

ESTIMATION OF CROP YIELD USING DATA ANALYTICS

Domain: Data Analytics

Team Id: PNT2022TMID34790





INTRODUCTION

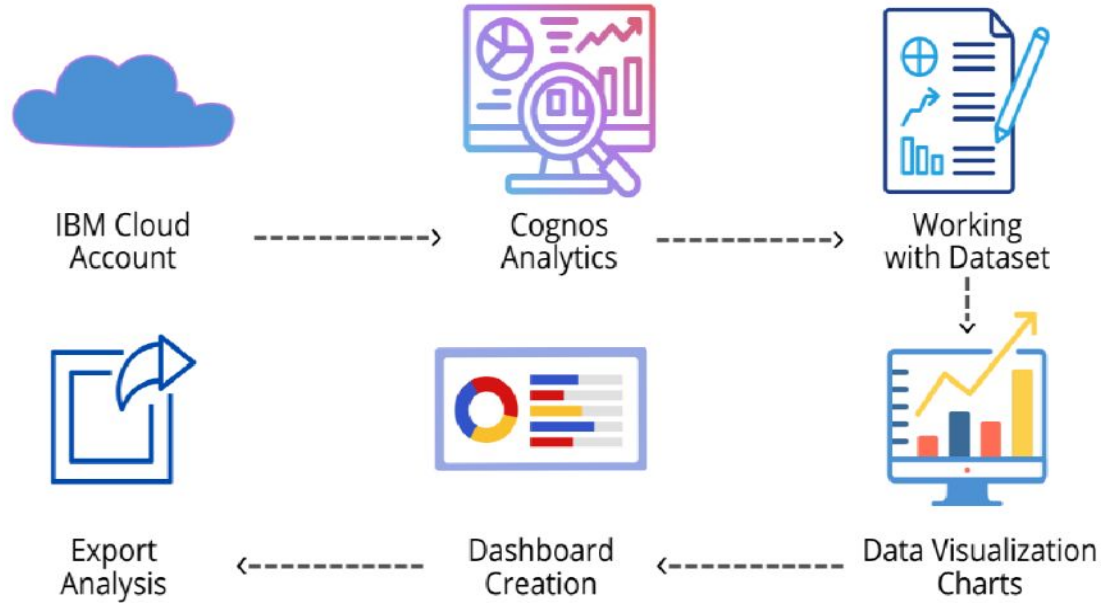
- ❖ In agriculture, the yield is a measurement of the amount of a **crop** grown, or product such as wool, meat or milk produced, per unit area of land.
- ❖ Weather plays an important role in Agriculture Production.
- ❖ A detailed knowledge of rainfall regime at a place is an important prerequisite.
- ❖ Soil fertility refers to the inherent capacity of soil to supply nutrients in adequate amount and in suitable proportion for crop growth and crop yield.



OBJECTIVES

- To prepare the fields for sowing of crops with adequate availability of seed zone.
- To contribute optimal crop growth, development and yield.
- To predict appropriate crop yield using data analytics and machine learning.

PROJECT FLOW CHART





PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

- Increase in knowledge of agriculture in terms of crop production from sowing the seeds till harvesting. It gives an overview on the total crop yield before even sowing the seed from the previous datasets.
- Comparison of the subsequent crop yield predictions to be made with the entire set of existing available data and can be dedicated to suitable approaches for improving the efficiency of the proposed technique.



