# Assignment -4 Python Programming

Assignment Date	29 October 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 MARKS

## Question 1:

# Import the necessary libraries

### Solution:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import pad_sequences
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
```

#### Question2:

## **Download the Dataset**

#### Solution:

 $\label{lem:decomposition} Dataset\ Downloaded\ and\ uploaded\ to\ drive\ \underline{https://www.kaggle.com/code/kredy10/simple-lstmfortextclassification/data}$ 

#### Question3:

Read dataset and do pre-processing

#### Solution:

```
In [21]:
    df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/spam.csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
    df.head()
```

# **Read dataset**

Out[21]:		v1	v2	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
	0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
	1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
	2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN
	3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	NaN	NaN	NaN
	4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	NaN	NaN	NaN

# **Pre-processing the Dataset**

```
In [25]:
           max_words = 1000
           max_len = 150
           tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
           tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)
           sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
           sequences_matrix = pad_sequences(sequences,maxlen=max_len)
In [26]:
         inputs = Input(name='inputs',shape=[max_len])
         layer = Embedding(max_words,50,input_length=max_len)(inputs)
         layer = LSTM(64)(layer)
         layer = Dense(256, name='FC1')(layer)
         layer = Activation('relu')(layer)
         layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)
         layer = Dense(1,name='out_layer')(layer)
         layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)
         model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)
         model.summary()
```

#### Model: "model\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
inputs (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	16640
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 96,337 Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [27]: model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accuracy'])
      Train and Fit the Model
In [28]: model.fit(sequences_matrix,Y_train,batch_size=128,epochs=10,
              validation_split=0.2)
       Epoch 1/10
      30/30 [====
Epoch 2/10
                     ============= ] - 10s 264ms/step - loss: 0.3182 + accuracy: 0.8788 - val_loss: 0.1571 - val_accuracy: 0.9715
       30/30 [====
                       Epoch 3/10
       30/30 [====
                        ========] - 7s 237ms/step - loss: 0.0403 - accuracy: 0.9881 - val loss: 0.0670 - val accuracy: 0.9821
      Epoch 4/10
                            ======] - 7s 245ms/step - loss: 0.0272 - accuracy: 0.9929 - val_loss: 0.0806 - val_accuracy: 0.9778
       Epoch 5/10
      30/30 [====
                            ======] - 7s 242ms/step - loss: 0.0220 - accuracy: 0.9937 - val_loss: 0.0820 - val_accuracy: 0.9800
      Epoch 6/10
      30/30 [====
                          ********] - 7s 240ms/step - loss: 0.0178 - accuracy: 0.9955 - val_loss: 0.0787 - val_accuracy: 0.9789
      Froch 7/10
       30/30 [====
                       ******* - 75 243ms/step - loss: 0.0150 - accuracy: 0.9958 - val_loss: 0.0969 - val_accuracy: 0.9800
      Epoch 8/10
       30/30 [====
                   30/30 [====
                      Epoch 10/10
      Out[28]:
             Save The Model
    In [29]:
              model.save('sms_classifier.h5')
             Preprocessing the Test Dataset
    In [30]:
              test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
              test_sequences_matrix = pad_sequences(test_sequences,maxlen=max_len)
             Testing the Model
    In [31]:
              accr = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
             27/27 [******************************** - 1s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0886 - accuracy: 0.9821
              print('Test set\n Loss: {:0.3f}\n Accuracy: {:0.3f}'.format(accr[0],accr[1]))
             Test set
```

Loss: 0.089 Accuracy: 0.982