Data Visualization and Pre-processing Assignment -2

Assignment Date	26 September 2022
Team ID	PNTIBMBI49
Project Name	AI BASED POWERED NUTRION ANALYZER FOR
	FITNESS ENTHUSIASTS
Student Name	KISHORE ARAVIND
Student Roll Number	11011910605
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Question-1.Download dataset

Solution:

RowNumb	Customer	Surname	CreditScor G	Geograph	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfPrc H	asCrCard Is.	ActiveM	Estimated E	xited
1	15634602	Hargrave	619 F	rance	Female	42	. 2	0	1	1	1	101348.9	1
2	15647311	Hill	608 S	pain	Female	41	. 1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.6	0
3	15619304	Onio	502 F	rance	Female	42	. 8	159660.8	3	1	0	113931.6	1
4	15701354	Boni	699 F	rance	Female	39	1	0	2	0	0	93826.63	0
5	15737888	Mitchell	850 S	pain	Female	43	2	125510.8	1	1	1	79084.1	0
6	15574012	Chu	645 9	pain	Male	44	8	113755.8	2	1	0	149756.7	1
7	15592531	Bartlett	822 F	rance	Male	-50	7	0	2	1	1	10062.8	0
8	15656148	Obinna	376 0	Sermany	Female	29	4	115046.7	4	1	0	119346.9	1
9	15792365	He	501 F	rance	Male	44	4	142051.1	2	0	1	74940.5	0
10	15592389	H?	684 F	rance	Male	27	2	134603.9	1	1	1	71725.73	0
11	15767821	Bearce	528 F	rance	Male	31	. 6	102016.7	2	0	0	80181.12	0
12	15737173	Andrews	497 9	pain	Male	24	3	0	2	1	0	76390.01	0
13	15632264	Kay	476 F	rance	Female	34	10	0	2	1	0	26260.98	0
14	15691483	Chin	549 F	rance	Female	25	5	0	2	0	0	190857.8	0
15	15600882	Scott	635 5	pain	Female	35	7	0	2	1	1	65951.65	0
16	15643966	Goforth	616 0	Sermany	Male	45	3	143129.4	2	0	1	64327.26	0
17	15737452	Romeo	653 6	Germany	Male	58	1	132602.9	1	1	0	5097.67	1
18	15788218	Henderso	549 5	pain	Female	24	9	0	2	1	1	14406.41	0
19	15661507	Muldrow	587 5	pain	Male	45	6	0	1	0	0	158684.8	0
20	15568982	Нао	726 F	rance	Female	24	6	0	2	1	1	54724.03	0
21	15577657	McDonald	732 F	rance	Male	41	. 8	0	2	1	1	170886.2	0
22	15597945	Dellucci	636 5	pain	Female	32	. 8	0	2	1	0	138555.5	0
23	15699309	Gerasimo	510 5	pain	Female	38	4	0	1	1	0	118913.5	1
24	15725737	Mosman	669 F	rance	Male	46	3	0	2	0	1	8487.75	0
25	15625047	Yen	846 F	rance	Female	38	5	0	1	1	1	187616.2	0
26	15738191	Maclean	577 F	rance	Male	25	3	0	2	0	1	124508.3	0
27	15736816	Young	756 0	Sermany	Male	36	5 2	136815.6	1	1	1	170042	0
28	15700772	Nebechi	571 F	rance	Male	44	9	0	2	0	0	38433.35	0
29	15728693	McWillian	574 0	Sermany	Female	43	3	141349.4	1	1	1	100187.4	0
30	15656300	Lucciano	411 F	rance	Male	29	0	59697.17	2	1	1	53483.21	0
31	15589475	Azikiwe	591 5	pain	Female	39	3	0	3	1	0	140469.4	1
32	15706552	Odinakac	533 F	rance	Male	36	7	85311.7	1	0	1	156731.9	0
33	15750181	Sanderso	r 553 G	Sermany	Male	41	. 9	110112.5	2	0	0	81898.81	0
34	15659428	Maggard	520 S	pain	Female	42	! 6	0	2	1	1	34410.55	0
35	15732963	Clements	722 5	pain	Female	29	9	0	2	1	1	142033.1	0
36	15794171	Lombardo	475 F	rance	Female	45	0	134264	1	1	0	27822.99	1
37	15788448	Watson	490 5	pain	Male	31	. 3	145260.2	1	0	1	114066.8	0
38	15729599	Lorenzo	804 5	pain	Male	33	7	76548.6	1	0	1	98453.45	0
39	15717426	Armstron	850 F	rance	Male	36	i 7	0	1	1	1	40812.9	0
40	15585768	Cameron	582 0	Sermany	Male	41	. 6	70349.48	2	0	1	178074	0