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

User Registration



User Confirmation



Data collection

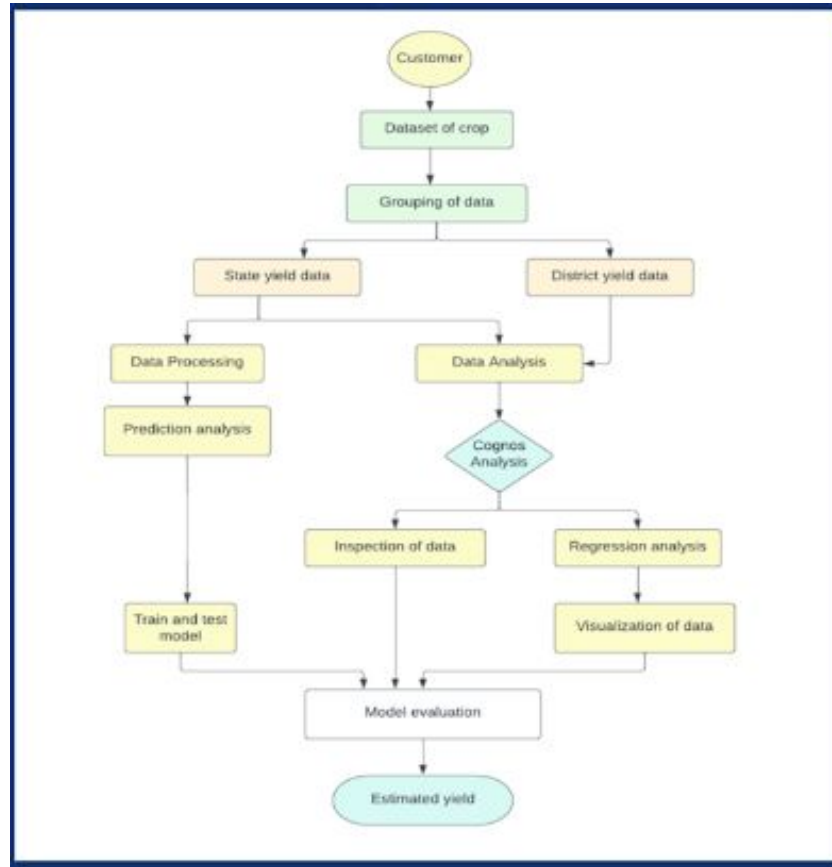


Data processing



Data visualization

FLOWCHART

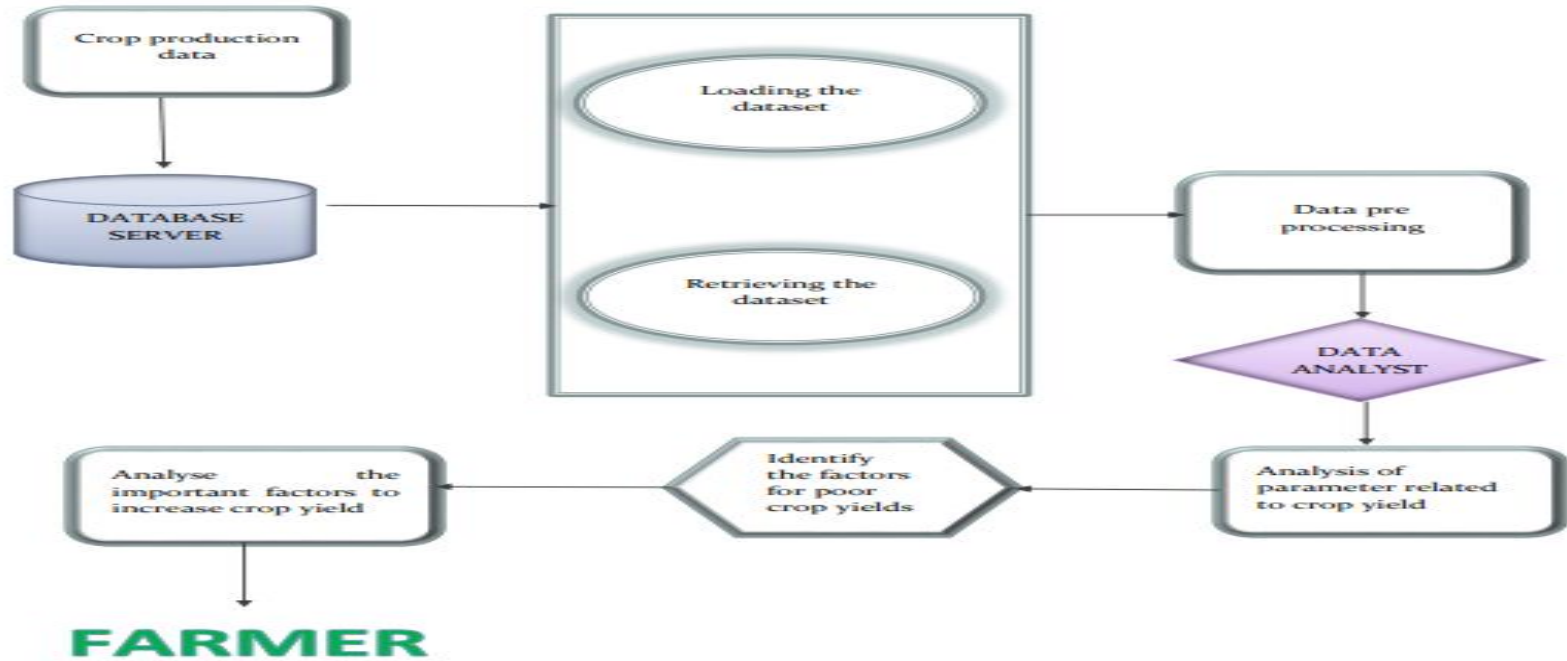




PROJECT DESIGN

- It is completely user friendly. As it is designed to provide support for agriculturalists and farmers, the user experience is simple and efficient.
