

# EARLY DETECTION OF FOREST FIRE USING DEEP LEARNING

## MODEL

## BUILDING SAVE

## THE MODEL

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ProjectName	Project-Early detection of forest fire using deeplearning

## SAVE THE MODEL

Your model is to be saved for future purposes. This saved model also is integrated with an android application or web application in order to predict something.

## IMPORT LIBRARIES:

11/7/22, 12:35 AM

Untitled8.ipynb - Colaboratory

### ▼ Importing Keras libraries

```
import keras
```

### ▼ Importing ImageDataGenerator from Keras

```
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

## IMPORT ImageDataGenerator FROM KERAS:

### ▼ Importing Keras libraries

```
[1] import keras
```

### ▼ Importing ImageDataGenerator from Keras

```
[13] from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

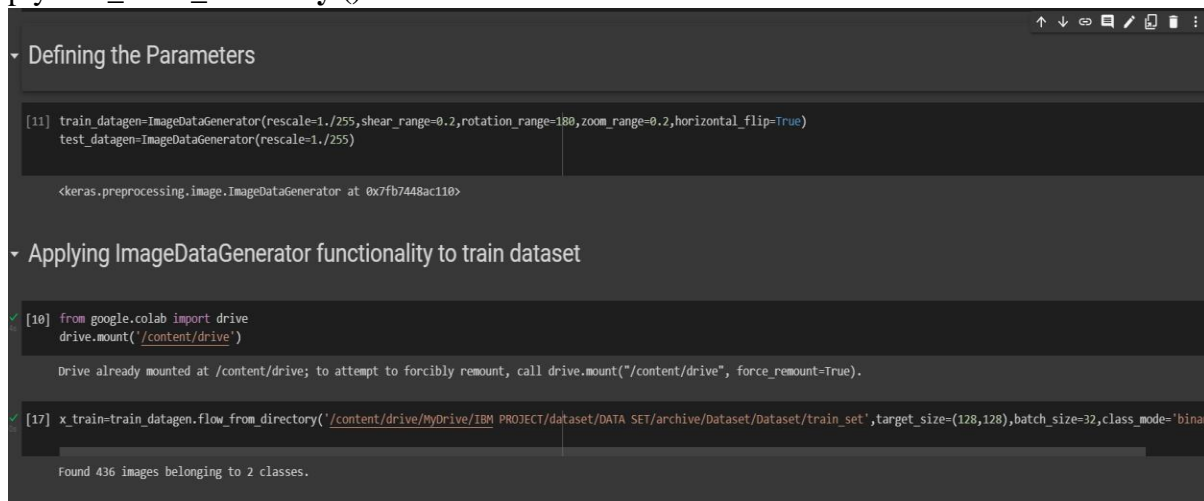
### ▼ Defining the Parameters

```
train_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear_range=0.2, rotation_range=180, zoom_range=0.2, horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

```
<keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator at 0x7fb7448ac110>
```

## APPLYING ImageDataGenerator to train dataset:

ply `flow_from_directory()` method for Train folder.



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with two code cells. The first cell, titled 'Defining the Parameters', defines `train_datagen` and `test_datagen` using `ImageDataGenerator` with parameters for rescaling, shearing, rotation, zooming, and horizontal flipping. The second cell, titled 'Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to train dataset', mounts Google Drive and uses `flow_from_directory` to load training data from a specific directory. The output of the second cell indicates that 436 images were found belonging to 2 classes.

```
[11] train_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, shear_range=0.2, rotation_range=180, zoom_range=0.2, horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

<keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator at 0x7fb7448ac110>
```

Defining the Parameters

