

# Appendix:

## Code: Feature engineering:

```
def get_countid_enocde(train, test, cols, name):

    temp = train.groupby(cols)['case_id'].count().reset_index().rename(columns = {'case_id':
name}) temp2 = test.groupby(cols)['case_id'].count().reset_index().rename(columns =
{'case_id': name}) train = pd.merge(train, temp, how='left', on= cols)

    test = pd.merge(test,temp2, how='left', on= cols) train[name] = train[name].astype('float')
    test[name] = test[name].astype('float')

    train[name].fillna(np.median(temp[name]), inplace = True)
    test[name].fillna(np.median(temp2[name]), inplace = True) return train,

    test train, test = get_countid_enocde(train, test, ['patientid'], name = 'count_id_patient') train,

    test = get_countid_enocde(train, test, ['patientid', 'Hospital_region_code'], name =
'count_id_patient_hospitalCode') train,

    test = get_countid_enocde(train, test, ['patientid', 'Ward_Facility_Code'],
name = 'count_id_patient_wardfacilityCode')

    # Dropping duplicate columns

    test1 = test.drop(['Stay', 'patientid', 'Hospital_region_code', 'Ward_Facility_Code'], axis =1)

    train1 = train.drop(['case_id', 'patientid', 'Hospital_region_code', 'Ward_Facility_Code'], axis
=1)

    # Splitting train data for Naive Bayes and XGBoost X1 = train1.drop('Stay', axis =1)

    y1 = train1['Stay'] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split X_train, X_test,
y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X1, y1, test_size =0.20, random_state =100)
```

### Naïve bayes Model

```
sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB

target = y_train.values

features = X_train.values

classifier_nb = GaussianNB()

model_nb = classifier_nb.fit(features, target)

prediction_nb = model_nb.predict(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

acc_score_nb = accuracy_score(prediction_nb,y_test)
```

```
print("Accuracy:", acc_score_nb*100)
```

## **XGBoost model**

```
import xgboost classifier_
```

```
xgb = xgboost.
```

```
XGBClassifier(max_depth=4, learning_rate=0.1, n_estimators=800,  
objective='multi:softmax', reg_alpha=0.5, reg_lambda=1.5, booster='gbtree',  
n_jobs=4, min_child_weight=2, base_score= 0.75) model_xgb =  
classifier_xgb.fit(X_train, y_train) prediction_
```

```
xgb = model_xgb.predict(X_test) acc_score_xgb =  
accuracy_score(prediction_xgb,y_test)
```

```
print("Accuracy:", acc_score_xgb*100)
```

## **Neural Network**

```
X = train.drop('Stay', axis =1)
```

```
y = train['Stay'] print(X.columns)
```

```
z = test.drop('Stay', axis = 1) print(z.columns)
```

```
# Data Scaling
```

```
from sklearn import preprocessing
```

```
X_scale = preprocessing.scale(X)
```

```
X_scale.shape X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scale, y, test_size =0.20,  
random_state =100)
```