- Data analytics help the farmers to predict the market conditions, climatic changes, factor-in inflation that will help them plan the entire process even before sowing the seeds.
- Can be made available in all platforms with minimum constraints and a stable speed network connection.

SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE



[illegible]

Visualization on Season With average Production

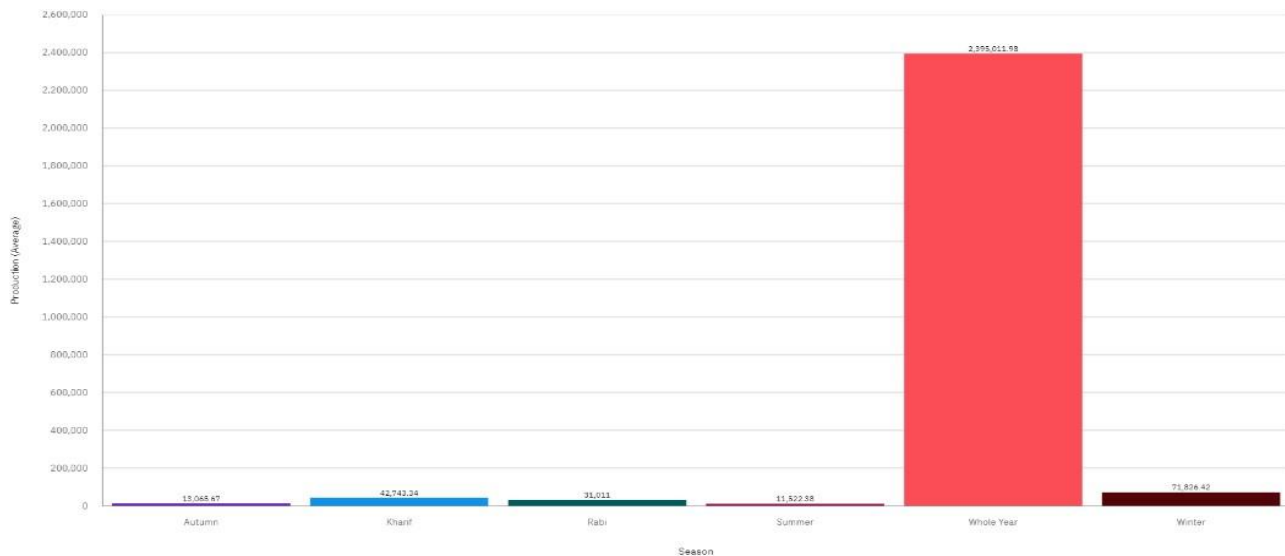
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* Data Visualization Charts

