

**NALAIYA THIRAN PROJECT BASED LEARNING ON PROFESSIONAL
READLINESS FOR INNOVATION, EMPLOYNMENT AND
ENTERPRENEURSHIP A PROJECT REPORT**

PERSONAL EXPENSE TRACKER APPLICATION

IBM-Project-46011-1660734557

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LIST OF CONTENTS

1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

1.2 Purpose

2.LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing problem

2.2 References

2.3 Problem Statement Definition

3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas

3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

3.3 Proposed Solution

3.4 Problem Solution fi

4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional requirement

4.2 Non-Functional requirements

5.PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagrams

5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

5.3 User Stories

6.PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

6.3 Reports from JIRA

7.CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

7.1 Feature 1

7.2 Feature 2

Database Schema (if Applicable)

8.TESTING

8.1Test Cases

8.2User Acceptance Testing

9.RESULTS

9.1Performance Metrics

10.ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

11.CONCLUSION

12.FUTURE SCOPE

13.APPENDIX

13.1 Source Code

13.2 GitHub & Project Demo Link

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

Category :Cloud App Development

Team ID :PNT2022TMID31805

Skills Required :IBM Cloud ,HTML , Javascript , IBM Cloud Object Storage ,Python-Flask , Kubernetes , Docker , IBM DB2, IBM Container Registry.

In today's busy and expensive life we are in a great rush to make money. But at the end of the month we broke off. As we are unknowingly spending money on little and unwanted things. So, we have come over with the idea to track our earnings. Daily Expense Tracker (DET) aims to help everyone who are planning to know their expenses and save from it. DET is an android app which users can execute in their mobile phones and update their daily expenses so that they are well known to their expenses. User can also define expense categories. User will be able to see pie chart of expense. Also, DET app is capable of clustering. Personal and administration clustering is possible by the use of Apriori algorithm. Although this app is focused on new job holders, interns and teenagers, everyone who wants to track their expense can use this app.

1.2 Purpose

An expense tracking app is an exclusive suite of services for people who seek to handle their earnings and plan their expenses and savings efficiently. It helps you track all transactions like bills, refunds, payrolls, receipts, taxes, etc., on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis. A good app should allow you to capture all your receipts when receiving or making payments. Each receipt should be placed under an appropriate category. These receipts are stored in the cloud and can be retrieved anytime. This feature is especially beneficial for employees who travel for business. As such, many receipt tracking solutions are designed to function well on mobile apps, across various devices and with multiple linked accounts. People tend to overspend without realizing and this can prove to be disastrous. Using a daily expense manager can help you keep track of how much you spend every day and on what. At the end of the month, you will have a clear picture where your money is going. This is one of the best ways to get your expenses under control and bring some semblance of order to your finances. Today, there are several expense manager applications in the market. Some are paid managers while others are free. Even banks like KVB, ICICI offer their customer expense tracker to help them out. Before You decide to go in for a money manager, it is important to decide the type you want.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing Problem

In a study conducted by Forrester in 2016 surveying small and medium businesses (SMBs) across the world, 56% companies reported expense management as being the biggest challenge for their finance departments. In another survey conducted by Levvel Research in 2018 in North America, respondents reported the following pain points in expense management before adopting automation:

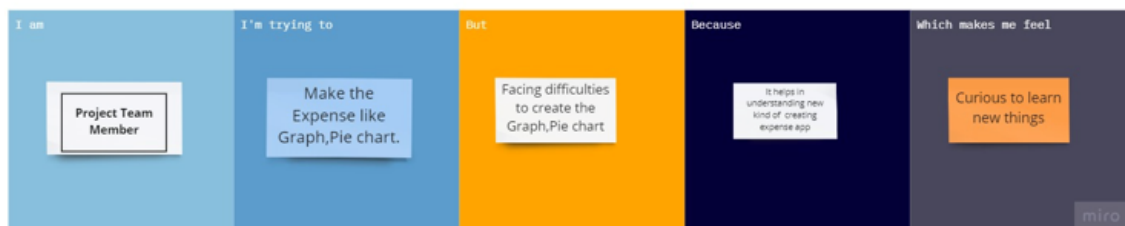
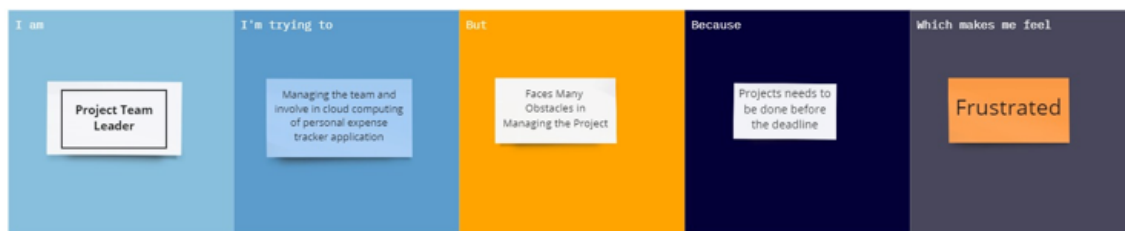
- Manual entry and routing of expense reports (62%)
- Lack of visibility into spend data (42%)
- Inability to enforce travel policies (29%)
- Lost expense reports (24%)
- Lengthy expense approval system and reimbursement cycles (23%).

2.2 References

- En.wikipedia.org. (2018). Systems design. [online] Available at: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Systems_design [Accessed 2 May. 2018].
- Slideshare.net. (2018). Android ppt with example of budget manager. [online] Available at: <https://www.slideshare.net/nalinimehta73/android-ppt-with-example-of-budget-manager> [Accessed 21 Apr. 2018].
- Creately.com. (2018). Expense tracker. [online] Available at: <https://creately.com/diagram/example/hv2esdzt2/expense%20tracker> [Accessed 25 Apr. 2018].
- Slideshare.net. (2014). Apriori Algorithm by International School of Engineering. [online] Available at: <https://www.slideshare.net/INSOFE/apriori-algorithm-36054672> [Accessed 14 Apr. 2018].

2.3 Problem Statement Definition

In simple words, personal finance entails all the financial decisions and activities that a Finance app makes your life easier by helping you to manage your finances efficiently. A personal finance app will not only help you with budgeting and accounting but also give you helpful insights about money management. Personal finance applications will ask users to add their expenses and based on their expenses wallet balance will be updated which will be visible to the user. Also, users can get an analysis of their expenditure in graphical forms. They have an option to set a limit for the amount to be used for that particular month if the limit is exceeded the user will be notified with an email alert.

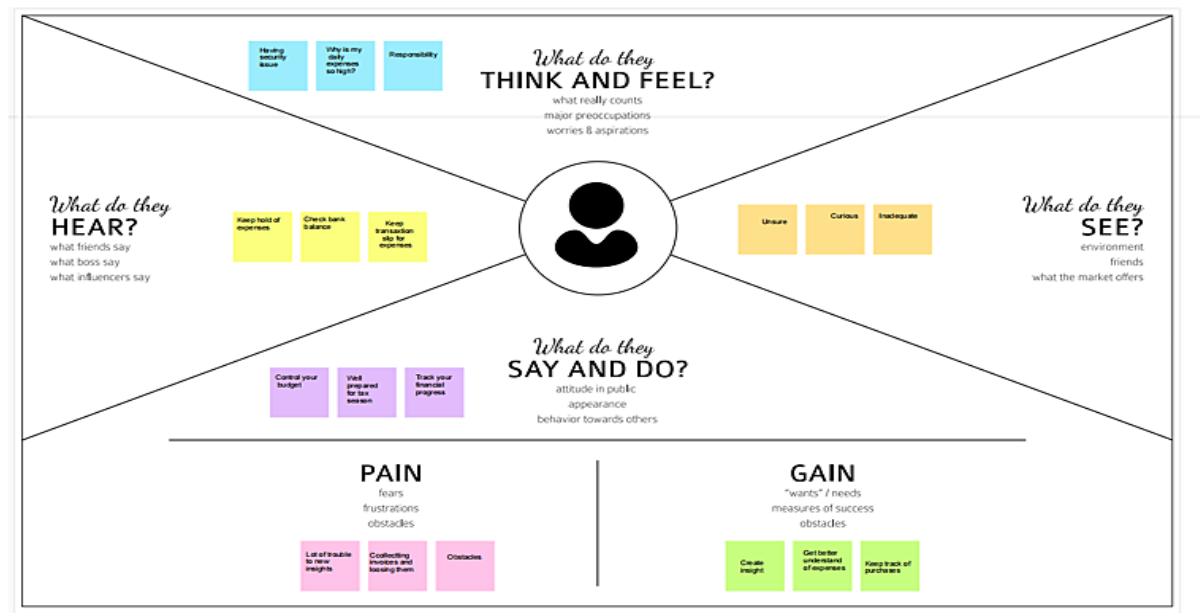


| Problem Statement (PS) | I am (Customer) | I'm trying to | But | Because | Which makes me feel |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| PS-1 | Project Team Leader | Managing the team and involve in cloud computing of personal expense tracker application | Faces Many Obstacles in Managing the Project | Projects needs to be done before the deadline | Frustrated |
| PS-2 | Project Team Member | Make the Expense like Graphs and Pie chart. | Facing difficulties to create the Graphs and Pie chart | It helps in understanding new kind of creating expense app | Curious to learn new things |

3. Ideation and Proposed Solution

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas

An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviors and attitudes. It is a useful tool to help teams better understand their users. Empathy mapping is a simple workshop activity that can be done with stakeholders, marketing and sales, product development, or creative teams to build empathy for end users. For teams involved in the design and engineering of products, services, or experiences, an empathy mapping session is a great exercise for groups to “get inside the heads” of users. **Empathy maps are most useful at the beginning of the design process** after user research but before requirements and concepting. The mapping process can help synthesize research observations and reveal deeper insights about a user's needs.