Question-2.Load the dataset

Solution:

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
importmatplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
data = pd.read_csv(r'Churn_Modelling.csv')
df head

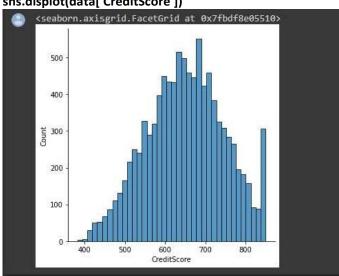
<bound< th=""><th>method</th><th>NDFrame.he</th><th>ead of Ro</th><th>wNumber Cus</th><th>stomerId</th><th>Surname</th><th>CreditScore</th><th>Geography</th><th>Gender</th><th>A</th></bound<>	method	NDFrame.he	ead of Ro	wNumber Cus	stomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	A
0		1 15634	1602 Hargrave	6:	19 Franc	e Female	42			
1			7311 Hill		08 Spai					
2		3 15619	9304 Onio	56	32 Franc	e Female	42			
3		4 15701	1354 Boni	69	99 Franc	e Female	39			
4		5 15737	7888 Mitchell	85	50 Spai	n Female	43			
		•	•••	7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		***			
9995	99	96 15606	5229 Obijiaku	7	71 Franc	e Male	39			
9996	99	97 15569	9892 Johnstone	53	16 Franc	e Male	35			
9997	99	98 15584	4532 Liu	76	99 Franc	e Female	36			
9998	99	99 15682	2355 Sabbatini	7	72 German	y Male	42			
		00 15628			92 Franc	e Female	28			
2	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveM	lember \				
0	2	0.00	1	1		1				
1	1	83807.86	1	0		1				
2	8	159660.80	3	1		0				
3	1	0.00	2	0		0				
4	2	125510.82	1	1		1				
• • •		• • •								
9995	5		2			0				
		57369.61				1				
	7			_		1				
		75075.31				0				
9999	4	130142.79	1	1		0				
		edSalary E								
0		01348.88								
1	1	12542.58	0							
2	1	13931.57	1							
3		93826.63	0							
4		79084.10	0							
9995		96270.64	0							
9996		01699.77	0							
9997		42085.58	1							
9998		92888.52	1							
9999		38190.78	0							

Question-3. Perform Below Visualizations.

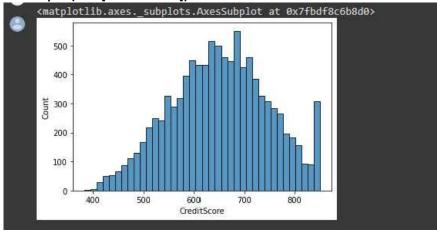
3.1 Univariate Analysis

Solution:

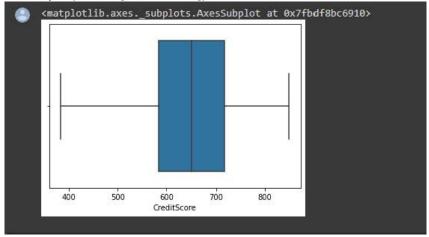
sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])

