

## ASSIGNMENT-4

### B7-1A3E AM NIYAS

Write code and connections in wokwi for ultrasonic sensor. Whenever distance is less than 100cms, send “alert” to ibm cloud and display in device recent events.

#### Code;

```
#define ECHO_PIN 2
#define TRIG_PIN 3

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(TRIG_PIN, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ECHO_PIN, INPUT);
}

float readDistanceCM() {
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10);
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
  int duration = pulseIn(ECHO_PIN, HIGH);
  return duration * 0.034 / 2;
}

void loop() {
  float distance = readDistanceCM();

  bool isNearby = distance < 100;
```

```

digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, isNearby);

Serial.print("Measured distance: ");
Serial.println(readDistanceCM());
if (distance<100)
    Serial.print("alert");
Serial.println();

delay(100);
}

```

## OUTPUT;

The screenshot displays the Wokwi Arduino IDE interface. On the left, the code for `hc-sr04.ino` is shown, which defines pins for an HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensor and an LED. The `readDistanceCM()` function uses `digitalWrite`, `delayMicroseconds`, and `pulseIn` to measure distance. The `loop()` function checks if the distance is less than 100 cm, prints the measured distance, prints "alert" if the condition is met, and delays for 100 ms.

On the right, the simulation window shows an Arduino Uno connected to an HC-SR04 sensor and an LED. The output console displays the following sequence of events:

```

alert
Measured distance: 73.87
alert
Measured distance: 73.87
alert
Measured distance: 73.87
alert

```