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

Brainstorming is a group problem-solving method that involve the spontaneous contribution of creative ideas and solutions. This technique requires intensive, freewheeling discussion in which every member of the group is encouraged to think aloud and suggest as many ideas as possible based on their diverse knowledge.



3.3 Proposed Solution

| S.No. | Parameter | Description |
|-------|--|--|
| 1. | Problem Statement (Problem to be solved) | In simple words, personal finance entails all the financial decisions and activities that a Finance app makes your life easier by helping you to manage your finances efficiently. A personal finance app will not only help you with budgeting and accounting but also give you helpful insights about money management. |
| 2. | Idea / Solution description | Personal finance applications will ask users to add their expenses and based on their expenses wallet balance will be updated which will be visible to the user. Also, users can get an analysis of their expenditure in graphical forms. They have an option to set a limit for the amount to be used for that particular month if the limit is exceeded the user will be notified with an email alert. |
| 3. | Novelty / Uniqueness | An Personal expense tracker helps you figure out what is happening to your money, and whether you can afford something you want. |
| 4. | Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction | Personal Expense Tracker bundles together a collection of user-friendly tools that make it easy to track expenses, plan spending and save for future goals. |
| 5. | Business Model (Revenue Model) | Effective financial management requires the proper tracking of income and expenses. There are many options to help you track all of your spending. |
| 6. | Scalability of the Solution | The app will show you where your money is going. Keeping track of your finances frequently isn't the most pleasant thing in the world, and it requires specific skills and knowledge. |

3.4 Problem Solution Fit

Problem-solution fit is a term used to describe the point validating that the base problem resulting in a business idea really exists and the proposed solution actually solves that problem. The least glamorous but most important part of starting a successful business is determining whether your idea actually solves a real problem for people. This process is known as finding a problem-solution fit.

| | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Define CS, fit into CC | 1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids Students, Adults and Families Organizations, Individuals | 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS CC What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices. Even with constant tracking of one's spending habits, there is no guarantee that financial goals will be met. So they might think it is useless to use an expense tracker. Expense tracker might need internet connection to access the user's database. | 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking. Manually calculate the daily expenses using a notebook and a pen. They can use a budget calculator. | Explore AS, differentiate |
| | 2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one, explore different sides. Users need to login and register so that the database can easily identify their previous expenses. Users need to provide their receipts and bills which shows the amount they spent. User needs to set a savings goal that will prevent them from spending more than their budget for the month. | 9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations. If you don't check your spending and create a budget, you will have no control whatsoever on your money. Instead, money will control you, and you will either have perpetual lack of funds or you will end up steeped in debt. With proper tracking of your finances, you will not be able to determine unnecessary spending. This spending, if saved, can easily add up to quite a bit. | 7. BEHAVIOUR BE What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace) Collect receipts regularly without fail. Know your budget for each month and set appropriate savings goal. | Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC |
| Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC | 3. TRIGGERS TR What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news. When they realise they don't have enough money to spend for either themselves or during outing with acquaintances. | 10. YOUR SOLUTION SL If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour. Tracks expenses through bank statements and details provided by the user and sends notification alerts when the suggested savings goal set by the user themselves is crossed. | 8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH 8.1 ONLINE What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7 Reduced turnaround time and faster reimbursements 8.2 OFFLINE What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development. Expense tracker provides the option to set up custom reminders and notifications to remind they have reached the savings goal. | Extract online & offline CH of BE |
| | 4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure -> confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design. fear, guilt, shame and envy-->happy, contented | | | |

4.Requirement Analysis

4.1 Functional Requirements

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution:

| FR No. | Functional Requirement(Epic) | Sub Requirement (Story/sub-Task) |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|
| FR-1 | User Registration | Registration through Application. Registration through Gmail. |
| FR-2 | User Confirmation | Confirmation via Email. Confirmation via OTP. |
| FR-3 | User Monthly Expensive Tentative data | Data to be registered in the app. |
| FR-4 | User monthly income data | Data to be registered in the app. |
| FR-5 | Alert/Notification | Alert through E-mail. Alert through SMS. |
| FR-6 | User Budget plan | Planning and Tracking of user expense vs budget limit. |

4.2 Non-Functional Requirements

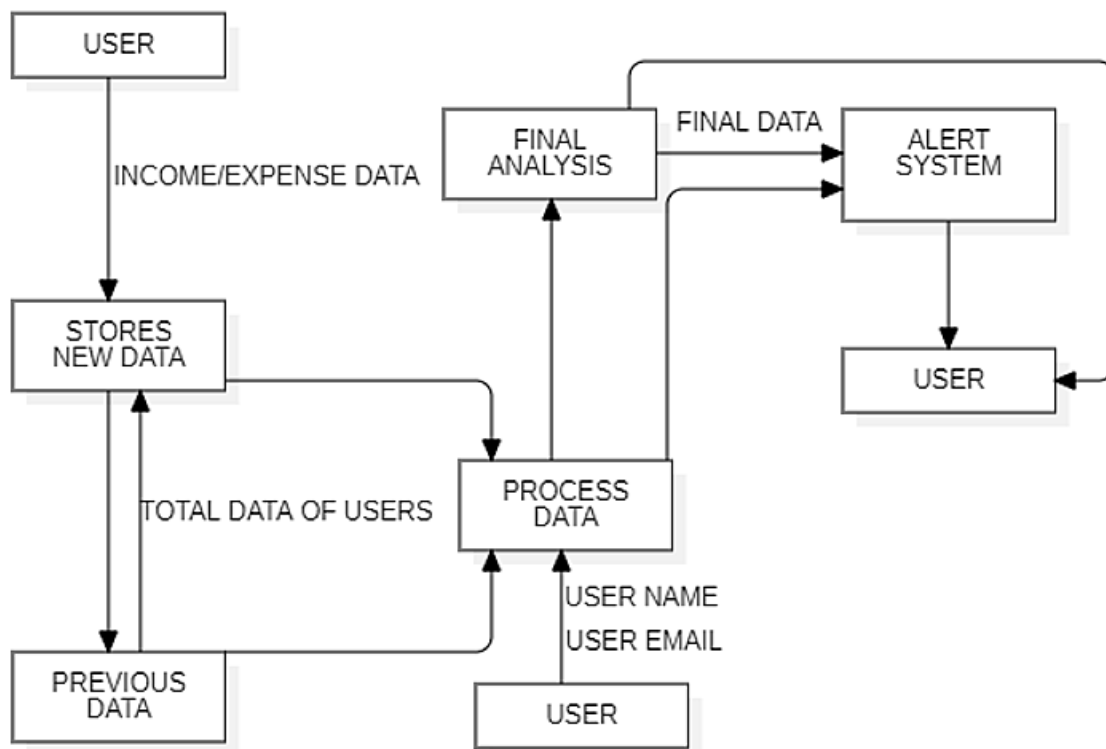
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution:

| FR No | Non-Functional Requirement | Description |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| NFR-1 | Usability | Effectiveness, Efficiency and overall satisfaction of the user while interacting with our application. |
| NFR-2 | Security | Authentication , Authorization , encryption of the application. |
| NFR-3 | Reliability | Probability of failure free operations in a specified environment for a specified time. |
| NFR-4 | Performance | How the application is functioning and how responsive the application is to the end users. |
| NFR-5 | Availability | Without near 100% availability, application reliability and the user satisfaction will affect the solution. |
| NFR-6 | Scalability | Capacity of the application to handle growth , especially in handling more users. |

