# IBM – NALAIYA THIRAN PROJECT

## **CUSTOMER CARE REGISTRY**

INDUSTRY MENTOR : VASUDEVAHANUSH

FACULTY MENTOR : KOUSIKA N

**TEAM ID** : PNT2022TMTD50240

**TEAM LEAD**: MANIKANDAN R

**TEAM MEMBER**: JAMES JACOBRAJ A

**TEAM MEMBER**: KUMARAN ANANDHAN K

**TEAM MEMBER**: ELANGAMANI T

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## a. Project Overview

Customer care describes how people are treated when they interact with a brand. This includes all experiences with the company and its employees before, during, and after a purchase. Customer care is an important aspect of customer service because it fosters an emotional connection with the brand's community.

Customer care isn't measured in the same way as customer loyalty or success. That's because things like loyalty and success are a by-product of caring for your customers. It's impossible to build a trustworthy, emotional connection with your customer base if you're too focused on measuring it. Customer care goes a step further by ignoring the metrics and instead fully investing in your customers' goals and needs.

#### **Customer Care vs Customer Services:**

Customer care is the process of building an emotional connection with your customers, whereas customer service is simply the advice or assistance your business provides them.

Customer care is less quantifiable than customer service and is more concerned with one-to-one customer interactions.

While both functions increase customer satisfaction, customer service does this by

answering questions and providing support. Customer care, on the other hand, focuses on active listening and understanding the customer's emotional needs as much as the physical or business ones.

## 2. Purpose

An online comprehensive Customer Care Solution is to manage customer interaction and complaints with the Service Providers over phone or through and e-mail. The system should have capability to integrate with any Service Provider from any domain or industry like Banking, Telecom Insurance, etc. Customer Service also known as Client Service is the provision of service to customers its significance varies by product, industry and domain In many cases customer services is more important of the purchase relates to a service as opposed to a product Customer Service may he provided by a Person or Sales & Service Representatives Customer Service is normally an integral part of a company's customer value propositions.

#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

In a literature survey, students analyze critically, and concisely earlier research and literature related to a particular research problem and utilize them for their own research purposes. It helps students in concluding the significances of new research and its connections to earlier work.

## Purpose of a Literature Survey:

Conducting a literature review establishes your familiarity with and understanding of current research in a particular field before carrying out a new investigation. After doing a

literature review, you should know what research has already been done and be able to identify what is unknown within your topic

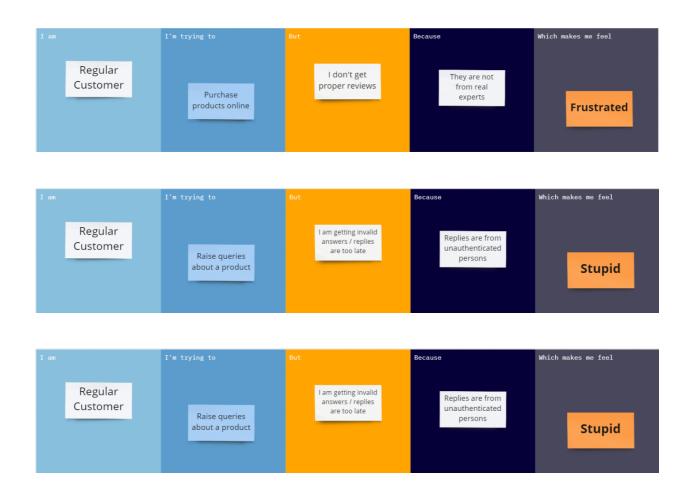
## a. Existing problem

I am Surya and I am a regular customer in famous e-commerce websites like Amazon, Flipkart. I order regularly. The problem I have is that in most times, I don't have any reliable sources to clear my doubts in some of the products I buy.

There are reviews and customer ratings in those websites, but somehow, I don't feel they are authentic and real. It would make my world if those replies were from a real expert, and I could clarify all my doubts in a single platform. Of course, I would need instant replies from a real expert who knows about the products I am asking for.

l am	Describe customer with 3-4 key characteristics - who are they?	Describe the customer and their attributes here
I'm trying to	List their outcome or "Job" the care about - what are they trying to achieve?	List the thing they are trying to achieve here
but	Describe what problems or barriers stand in the way – what bothers them most?	Describe the problems or barriers that get in the way here
because	Enter the "root cause" of why the problem or barrier exists – what needs to be solved?	Describe the reason the problems or barriers exist
which makes me feel	Describe the emotions from the customer's point of view – how does it impact them emotionally?	Describe the emotions the result from experiencing the problems or barriers

# **Example:**



Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Regular	Purchase	I don't get	They are not	Frustrated
	Customer	products	proper	from real	
		online	reviews	experts.	
PS-2	Regular	Bought a	I cannot get	There is no	Disappointed
	Customer	product	my doubts	proper system	
			clarified		

PS-3	Regular	Raise		I am getting	Replies are from	Stupid
	customer	queries		invalid	unauthenticated	
		about a	a	answers /	persons	
		product		replies are too		
				late		

## b. References

This customer care registry helps to solve the issues and its find customer satisfaction.A Customer had occur a problem when they apply a ticket they need to recovery a solution or result .So the customer will contact a customer care for arise ths issue. After the customer complaint, the company could identify that problem and solved this issue. Now the company wants to avoid these kinds of problems and technical issues So the company needs the customer satisfaction.

