DMI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

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IDEATION PHASE-LITRATURE SURVEY TEAM ID-PNT2022TMID51475

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Abstract

This project discusses the concept of a smart wearable device for little children. The major pros of this wearable over other wearable is that it can be used in any cellphone and doesn't necessarily require an expensive smartphone and not a very tech savvy individual to operate. The purpose of this device is to help the parents to locate their child with ease. At the moment there are many wearables in the market which help track the daily activity of children and also help find the child using Wi-Fi and Bluetooth services present on the device. But Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) and Bluetooth appear to be an unreliable medium of communication between the parent and child. Therefore, the focus of this project is to have an SMS text enabled communication medium between the child's wearable and the parent as the environment for GSM mobile communication. The parent can send a text as SMS with specific keywords such as "LOCATION", "TEMPERATURE", "SOS", "BUZZ", etc., to the wearable device. The device will replay back with a text containing the real time accurate location of the child and will also provide the surrounding temperature, so that the parents can keep track if the temperature not suitable for the child. The secondary measure implemented was using a bright SOS Light and distress alarm buzzer present on the wearable device which can be activated by the parents via SMS text to display the SOS signal brightly and sound an alarm which a bystander can instantly react for the child's safety till the parents arrive or they could contact the parents and help locate them. Hence this project aims at providing parents with a sense of security for their child in today's time

INTRODUCTION

The motivation for this wearable comes from the increasing need for safety for children in present times as there can be scenarios of the child getting lost in the major crowded areas. This paper focusses on the key aspect that lost children can be helped by the people around the child and can play a significant role in the child's safety until reunited with the parents. Therefore, it is intended to use the SMS as the communication type between the parent and child's wearable device, as this has fewer chances of failing when compared to Wi-Fi and Bluetooth. The platform on which this project will be running on is the Arduino Uno microcontroller board based on the ATmega328P, and the functions of sending and receiving SMS, which is provided by the Arduino GSM Module using the GSM network. Also, additional modules employed which will provide the current location of the child to the parents via SMS. The second measure added is SOS Light indicator that will be programmed with Arduino UNO board to display the SOS signal whenever the parent wants. In the scenario, a lost child can be located by the parent could send a predefined keyword as an SMS to the wearable device which would reply by sending location to the parent mobile. Additionally, the wearable equipped with a distress alarm buzzer which sets to active by sending an SMS keyword "BUZZ" to the wearable. Hence the buzzer is louder and can be heard by the parent from very considerable distance. Also, the parents via SMS can receive coordinates of the child, which can help them locate

the child with maximum accuracy. Some of the existing work done on these similar lines are for example the low-cost, lightweight Wristband Vital which senses and reports hazardous surroundings for people who need immediate assistance such as children and seniors. It is based on a multi-sensor Arduino microsystem and a low¬power Bluetooth 4.1 module. The major drawback for the Vital band is that it uses Bluetooth as the mode of communication between child and the parent. Therefore, the wearable device proposed will be communicating with the parent via SMS through GSM which would ensure that there is a secure communication link. Also, customization of the wearable can be possible as per our needs by reprogramming the Arduino system.

FUTURE SCOPE

A. Camera Module

For surveillance of the child surroundings, to get a clearer picture of the location or place, this wearable can also be incorporated a camera module in it. The hardware that can be used would be an ad fruit TTL serial camera or any other camera module. Since the major focus of this wearable is the GSM module which is a better alternative than Bluetooth, Wi-Fi or ZigBee due to the short range and connectivity issues. Therefore, for this project using the GSM technologies is beneficial for us as the cellular range is vast and since all the communication between the wearable and the user is taking place via SMS, therefore no internet connectivity is required. But, still, the GSM module possess the added advantage of using GPRS which enables the board to use the internet if required. Whereas for camera module which supports video streaming but due to the constraint of trying to use only SMS, therefore only four wire connections will be taking place. The red and black wires will be connected directly to +5V and GND respectively to the Arduino Uno board. Whereas for the RX pin which will be used for sending data via Arduino Uno and gsm board and for the TX pin which will be utilized for receiving incoming data via from the modules. The IO K resistor divider, the camera's serial data pins are 3.3v logic, and it would be a good idea to divide the 5V down so that its 2.5V.Normally the output from the digital 0 pin is 5V high, the wa0y we connected the resistors is so the camera input (white wire) never goes above 3.3V

B. Android App

The idea behind the Android app has been derived from having an automated bot to respond to text message responses from the user. It will provide the user with predefined response options at just the click of a button. The user doesn't need to memorize the specific keywords to send. Also, the bot will be pre-programmed to present the user with a set of predefined keyword options such as "LOCATION," "SNAPSHOT," "SOS," etc. Whereas for the future aspect of this wearable device based on what type sensor is added to it, additional specific keywords could be added such as, "HUMIDITY," "ALTITUDE," etc. This android app provides mote interface to the user which help to understand easily. The main idea in this android app is to provide keyword button i.e. that for getting location we have a specific button, by pressing this button we get the location instead of typing the keyword which ease our work.

CONCLUSIONS

The child safety wearable device can act as a smart device. It provides parents with the real-time location, surrounding temperature, SOS light along with Distress alarm buzzer for their child's surroundings and the ability to locate their child or alert bystanders in acting to rescue or comfort the child. The smart child safety wearable can be enhanced much more in the future by using highly compact Arduino modules such as the Lily Pad Arduino which can be sewed into fabrics. Also, a more power efficient model will have to be created which will be capable of holding the battery for a longer time.