5.Project Design

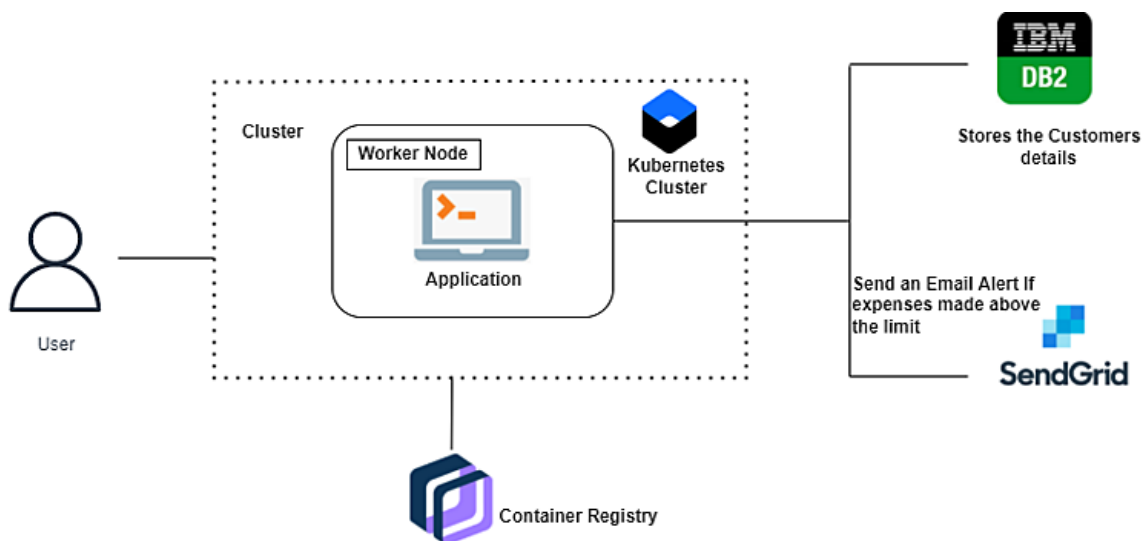
5.1.Data Flow Diagram

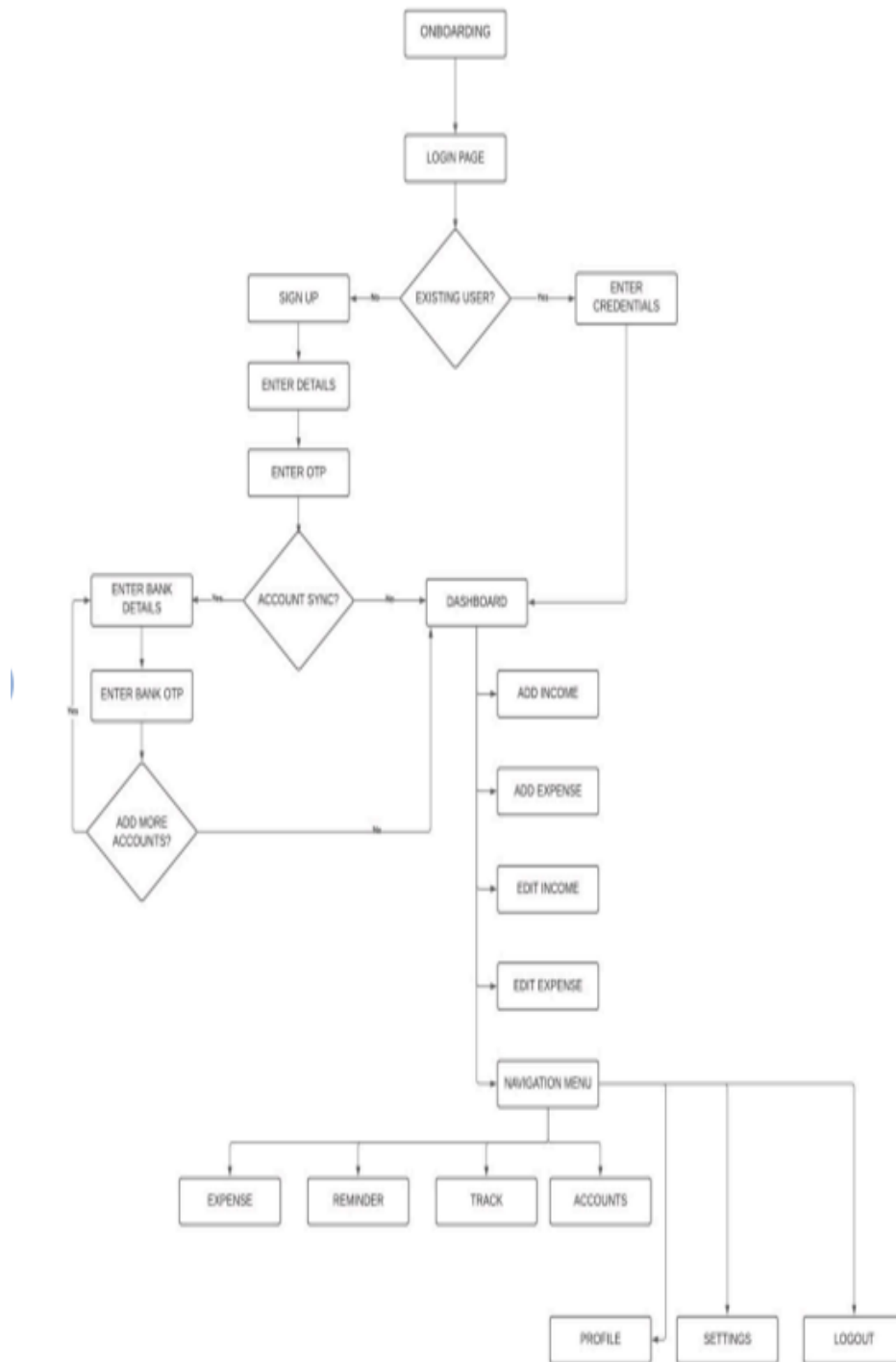
A data flow diagram (DFD) maps out the flow of information for any process or system. It uses defined symbols like rectangles, circles and arrows, plus short text labels, to show data inputs, outputs, storage points and the routes between each destination. Data flowcharts can range from simple, even hand-drawn process overviews, to in-depth, multi-level DFDs that dig progressively deeper into how the data is handled.



5.2.Solution & Technical Architecture

A solution architecture (SA) is an architectural description of a **specific solution**. SAs combine guidance from different enterprise architecture viewpoints (business, information and technical), as well as from the enterprise solution architecture (ESA).





5.3.User Stories

User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

| User Type | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task | Acceptance criteria | Priority | Release |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------|---------|
| Customer (Mobile user & web user) | Registration | USN-1 | As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password. | I can access my account / dashboard | High | |
| | | USN-2 | As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application | I can receive confirmation email & click confirm | High | |
| | | USN- 3 | As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook | I can register & access the dashboard with Facebook Login | Low | |
| | Login | USN - 4 | As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password | I can access the application | High | |
| | Dashboard | USN - 5 | As a user I can enter my income and expenditure details. | I can view my daily expenses | High | |
| Customer Care Executive | | USN – 6 | As a customer care executive I can solve the log in issues and other issues of the application. | I can provide support or solution at any time 24*7 | Medium | |
| Administrator | Application | USN - 7 | As a administrator I can upgrade or update the application. | I can fix the bug which arises for the customers and users of the application | Medium | |

6.Project Planning and Scheduling

6.1. Sprint Planning and Estimation

| Sprint | Functional Requirements | User Stories | User Story/Task | Story Points | Priority | Team Members |
|----------|---|--------------|--|--------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| Sprint 1 | Registration | USN-1 | As a user ,I can register for the application by entering my email ,password, and conforming my password | 8 | High | Kalpanadevi J Binu Angela A |
| Sprint 1 | Login | USN-2 | As a user I can Login to the application by entering email& password | 8 | High | Dharun Ram RA Kavya K |
| Sprint 2 | Add Expenses | USN-3 | As a user , I can add the day to day expense to the application | 5 | Medium | Kalpanadevi J Binu Angela A |
| Sprint 2 | Edit and Delete Expenses | USN-4 | As a user I can edit and delete the previously created expense | 5 | Medium | Dharun Ram RA Kavya K |
| Sprint 3 | Creating time based filters in history | USN-5 | As a user, I can see the time based history of expenses | 8 | High | Kalpanadevi J Binu Angela A |
| Sprint 3 | Integrating with pie chart for analysis | USN-6 | As a user , I can see view diagrammatic representation of expenses | 5 | Medium | Dharun Ram RA Kavya K |
| Sprint 4 | Enabling limit feature | USN-7 | As a user ,I can set monthly limit to expenses | 5 | Medium | Kalpanadevi J Binu Angela A |
| Sprint 4 | Sending Email Alerts | USN-8 | As a user, I will receive a mail if I cross a limit | 8 | High | Dharun Ram RA Kavya K |

Project Tracker, Velocity, Burndown Chart

| Sprint | Total Story Points | Duration | Sprint Start Date | Sprint End Date (Planned) | Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date) | Sprint Release Date (Actual) |
|----------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Sprint-1 | 16 | 6 Days | 24 Oct 2022 | 29 Oct 2022 | 16 | 29 Oct 2022 |
| Sprint-2 | 12 | 6 Days | 31 Oct 2022 | 05 Nov 2022 | 10 | 05 Nov 2022 |
| Sprint-3 | 14 | 6 Days | 07 Nov 2022 | 12 Nov 2022 | 13 | 12 Nov 2022 |
| Sprint-4 | 14 | 6 Days | 14 Nov 2022 | 19 Nov 2022 | 13 | 19 Nov 2022 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{\text{sprint duration}}{\text{velocity}} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$

6.2.Sprint Delivery Schedule



6.3 Reports From JIRA

26/01/2022, 14:17 Board - Personal Expense Tracker - Jira

Your work Projects Filters Dashboards People Apps Create

Search board Filter More

Projects

Personal Expense Tracker

- Summary
- Board
- List
- Calendar
- Timeline
- Forms
- Pages
- Issues
- Reports
- Add shortcut
- Project settings
- Give feedback

You're in a team-managed project

View all projects

Board

Projects / Personal Expense Tracker

NO DO 8 IN PROGRESS 2 DONE 4

| | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Integrating with IBM DB PET-6 | Creating UI using falwindCSS PET-5 | Setting Up Flask Project PET-1 |
| Designing Signin Page PET-7 | Designing Signup Page PET-8 | Creating IBM Account PET-2 |
| Setting up form fields to get expense input PET-9 | | Setting up Docker PET-4 |
| Generating Graphs from the stored data PET-10 | | Creating Send Grid Account PET-3 |
| Getting input form for triggers PET-14 | | |
| Generating notification based on triggers PET-13 | | |
| Testing the project PET-12 | | |
| Deploying in cloud using Docker and Kubernetes PET-11 | | |

+ Create

Quickstart

<https://design-patterns.net/projects/projects/PET/board>

15

7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1 Feature 1

We have added the data visualization methods for expenditure. The pie chart have been used to represent the monthly expenses. The pie chart is a pictorial representation of data that makes it possible to visualize the relationships between the parts and the whole of a variable. For example, it is possible to understand the industry count or percentage of a variable level from the division by areas or sectors. The recommended use for pie charts is two- dimensional, as three-dimensional use can be confusing.