#### c. Problem Statement Definition

A Customer had occur a problem when they apply a ticket they need to recovery a solution or result .So the customer will contact a customer care for arise ths issue. After the customer complaint, the company could identify that problem and solved this issue. Now the company wants to avoid these kinds of problems and technical issues So the company needs the customer satisfaction. This customer care registry helps to solve the issues and its find customer satisfaction

Over Data Utilization on connecting to  Desktop			
Why this happens?	This happens because the background windows update process is on.		
Who does the problem affect?	The user and the users who are connected to the Desktop.		
What is the issue?	This issue is over utilization of mobile dataover connecting to the Desktop		
What is the solution?	This issue can be solved by disabling the windows update option in settings		

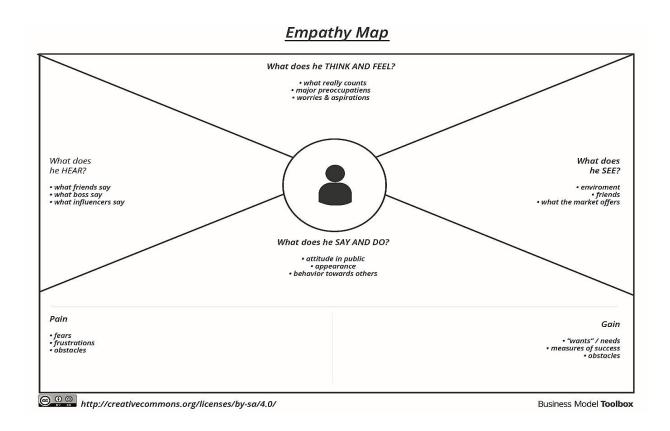
Customer wants to fix a blue screen of death?			
Who does the Problem Affect?	Customer who use the particular thing		
What are the boundaries of the problem?	Customer who use the thing for their personal work, office work etc		
What is the issue?	Failure of Hardware or driver sometimes it maybe in software too		
When does the issue occur?	It frequently occurs after the customer installednew drivers or new piece of software		
Where does the issue occur?	It often lies in the Hardware or one of the drivers		
Why is it important that we fix the problem?	It is necessary to run the computer or Laptop todo their task or work in order to complete it.		
What solution to solve this issue?	A quick reboot is sometimes enough to solve theproblem		

Customer wants to fix the Payment issue?			
Who does the Problem Affect?	Customer who use the particular thing		
What is the solution to solve this issuetemporarily?	Check payment method is up to date orTry another payment method		
How the issue occurs?	Customer who has entered incorrect card information, payment gateway, or the bankinstitution issue		
When does the issue occur?	It occurs when there is insufficient balance inbank account		
Why is it important that we fix the problem?	For the welfare of the customer needs		

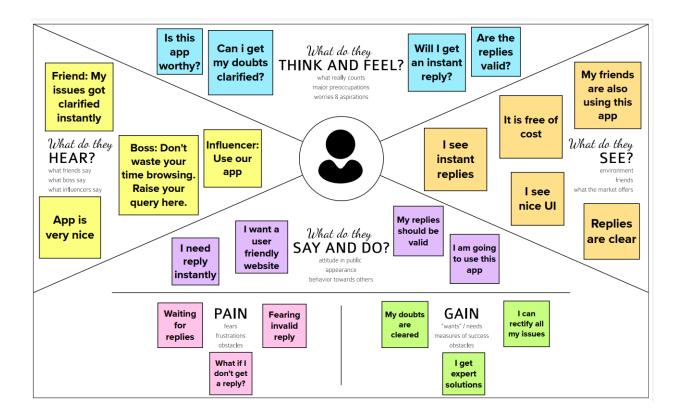
#### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

- a. Empathy Map Canvas
- An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviours and attitudes.
- It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users.
- Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it.
- The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.

## **Example:**



## **Empathy Map for Customer Care Registry:**



## d. Ideation & Brainstorming

## **Brainstorm & Idea Prioritization Template:**

Brainstorming provides a free and open environment that encourages everyone within a team to participate in the creative thinking process that leads to problem solving. Prioritizing volume over value, out-of-the-box ideas are welcome and built upon, and all participants are encouraged to collaborate, helping each other develop a rich number of creative solutions.

**Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement** 

## **Team Gathering:**

Team Members			
Team Leader	Manikandan		
Team Members	James Jacobraj		
	Kumaran Anandhan		
	Elangamani		

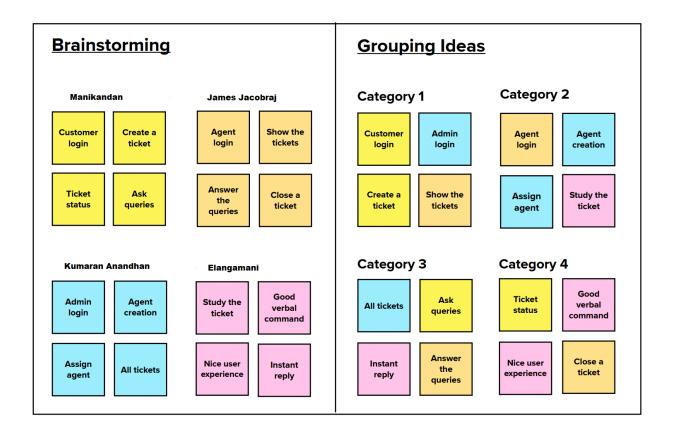
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## **Problem Statement:**

I am Ajay and I am a regular customer in famous e-commerce websites like Amazon, Flipkart. I order regularly. The problem I have is that in most times, I don't have any reliable sources to clear my doubts in some of the products I buy.