Different Season with Average Production

Production by Season colored by Season

Season
● Autumn ● Kharif ● Rabi ● Summer ● Whole Year ● Winter



Visualization on top 10 States with most area

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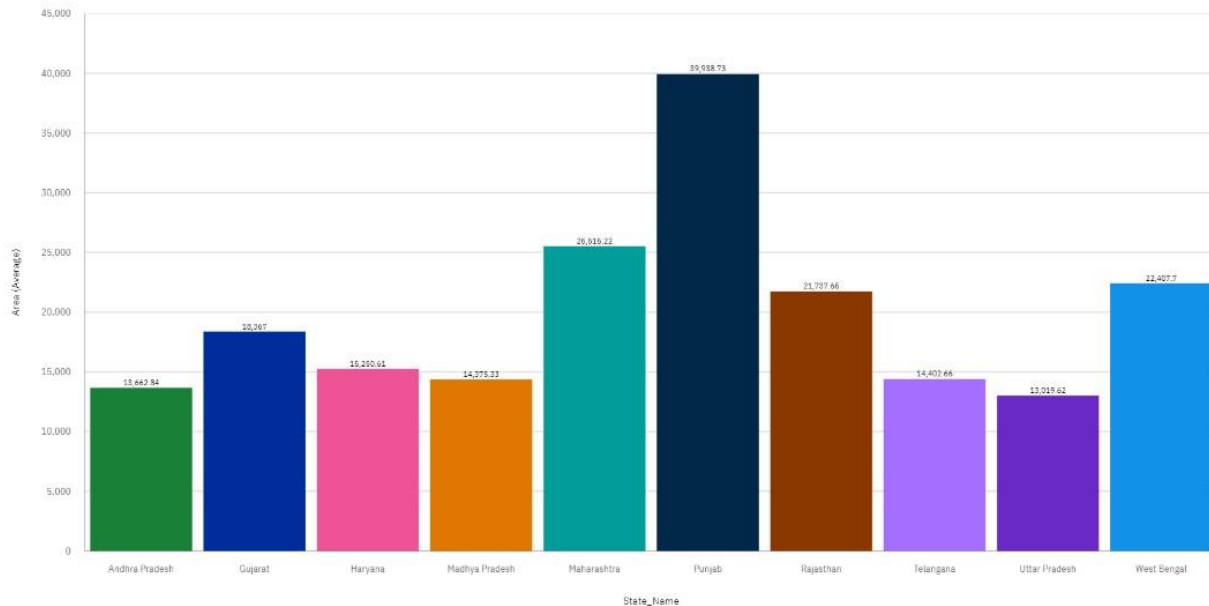
Data Visualization Charts

Top 10 States With Most Area

Area by State_Name colored by State_Name

State_Name

● Andhra Pradesh ● Gujarat ● Haryana ● Madhya Pradesh ● Maharashtra ● Punjab ● Rajasthan ● Telangana ● Uttar Pradesh ● West Bengal



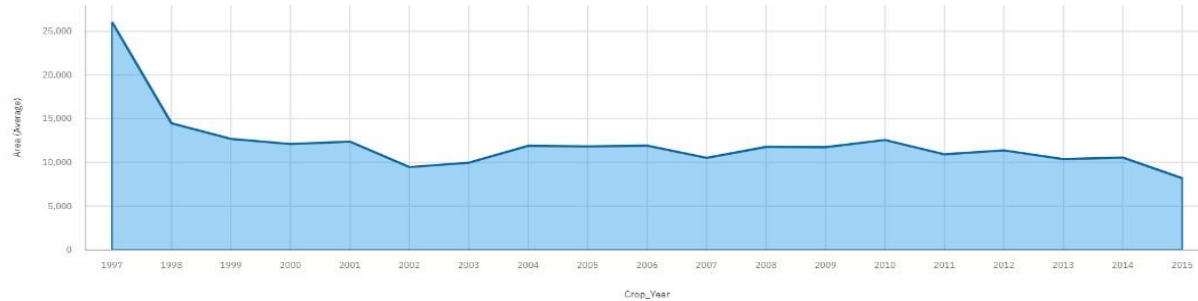
Visualization with years usage of Area and Production

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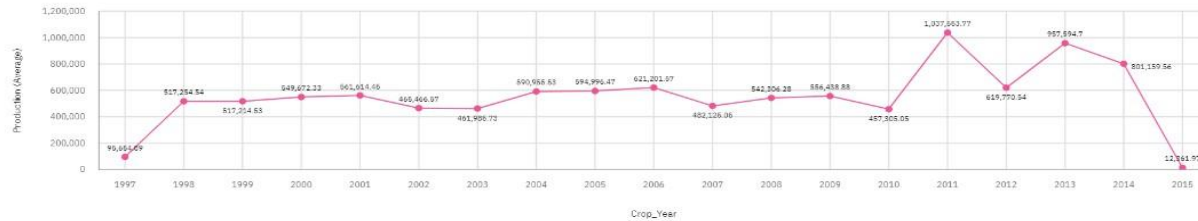
* Data Visualization Charts

