

LITERATURE REVIEW

S.NO	Title	Author	Year	Inference
1	Natural Disasters Intensity Analysis and Classification Based on Multispectral Images Using Multi-Layered Deep Convolutional Neural Network	1.Muhammad Aamir 2.Tariq Ali 3.Muhammad Irfan 4.Ahmad Shaf 5.Muhammad 6.Zeeshan Azam 7.Adam Glowacz 8.Frantisek Brumercik 9.Witold Glowacz 10.Samar Alqhtani and 11.Saifur Rahman	Published: 9 April 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In this paper we propose a multilayered deep convolutional neural network. The proposed model works in two blocks: Block-I convolutional neural network (B-I CNN), for detection and occurrence of disasters, and Block-II convolutional neural network (B-II CNN), for classification of natural disaster intensity types with different filters and parameters. The model is tested on 4428 natural images and performance is calculated and expressed as different statistical values: sensitivity (SE), 97.54%; specificity (SP), 98.22%; accuracy rate (AR), 99.92%; precision (PRE), 97.79%; and F1-score (F1), 97.97%. The overall accuracy for the whole model is 99.92%, which is competitive and comparable with state-of-the-art algorithms.
2	Artificial neural network approaches for disaster management	1.Sreeparna Guha 2.RabinK.Jana 3.Manas K.Sanyal	2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In this paper we try to identify the reasons for the superior performance of ANN-based techniques over other techniques. We also classify the extant literature according to applications in different phases and types of disasters. The phases are 'Mitigation and Preparedness', and 'Response and Recovery'. The type of disasters includes flood, earthquake, storm, fire hazard/wildfire, and others. We identify some important patterns from this review.
3	Can we detect trends in natural disaster management with artificial intelligence?	1. Ling Tan, 2. Ji Guo, 3. Selvarajah Mohanarajah 4. Kun Zhou	Published: 22 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This paper presents a systematic review on how AI models are applied in different NDM stages based on 278 studies retrieved from Elsevier Science, Springer LINK and Web of Science

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • enables increased visibility into various disaster types in different NDM stages from the methodological and content perspective • btains many general results including the practicality and gaps of extant studies
4	<p>A comprehensive literature review of the demand forecasting methods of emergency resources from the perspective of artificial intelligence</p>	<p>1.Xiaoxin Zhu, 2. Guanghai Zhang 3. Baiqing Sun</p>	<p>Published: 25 May 2019</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The intention for this paper is to be a useful reference point for those with research needs in forecasting methodologies and the applications of emergency resource • There is a need to explore more real-time forecasting approaches based on intelligent information processing techniques so as to achieve appropriate dynamic demand prediction that is adaptable to emergency and rescue situations
5	<p>Artificial Intelligence for Natural Hazards Risk Analysis: Potential, Challenges, and Research Needs</p>	<p>Seth Guikema</p>	<p>First published: 19 May 2020</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This article takes a critical look at the use of AI for disaster risk analysis. • What is the potential? • How is the use of AI in this field different from its use in nondisaster fields? • What challenges need to be overcome for this potential to be realized? • And, what are the potential pitfalls of an AI-based approach for disaster risk analysis that we as a society must be cautious of?