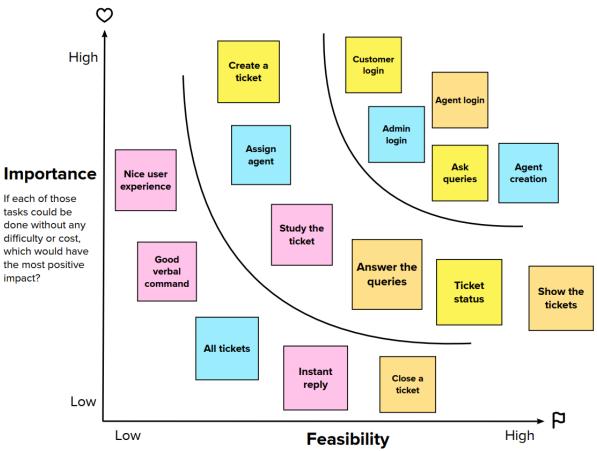
There are reviews and customer ratings in those websites, but somehow, I don't feel they are authentic and real. It would make my world if those replies were from a real expert, and I could clarify all my doubts in a single platform. Of course, I would need instant replies from a real expert who knows about the products I am asking for.

Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping



# **Step-3: Idea Prioritization**

# **Prioritization**

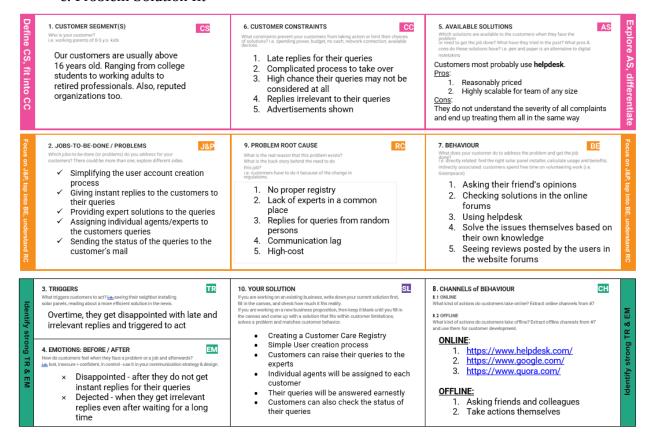


Regardless of their importance, which tasks are more feasible than others? (Cost, time, effort etc.,)

# e.Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to	To solve the customer issues using web
	be solved)	based cloud application.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Creating a Customer Care Registry, where the customers can raise their queries in form of tickets. An agent will be assigned to them for replying/clarifying their issues.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	The agents are experts in the product domain and they will communicate well with the customers
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	Customers will be satisfied with the instant and valid replies. Also, it creates a doubtless society, that boosts sales.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Customers can be charged a minimal amount based on the number of queries (tickets) they can rise in a said period of time.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	This idea is so much use to the customers that the latter may refer this registry to their friends and colleagues at work. Naturally, the user base grows so does the number of queries answered. May be in the future, may be a crossplatform mobile application may be developed, making this customer care registry much more accessible to the users.

#### e. Problem Solution fit



## 3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

- a. Functional requirement
- 1. A functional requirement defines a function of a system or its component, where a function is described as a specification of behaviour between inputs and outputs.
- 2. It specifies "what should the software system do?"
- 3. It is mandatory
- 4. Defined at a component level
- 5. Usually easy to define

# **6**. Helps you verify the functionality of the software

FR	Functional	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
No.	Requirement (Epic)	
FR-	User Registration	Registration through Signup form (customer)
1		
FR-	User Login	Login through Login form (customer, agent, user)
2		
FR-	Agent creation (admin)	Create an agent profile with username, email and
3		password
FR-	Dashboard (customer)	Show all the tickets raised by the customer
4		
FR-	Dashboard (agent)	Show all the tickets assigned to the agent by admin
5		
FR-	Dashboard (Admin)	Show all the tickets raised in the entire system
6		
FR-	Ticket creation	Customer can raise a new ticket with the detailed
7	(customer)	description of his/her query
FR-	Assign agent (admin)	Assigning an agent for the created ticket
8		
FR-	Ticket details (customer)	1. Showing the actual query, status, assigned agent
9		details
		2. Status of the ticket - OPEN, AGENT ASSIGNED,
		IN PROCESS, COMPLETE, CLOSED
FR-	Address Column	Agent clarifies the doubts of the customer
10		

# b. Non-Functional requirements

- 1. A non-functional requirement defines the quality attribute of a software system
- 2. It places constraint on "How should the software system fulfil the functional requirements?"