With years usage of Area and Production

Area by Crop_Year



Production by Crop_Year



Visualization on State with Crop Production

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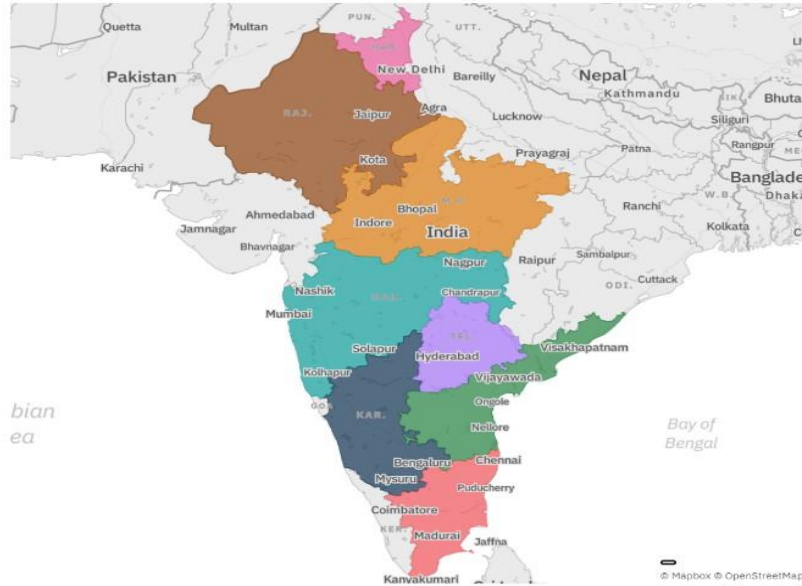
* Data Visualization Charts

State With Crop Production

State_Name for State_Name regions

State_Name

● Maharashtra ● Telangana ● Karnataka ● Haryana ● Madhya Pradesh ● Tamil Nadu ● Andhra Pradesh
● Rajasthan



Crop

Search

- ☐ Apple
- ☐ Arcanut (Processed)
- ☐ Arcanut
- ☐ Arhar/Tur
- ☐ Ash Gourd
- ☐ Atcanut (Raw)
- ☐ Bajra
- ☐ Banana
- ☐ Barley
- ☐ Bean
- ☐ Beans & Mutter (Vegetable)
- ☐ Beet Root
- ☐ Ber
- ☐ Bhindi
- ☐ Bitter Gourd
- ☐ Black pepper
- ☐ Blackgram
- ☐ Bottle Gourd
- ☐ Brinjal
- ☐ Cabbage
- ☐ Cardamom

Apply

Visualization on States with the Crop Production along with Season created using the COGNOS platform

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States with the crop production along with seasons

State_Name and Crop

| Crop | State_Name |
|--------|----------------|
| Grapes | Andhra Pradesh |
| | Haryana |
| | Karnataka |
| | Madhya Pradesh |
| | Maharashtra |
| | Rajasthan |
| | Tamil Nadu |
| | Telangana |

* Data Visualization Charts

Season and Crop

| Crop | Season |
|--------|------------|
| Grapes | Kharif |
| | Whole Year |



```
Get Started  html  login.html 5 X
C: > Users > SMYLA > Downloads > login.html > html > head > style > button
1  LOGIN
2
3  <!DOCTYPE html>
4  <html>
5  <head>
6  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
7  <title> Login Page </title>
8  <style>
9  Body {
10     font-family: Calibri, Helvetica, sans-serif;
11     background-color: white;
12     background-image: url('https://2.bp.blogspot.com/-pLLWS1j5PCQ/VqyQUTUqtdI/AAAAAABE64/0
13  }
14  button {
15     background-color: #c3e3dc;
16     width: 100%;
17     color: purple;
18     padding: 15px;
19     margin: 10px 0px;
20     border: none;
21     cursor: pointer;
22  }
23  form {
24     border: 3px solid #f156189;
25  }
26  input[type=text], input[type=password] {
27     width: 100%;
28     margin: 8px 0;
29     padding: 12px 20px;
30     display: inline-block;
31     border: 2px white;
32     box-sizing: border-box;
33  }
34  button:hover {
35     opacity: 0.7;
36  }
37  .cancelbtn {
```




```
Get Started  html  login.html 5 X
C: > Users > SMYLA > Downloads > login.html > html > head > style > button

31     border: 2px white;
32     box-sizing: border-box;
33 }
34 button:hover {
35     opacity: 0.7;
36 }
37 .cancelbtn {
38     width: auto;
39     padding: 10px 18px;
40     margin: 10px 5px;
41 }
42
43
44 .container {
45     padding: 25px;
46     background-color: pink; -->
47 }
48 </style>
49 </head>
50 <body>
51     <center> <h1>Login Form </h1> </center>
52     <form>
53         <div class="container">
54             <label>Username : </label>
55             <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Username" name="username" required>
56             <label>Password : </label>
57             <input type="password" placeholder="Enter Password" name="password" required>
58             <button type="submit">Login</button>
59             <input type="checkbox" checked="checked"> Remember me
60             <button type="button" class="cancelbtn"> Cancel</button>
61             <a href="#"> Forgot password? </a>
62         </div>
63     </form>
64 </body>
65 </html>
```