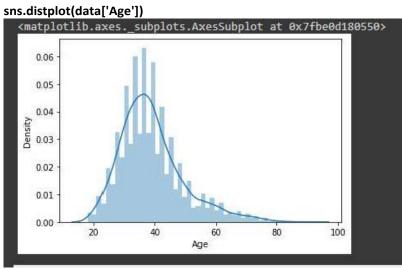


sns.histplot(data['CreditScore'])

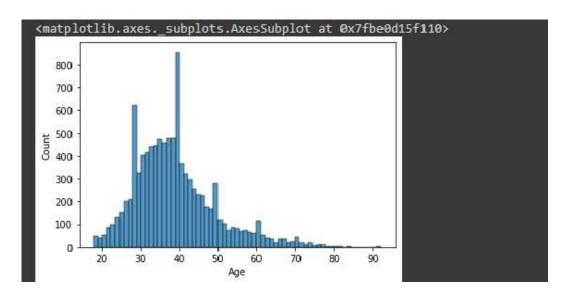


sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])

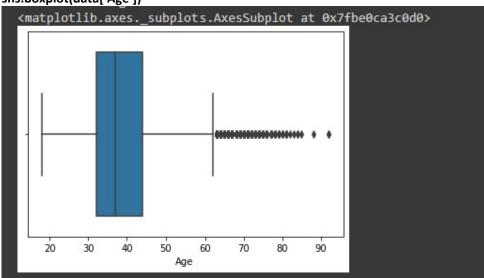




sns.histplot(data['Age'])



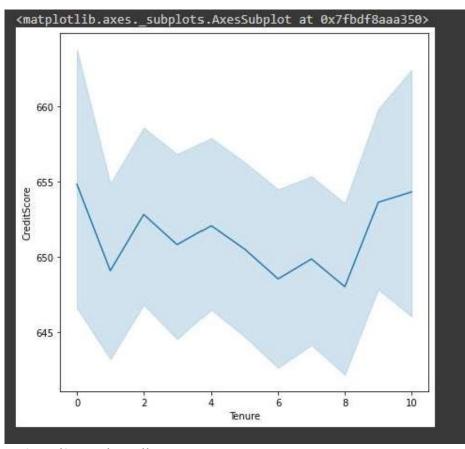
sns.boxplot(data['Age'])



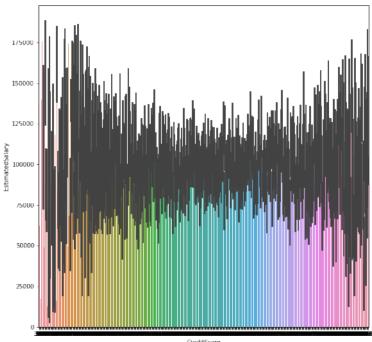
3.2 Bivariate Analysis

Solution:

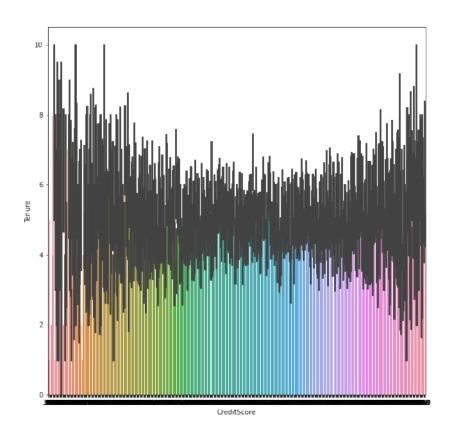
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')
```



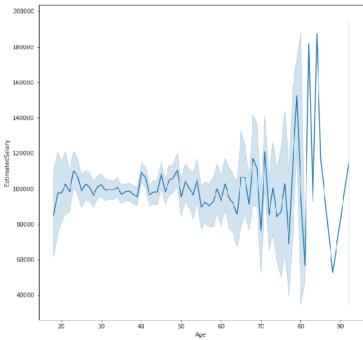
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'EstimatedSalary')



plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')

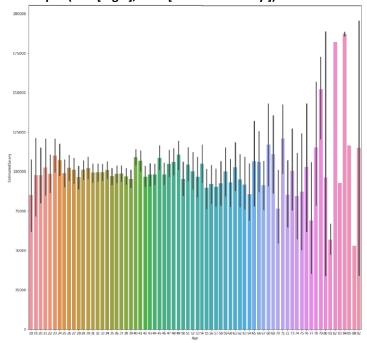


plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.lineplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])

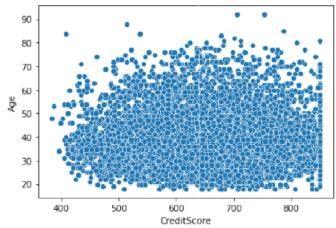


plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))

sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



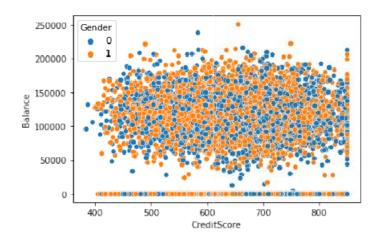
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')



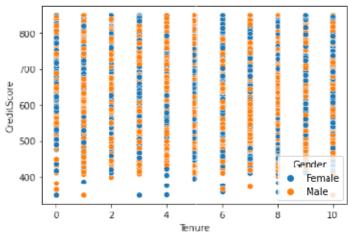
3.3 Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

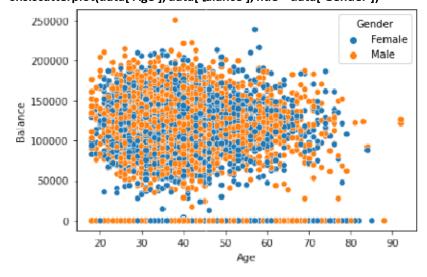
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')



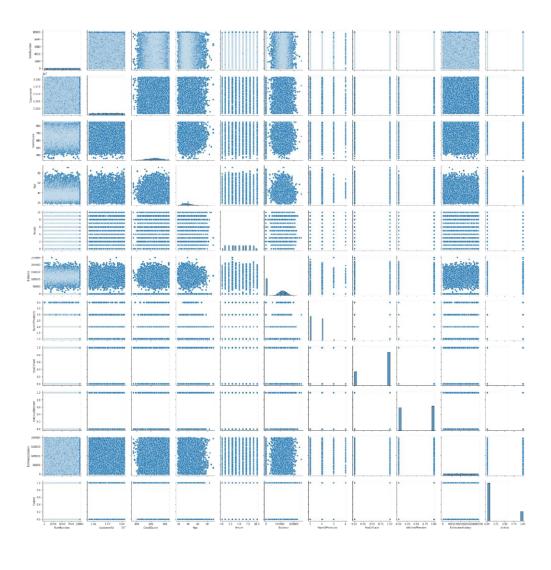
sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns. scatterplot (data['Age'], data['[alance'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.pairplot(data)



Question-4.Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

data.mean(numeric_only = True)

r	RowNumber	5.000500e+03
	CustomerId	1.569094e+07
	CreditScore	6.505288e+02
	Age	3.892180e+01
	Tenure	5.012800e+00
	Balance	7.648589e+04
	NumOfProducts	1.530200e+00
	HasCrCard	7.055000e-01
	IsActiveMember	5.151000e-01
	EstimatedSalary	1.000902e+05
	Exited	2.037000e-01
	dtype: float64	

data.median(numeric_only = True)

```
        RowNumber
        5.000500e+03

        CustomerId
        1.569074e+07

        CreditScore
        6.520000e+02

        Age
        3.70000e+01

        Tenure
        5.00000e+00

        Balance
        9.719854e+04

        NumOfProducts
        1.000000e+00

        HasCrCard
        1.000000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        1.000000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        1.001939e+05