- You only have positive values.
- You have less than seven categories since a larger number can make it difficult to perceive each segment.

Code:

home.css

@import

'https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat:300,400,700&display=swap';

* {

padding: 0;

margin: 0;

box-sizing: border-box;

}

html {

font-size: 10px;


```
    font-family: 'Montserrat', sans-serif;

    scroll-behavior: smooth;
}

a {

    text-decoration: none;
}

.container {

    min-height: 100vh;

    width: 100%;

    display: flex;

    align-items: center;

    justify-content: center;
}

img {

    height: 100%;

    width: 100%;

    object-fit: cover;
}

p {

    color: black;

    font-size: 1.4rem;

    margin-top: 5px;

    line-height: 2.5rem;
```

```
        font-weight: 300;

        letter-spacing: 0.05rem;
    }

    .section-title {

        font-size: 4rem;

        font-weight: 300;

        color: black;

        margin-bottom: 10px;

        text-transform: uppercase;

        letter-spacing: 0.2rem;

        text-align: center;
    }

    .section-title span {

        color: crimson;
    }


    .cta {

        display: inline-block;

        padding: 10px 30px;

        color: white;

        background-color: transparent;

        border: 2px solid crimson;

        font-size: 2rem;
```

```
    text-transform: uppercase;

    letter-spacing: 0.1rem;

    margin-top: 30px;

    transition: 0.3s ease;

    transition-property: background-color, color;
}
```

```
.cta:hover {

    color: white;

    background-color: crimson;
}
```

```
.brand h1 {

    font-size: 3rem;

    text-transform: uppercase;

    color: white;
}
```

```
.brand h1 span {

    color: crimson;
}
```

```
/* Header section */
```

```
#header {

    position: fixed;

    z-index: 1000;
```

```
    left: 0;

    top: 0;

    width: 100vw;

    height: auto;
}

#header .header {

    min-height: 8vh;

    background-color: rgba(31, 30, 30, 0.24);

    transition: 0.3s ease background-color;
}

#header .nav-bar {

    display: flex;

    align-items: center;

    justify-content: space-between;

    width: 100%;

    height: 100%;

    max-width: 1300px;

    padding: 0 10px;
}

#header .nav-list ul {

    list-style: none;

    position: absolute;

    background-color: rgb(31, 30, 30);
```

```
width: 100vw;

height: 100vh;

left: 100%;

top: 0;

display: flex;

flex-direction: column;

justify-content: center;

align-items: center;

z-index: 1;

overflow-x: hidden;

transition: 0.5s ease left;

}

#header .nav-list ul.active {

    left: 0%;

}

#header .nav-list ul a {

    font-size: 2.5rem;

    font-weight: 500;

    letter-spacing: 0.2rem;

    text-decoration: none;

    color: white;

    text-transform: uppercase;

    padding: 20px;
```

```
        display: block;
    }

#header .nav-list ul a::after {
    content: attr(data-after);
    position: absolute;
    top: 50%;
    left: 50%;
    transform: translate(-50%, -50%) scale(0);
    color: rgba(240, 248, 255, 0.021);
    font-size: 13rem;
    letter-spacing: 50px;
    z-index: -1;
    transition: 0.3s ease letter-spacing;
}

#header .nav-list ul li:hover a::after {
    transform: translate(-50%, -50%) scale(1);
    letter-spacing: initial;
}

#header .nav-list ul li:hover a {
    color: crimson;
}

#header .hamburger {
    height: 60px;
```

```
width: 60px;

display: inline-block;

border: 3px solid white;

border-radius: 50%;

position: relative;

display: flex;

align-items: center;

justify-content: center;

z-index: 100;

cursor: pointer;

transform: scale(0.8);

margin-right: 20px;
}

#header .hamburger:after {

    position: absolute;

    content: "";

    height: 100%;

    width: 100%;

    border-radius: 50%;

    border: 3px solid white;

    animation: hamburger_puls 1s ease infinite;
}

#header .hamburger .bar {
```

```
    height: 2px;
    width: 30px;
    position: relative;
    background-color: white;
    z-index: -1;
}

#header .hamburger .bar::after,
#header .hamburger .bar::before {
    content: "";
    position: absolute;
    height: 100%;
    width: 100%;
    left: 0;
    background-color: white;
    transition: 0.3s ease;
    transition-property: top, bottom;
}

#header .hamburger .bar::after {
    top: 8px;
}

#header .hamburger .bar::before {
    bottom: 8px;
}
```



```
#header .hamburger.active .bar::before {  
    bottom: 0;  
}
```

```
#header .hamburger.active .bar::after {  
    top: 0;  
}
```

```
/* End Header section */
```

```
/* Hero Section */
```

```
#hero {  
    background-image: url(../images/hero-bg.png);  
    background-size: cover;  
    background-position: top center;  
    position: relative;  
    z-index: 1;  
}
```

```
#hero::after {  
    content: "";  
    position: absolute;  
    left: 0;  
    top: 0;  
    height: 100%;  
    width: 100%;
```

```
        background-color: black;

        opacity: 0.7;

        z-index: -1;
    }

    #hero .hero {

        max-width: 1200px;

        margin: 0 auto;

        padding: 0 50px;

        justify-content: flex-start;
    }

    #hero h1 {

        display: block;

        width: fit-content;

        font-size: 4rem;

        position: relative;

        color: transparent;

        animation: text_reveal 0.5s ease forwards;

        animation-delay: 1s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(1) {

        animation-delay: 1s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(2) {
```

```
        animation-delay: 2s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(3) {
        animation: text_reveal_name 0.5s ease forwards;
        animation-delay: 3s;
    }

    #hero h1 span {
        position: absolute;
        top: 0;
        left: 0;
        height: 100%;
        width: 0;
        background-color: crimson;
        animation: text_reveal_box 1s ease;
        animation-delay: 0.5s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(1) span {
        animation-delay: 0.5s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(2) span {
        animation-delay: 1.5s;
    }

    #hero h1:nth-child(3) span {
```

```
        animation-delay: 2.5s;
    }
}
```

```
/* End Hero Section */
```

```
/* Services Section */
```

```
#services .services {
    flex-direction: column;
    text-align: center;
    max-width: 1500px;
    margin: 0 auto;
    padding: 100px 0;
}
```

```
#services .service-top {
    max-width: 500px;
    margin: 0 auto;
}
```

```
#services .service-bottom {
    display: flex;
    align-items: center;
    justify-content: center;
    flex-wrap: wrap;
    margin-top: 50px;
}
```

```
}
```

```
#services .service-item {
```

```
    flex-basis: 80%;
```

```
    display: flex;
```

```
    align-items: flex-start;
```

```
    justify-content: center;
```

```
    flex-direction: column;
```

```
    padding: 30px;
```

```
    border-radius: 10px;
```

```
    background-image: url('../images/img-1.png');
```

```
    background-size: cover;
```

```
    margin: 10px 5%;
```

```
    position: relative;
```

```
    z-index: 1;
```

```
    overflow: hidden;
```

```
}
```

```
#services .service-item::after {
```

```
    content: "";
```

```
    position: absolute;
```

```
    left: 0;
```

```
    top: 0;
```

```
    height: 100%;
```

```
    width: 100%;
```

```
        background-image: linear-gradient(60deg, #29323c 0%, #485563 100%);
        opacity: 0.9;
        z-index: -1;
    }

    #services .service-bottom .icon {
        height: 80px;
        width: 80px;
        margin-bottom: 20px;
    }

    #services .service-item h2 {
        font-size: 2rem;
        color: white;
        margin-bottom: 10px;
        text-transform: uppercase;
    }

    #services .service-item p {
        color: white;
        text-align: left;
    }

    /* End Services Section */

    /* Projects section */

    #projects .projects {
```

```
    flex-direction: column;

    max-width: 1200px;

    margin: 0 auto;

    padding: 100px 0;
}

#projects .projects-header h1 {

    margin-bottom: 50px;
}

#projects .all-projects {

    display: flex;

    align-items: center;

    justify-content: center;

    flex-direction: column;
}

#projects .project-item {

    display: flex;

    align-items: center;

    justify-content: center;

    flex-direction: column;

    width: 80%;

    margin: 20px auto;

    overflow: hidden;

    border-radius: 10px;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-info {
```

```
    padding: 30px;
```

```
    flex-basis: 50%;
```

```
    height: 100%;
```

```
    display: flex;
```

```
    align-items: flex-start;
```

```
    justify-content: center;
```

```
    flex-direction: column;
```

```
    background-image: linear-gradient(60deg, #29323c 0%, #485563 100%);
```

```
    color: white;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-info h1 {
```

```
    font-size: 4rem;
```

```
    font-weight: 500;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-info h2 {
```

```
    font-size: 1.8rem;
```

```
    font-weight: 500;
```

```
    margin-top: 10px;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-info p {
```

```
    color: white;
```



```
}
```

```
#projects .project-img {
```

```
    flex-basis: 50%;
```

```
    height: 300px;
```

```
    overflow: hidden;
```

```
    position: relative;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-img:after {
```

```
    content: ";
```

```
    position: absolute;
```

```
    left: 0;
```

```
    top: 0;
```

```
    height: 100%;
```

```
    width: 100%;
```

```
    background-image: linear-gradient(60deg, #29323c 0%, #485563 100%);
```

```
    opacity: 0.7;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-img img {
```

```
    transition: 0.3s ease transform;
```

```
}
```

```
#projects .project-item:hover .project-img img {
```

```
    transform: scale(1.1);
```

```
}
```

```
/* End Projects section */
```

```
/* About Section */
```

```
#about .about {  
    flex-direction: column-reverse;  
    text-align: center;  
    max-width: 1200px;  
    margin: 0 auto;  
    padding: 100px 20px;  
}
```

```
#about .col-left {  
    width: 250px;  
    height: 360px;  
}
```

```
#about .col-right {  
    width: 100%;  
}
```

```
#about .col-right h2 {  
    font-size: 1.8rem;  
    font-weight: 500;  
    letter-spacing: 0.2rem;  
    margin-bottom: 10px;  
}
```

```
#about .col-right p {  
    margin-bottom: 20px;  
}
```

```
#about .col-right .cta {  
    color: black;  
    margin-bottom: 50px;  
    padding: 10px 20px;  
    font-size: 2rem;  
}
```

```
#about .col-left .about-img {  
    height: 100%;  
    width: 100%;  
    position: relative;  
    border: 10px solid white;  
}
```

```
#about .col-left .about-img::after {  
    content: "";  
    position: absolute;  
    left: -33px;  
    top: 19px;  
    height: 98%;  
    width: 98%;  
    border: 7px solid crimson;
```

```
        z-index: -1;
    }

/* End About Section */


/* contact Section */

#contact .contact {

    flex-direction: column;

    max-width: 1200px;

    margin: 0 auto;

    width: 90%;

}

#contact .contact-items {

    /* max-width: 400px; */

    width: 100%;

}

#contact .contact-item {

    width: 80%;

    padding: 20px;

    text-align: center;

    border-radius: 10px;

    padding: 30px;

    margin: 30px;

    display: flex;
```

```
        justify-content: center;

        align-items: center;

        flex-direction: column;

        box-shadow: 0px 0px 18px 0 #0000002c;

        transition: 0.3s ease box-shadow;
    }

    #contact .contact-item:hover {

        box-shadow: 0px 0px 5px 0 #0000002c;
    }

    #contact .icon {

        width: 70px;

        margin: 0 auto;

        margin-bottom: 10px;
    }

    #contact .contact-info h1 {

        font-size: 2.5rem;

        font-weight: 500;

        margin-bottom: 5px;
    }

    #contact .contact-info h2 {

        font-size: 1.3rem;

        line-height: 2rem;

        font-weight: 500;
    }

    /*End contact Section */
```

```
/* Footer */

#footer {
    background-image: linear-gradient(60deg, #29323c 0%, #485563 100%);
}

#footer .footer {
    min-height: 200px;
    flex-direction: column;
    padding-top: 50px;
    padding-bottom: 10px;
}

#footer h2 {
    color: white;
    font-weight: 500;
    font-size: 1.8rem;
    letter-spacing: 0.1rem;
    margin-top: 10px;
    margin-bottom: 10px;
}

#footer .social-icon {
    display: flex;
    margin-bottom: 30px;
}

#footer .social-item {
    height: 50px;
```

```
        width: 50px;
        margin: 0 5px;
    }
    #footer .social-item img {
        filter: grayscale(1);
        transition: 0.3s ease filter;
    }
    #footer .social-item:hover img {
        filter: grayscale(0);
    }
    #footer p {
        color: white;
        font-size: 1.3rem;
    }
    /* End Footer */

    /* Keyframes */
    @keyframes hamburger_puls {
        0% {
            opacity: 1;
            transform: scale(1);
        }
        100% {
            opacity: 0;
            transform: scale(1.4);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
}  
@keyframes text_reveal_box {  
    50% {  
        width: 100%;  
        left: 0;  
    }  
    100% {  
        width: 0;  
        left: 100%;  
    }  
}  
@keyframes text_reveal {  
    100% {  
        color: white;  
    }  
}  
@keyframes text_reveal_name {  
    100% {  
        color: crimson;  
        font-weight: 500;  
    }  
}  
/* End Keyframes */
```



```
/* Media Query For Tablet */
```

```
@media only screen and (min-width: 768px) {
```

```
  .cta {
```

```
    font-size: 2.5rem;
```

```
    padding: 20px 60px;
```

```
  }
```

```
  h1.section-title {
```

```
    font-size: 6rem;
```

```
  }
```

```
/* Hero */
```

```
#hero h1 {
```

```
  font-size: 7rem;
```

```
}
```

```
/* End Hero */
```

```
/* Services Section */
```

```
#services .service-bottom .service-item {
```

```
  flex-basis: 45%;
```

```
  margin: 2.5%;
```

```
}
```

```
/* End Services Section */
```

```
/* Project */
```

```
#projects .project-item {
```

```
        flex-direction: row;
    }

    #projects .project-item:nth-child(even) {
        flex-direction: row-reverse;
    }

    #projects .project-item {
        height: 400px;
        margin: 0;
        width: 100%;
        border-radius: 0;
    }

    #projects .all-projects .project-info {
        height: 100%;
    }

    #projects .all-projects .project-img {
        height: 100%;
    }

    /* End Project */

    /* About */

    #about .about {
        flex-direction: row;
    }

    #about .col-left {
        width: 600px;
```

```
        height: 400px;
        padding-left: 60px;
    }
    #about .about .col-left .about-img::after {
        left: -45px;
        top: 34px;
        height: 98%;
        width: 98%;
        border: 10px solid crimson;
    }
    #about .col-right {
        text-align: left;
        padding: 30px;
    }
    #about .col-right h1 {
        text-align: left;
    }
    /* End About */
```

```
/* contact */
```

```
#contact .contact {
    flex-direction: column;
    padding: 100px 0;
    align-items: center;
```

```
        justify-content: center;

        min-width: 20vh;
    }

    #contact .contact-items {

        width: 100%;

        display: flex;

        flex-direction: row;

        justify-content: space-evenly;

        margin: 0;
    }

    #contact .contact-item {

        width: 30%;

        margin: 0;

        flex-direction: row;
    }

    #contact .contact-item .icon {

        height: 100px;

        width: 100px;
    }

    #contact .contact-item .icon img {

        object-fit: contain;
    }

    #contact .contact-item .contact-info {

        width: 100%;

        text-align: left;
```

```
        padding-left: 20px;
    }
    /* End contact */
}
/* End Media Query For Tablet */

/* Media Query For Desktop */
@media only screen and (min-width: 1200px) {
    /* header */
    #header .hamburger {
        display: none;
    }
    #header .nav-list ul {
        position: initial;
        display: block;
        height: auto;
        width: fit-content;
        background-color: transparent;
    }
    #header .nav-list ul li {
        display: inline-block;
    }
    #header .nav-list ul li a {
        font-size: 1.8rem;
    }
}
```

```

#header .nav-list ul a:after {
    display: none;
}
/* End header */

#services .service-bottom .service-item {
    flex-basis: 22%;
    margin: 1.5%;
}
}
/* End Media Query For Desktop */