```
[10] from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

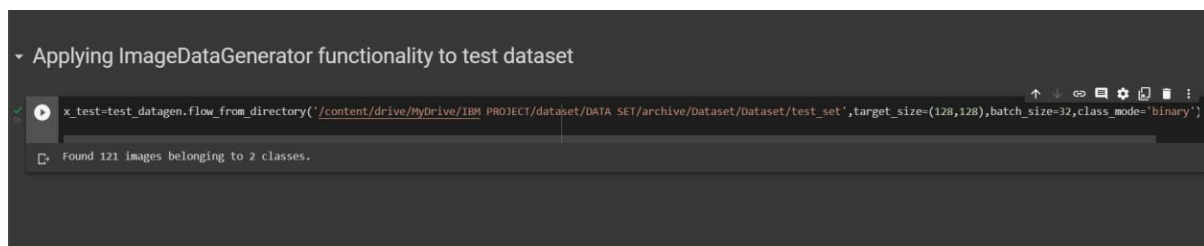
Drive already mounted at /content/drives; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).
```

```
[17] x_train=train_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/train_set', target_size=(128,128), batch_size=32, class_mode='binary')

Found 436 images belonging to 2 classes.
```

## APPLYING ImageDataGenerator to test dataset:

Applying the `flow_from_directory()` method for test folder.



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with one code cell titled 'Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to test dataset'. The cell uses `flow_from_directory` to load testing data from a specific directory. The output indicates that 121 images were found belonging to 2 classes.

```
x_test=test_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM PROJECT/dataset/DATA SET/archive/Dataset/Dataset/test_set', target_size=(128,128), batch_size=32, class_mode='binary')
```

Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to test dataset

```
Found 121 images belonging to 2 classes.
```

## IMPORTING MODEL BUILDING LIBRARIES:

11/8/22, 1:16 AM

Main code - Colaboratory

### ▼ Importing Model Building Libraries

```
#to define the linear Initialisation import sequential
from keras.models import Sequential
#to add layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Dense
#to create Convolutional kernel import convolution2D
from keras.layers import Convolution2D
#import Maxpooling layer
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
#import flatten layer
from keras.layers import Flatten
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

## INITIALIZINGTHEMODEL:

### ▼ Initializing the model

```
model=Sequential()
```

## ADDINGCNNLAYERS:

### ▼ Adding CNN Layers

```
model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),input_shape=(128,128,3),activation='relu'))
#add maxpooling layers
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
#add faltten layer
model.add(Flatten())
```

## ADDINGDENSELAYERS:

### ▼ Add Dense layers

```
#add hidden layers
model.add(Dense(150,activation='relu'))
#add output layer
model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
```

## CONFIGURINGTHELEARNING PROCESS:

### ▼ configuring the learning process

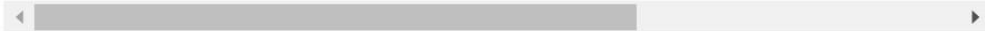
```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer="adam",metrics=["accuracy"])
```

## TRAINING THE MODEL:

### ▼ Training the model

```
model.fit_generator(x_train, steps_per_epoch=14, epochs=10, validation_data=x_test, validation_steps=7)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
14/14 [=====] - 322s 19s/step - loss: 1.5998 - accuracy: 0.70
Epoch 2/10
14/14 [=====] - 26s 2s/step - loss: 0.3427 - accuracy: 0.8625
Epoch 3/10
14/14 [=====] - 32s 2s/step - loss: 0.2979 - accuracy: 0.8857
Epoch 4/10
14/14 [=====] - 29s 2s/step - loss: 0.2585 - accuracy: 0.8929
Epoch 5/10
14/14 [=====] - 29s 2s/step - loss: 0.1926 - accuracy: 0.9243
Epoch 6/10
14/14 [=====] - 30s 2s/step - loss: 0.1971 - accuracy: 0.9264
Epoch 7/10
14/14 [=====] - 32s 2s/step - loss: 0.1781 - accuracy: 0.9286
Epoch 8/10
14/14 [=====] - 30s 2s/step - loss: 0.1796 - accuracy: 0.9243
Epoch 9/10
14/14 [=====] - 31s 2s/step - loss: 0.2306 - accuracy: 0.8964
Epoch 10/10
14/14 [=====] - 27s 2s/step - loss: 0.2593 - accuracy: 0.8895
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd537101390>
```



## SAVE THE MODEL:

### ▼ Save the model

```
model.save("forest.h5")
```