## Sprint-2

## Model Building(Training, Saving, Testing the model)

Date	01 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID23989
Project Name	Al-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts
Maximum Marks	

## Dataset:

- ➤ In our dataset we have collected images of the five variety of fruits.
  - Apple
  - Orange
  - Pineapple
  - Watermelon
  - Banana

## **Image Pre-processing:**

- ➤ Import The ImageDataGenerator Library
- Configure ImageDataGenerator Class
- > Apply Image DataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset

## **Model Building:**

- Importing The Model Building Libraries
- ➤ Initializing The Model
- Adding CNN Layers
- Adding Dense Layers
- Configure The Learning Process
- > Train the model
- > Save the model
- > Test the model

## Data Collection

# Unzipping the dataset
!unzip '/content/Dataset.zip'

```
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 288 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 289 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_28_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 290 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 291 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 292 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 293 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_294_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_295_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 296 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 297 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 298 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 299 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_29_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_2_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 300 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_301_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 302 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 303 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_304_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_305_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 306 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 307 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_308_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_309_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 30 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 310 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_311_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_312_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_313_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_314_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 315 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_31_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 32 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 33 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_34_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 35 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 36 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_37_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 38 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_39_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_3_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_40_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_41_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_42_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN SET/WATERMELON/r 43 100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_44_100.jpg
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_45_100.jpg
```

```
inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_46_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_4_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_50_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_57_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_5_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_6_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_7_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_81_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_8_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_9_100.jpg inflating: Dataset/TRAIN_SET/WATERMELON/r_9_100.jpg
```

## Image Preprocessing

```
#Importing The ImageDataGenerator Library from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

## Image Data Augmentation

```
#Configure ImageDataGenerator Class
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,shear_range=0.2,zoom_range=0.2,horizonta
test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

# Applying Image DataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset

```
#Applying Image DataGenerator Functionality To Trainset And Testset
x_train = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    r'/content/Dataset/TRAIN_SET',
    target_size=(64, 64),batch_size=5,color_mode='rgb',class_mode='sparse')
#Applying Image DataGenerator Functionality To Testset
x_test = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    r'/content/Dataset/TEST_SET',
    target_size=(64, 64),batch_size=5,color_mode='rgb',class_mode='sparse')

    Found 4118 images belonging to 5 classes.
    Found 929 images belonging to 5 classes.

#checking the number of classes
print(x_train.class_indices)

    {'APPLES': 0, 'BANANA': 1, 'ORANGE': 2, 'PINEAPPLE': 3, 'WATERMELON': 4}

#checking the number of classes
print(x_test.class_indices)
```

```
{'APPLES': 0, 'BANANA': 1, 'ORANGE': 2, 'PINEAPPLE': 3, 'WATERMELON': 4}

from collections import Counter as c
c(x_train .labels)

Counter({0: 995, 1: 1354, 2: 1019, 3: 275, 4: 475})
```

## Model Building

1. Importing The Model Building Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense,Flatten
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPooling2D,Dropout
   2. Initializing The Model
model = Sequential()
   3. Adding CNN Layers
# Initializing the CNN
classifier = Sequential()
# First convolution layer and pooling
classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
# Second convolution layer and pooling
classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
# input_shape is going to be the pooled feature maps from the previous convolution layer
classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
# Flattening the layers
```

4. Adding Dense Layers

classifier.add(Flatten())

```
classifier.add(Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
```

```
classifier.add(Dense(units=5, activation='softmax'))
```

#summary of our model
classifier.summary()

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	896
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9248
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 6272)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	802944
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 5)	645

Trainable params: 813,733 Non-trainable params: 0

#### 5. Configure The Learning Process

```
# Compiling the CNN
```

# categorical\_crossentropy for more than 2

classifier.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse\_categorical\_crossentropy', metrics=['acc

#### 6. Train The Model

```
824/824 [============= ] - 13s 16ms/step - loss: 0.3243 - accuracy:
Epoch 6/20
Epoch 7/20
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 10/20
824/824 [============= ] - 14s 17ms/step - loss: 0.2365 - accuracy:
Epoch 11/20
824/824 [=========== ] - 13s 15ms/step - loss: 0.2301 - accuracy:
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 14/20
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 16/20
824/824 [=============== ] - 13s 15ms/step - loss: 0.1712 - accuracy:
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 20/20
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd655833d90>
```

### 7. Saving The Model

classifier.save('nutrition.h5')

#### 8. Testing The Model

```
#Predict the results
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from keras.preprocessing import image
model = load_model("nutrition.h5")

from tensorflow.keras.utils import img_to_array
#loading of the image
img = load_img(r'/content/Sample_Images/Test_Image1.jpg',grayscale=False,target_size= (64, #image to array
x = img_to_array(img)
#changing the shape
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis = 0)
```