```

today expenses.html

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}
```

```
{% block body %}
```

```
<div class="container ">
```

```
<div class="row">
```

```
<div class="col-md-5">
```

```
<h3 class="mt-5">Today Expense Breakdown</h3>
```

```
<div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded-pill">
```

```
  <div class="card-body ">
```

```
    <div class="row">
```

```
      <div class="col-md-6">TIME</div>
```

```
      <div class="col-md-6"> AMOUNT  </div>
```

```
    </div>
```

```
  </div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
{% for row in texpanse %}
```

```
<div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded-bottom">
```

```
  <div class="card-body ">
```

```
    <div class="row">
```

```
      <div id ="time" class="col-md-6">{{row [0]}}</div>
```

```
      <div id="tamount" class="col-md-6">  {{row[1] }}  </div>
```

```
    </div>
```

```
  </div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
{% endfor %}
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<section>
```

```
<div class="row">
```

```
  <div class="col-md-6">
```

```
    <h3 class="mt-5">Expense Breakdown BY Category</h3>
```

```
    <div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded-bottom">
```

```
      <div class="card-body ">
```

```
        <div class="row">
```

```
          <div class="col-md-6">Food</div>
```

```
          <div id="tfood" class="col-md-6"> {{ t_food}} </div>
```

```
        </div>
```

```
      </div>
```

```
    </div>
```

```
    <div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded">
```

```
      <div class="card-body">
```

```
        <div class="row">
```

```
          <div class="col-md-6">Entertainment</div>
```

```
          <div id="tentertainment" class="col-md-6"> {{ t_entertainment}} </div>
```