Creating the dashboard in COGNOS

The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs open. The active tab is 'us1.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=home'. The page header includes the 'IBM Cognos Analytics with Watson' logo, a search bar, and user profile icons. A blue banner at the top contains a maintenance notice: 'Maintenance: Scheduled maintenance completed. Click More Info for details and to subscribe to future events'. The main content area features a large dark blue section with the text 'Hello. Welcome to Cognos Analytics with Watson.' and a subtext 'You can get started right away by taking a look at our introduction video, product tour and Getting Started tab.' Below this text are two buttons: 'Watch video' and 'Take a product tour'. To the right of the text is a 3D isometric illustration of data cubes and server racks. Below the main section is a 'Quick launch' area with four cards: 'Upload data' (with an upload icon), 'Prepare data' (with a data module icon), 'Exploration' (with a magnifying glass icon), and 'Present data' (with a dashboard icon). Each card contains a brief description of the functionality.

IBM Cognos Analytics with Watson

Maintenance: Scheduled maintenance completed. Click More Info for details and to subscribe to future events

Hello. Welcome to Cognos Analytics with Watson.

You can get started right away by taking a look at our introduction video, product tour and Getting Started tab.

Watch video

Take a product tour

Quick launch

Upload data
Upload or drag and drop spreadsheets, csv files, and other

Prepare data
Use data modules to clean and connect data from multiple

Exploration
Quickly find unbiased answers by identifying trends in your data with

Present data
Create sophisticated, multi-page, multi-query dashboards, reports,


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Gmail YouTube Maps online compiler jav... Java Cheat Sheet Fr...

IBM Cloud

Catalog Cost estimator Docs



Log in to IBM Cloud

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IBMid

shaliha.501936@sxccc.edu.in

Continue →

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☐ Remember ID

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IBM Cloud
Search resources and products...
Catalog Manage vShaliha Safreen's Acco...
Dashboard v
Edit dashboard Upgrade account Create resource +
For you
Select an option v
Build
Explore IBM Cloud with this selection of easy starter tutorials and services.
Build a web app with Watson Speech to Text
Deploy a conversational interface compatible with any application, device, or channel.
Getting started 15 min
Popular 2 hr
Build and deploy Node.js apps
Go from zero to production in minutes with your Node.js applications, integrate with Watson and other services, scale your microservices.
Recommended 15 min
Get started with Watson Discovery
Get up to speed on Watson Discovery with step-by-step tutorials, deep-dive videos, and complete examples of working code.
Recommended 2 hr
IBM Cloud Migration Services
Use IBM Cloud Migration Services to migrate workloads to a hybrid cloud with reduced risk and cost.
Recommended 5 min
News View all
IBM Cloud Data Shield Deprecation
IBM Watson Orchestrate Is Integrating with ThisWay Global
SLSA Support in IBM Cloud Continuous Delivery
Recent support cases View all
Planned maintenance View all
IBM Cloud status View all



MERITS

- Weather aberration can cause physical damage to crops
- Help in cut costs.
- Product higher crop yield.
- Prevent over or under watering.

DEMERITS

- Sudden change in weather can cause crop damage.