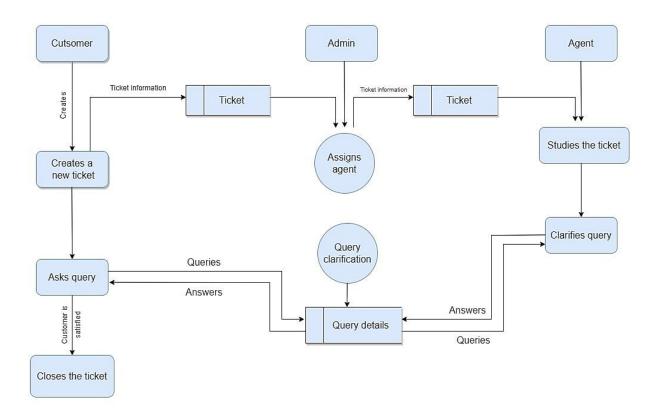
- 3. It is not mandatory
- . Applied to system as a whole
- . Usually more difficult to define
- . Helps you verify the performance of the software

FR No.	Non-Functional	Description
	Requirement	
NFR-1	Usability	Customers can use the application in almost all
		the web browsers. Application is with good
		looking and detailed UI, which makes it more
		friendly to use.
NFR-2	Security	Customers are asked to create an account for
		themselves using their email which is protected
		with an 8 character-long password, making it
		more secure.
NFR-3	Reliability	Customers can raise their queries and will be
		replied with a valid reply, as soon as possible,
		making the application even more reliable and
		trust-worthy.
NFR-4	Performance	Customers will have a smooth experience while
		using the application, as it is simple and is well
		optimised.
NFR-5	Availability	Application is available 24/7 as it is hosted on
		IBM Cloud
NFR-6	Scalability	In future, may be cross-platform mobile
		applications can be developed as the user base
		grows.

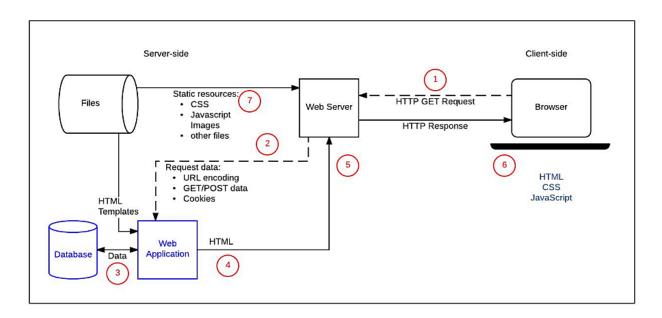
## 4. PROJECT DESIGN

## a. Data Flow Diagrams

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.



## b. Solution & Technical Architecture



# c. User Stories

User Type	Functional	User	User Story /	Acceptance	Priori	Relea
	Requireme	Story	Task	criteria	ty	se
	nt (Epic)	Numb				
		er				
Customer	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can	I can access	High	Sprint-
(Web user)			register for the	my account		1
			application by	/ dashboard		
			entering my			
			email, password,			
			and confirming			
			my password.			
		USN-2	As a user, I will	I can	High	Sprint-
			receive	receive		1
			confirmation	confirmati		
			email once I have	on email &		
			registered for the	click		

			application	confirm		
		USN-3	As a user, I can	I can	Low	Sprint-
			register for the			2
			application through	access the dashboard		
			Facebook	with		
				Facebook		
			_	Login		
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the		Medi um	Sprint- 2
			application		uiii	
			through Gmail			
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can		High	Sprint-
			log into the application by			1
			entering email &			
			password			
	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user , I can		High	Sprint-
			register the	register complaint(s)		1
			complaint in the register	Complaint(s)		
			complaint page			
		USN-7	As a user , I can		Medi	Sprint-
			view the status of		um	1
		USN-8	the complaint.  As a user, I can	complaint I can logout	Low	Sprint-
			logout of the	from the		2
			application	application		
Customer	Dashboard	USN-8	As a customer	I can	High	Sprint -
Care Executive			care Executive, I can resolve a	provide solution to a		1
EXECUTIVE			can resolve a	problem.		
			registered by			

		user.			
Allin Director	LICALO	A 1 • T	т	TT' .1	C
Administrat Registration	on USN-9	As an admin, I		High	Sprint-
or		can register for	my account / dashboard		1
		the application by entering my	/ dasiiboard		
		email, password, and confirming			
		my password.			
	USN-10	As an admin, I	I can	High	Sprint-
		will receive	receive	0	1
		confirmation	confirmati		
		email once I have	on email &		
		registered for the	click		
		application	confirm		
Login	USN-11	As an admin I		High	Sprint-
		can log into the			1
		application(adm			
		in panel) by			
		entering email &			
		password			
Dashboard	d USN-12	As an admin, I		Medi	Spritn-
		can update the		um	2
		status of the			
		complaint to the			
		user with the help of customer care	query.		
		executive.			
	USN-13	As an admin , I	I can logout	Low	Sprint -
		can logout from			2
	1	· ·	l		

#### 5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

a. Sprint Planning & Estimation

Sprint 1:

- 1.We created a FlaskProject.
- 2.Added all theroutesneededforour project.
- 3.Created Tables in IBM Cloud.

Sprint 2:

- 1. We added all the html templates needed for our project.
- 2. We styled those pages using CSS and Bootstrap.
- 3. We wrote Queries to connect IBM Cloud Database.
- 4. Finished all the Fetchingand Posting Stuff of IBM Cloud DatabaseIntegration.

Sprint 3:

1.Integration of Send grid into our application

Sprint 4:

- 1 .Deploying the application using Docker and Kubernetes
- b. Reports from JIRA

IT organizations have the challenge of ensuring system uptime, supporting users, and managing inventory of both hardware and software. IT teams gain significant efficiencies when one tool can support multiple business operations. According to Gartner, mastering the discipline of effective asset management is ahuge cost savingsfor companies.

