SMART SOLUTIONS FOR RAILWAYS



PET ENGINEERING COLLEGE

| Accredited by NAAC with 'B'
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A PROJECT REPORT

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INTRODUCTION

PROJECTOVERVIEW

Smart Solutions For Railways is to manage Indian Railways is the largest railway network in Asia and additionally world's second largest network operated underneath a single management. Due to its large size it is difficult to monitor the cracks in tracks manually. This paper deals with this problem and detects cracks in tracks with the help of ultrasonic sensor attached to moving assembly with help of stepper motor. Ultrasonic sensor allows the device to moves back and forth across the track and if there is any fault, it gives information to the cloud server through which railway department is informed on time about cracks and many lives can be saved. This is the application of IoT, due to this it is cost effective system. This effective methodology of continuous observation and assessment of rail tracks might facilitate to stop accidents. This methodology endlessly monitors the rail stress, evaluate the results and provide the rail break alerts such as potential buckling conditions, bending of rails and wheel impact load detection to the concerned authorities.

1.2. PURPOSE

Internet is basically system of interconnected computers through network. But now its use is changing with changing world and it is not just confined to emails or web browsing. Today's internet also deals with embedded sensors and has led to development of smart homes, smart rural area, e-health care's etc. and this introduced the concept of IoT. Internet of Things refers to interconnection or communication between two or more devices without humanto-human human-to-computer and interaction. Connected devices are equipped with sensors or actuators surroundings. perceive their IOT has four major components which include sensing the device, accessing the device, processing the information of the device, and provides application and services. In addition to this it also provides security and privacy of data. Automation has aspect of our daily lives. affected every More improvements are being introduced in almost all fields to reduce human effort and save time. Thinking of the same is trying to introduce automation in the field of track testing. Railroad track is an integral part of any company's asset base, since it provides them with the necessary business functionality. Problems that occur due to problems in railroads need to be overcome. The latest method used by the Indian railroad is the tracking of the train track which requires a lot of manpower and is time-consuming

In the Existing train tracks are manually researched.

LITERATURE SURVEY

EXISTINGSYSTEM

LED (Light Emitting Diode) and LDR (Light Dependent Resister) sensors cannot be implemented on the block of the tracks]. The input image processing is a clamorous system with high cost and does not give the exact result. The Automated Visual Test Method is a complicated method as the video color inspection is implemented to examine the cracks in rail track which does not give accurate result in bad weather. This traditional system delays transfer of information. Srivastava et al., (2017) proposed a moving gadget to detect the cracks with the help of an array of IR sensors to identify the actual position of the cracks as well as notify to nearest railway station. Mishra et al., (2019) developed a system to track the cracks with the help of Arduino mega power using solar

energy and laser. A GSM along with a GPS module was implemented to get the actual location of the faulty tracks to inform the authorities using SMS via a link to find actual location on Google Maps. Rizvi Aliza Raza presented a prototype in that is capable of capturing photos of the track and compare it with the old database and sends a message to the authorities regarding the crack detected. The detailed analysis of traditional railway track fault detection techniques is explained in table.

References

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Communication Control and

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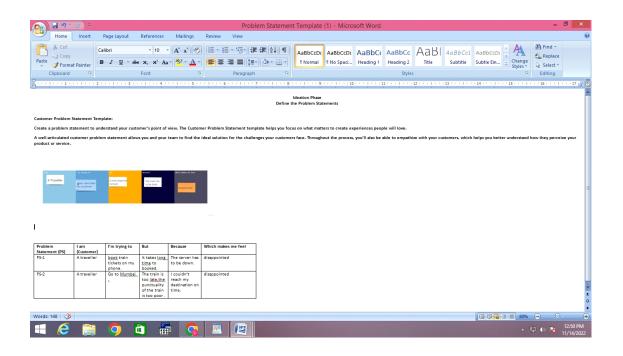
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2.3. PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Among the various modes of transport, railways is one of the biggest modes of transport in the world. Though there are competitive threats from airlines,luxury buses, public transports, and personalized transports the problem statement is to answer the question "What are the problems faced by the passengers while travelling by train at station and onboard