Output:

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colab.research.google.com/drive/1RsVASUIVikLxiG7pjNdB9QltCuVx7rP#scrollTo=WvV-sFFS_pUO

Gmail YouTube

code.ipynb

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved

+ Code + Text

RAM Disk Editing

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

Choose Files crop_production.csv

- crop_production.csv(text/csv) - 15316741 bytes, last modified: 11/19/2022 - 100% done

Saving crop_production.csv to crop_production.csv

```
[3] import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('crop_production.csv', encoding='utf-8')
df
```

| | State_Name | District_Name | Crop_Year | Season | Crop | Area | Production |
|--------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|--------|------------|
| 0 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | NICOBARS | 2000 | Kharif | Arecanut | 1254.0 | 2000.0 |
| 1 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | NICOBARS | 2000 | Kharif | Other Kharif pulses | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | NICOBARS | 2000 | Kharif | Rice | 102.0 | 321.0 |
| 3 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | NICOBARS | 2000 | Whole Year | Banana | 176.0 | 641.0 |
| 4 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | NICOBARS | 2000 | Whole Year | Cashewnut | 720.0 | 165.0 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 246086 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Summer | Rice | 306.0 | 801.0 |
| 246087 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Summer | Rice | 307.0 | 802.0 |

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code.ipynb

crop_production.csv

abalone.csv

Hide all

Placement Group

TCS NQT EXAM SOLUTION

.....: Want to know abt company and its Eligibility tips not anythin...

Placement Group

TCS NQT EXAM SOLUTION

BeMine: Okay

Placement Group

TCS NQT EXAM SOLUTION

BeMine: Whts your name

Type here to search

26°C Mostly clear

11:50 PM 11/19/2022

+ Code + Text RAM Disk Editing

[3]

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------------|---------|------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 246087 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Summer | Sesamum | 627.0 | 463.0 |
| 246088 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Whole Year | Sugarcane | 324.0 | 16250.0 |
| 246089 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Winter | Rice | 279151.0 | 597899.0 |
| 246090 | West Bengal | PURULIA | 2014 | Winter | Sesamum | 175.0 | 88.0 |

246091 rows × 7 columns

[4]

```
df = df[df['State_Name'] == "Andhra Pradesh"]
```

[5]

```
df['Yield'] = df['Production']/df['Area']
df
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
```

| | State_Name | District_Name | Crop_Year | Season | Crop | Area | Production | Yield |
|-----|----------------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| 203 | Andhra Pradesh | ANANTAPUR | 1997 | Kharif | Arhar/Tur | 21400.0 | 2600.0 | 0.121495 |
| 204 | Andhra Pradesh | ANANTAPUR | 1997 | Kharif | Bajra | 1400.0 | 500.0 | 0.357143 |
| 205 | Andhra Pradesh | ANANTAPUR | 1997 | Kharif | Castor seed | 1000.0 | 100.0 | 0.100000 |

+ Code + Text RAM Disk Editing

[5]

| | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------------|---------------|------|------------|--------------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| 206 | Andhra Pradesh | ANANTAPUR | 1997 | Kharif | Cotton(lint) | 7300.0 | 9400.0 | 1.287671 |
| 207 | Andhra Pradesh | ANANTAPUR | 1997 | Kharif | Dry chillies | 3700.0 | 7100.0 | 1.918919 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 9826 | Andhra Pradesh | WEST GODAVARI | 2014 | Rabi | Tobacco | 28046.0 | 89107.0 | 3.177173 |
| 9827 | Andhra Pradesh | WEST GODAVARI | 2014 | Rabi | Tomato | 224.0 | 3035.0 | 13.549107 |
| 9828 | Andhra Pradesh | WEST GODAVARI | 2014 | Rabi | Urad | 5418.0 | 4833.0 | 0.892027 |
| 9829 | Andhra Pradesh | WEST GODAVARI | 2014 | Whole Year | Coconut | 21729.0 | 718991000.0 | 33089.005477 |
| 9830 | Andhra Pradesh | WEST GODAVARI | 2014 | Whole Year | Rice | 409286.0 | 1624324.0 | 3.968677 |