# 6. CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

a. Feature 1

Flask Framework is added.

b. Feature 2

Send Mail using SendGrid

## We recommend using SendGrid Python, our client library, available on G..

We recommend using SendGrid Python, our client library, available on GitHub, with full documentation...

https://docs.sendgrid.com/for-developers/sending-email/v3-python-code-example

## c. Database Schema (if Applicable)

DB2 is used as database.

# There are various ways of accessing databases such as JDBC, JavaScript..

There are various ways of accessing databases such as JDBC, JavaScript, JSP, Python and many others. Here, we will be specifically talking.....

https://medium.com/mozilla-firefox-club/accessing-ibm-db2-database-using-python-c356a4a76bf3

## 7. TESTING

#### a. Test Cases

N	Feature	Compone	Test	Test Data	Expected	Actual	Stat
0	Type	nt	Scenario	Test Data	Result	Result	us
1	Function al	Registration Page	Custom er is trying to register with the invalid data	First Name = Bala Last Name = Abinesh Role = Customer Email =  suryathaya10@gmail.c om Password = 12345678	Customer should get an alert saying "Passwor ds do not match"	Working as expect ed	Pass

				Confirm Password = 123456789			
2	Function al	Registration Page	Custom er is trying to register with the invalid data	First Name = Bala  Last Name = Abinesh  Role = Customer  Email =   suryathaya10gmail.com  Password = 12345678  Confirm Password =   12345678	should get an alert saying	Working as expect ed	Pass
3	Function al	Registration Page	Custom er is trying to register with the invalid data	First Name = Ba Last Name = Abinesh Role = Customer Email =  suryathaya10@gmail.c om Password = 12345678 Confirm Password = 12345678	Customer should get an alert saying "Firstname should be atleast 6 characters long!"	Working as expect ed	Pass
4	Function al	Login page	Custom er is trying to register with the invalid data	First Name = Bala Last Name = Abinesh Role = Customer Email =  suryathaya10@gmail.c om Password = 1234 Confirm Password =  1234	Customer should get an alert saying "Passwor ds must be at least 8 characters long!"	Working as expect ed	Pass

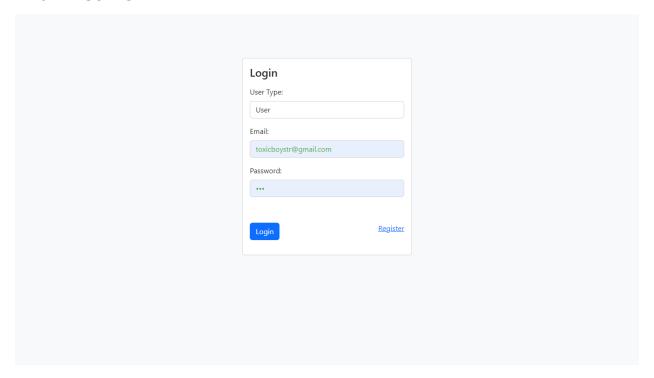
5	Function al	Registrati on Page	Custom er is trying to register with the valid data	First Name = Bala Last Name = Abinesh Role = Customer Email =  suryathaya@10gmail.c om Password = 12345678 Confirm Password = 12345678	Customer 's profile is added in the database and the customer is registered. Then, the customer is re- directed to the Login page to login	Working as expect ed	Pa ss
---	----------------	-----------------------	---	--	--	-------------------------------	----------

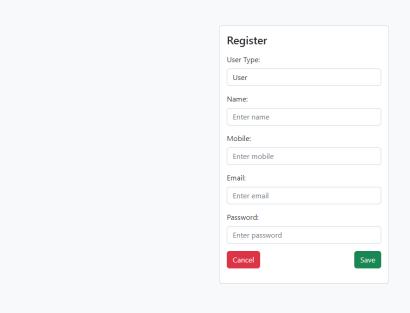
# b. User Acceptance Testing

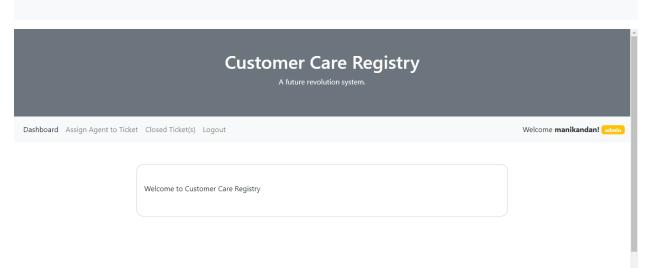
		User
	Test Scenarios	Type
1	Verifying customer is able to login to the application	Customer
2	Verifying customer is able to logout of the application	Customer
3	Verifying customer is able to change the password	Customer
4	Verifying customer is able to create a new ticket	Customer
5	Verifying customer is able to see all the tickets created	Customer
6	Verifying customer is able to have a chat with the Agent	Customer
7	Verifying customer is able to close the ticket	Customer
8	Verifying customer is able to see the past chats with the agents	Customer
	Verifying customer is able to change the password using the Forgot password	
9	option	Customer
1		
0	Verifying customer is able to receive all the necessary mails	Customer
1	Verifying agent is able to login to the application	Agent
2	Verifying agent is able to logout of the application	Agent