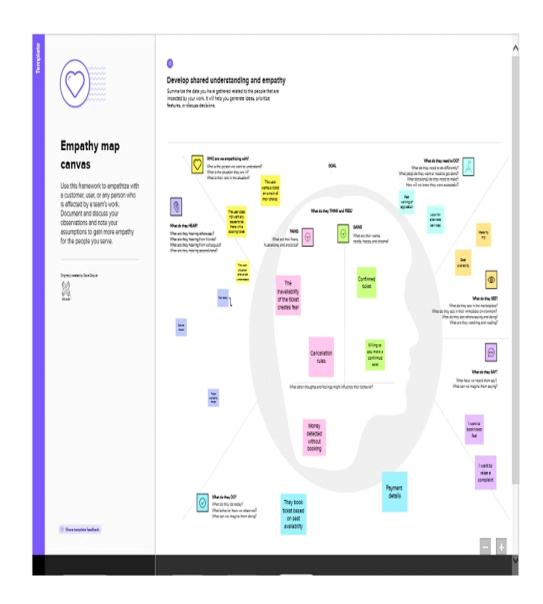
Problem Stateme n t (PS)	I am (Custome r)	I'm tryin g to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	A traveller	book train ticket son my phone.	It takes long time to booked.	The serverhas to be down.	disappoint ed
PS-2	A traveller	Go to Mumb ai .	The train istoo late, the punctuali t y of the train is too	I couldn't reach my destinati o n on time.	disappoint ed

	poor .	

IDEATION AND PROPOSEDSOLUTON

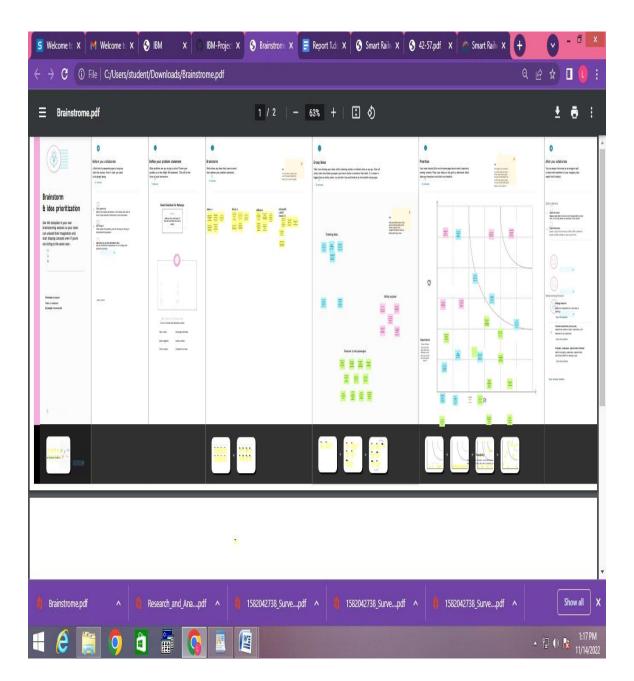
• EMPATHY MAPCANVAS

An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviors and attitudes. It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users. Empathy mapping is a simple workshop activity that can be done with stakeholders, marketing and sales, product development, or creative teams to build empathy for end users.



IDEATION &BRAINSTORMING

Brainstorming combines a relaxed, informal approach to problem solving with lateral thinking. It encourages people to come up with thoughts and ideas that can, at first, seem a bit crazy. Some of these ideas can be crafted into original, creative solutions to a problem, while others can spark even more ideas. This helps to get people unstuck by "jolting" them out of their normal ways of thinking.



• ProposedSolution

S.NO	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	While booking a train ticket the user takes long time to book and sometimes the ticket gets lost. As a solution for this an IOT based web application is introduced which reduces the work load and paper work.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Using this web app the user can check the seat availability while booking a ticket and instead of the ticket paper the QR code is developed for individual user.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	This web app enables the user to track the status as the GPS module is present and the status of the train is updated. By using this application user can know the current status like departures, arrivals, delays of the train and in this model the ticket paper is not needed.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	The loss of ticket paper at the last moment makes the user feel

stress and the user has to face the loss of pay. The poor punctuality of
the train makes the

		customer feel
		disappointed.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Increased efficiency:Congestion and over crowding create operational inefficiencies.Using deep learning and AI through computer vision,operators can monitor passenger flow and gather data for advanced analytics to help enable more- informed decision- making around staffing and security.
		Reduced downtime: Sensors, cameras and invehicle computers empower rail operators to monitor their fleets diagnostic data to minimize breakdowns,predict

	maintenance repairs and optimize servicing schedules to keep trains in working order and
	in working order and
	moving.

3.3. Problem

Solution Fit

1.customer segment

All Indian Railways passengers.

Problems

Smart solution for railways are designed to reduce the work load of theuser, also the use of paper and to improve the usability of ticket maintenanace.

Triggers

User may trigger while booking ticket, get a QR code , tracking trainlocation.

Available solution

Currently tickets are verified manually by cross checking ticket number,name etc. Train location can found manually

Problem Solution Fit:

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

All Indian Railways Passengers

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

Only one QR can be generated for one ticket. Customers are not allowed to recreate QR code.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Currently tickets are verified manually by cross checking ticker no, name etc... Train location can find manually

2. PROBLEMS

Smart Solutions for railways is designed to reduce the work load of the user, also the use of paper and to improve the usability of ticket maintenance.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

The main root cause is to find originality of the ticket by verifying manually and also finding train current location.

