1 Test Case

Test Case No.	Action	Expected Output	Actual Output	Result
1	Register for the website	Stores name, email, and password in Database	Stores name, email, and password in Database	Pass
2	Login to the website	Giving the right credentials, results in a successful login.	Giving the right credentials, results in a successful login	Pass
3	Predicting the food	It should predict the food	It should predict the food	Pass

# 8.2 User Acceptance Testing

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Registration	9	0	0	9
Login	40	0	0	40
Security	2	0	0	2
Food Detection	10	0	0	10
Exception Reporting	9	0	0	9
Final Report Output	4	0	0	4
Version Control	2	0	0	2

### **RESULTS**

#### 9.1 Performance Metrics

S.No	Parameter	Values
1.	Model Summary	To build a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food.
2.	Accuracy	Training Accuracy – 89%
3. Confidence Score	Validation Accuracy – 95%  Class Detected – 93%	
	Confidence Score – 90%	

# **ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES**

### Advantages:

- Nutrition apps can help make life easier for individuals who need to track their food intake for health reasons.
- One of the most basic functions of such an app is to guide its users towards a healthy diet and assist them to achieve their health goals.
- So, once your user specifies the goal like desired weight goal, body type, food habits, and preferred food items, your app must suggest them with a proper diet accordingly.
- Nutrition apps are effective in changing eating behavior and diet-related health risk factors.
- An advantage is control over what you eat. A nutrition program ensures you are eating what your body needs and limits the amount of unnecessary fat you may
   eat.

### Disadvantages:

- Inaccuracies are still possible.
- It can get addicting
- Another con associated with using and relying on these apps has to do with the time-consuming nature of logging all of your data.
- Many people won't want to spend more than a couple of minutes logging their information. It may even turn you away from eating healthy and working out.

### **CONCLUSION**

Good nutrition promotes not only better physical health and reduced susceptibility to disease, but has also been demonstrated to contribute to cognitive development and academic success, receive adequate, appropriate nutrition, people need to consume a healthy diet, which consists of a variety of nutrients—the substances in foods that nourish the body. One of the most basic functions of such an app is to guide its users towards a healthy diet and assist them to achieve their health goals. So, once your user specifies the goal like desired weight goal, body type, food habits, and preferred food items, your app must suggest them with a proper diet accordingly.

### **FUTURE SCOPE**

Diet and nutrition applications will remain popular for many years, because the majority of population becomes highly interested in having a good health condition. Many people live in polluted environment and consume products that contain different pesticides, chemicals, genetically modified foods, etc. and desperately try to reduce damage to their health, which implies good conditions for business. A popular and profitable diet and health nutrition application is user-friendly, has intuitive design, handy feature set, smart monetization models, and many more. To make your application successful and highly competitive on the market.

### **APPENDIX**

### **SOURCE CODE**

from keras\_preprocessing.image import load\_img, img\_to\_array from keras.models import load\_model import tensorflow as tf import keras

from flask import Flask, render\_template, Response, request import cv2 import datetime import time import os import sys import numpy as np from threading import Thread

# csv code import pandas as pd

read\_file = pd.read\_excel("C:\\Users\\admin\\IbmProject\\NutritionAPP\\book.xlsx") read\_file.to\_csv("Test.csv",

index=None,header=True) df = pd.DataFrame(pd.read\_csv("Test.csv")) df.to\_csv("Test.csv") df = df.set\_index("Food Name") def

Nutrients(Name): name = Name

return(df.loc[(name), :])

```
##
global capture, rec_frame, grey, switch, neg, face, rec, out, p, d capture = 0 grey = 0
neg = 0 face = 0 switch = 1 rec = 0
# ML
# import PIL.Image
# from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
# from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img, img_to_array
# from tensorflow.python.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
# from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
# import tensorflow.compat.v2 as tf model =
keras.models.load_model('C:\\Users\\admin\\IbmProject\\NutritionAPP\\daiyan.h5')
##
CATEGORIES = ['Vegetable-Fruit', 'Egg', 'Bread', 'Soup', 'Seafood', 'Meat', 'vada pav', 'Fried food', 'pizza', 'Dessert', 'Dairy
product', 'Rice', 'burger', 'Noodles-Pasta'] def image(path):
  img = cv2.imread(path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
  new_arr = cv2.resize(img, (60, 60))
  new_arr = np.array(new_arr)
  new_arr = new_arr.reshape(-1, 60, 60, 1)
  return new_arr
##
# make shots directory to save pics try: os.mkdir('./shots') except OSError as
error: pass
# instatiate flask app
app = Flask(__name__, template_folder='./templates') camera = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
# def Path(d):
   a=d
    return a def gen_frames(): # generate frame by frame from camera
global out, capture, rec_frame, d
  while True:
    success, frame = camera.read()
    if success:
      if(capture):
         capture = 0
         now = datetime.datetime.now()
         p = os.path.sep.join(
           ['shots', "shot_{}.png".format(str(now).replace(":", "))])
         # d=("C:\\Users\\admin\\IbmProject\\NutritionAPP"+p)
         cv2.imwrite(p, frame)
         d = p
      try:
         ret, buffer = cv2.imencode('.jpg', cv2.flip(frame, 1))
         frame = buffer.tobytes()
         yield (b'--frame\r\n'
             b'Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n\r\n' + frame + b'\r\n')
```

```
except Exception as e:
        pass
    else:
      pass
@app.route('/') def index():
  return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/uplod') def uplod():
  return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/video_feed') def video_feed():
  return Response(gen_frames(), mimetype='multipart/x-mixed-replace; boundary=frame')
@app.route('/requests', methods=['POST', 'GET']) def tasks():
  global switch, camera
  if request.method == 'POST':
    if request.form.get('click') == 'Capture':
      global capture
      capture = 1
    elif request.form.get('detect') == 'Detect':
      # prediction =
model.predict([image("C:\\Users\\admin\\IbmProject\\NutritionAPP\\download.jfif")])
                                                                                             path = os.getcwd()
      print(d)
      p = os.path.join(path, "", d)
      prediction = model.predict([image(p)])
      name = (CATEGORIES[prediction.argmax()])
      Product_name = name
      data = Nutrients(Product_name)
      return render_template('Predect.html', name=name, data=data)
    elif request.form.get('stop') == 'Stop/Start':
      if(switch == 1):
         switch = 0
         camera.release()
         cv2.destroyAllWindows()
      else:
         camera = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
         switch = 1
  elif request.method == 'GET':
    return render_template('index.html') return render_template('index.html') if
__name__ == '__main__':
```

app.run() camera.release() cv2.destroyAllWindows() GitHub & Project

# Demo Link

Project Demo Link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1

RVVpQk20pudukk8W1c20Gm74sULVGdoN/view?usp=

drivesdk