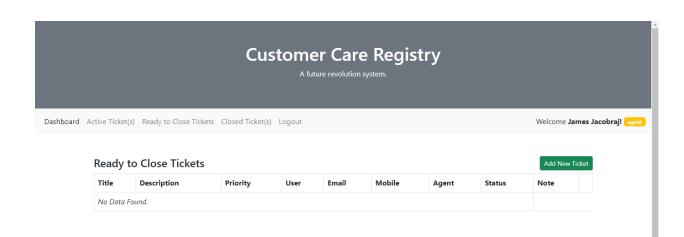
3 4 5 6 7	Verifying agent is able to change the password  Verifying agent is able to create a new ticket  Verifying agent is able to see all the tickets created  Verifying agent is able to have a chat with the Agent  Verifying agent is able to close the ticket	Agent Agent Agent Agent Agent
8	Verifying agent is able to see the past chats with the agents	Agent
9	Verifying agent is able to change the password using the Forgot password option Verifying agent is able to receive all the necessary mails	Agent Agent
1	Verifying admin is able to login to the application	Admin
2	Verifying admin is able to logout of the application	Admin
3	Verifying admin is able to see all the requests by the agents	Admin
4	Verifying admin is able to see all the unassigned tickets	Admin
5	Verifying admin is able to assign an agent for a ticket	Admin
6	Verifying admin is able to see all the feedbacks submitted	Admin

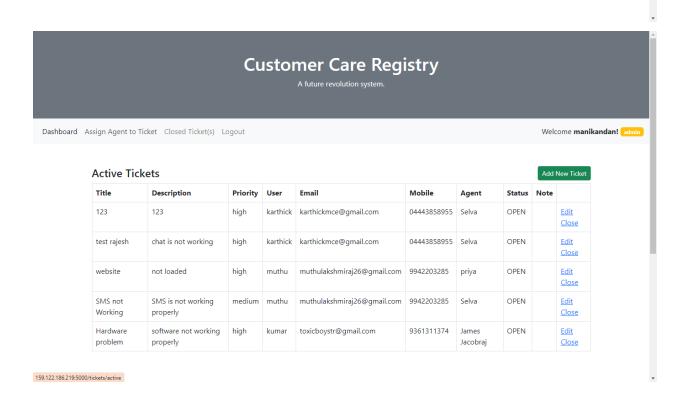
# 8. RESULTS











#### 9. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

#### Advantages

- To solve the customer problem immediately using web portal
- To send the email alert to the customer and the agent.
- To user the user authentication as admin, agent and customer

## **Disadvantages**

- Able to use the small level company
- Unable to send the SMS

#### 9. CONCLUSION

Thus, there are many customer service applications available on the internet. Noting down the structural components of those applications and building a customer care registry. It will be web application build with Flask (Python micro-web framework), HTML, JavaScript. It will be a ticket-based customer service registry.

Customers can register into the application using their email, password, and a username.

Then, they can login to the system, and raise as queries as they want in the form of their tickets.

These tickets will be sent to the admin, for which an agent is assigned. Then, the assigned agent will have a one-to-one chat with the customer and the latter's queries will be clarified. It is also the responsibility of the admin, to create an agent.

## **10.FUTURE SCOPE**

This project can be extended in future like

• SMS Gateway

• Whatsapp Communication

```
11.APPENDIX
          Source Code
          Templates
          login:
<html>
<head>
  <title>Customer Care System</title>
<meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
              href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.2.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
      link
rel="stylesheet">
                                                                                   <script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.2.2/dist/js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
 <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.6.0/jquery.min.js"></script>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="style.css">
</head>
<body class=" bg-light">
<div class="container d-flex justify-content-center pt-5">
  <div class="card col-md-4 mb-4 mt-5">
     {% with messages = get_flashed_messages(with_categories=true) %}
     {% if messages %}
```

```
{% for category, message in messages %}
     <div class="flashes alert alert-{{category}}">
       <strong>{{ message }}</strong>
     </div>
    {% endfor %}
    {% endif %}
    {% endwith %}
     <div class="card-body">
         <h4 class="card-title">Login</h4>
<form method="post" action="/login">
   <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
           <label for="user_type" class="form-label">User Type:</label>
            <div class="dropdown">
               <select name="user_type" id="user_type" class="form-control">
                <option value="user">User</option>
                <option value="admin">Admin</option>
                <option value="agent">Agent</option>
                           </div>
          </div>
 <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
  <label for="email" class="form-label">Email:</label>
      <input type="email" class="form-control" id="email" placeholder="Enter email"
name="username">
 </div>
 <div class="mb-3">
  <label for="pwd" class="form-label">Password:</label>
```

```
<input type="password" class="form-control" id="pwd" placeholder="Enter password"
name="password">
 </div>
 <div class="form-check mb-3">
  <label class="form-check-label">
   <input class="form-check-input" type="checkbox" name="remember"> Remember me
  </label>
 </div>
  <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button> <a href="/user/signup"
class="float-end">Register</a>
</form>
</div>
</div>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
          Register:
<html>
<head>
  <title>Signup</title>
<meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
              href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.2.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
     link
rel="stylesheet">
                                                                                 <script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.2.2/dist/js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.6.0/jquery.min.js"></script>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="style.css">
</head>
<body class=" bg-light">
<div class="container d-flex justify-content-center pt-5">
  <div class="card col-md-4 mb-4 mt-5">
    <div class="card-body">
       <h4 class="card-title">Register</h4>
       <form method="post" action="/user/signup">
          <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
            <label for="user_type" class="form-label">User Type:</label>
            <div class="dropdown">
                <select name="user_type" id="user_type" class="form-control" required>
                <option value="user">User</option>
                <option value="admin">Admin</option>
                <option value="agent">Agent</option>
                </select>
              </div>
          </div>
          <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
            <label for="name" class="form-label">Name:</label>
            <input type="name" class="form-control" id="name" placeholder="Enter name"</pre>
name="name" required>
          </div>
          <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
```

```
<label for="mobile" class="form-label">Mobile:</label>
                  <input type="text" class="form-control" id="mobile" placeholder="Enter</pre>
mobile" name="mobile" required>
          </div>
         <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
            <label for="email" class="form-label">Email:</label>
            <input type="email" class="form-control" id="email" placeholder="Enter email"</pre>
name="email" required>
          </div>
          <div class="mb-3 mt-3">
            <label for="password" class="form-label">Password:</label>
                            <input type="password" class="form-control" id="password"
placeholder="Enter password" name="password" required>
          </div>
<button type="submit" class="btn btn-danger">Cancel</button>
<button type="submit" class="btn btn-success float-end"">Save</button>
          </form>
 </div>
 </div>
</body>
</html></select>
```