```
        </div>
```

```
      </div>
```

```
    </div>
```

```
    <div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded">
```

```
      <div class="card-body">
```



```
<div class="row">

  <div class="col-md-6">Business</div>

  <div id="tbusiness" class="col-md-6"> {{t_business}}  </div>

</div>

</div>

</div>
```

```
<div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded">

  <div class="card-body">

    <div class="row">

      <div class="col-md-6">Rent</div>

      <div id="trent" class="col-md-6"> {{ t_rent }}  </div>

    </div>

  </div>

</div>

</div>
```

```
<div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded">

  <div class="card-body">

    <div class="row">

      <div class="col-md-6">EMI</div>

      <div id="temi" class="col-md-6">{{ t_EMI }}  </div>

    </div>

  </div>

</div>
```

</div>

<div class="card shadow mb-2 bg-white rounded">

<div class="card-body">

<div class="row">

<div class="col-md-6">Other</div>

<div id="tother" class="col-md-6"> {{ t_other}}</div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

<div class="card shadow mb-2 btn-outline-danger rounded-pill">

<div class="card-body">

<div class="row">

<div class="col-md-6">Total</div>

<div class="col-md-6">₹ {{total}} </div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

</div>

<div class="col-md-6">

<canvas id="myChart" width="400" height="400"></canvas>

<script>

```
let food = document.getElementById('tfood').innerHTML
let entertainment = document.getElementById('tentertainment').innerHTML
let business = document.getElementById('tbusiness').innerHTML
let rent = document.getElementById('trent').innerHTML
let emi = document.getElementById('temi').innerHTML
let other = document.getElementById('tother').innerHTML

var ctx = document.getElementById('myChart').getContext('2d');
var myChart = new Chart(ctx, {
  type: 'doughnut',
  data: {
    labels: ['Food', 'Entertainment', 'Business', 'Rent', 'EMI', 'Other'],
    datasets: [{
      label: 'Expenses Chart',
      data: [food, entertainment, business, rent, emi, other],
      backgroundColor: [
        'rgb(255, 99, 132)',
        'rgb(0, 0, 0)',
        'rgb(255, 205, 86)',
        'rgb(201, 203, 207)',
        'rgb(54, 162, 235)',
        'rgb(215, 159, 64)'
      ],
    }],
  }
},
```

```
    options: {  
      responsive: true,  
      plugins: {  
        legend: {  
          position: 'bottom',  
        },  
        title: {  
          display: true,  
          text: 'EXPENSE BREAKDOWN'  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
});
```

```
</script>  
</div>  
</div>  
</div>
```

</section>

</div>

{% endblock %}

app.py

-*- coding: utf-8 -*-

.....

Spyder Editor

This is a temporary script file.

.....

from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, session

from flask_mysqlldb import MySQL

import MySQLdb.cursors

import re

from flask_db2 import DB2

import ibm_db

import ibm_db_dbi

from sendemail import sendgridmail, sendmail

```
# from gevent.pywsgi import WSGIServer
```

```
import os
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
```

```
app.secret_key = 'a'
```

```
# app.config['MYSQL_HOST'] = 'remotemysql.com'
```

```
# app.config['MYSQL_USER'] = 'D2DxDUPBii'
```

```
# app.config['MYSQL_PASSWORD'] = 'r8XBO4GsMz'
```

```
# app.config['MYSQL_DB'] = 'D2DxDUPBii'
```

```
.....
```

```
dsn_hostname = "3883e7e4-18f5-4afe-be8c-fa31c41761d2.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud"
```

```
dsn_uid = "sbb93800"
```

```
dsn_pwd = "wobsVLm6ccFxcNLe"
```

```
dsn_driver = "{IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}"
```

```
dsn_database = "bludb"
```

```
dsn_port = "31498"
```

```
dsn_protocol = "tcpip"
```

```
dsn = (
```

```
    "DRIVER={0};"
```

```
    "DATABASE={1};"
```

```
"HOSTNAME={2};"
```

```
"PORT={3};"
```

```
"PROTOCOL={4};"
```

```
"UID={5};"
```

```
"PWD={6};"
```

```
).format(dsn_driver, dsn_database, dsn_hostname, dsn_port, dsn_protocol, dsn_uid,  
dsn_pwd)
```

```
.....
```

```
# app.config['DB2_DRIVER'] = '{IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}'
```

```
app.config['database'] = 'bludb'
```

```
app.config['hostname'] = '3883e7e4-18f5-4afe-be8c-  
fa31c41761d2.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud'
```

```
app.config['port'] = '31498'
```

```
app.config['protocol'] = 'tcpip'
```

```
app.config['uid'] = 'sbb93800'
```

```
app.config['pwd'] = 'wobsVLm6ccFxcNLe'
```

```
app.config['security'] = 'SSL'
```

```
try:
```

```
    mysql = DB2(app)
```

```
conn_str='database=bludb;hostname=3883e7e4-18f5-4afe-be8c  
fa31c41761d2.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud;port=31498;protocol  
=tcpip;uid=sbb93800;pwd=wobsVLm6ccFxcNLe;security=SSL'
```

```
    ibm_db_conn = ibm_db.connect(conn_str,"")
```

```
    print("Database connected without any error !!")
```

```
except:
```

```
print("IBM DB Connection error : " + DB2.conn_errormsg())
```

```
# app.config["]
```

```
# mysql = MySQL(app)
```

```
#HOME--PAGE
```

```
@app.route("/home")
```

```
def home():
```

```
    return render_template("homepage.html")
```

```
@app.route("/")
```

```
def add():
```

```
    return render_template("home.html")
```

```
#SIGN--UP--OR--REGISTER
```

```
@app.route("/signup")
```

```
def signup():
```

```
    return render_template("signup.html")
```



```

@app.route('/register', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def register():
    msg = "
    print("Break point1")
    if request.method == 'POST' :
        username = request.form['username']
        email = request.form['email']
        password = request.form['password']

        print("Break point2" + "name: " + username + "-----" + email + "-----" + password)

    try:
        print("Break point3")
        connectionID = ibm_db_dbi.connect(conn_str, "", "")
        cursor = connectionID.cursor()
        print("Break point4")
    except:
        print("No connection Established")

    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
    # with app.app_context():
    #     print("Break point3")
    #     cursor = ibm_db_conn.cursor()

```

```
# print("Break point4")
```

```
print("Break point5")
```

```
sql = "SELECT * FROM register WHERE username = ?"
```

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
```

```
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
result = ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
print(result)
```

```
account = ibm_db.fetch_row(stmt)
```

```
print(account)
```

```
param = "SELECT * FROM register WHERE username = " + "\"" + username + "\""
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
print("---- ")
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
while dictionary != False:
```

```
    print("The ID is : ", dictionary["USERNAME"])
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
# dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(result)
```

```
# cursor.execute(stmt)
```

```
# account = cursor.fetchone()
```

```
# print(account)
```

```

# while ibm_db.fetch_row(result) != False:

#     # account = ibm_db.result(stmt)

#     print(ibm_db.result(result, "username"))


# print(dictionary["username"])

print("break point 6")

if account:

    msg = 'Username already exists !'

elif not re.match(r'^[@]+\.[^@]+', email):

    msg = 'Invalid email address !'

elif not re.match(r'[A-Za-z0-9]+', username):

    msg = 'name must contain only characters and numbers !'

else:

    sql2 = "INSERT INTO register (username, email,password) VALUES (?, ?, ?)"

    stmt2 = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql2)

    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt2, 1, username)

    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt2, 2, email)

    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt2, 3, password)

    ibm_db.execute(stmt2)

    # cursor.execute('INSERT INTO register VALUES (NULL, % s, % s, % s)',
(username, email,password))

    # mysql.connection.commit()

    msg = 'You have successfully registered !'

return render_template('signup.html', msg = msg)

```

```
#LOGIN--PAGE
```

```
@app.route("/signin")
```

```
def signin():
```

```
    return render_template("login.html")
```

```
@app.route('/login',methods =['GET', 'POST'])
```

```
def login():
```

```
    global userid
```

```
    msg = "
```

```
if request.method == 'POST' :
```

```
    username = request.form['username']
```

```
    password = request.form['password']
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
        # cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM register WHERE username = % s AND  
password = % s', (username, password ),)
```

```
    # account = cursor.fetchone()
```

```
    # print (account)
```

```
sql = "SELECT * FROM register WHERE username = ? and password = ?"
```

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
```

```
result = ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
print(result)
```

```
account = ibm_db.fetch_row(stmt)
```

```
print(account)
```

```
param = "SELECT * FROM register WHERE username = " + "\"" + username + "\"" +  
+ " and password = " + "\"" + password + "\""
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
# sendmail("hello sakthi","sivasakthisairam@gmail.com")
```

```
if account:
```

```
    session['loggedin'] = True
```

```
    session['id'] = dictionary["ID"]
```

```
    userid = dictionary["ID"]
```

```
    session['username'] = dictionary["USERNAME"]
```

```
    session['email'] = dictionary["EMAIL"]
```

```
    return redirect('/home')
```

```
else:
```

```
msg = 'Incorrect username / password !'
```

```
return render_template('login.html', msg = msg)
```

```
#ADDING----DATA
```

```
@app.route("/add")
```

```
def adding():
```

```
    return render_template('add.html')
```

```
@app.route('/addexpense',methods=['GET', 'POST'])
```

```
def addexpense():
```

```
    date = request.form['date']
```

```
    expensename = request.form['expensename']
```

```

amount = request.form['amount']

paymode = request.form['paymode']

category = request.form['category']


print(date)

p1 = date[0:10]

p2 = date[11:13]

p3 = date[14:]

p4 = p1 + "-" + p2 + "." + p3 + ".00"

print(p4)

# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

# cursor.execute('INSERT INTO expenses VALUES (NULL, % s, % s, % s, % s, % s,
% s)', (session['id'], date, expensename, amount, paymode, category))

# mysql.connection.commit()

# print(date + " " + expensename + " " + amount + " " + paymode + " " + category)


sql = "INSERT INTO expenses (userid, date, expensename, amount, paymode,
category) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?)"

stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, session['id'])

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, p4)

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, expensename)

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, amount)

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, paymode)

ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, category)

```

```
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
print("Expenses added")
```

```
# email part
```

```
param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND  
MONTH(date) = MONTH(current timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current  
timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
expense = []
```

```
while dictionary != False:
```

```
    temp = []
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
```

```
    expense.append(temp)
```

```
    print(temp)
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```



```
total=0
```

```
for x in expense:
```

```
    total += x[4]
```

```
    param = "SELECT id, limitss FROM limits WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + "  
ORDER BY id DESC LIMIT 1"
```

```
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
    row = []
```

```
    s = 0
```

```
    while dictionary != False:
```

```
        temp = []
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["LIMITSS"])
```

```
        row.append(temp)
```

```
        dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
        s = temp[0]
```

```
    if total > int(s):
```

```
        msg = "Hello " + session['username'] + " , " + "you have crossed the monthly limit  
of Rs. " + s + "/- !!!" + "\n" + "Thank you, " + "\n" + "Team Personal Expense Tracker."
```

```
        sendmail(msg,session['email'])
```

```
    return redirect("/display")
```

#DISPLAY---graph

@app.route("/display")

def display():

print(session["username"],session['id'])

cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s AND date
ORDER BY `expenses`.`date` DESC',(str(session['id'])))

expense = cursor.fetchall()

param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + "
ORDER BY date DESC"

res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)

dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

expense = []

while dictionary != False:

temp = []

temp.append(dictionary["ID"])

temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])

temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])

temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])

temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])

temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])

```
temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
```

```
expense.append(temp)
```

```
print(temp)
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
return render_template('display.html' ,expense = expense)
```

```
#delete---the--data
```

```
@app.route('/delete/<string:id>', methods = ['POST', 'GET' ])
```

```
def delete(id):
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
    # cursor.execute('DELETE FROM expenses WHERE id = {}'.format(id))
```

```
    # mysql.connection.commit()
```

```
param = "DELETE FROM expenses WHERE id = " + id
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
print('deleted successfully')
```

```
return redirect("/display")
```

#UPDATE---DATA

```
@app.route('/edit/<id>', methods = ['POST', 'GET' ])
```

```
def edit(id):
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
    # cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE id = %s', (id,))
```

```
    # row = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
    param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE id = " + id
```

```
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
    row = []
```

```
    while dictionary != False:
```

```
        temp = []
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
```

```
        row.append(temp)
```

```
    print(temp)
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
print(row[0])

return render_template('edit.html', expenses = row[0])
```

```
@app.route('/update/<id>', methods = ['POST'])
def update(id):
    if request.method == 'POST' :

        date = request.form['date']
        expensename = request.form['expensename']
        amount = request.form['amount']
        paymode = request.form['paymode']
        category = request.form['category']

        # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

        # cursor.execute("UPDATE `expenses` SET `date` = % s , `expensename` = % s ,
`amount` = % s, `paymode` = % s, `category` = % s WHERE `expenses`.`id` = % s
",(date, expensename, amount, str(paymode), str(category),id))

        # mysql.connection.commit()

        p1 = date[0:10]
        p2 = date[11:13]
        p3 = date[14:]
```

```
p4 = p1 + "-" + p2 + "." + p3 + ".00"
```

```
sql = "UPDATE expenses SET date = ? , expensename = ? , amount = ? , paymode  
= ? , category = ? WHERE id = ?"
```

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, p4)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, expensename)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, amount)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, paymode)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, category)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, id)
```

```
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
print('successfully updated')
```

```
return redirect("/display")
```

```
#limit
```

```
@app.route("/limit" )
```

```

def limit():
    return redirect('/limitn')

@app.route("/limitnum" , methods = ['POST' ])
def limitnum():
    if request.method == "POST":
        number= request.form['number']

        # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

        # cursor.execute('INSERT INTO limits VALUES (NULL, % s, % s) ',(session['id'],
number))

        # mysql.connection.commit()

        sql = "INSERT INTO limits (userid, limitss) VALUES (?, ?)"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, session['id'])
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, number)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)

        return redirect('/limitn')

@app.route("/limitn")
def limitn():
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

    # cursor.execute('SELECT limitss FROM `limits` ORDER BY `limits`.`id` DESC LIMIT

```

1')

```
# x= cursor.fetchone()
```

```
# s = x[0]
```

```
param = "SELECT id, limitss FROM limits WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + "  
ORDER BY id DESC LIMIT 1"
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
row = []
```

```
s = "/-"
```

```
while dictionary != False:
```

```
    temp = []
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary["LIMITSS"])
```

```
    row.append(temp)
```

```
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
    s = temp[0]
```

```
return render_template("limit.html" , y= s)
```

```
#REPORT
```

```
@app.route("/today")
```

```
def today():
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
    # cursor.execute('SELECT TIME(date) , amount FROM expenses WHERE userid
```



```

= %s AND DATE(date) = DATE(NOW()) ',(str(session['id'])))

# texpanse = cursor.fetchall()

# print(texpanse)


param1 = "SELECT TIME(date) as tn, amount FROM expenses WHERE userid = "
+ str(session['id']) + " AND DATE(date) = DATE(current timestamp) ORDER BY date
DESC"

res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)

dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)

texpanse = []


while dictionary1 != False:

    temp = []

    temp.append(dictionary1["TN"])

    temp.append(dictionary1["AMOUNT"])

    texpanse.append(temp)

    print(temp)

    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)


# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s AND
DATE(date) = DATE(NOW()) AND date ORDER BY `expenses`.`date`
DESC',(str(session['id'])))

# expense = cursor.fetchall()


param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND
DATE(date) = DATE(current timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"

```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
expense = []
while dictionary != False:
    temp = []
    temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
    temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
    temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
    expense.append(temp)
    print(temp)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
total=0
t_food=0
t_entertainment=0
t_business=0
t_rent=0
t_EMI=0
t_other=0
```

```
for x in expense:
    total += x[4]
    if x[6] == "food":
        t_food += x[4]

    elif x[6] == "entertainment":
        t_entertainment += x[4]

    elif x[6] == "business":
        t_business += x[4]
    elif x[6] == "rent":
        t_rent += x[4]

    elif x[6] == "EMI":
        t_EMI += x[4]

    elif x[6] == "other":
        t_other += x[4]

print(total)

print(t_food)
print(t_entertainment)
print(t_business)
```

```
print(t_rent)
print(t_EMI)
print(t_other)
```

```
return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse, expense = expense,
total = total ,
```

```
    t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
    t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
    t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )
```

```
@app.route("/month")
```

```
def month():
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
    # cursor.execute('SELECT DATE(date), SUM(amount) FROM expenses WHERE
userid= %s AND MONTH(DATE(date))= MONTH(now()) GROUP BY DATE(date)
ORDER BY DATE(date) ',(str(session['id'])))
```

```
    # texpanse = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
    # print(texpanse)
```

```
    param1 = "SELECT DATE(date) as dt, SUM(amount) as tot FROM expenses
WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND MONTH(date) = MONTH(current
timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp) GROUP BY DATE(date)
ORDER BY DATE(date)"
```

```
    res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)
```

```
dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
```

```
texpanse = []
```

```
while dictionary1 != False:
```

```
    temp = []
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary1["DT"])
```

```
    temp.append(dictionary1["TOT"])
```

```
    texpanse.append(temp)
```

```
    print(temp)
```

```
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
```

```
# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s AND  
MONTH(date)= MONTH(now()) AND date ORDER BY `expenses`.`date`  
DESC',(str(session['id'])))
```

```
# expense = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND  
MONTH(date) = MONTH(current timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current  
timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"
```

```
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
expense = []
```

```
while dictionary != False:
```

```
    temp = []
```

```
temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
expense.append(temp)
print(temp)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
total=0
t_food=0
t_entertainment=0
t_business=0
t_rent=0
t_EMI=0
t_other=0
```

```
for x in expense:
    total += x[4]
    if x[6] == "food":
        t_food += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "entertainment":
```

```
    t_entertainment += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "business":
```

```
    t_business += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "rent":
```

```
    t_rent += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "EMI":
```

```
    t_EMI += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "other":
```

```
    t_other += x[4]
```

```
print(total)
```

```
print(t_food)
```

```
print(t_entertainment)
```

```
print(t_business)
```

```
print(t_rent)
```

```
print(t_EMI)
```

```
print(t_other)
```

```
return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse, expense = expense,
```

```
total = total ,
```

```
    t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
```

```
    t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
```

```
    t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )
```

```
@app.route("/year")
```

```
def year():
```

```
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
    # cursor.execute('SELECT MONTH(date), SUM(amount) FROM expenses WHERE  
userid= %s AND YEAR(DATE(date))= YEAR(now()) GROUP BY MONTH(date) ORDER  
BY MONTH(date) ',(str(session['id'])))
```

```
    # texpanse = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
    # print(texpanse)
```

```
    param1 = "SELECT MONTH(date) as mn, SUM(amount) as tot FROM expenses  
WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp)  
GROUP BY MONTH(date) ORDER BY MONTH(date)"
```

```
    res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)
```

```
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
```

```
    texpanse = []
```

```
    while dictionary1 != False:
```

```
        temp = []
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary1["MN"])
```

```
        temp.append(dictionary1["TOT"])
```

```
        texpanse.append(temp)
```



```

print(temp)

dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)


# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()

# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s AND
YEAR(DATE(date))= YEAR(now()) AND date ORDER BY `expenses`.`date`
DESC',(str(session['id'])))

# expense = cursor.fetchall()


param = "SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND
YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"

res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)

dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

expense = []

while dictionary != False:

    temp = []

    temp.append(dictionary["ID"])

    temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])

    temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])

    temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])

    temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])

    temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])

    temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])

    expense.append(temp)

    print(temp)