        Exited
        0.000000e+00

        dtype: float64
```

data['CreditScore'].mode()

```
0 850
dtype: int64
```

data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()

```
0 24924.92
dtype: float64
```

data['HasCrCard'].unique()

```
array([1, 0])
```

data['Tenure'].unique()

```
array([ 2, 1, 8, 7, 4, 6, 3, 10, 5, 9, 0])
```

data.std(numeric_only=True)

2886.895680
71936.186123
96.653299
10.487806
2.892174
62397.405202
0.581654
0.455840
0.499797
57510.492818
0.402769

data.describe()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

data['Tenure'].value_counts()

Name: Tenure, dtype: int64

Question-5. Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

data.isnull().any()

False
False

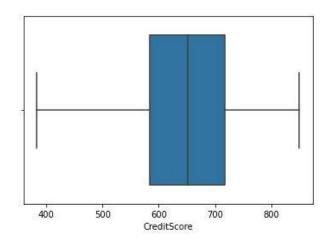
data.isnull().sum()

RowNumber	0
CustomerId	0
Surname	0
CreditScore	0
Geography	0
Gender	0
Age	0
Tenure	0
Balance	0
NumOfProducts	0
HasCrCard	0
IsActiveMember	0
EstimatedSalary	0
Exited	0
dtype: int64	
	CustomerId Surname CreditScore Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited

Question-6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:

sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])#Outlier detection - box plot

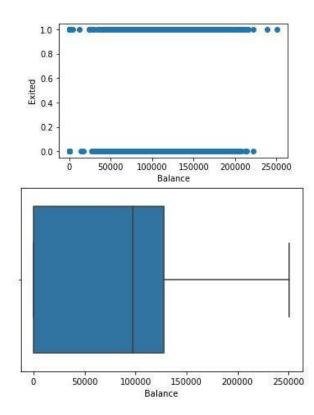


fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3)) #Outlier detection - Scatter plot ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])

x-axis label
ax.set_xlabel('Balance')

y-axis label
ax.set_ylabel('Exited')
plt.show()

sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])



from scipy import stats #Outlier detection - zscore zscore = np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore'])) print(zscore)

print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))

```
0
       0.332952
1
       0.447540
2
       1.551761
       0.500422
4
      2.073415
        . . .
9995 1.250458
9996 1.405920
9997
     0.604594
9998 1.260876
9999 1.469219
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers : (1, 0)
```

q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25])

q

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0.75	7500.25	15753233.75	2238.25	718.0	1.0	1.0	44.0	7.0	127644.24	2.0	1.0	1.0	149388.2475	0.0
0.25	2500.75	15628528.25	773.75	584.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	3.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.0	51002.1100	0.0

iqr = q.iloc[0] - q.iloc[1] iqr

RowNumber	4999.5000
CustomerId	124705.5000
Surname	1464.5000
CreditScore	134.0000
Geography	1.0000
Gender	1.0000
Age	12.0000
Tenure	4.0000
Balance	127644.2400
NumOfProducts	1.0000
HasCrCard	1.0000
IsActiveMember	1.0000
EstimatedSalary	98386.1375
Exited	0.0000
dtype: float64	

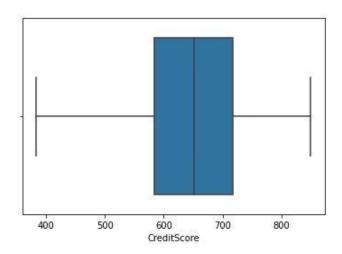
```
u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5*iqr)
RowNumber 1.499950e+04
CustomerId 1.594029e+07
Surname 4.435000e+03
CreditScore 9.190000e+02
Geography 2.500000e+00
Gender 2.500000e+01
Tenure 1.300000e+01
Tenure 3.191106e+05
NumOfProducts 3.500000e+00