## **Tickets:**

```
{% extends "common_template.html" %}
{% block title %} {{title}} {% endblock %}
{% block content %}
<section class="vh-100">
 <div class="container">
  <div class="row">
    <div class="col-md-6">
      <h4 class="pull-left">{{title}}</h4>
    </div>
    <div class="col-md-6 d-flex flex-row-reverse">
         <a href="/ticket/create"><button class="btn btn-sm btn-success float-right">Add
New Ticket</button></a>
    </div>
  </div>
>
   Title
   Description
   Priority
   User
   Agent
   Note
   {%if tickets | length == 0%}
```

```
<em>No Data Found.</em>
 {%endif%}
  {%for inv in tickets%}
  {{inv['TITLE']}}}
   {{inv['DESCRIPTION']}}}
   {{inv['PRIORITY']}}}
   {{inv['USER_NAME']}}}
   {{inv['AGENT NAME']}}
   {{inv['NOTE']}}}
   <td><a href="/ticket/edit/{\{inv['ID']\}\}">Edit</a>
     {%if session.user_type == 'admin' and inv['STATUS'] != 1 %}
      <a href="javascript:void(0)" onclick="if(confirm('Are you sure to close this ticket?'))"
window.location = '/ticket/close/{{inv['ID']}}'; ">Close</a>
     {% endif %}
   {%endfor%}
</div>
</section>
{% endblock %}
        Dashboard:
{% extends "common_template.html" %}
{% block title %}Dashboard{% endblock %}
{% block content %}
```

```
<section class="vh-100">
 <div class="container">
  <div class="row d-flex justify-content-center align-items-center h-100">
   <div class="col-xl-9">
    <div class="card" style="border-radius: 15px;">
     <div class="card-body">
      <div class="row align-items-center pt-4 pb-3">
      Welcome to Customer Care System (CCS)
    </div>
   </div>
  </div>
 </div>
</section>
{% endblock %}
         Email_ticket_closed:
<div class="container d-flex justify-content-center pt-5">
  <div class="card col-md-4 mb-4 mt-5">
  Hi {{user.NAME}}, <br><br>
   Your ticket with following details has been closed. <br/> <br/>br>
  Title
    {{ticket.TITLE}}}
   Description
    {{ticket.DESCRIPTION}}
```

```
>
    Priority
    {{ticket.PRIORITY}}}
   Status
    {ticket.STATUS == 1 and 'Closed' or 'Opened'}}
   </div>
</div>
       Email_agent_assigned:
<div class="container d-flex justify-content-center pt-5">
 <div class="card col-md-4 mb-4 mt-5">
 Hi {{agent.NAME}}, <br><br>
   Your have assigned to the ticket with following details. Please help the customer to solve
this problem. <br><br>>
  >
    Customer Name
    {{user.NAME}}}
   Customer Mobile
    {{user.MOBILE}}
```

```
Title
    {{ticket.TITLE}}}
   Description
    {{ticket.DESCRIPTION}}
   Priority
    {{ticket.PRIORITY}}
   Status
    {{ticket.STATUS == 1 and 'Closed' or 'Opened'}}
   </div>
</div>
        Main python
         main.py
# This is a sample Python script.
# Press Shift+F10 to execute it or replace it with your code.
# Press Double Shift to search everywhere for classes, files, tool windows, actions, and settings.
import ibm_db
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for, flash, session
from ticket.User import User
from ticket. Ticket import Ticket
import sendgrid
import os
from sendgrid.helpers.mail import *
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = b'_4\#z2G''F5Q9z\n\xec]/'
@app.route("/")
def show_login():
  return redirect(url_for('login'))
@app.route("/login", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def login():
  if request.method == 'POST':
     print("hi")
    if request.form['username'] != "" and request.form['password'] != "":
       user = User()
       user.User_Type = request.form['user_type']
       user.Email = request.form['username']
       user.Password = request.form['password']
       result = user.login()
       print("login result", result)
       if len(result) > 0:
         session['name'] = result[0]['NAME']
         session['user_id'] = result[0]['ID']
         session['user_type'] = result[0]['USER_TYPE']
       return redirect(url_for('dashboard'))
     else:
       flash(u'username or password is incorrect.', 'danger')
       return redirect(url_for('login'))
  else:
     return render_template('login.html')
```

```
@app.route("/user/signup", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def vendor_signup():
  if request.method == 'POST':
     user = User()
     user.Id = ""
     user.Name = request.form['name']
     user.User Type = request.form['user type']
     user.Mobile = request.form['mobile']
     user.Email = request.form['email']
     user.Password = request.form['password']
     user.save()
     flash(u'User Sign up done, you login now with your username and password.', 'success')
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  else:
     return render_template('register.html')
@app.route("/dashboard", methods=['GET'])
def dashboard():
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  # inventory = Inventory()
  # inventory = inventory.display()
  return render_template('dashboard.html')