```

```
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
total=0
```

```
t_food=0
```

```
t_entertainment=0
```

```
t_business=0
```

```
t_rent=0
```

```
t_EMI=0
```

```
t_other=0
```

```
for x in expense:
```

```
    total += x[4]
```

```
    if x[6] == "food":
```

```
        t_food += x[4]
```

```
    elif x[6] == "entertainment":
```

```
        t_entertainment += x[4]
```

```
    elif x[6] == "business":
```

```
        t_business += x[4]
```

```
    elif x[6] == "rent":
```

```
        t_rent += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "EMI":
```

```
    t_EMI += x[4]
```

```
elif x[6] == "other":
```

```
    t_other += x[4]
```

```
print(total)
```

```
print(t_food)
```

```
print(t_entertainment)
```

```
print(t_business)
```

```
print(t_rent)
```

```
print(t_EMI)
```

```
print(t_other)
```

```
    return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse, expense = expense,  
total = total ,
```

```
        t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
```

```
        t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
```

```
        t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )
```

```
#log-out
```

```
@app.route('/logout')
```

```
def logout():  
    session.pop('loggedin', None)  
    session.pop('id', None)  
    session.pop('username', None)  
    session.pop('email', None)  
    return render_template('home.html')  
  
port = os.getenv('VCAP_APP_PORT', '8080')  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    app.secret_key = os.urandom(12)  
    app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0', port=port)
```

7.2 Feature 2

Email notifications will be sent to the users once they cross the expenditure limit through send grid mail system. Most notifications are transactional, meaning a recipient's action or account activity triggers them. But some notifications are marketing related, encouraging the recipient to take a specific action. Ecommerce product notifications inform recipients about new products or discounts. Plus, unlike general marketing emails, these are highly personalized and focus on a single product. For example, if a customer views an item on your website and that item goes on sale, you can send the customer a notification to let them know this is the best time to buy. Users can also opt into receiving notifications when an out-of-stock item is back in stock. Notification emails tend to perform well because the content is highly relevant to the recipient. recipient. But the only way for the recipient to know this is if you state the content clearly in the subject line. For example, the subject line "New Sign-in to Your Account" gets straight to the point, letting the user know why you sent this

SendMail.py

```
import smtplib
import sendgrid as sg
import os

from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail, Email, To, Content

SUBJECT = "expense tracker"

s = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)

def sendmail(TEXT,email):

    print("sorry we cant process your candidature")

    s = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)

    s.starttls()

    # s.login("il.tproduct8080@gmail.com", "oms@1Ram")

    s.login("tproduct8080@gmail.com", "lxixbmpnexbkiemh")

    message = 'Subject: {}\n\n{}'.format(SUBJECT, TEXT)

    # s.sendmail("il.tproduct8080@gmail.com", email, message)

    s.sendmail("il.tproduct8080@gmail.com", email, message)

    s.quit()

def sendgridmail(user,TEXT):
```

```
# from_email = Email("shridhartp24@gmail.com")
from_email = Email("tproduct8080@gmail.com")
to_email = To(user)
subject = "Sending with SendGrid is Fun"
content = Content("text/plain",TEXT)
mail = Mail(from_email, to_email, subject, content)
# Get a JSON-ready representation of the Mail object
mail_json = mail.get()
# Send an HTTP POST request to /mail/send
response = sg.client.mail.send.post(request_body=mail_json)
print(response.status_code)
print(response.headers)
```

7.3 Database Schema

Tables :

REGISTER

id INT NOT NULL GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY,
username VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
email VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL

EXPENSES

id INT NOT NULL GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY,
userid INT NOT NULL,
date TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
expensename VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
amount INT NOT NULL,
paymode VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
category VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL

LIMITS

id INT NOT NULL GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY,
userid VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,

limitss VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL

8.TESTING

8.1Test Cases

| Test Case ID | Purpose | Test Cases | Result |
|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| TC1 | Authentication | Password with length less than 4 characters | Password cannot be less than 4 characters |
| TC2 | Authentication | User name with length less than 2 characters | User name cannot be less than 2 Characters |
| TC3 | Authentication | Valid user name with minimum 2 characters | User name Accepted |
| TC4 | Authentication | User name left blank | User name cannot be less than 2 characters |
| TC5 | Authentication | Password field left blank | Password cannot be empty |
| TC6 | Authentication | Minimum 4 characters valid password | Password Accepted |
| TC7 | Authentication | Password and Confirm password did not match | Please enter same password |
| TC8 | Authentication | Confirm Password field left blank | Please enter same password |

8.2.User Acceptance Testing

| Technical Requirment Document (TSD) | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Test Case ID | Test Case Description |
| TC_001 | Verify if user is able to order single product. |
| TC_002 | Verify if user is able to order multiple products. |
| TC_003 | Verify if user can apply single or multiple filters |
| TC_004 | Verify if user can apply different sort by |
| TC_005 | Verify if user is able to pay by Master Card |
| TC_006 | Verify if user is able to pay by Debit Card |
| TC_007 | Verify if user is able to pay fully by reward points |
| TC_008 | Verify if user is able to pay partially by reward points |

9.RESULTS

9.1.Performance Metrics

- i. Tracking income and expenses: Monitoring the income and tracking all expenditures (through bank accounts, mobile wallets, and credit & debit cards).
- ii. Transaction Receipts: Capture and organize your payment receipts to keep track of your expenditure.
- iii. Organizing Taxes: Import your documents to the expense tracking app, and it will streamline your income and expenses under the appropriate tax categories.
- iv. Payments & Invoices: Accept and pay from credit cards, debit cards, net banking, mobile wallets, and bank transfers, and track the status of your invoices and bills in the mobile app itself. Also, the tracking app sends reminders for payments and automatically matches the payments with invoices.
- v. Reports: The expense tracking app generates and sends reports to give a detailed insight about profits, losses, budgets, income, balance sheets, etc.,
- vi. E-commerce integration: Integrate your expense tracking app with your eCommerce store and track your sales

through payments received via multiple payment methods.

- vii. Vendors and Contractors: Manage and track all the payments to the vendors and contractors added to the mobile app.
- viii. Access control: Increase your team productivity by providing access control to particular users through custom permissions.
- ix. Track Projects: Determine project profitability by tracking labor costs, payroll, expenses, etc., of your ongoing project.
- x. Inventory tracking: An expense tracking app can do it all. Right from tracking products or the cost of goods, sending alert notifications when the product is running out of stock or the product is not selling, to purchase orders.
- xi. In-depth insights and analytics: Provides in-built tools to generate.
- xii. Recurrent Expenses: Rely on your budgeting app to track, streamline, and automate all the recurrent expenses and remind you on a timely

basis.

10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

1. **Achieve your business goals** with a tailored mobile app that perfectly fits your business.
2. **Scale-up** at the pace your business is growing.
3. Deliver an **outstanding** customer experience through additional control over the app.
4. Control the **security** of your business and customer data.
5. Open **direct marketing channels** with no extra costs with methods such as push notifications.
6. **Boost the productivity** of all the processes within the organization.
7. Increase **efficiency** and **customer satisfaction** with an app aligned to their needs.
8. **Seamlessly integrate** with existing infrastructure.
9. Ability to provide **valuable insights**.

11 .CONCLUSION

From this project, we are able to manage and keep tracking the daily expenses as well as income. While making this project, we gained a lot of experience of working as a team. We discovered various predicted and unpredictable problems and we enjoyed a lot solving them as a team. We adopted things like video tutorials, text tutorials, internet and learning materials to make our project complete.

12.FUTURE SCOPE

The project assists well to record the income and expenses in general. However, this project has some limitations:

1. The application is unable to maintain the backup of data once it is uninstalled.
2. This application does not provide higher decision capability. To further enhance the capability of this application, we recommend the following features to be incorporated into the system:
3. Multiple language interface.
4. Provide backup and recovery of data.
5. Provide better user interface for user.

6. Mobile apps advantage.

13.APPENDIX

Source Code Github Link

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-46011-1660734557>

Demo Link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1h1Fo7T2GkPEQNjaRVVx8DWuJozP_4Bv2/view?usp=drivesdk