        NumOfProducts
        3.500000e+00

        HasCrCard
        2.500000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        2.500000e+00

 EstimatedSalary 2.969675e+05
                         0.000000e+00
 Exited
 dtype: float64
l = q.iloc[1] - (1.5*iqr)
 RowNumber -4.998500e+03
CustomerId 1.544147e+07
Surname -1.423000e+03
CreditScore 3.830000e+02
Geography -1.500000e+00
Gender -1.500000e+00
                         1.400000e+01
              -3.000000e+00
-1.914664e+05
 Tenure
 Balance
 NumOfProducts -5.000000e-01
                         -1.500000e+00
 HasCrCard
 IsActiveMember
                         -1.500000e+00
 EstimatedSalary -9.657710e+04
 Exited
                           0.0000000+00
 dtype: float64
Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR
Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75)
iqr = Q3 - Q1
print(iqr)
upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr
lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr
count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] >upper))
count = count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] <lower))</pre>
print('No. of outliers:', count)
 98386.1375
 No. of outliers: 0
data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65
0, data['CreditScore'])
sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])
```



```
upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection - 3 sigma
lower = data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std())
columns = data[ ( data['Age'] > upper ) | ( data['Age'] < lower ) ]
print('Upper range : ', upper)
print('Lower range : ', lower)
print('No. of Outliers : ', len(columns))

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
   Lower range : 7.458380644886169
No. of Outliers : 133</pre>
```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore'] #After outlier removal

```
for i in columns:

Q1 = data[i].quantile(0.25)

Q3 = data[i].quantile(0.75)

iqr = Q3 - Q1

upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr

lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr

count = np.size(np.where(data[i] > upper))

count = count + np.size(np.where(data[i] < lower))

print('No. of outliers in ', i, ':', count)

No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0

No. of outliers in Age : 0

No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0

No. of outliers in Tenure : 0

No. of outliers in Tenure : 0

No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0
```

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
oneh = OneHotEncoder()
data['Surname'] = le.fit_transform(data['Surname'])
data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(data['Geography'])
data.head()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

Solution:

x # independent values (inputs)

x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10
	550	.000	***	80%	1200	1000	1775	1507	100	200	553	555	400
9995	9996	15606229	1999	771	0	1	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64
9996	9997	15569892	1336	516	0	1	35	10	57369.61	-1	1	1	101699.77
9997	9998	15584532	1570	709	0	0	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58
9998	9999	15682355	2345	772	1	1	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52
9999	10000	15628319	2751	792	0	0	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78

10000 rows x 13 columns

y # dependent values (output) y = data['Exited']

```
0
       1
1
       0
2
       1
3
       0
4
       0
9995 0
9996
       0
9997
       1
9998
     1
9999
Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64
```

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x_scaled = sc.fit_transform(x)
x_scaled
```

```
array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.02188649],
[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, -0.3909112, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, 0.21653375],
[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, 0.62898807, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.2406869],
...,
[1.73118479, -1.47928179, 0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.00864308],
[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.98943914, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
[1.73187761, -0.87055909, 1.4692527, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

Solution:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
```

x_train

x_train.shape

(7000, 13)

x_test

```
array([[ 1.52229946, -1.04525042, 1.39834429, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.61304597],
[-1.42080128, -0.50381294, -0.78208925, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.49753166],
[-0.90118604, -0.7932923, 0.41271742, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.4235611 ],
...,
[ 1.49216178, -0.14646448, 0.6868966, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.17045451],
[ 1.1758893, -1.29228727, -1.38481071, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.50846777],
[ 0.08088677, -1.38538833, 1.11707427, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -1.15342685]])
```

x_test.shape

(3000, 13)

y_train

```
7681
      1
9031 0
3691 0
202
      1
5625 0
9225 0
4859
     0
3264
     0
9845
     0
2732
      1
Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
y_test
 9394
      0
 898
      1
 2398
      0
 5906
      0
 2343
      0
 4004
      0
```

Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64