@app.route("/ticket/create", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def create_ticket():
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  if request.method == 'POST':
     ticket = Ticket()
     ticket.Title = request.form['title']
```

```
ticket.Description = request.form['description']
     ticket.Priority = request.form['priority']
     id = request.form.get('id')
     old_ticket = Ticket()
     if id is not None:
       ticket.Id = id
       tickets = old_ticket.get(id)
       old_ticket = tickets[0]
     agent_id = request.form.get('agent_id')
     if agent_id is not None:
       ticket.AgentId = agent_id
     status = request.form.get('status')
     if status is not None:
       ticket.Status = status
     ticket.Status = 0
     ticket.save()
     if ticket.AgentId != 0 and ticket.AgentId != old_ticket["AGENTID"]:
       return redirect(url_for('ticketagentassigned', ticket_id=id))
     flash(u'Ticket has been saved successfully.', 'success')
     return redirect(url_for('active_tickets'))
  else:
     ticket = Ticket()
     agents = []
     return render_template('createcomplaint.html', ticket=ticket, agents=agents)
@app.route("/ticket/edit/<id1>", methods=['GET'])
def edit_ticket(id1):
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  ticket = Ticket()
```

```
tickets = ticket.get(id1)
  ticket = tickets[0]
  user = User()
  agents = user.agents()
  return render_template('createcomplaint.html', ticket=ticket, agents=agents)
@app.route("/tickets/active", methods=['GET'])
def active_tickets():
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  ticket = Ticket()
  ticket.Status = 0
  tickets = ticket.display()
  print(tickets)
  return render_template('tickets.html', title='Active Tickets', tickets=tickets)
@app.route("/tickets/closed", methods=['GET'])
def closed_tickets():
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  ticket = Ticket()
  ticket.Status = 1
  tickets = ticket.display()
  return render_template('tickets.html', title='Closed Tickets', tickets=tickets)
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
  session.clear()
  return redirect(url_for('login'))
```

```
@app.route('/ticket/agent-assigned/<ticket_id>', methods=['GET'])
def ticketagentassigned(ticket_id):
  if session['name'] is None:
     return redirect(url_for('login'))
  id1 = ticket id
  ticket = Ticket()
  ticket.close(id1)
  ticket = Ticket()
  tickets = ticket.get(id1)
  ticket = tickets[0]
  user = User()
  user.Id = ticket["USERID"]
  users = user.get()
  user = users[0]
  agent = User()
  agent.Id = ticket["AGENTID"]
  users = agent.get()
  agent = users[0]
  sg =
sendgrid.SendGridAPIClient(api_key="SG.PEMDvdpVSeqVl9BCQP5xjw.KSZztqZz5nx291w0")
SmyXvug_nrTm5HpelEMCSkFj4Cs")
  from_email = Email("rajesh@malaris.com")
  to_email = To(user.Email)
  subject = "Customer Care Agent Assigned Notification"
  html_content = str(render_template('email_agent_assigned.html', ticket=ticket, user=user,
agent=agent))
  content = Content("text/html", html_content)
  print(html_content)
  mail = Mail(from email, to email, subject, content)
  response = sg.client.mail.send.post(request_body=mail.get())
```

```
print(response.status_code)
  print(response.body)
  print(response.headers)
  return redirect(url_for('active_tickets'))
@app.route('/ticket/close/<ticket_id>', methods=['GET'])
def ticketclose(ticket_id):
  if session['name'] is None:
    return redirect(url_for('login'))
  id1 = ticket id
  ticket = Ticket()
  ticket.close(id1)
  ticket = Ticket()
  tickets = ticket.get(id1)
  ticket = tickets[0]
  user = User()
  user.Id = ticket["USERID"]
  users = user.get()
  user = users[0]
  sg =
sendgrid.SendGridAPIClient(api_key="SG.PEMDvdpVSeqVl9BCQP5xjw.KSZztqZz5nx291w0
SmyXvug_nrTm5HpelEMCSkFj4Cs")
  from_email = Email("rajesh@malaris.com")
  to_email = To(user["EMAIL"])
  subject = "Customer Care Ticket Closed Notification"
  content = Content("text/html", render_template('email_ticket_closed.html', ticket=ticket,
user=user))
  mail = Mail(from_email, to_email, subject, content)
  response = sg.client.mail.send.post(request_body=mail.get())
  print(response.status_code)
  print(response.body)
  print(response.headers)
```

return redirect(url\_for('active\_tickets'))

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    port = int(os.environ.get('PORT', 5000))
    app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0', port=port)
# See PyCharm help at https://www.jetbrains.com/help/pycharm/
```

GitHub & Project Demo Link

GITHUB LINK: <a href="https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-43602-1660718377">https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-43602-1660718377</a>

## PROJECT DEMO LINK:

 $\underline{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1bv2Sf9bgO0RXF9R2oXrTMerCpiCa8p9z/view?usp=drivesdk}$