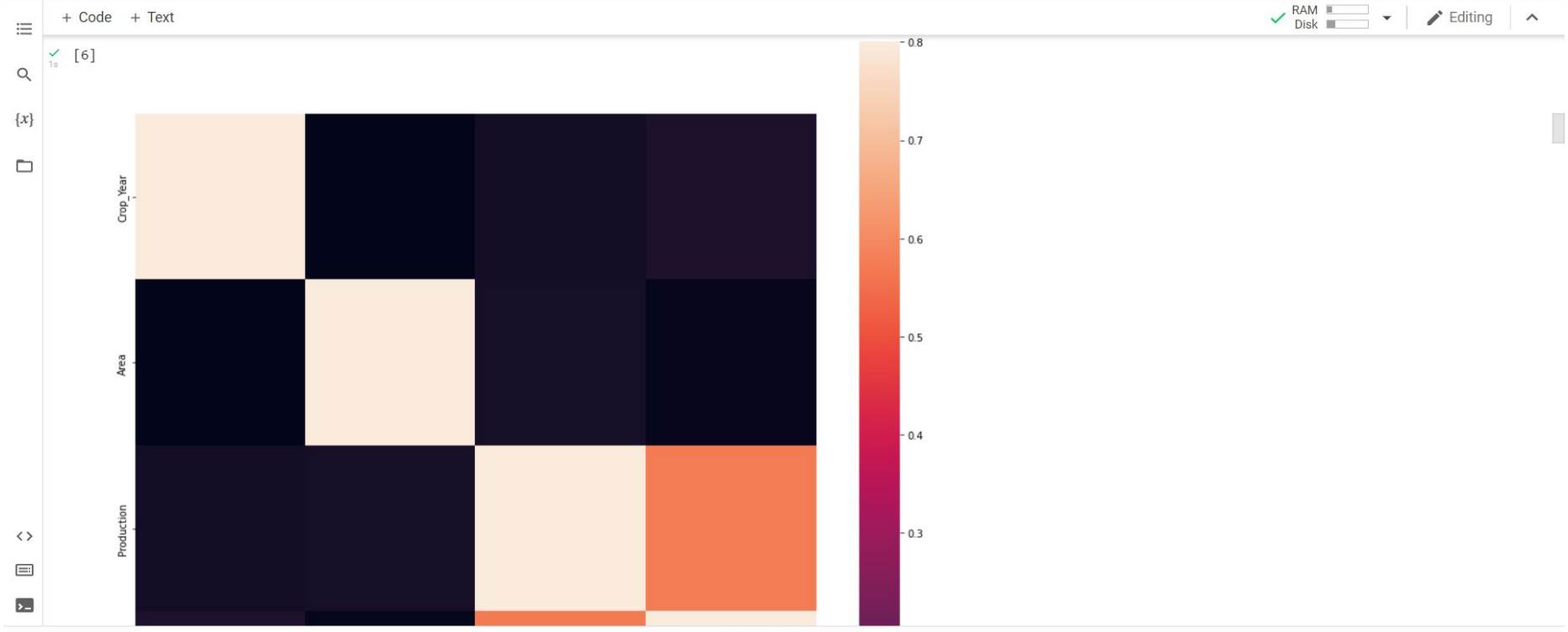
9628 rows × 8 columns

[6]

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sb

C_mat = df.corr()
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15,15))

sb.heatmap(C_mat, vmax = .8, square = True)
plt.show()
```

```
[12] df = df.fillna(df.mean())
```

```
[13] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
b = df['Yield']
a = df.drop('Yield', axis = 1)

a_train, a_test, b_train, b_test = train_test_split(a, b, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 42)

print(a_train)
print(a_test)
print(b_train)
print(b_test)
```

| | Area | ANANTAPUR | CHITTOOR | EAST | GODAVARI | GUNTUR | KADAPA | KRISHNA | \ |
|------|----------|-----------|----------|------|----------|--------|--------|---------|---|
| 1711 | 0.000246 | 0 | 1 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5452 | 0.031408 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 538 | 0.003756 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2336 | 0.014880 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2172 | 0.001397 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| 6278 | 0.001999 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8796 | 0.000129 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8831 | 0.000385 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8995 | 0.000344 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1644 | 0.000268 | 0 | 1 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| | KURNOOL | PRAKASAM | SPSR | NELLORE | ... | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | \ |
|------|---------|----------|------|---------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| 1711 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5452 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 538 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| ... | ... | ... | | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |

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CONCLUSION

- Weather aberration can cause physical damage to crop. With help of this project we can predict in certain environmental conduction which crop should be taken.
- This data will continue to enhance farmer efficiency by further enabling them to monitor each plot of land and determine the precise input needed for their crops.



THANK YOU