7. BEHAVIOUR

This method will perform actively in ticket counters and it also used to find location of the train.

Verification of the ticket will become easier.

3. TRIGGERS

Users may trigger while booking a ticked, get a QR code, tracking train location.

4. EMOTIONS : BEFORE / AFTER

Before: Customers may feel difficult in finding train details After: They can easily find train details, locations etc.

10. YOUR SOLUTION

Our project is to develop user friendly webpage and to generate QR code for each ticket and also find the location of the train by using that QR code.

8. CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR

Online: By booking tickers in online by entering all the data's of the passengers will be stored in database. Code is to find the location of the train.

Offline: Verification of the tickets will be easy to find the originality.

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

• Functional requirement

FR	Functional	Sub Requirement(Story/Sub-Task)
No.	Requirement(Epic)	
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through
		Gmail Registration
		through Facebook
		Registration through Mobile number

FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation
		via Email
		Confirmation
		via OTP
		Confirmation via call
FR-3	Journey details	Provides From and To information and
		date of travel.
FR-4	Select Trains	Select the appropriate trains among the
		list and Also based on these at availability.
		·
FR-5	Book and add	Fill the essential details such as
	passenger	name,contact details age,sex.
FR-6	Proceed to pay	Select an appropriate payment
		options among UPI ,Internet
		Banking ,credit card, debit card.
FR-7	Ticket confirmation	Ticket confirmation status is send to the
	and	irregistered email id
	Invoices	
FR-8	GPS	Tracking the live location and the status
		will be updated to the passengers.
FR-9	GSM	To get a wake up call alarm prior before
		the destination is reached.
FR-	Data base	Entire Journey details will be stored in
10	management	the server.
FR-	E-catering	Foods are available for the registered

passengers in an effective manner.

• Non-Functional requirements

FR	Non-	Description		
No.	Functional			
	Requirement			
NFR 1	- Usability	Availability of e-tickets with QR generation instead of physical one.		
NFR 2	- Security	It protects the details of a passengeragainst Eaves dropping and denial of service attacks.		
NFR 3	- Reliability	It enables the user to securely use theapp which provides maximum trust to the user.		
NFR 4	- Performance	No server down problems, many user can access at same the same time. Better		

		performance is provided.
NFR- 5	Availability	Accessibility through website orapplication anytime and from anywhere.
NFR-	Scalability	No of users concurrently interacting with our web application with higher reliability.

PROJECT DESIGN

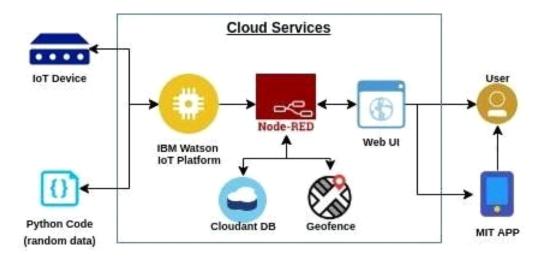
Data Flow Diagrams

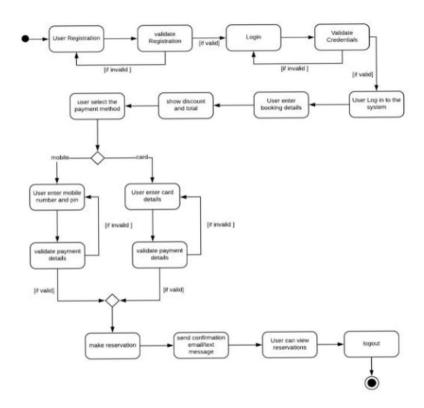
A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

DATAFLOWDIAGRAM

Solution & Technical architecture

Technical Architecture is the name of the total concept that is applied to the IT Infrastructure of an organization. IT Infrastructure is a coherent set of interconnected hardware and software, like networks, clouds, servers, clients, printers, tablet PC, smart phones.





User Stories

User	Function	User	User	Acceptance criteria	Pr	Rele
Type	al Require	Stor	Story/Task		io rit	ase
	ment(y			y	
	Epic)	Num				
		ber				
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			er, I	ername/email2.Pa		
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			createa	enterpassword4.Secu		
			login	rity		
				question5.Secu		
			als so I	rityanswer		
			can			
			securely			
			access			
			myself			
			service			
			online			
			account.	-		~ .
		USN-2	As a user, I			Sprin
				confirmation	gh	t-1
				email & click		
			email once I	confirm.		
			have			
			registered			
			for creating			
		LICNI 2	an account.	I con manister 0	тт:	Carrier
		USN-3				Sprin
			nicer i	access my	gh	t-2
			,	account by using		

		USN-4	also create an accou nt using Googl e. As a user, I can also create an accou nt using Face	access my	Sprin t-3
Lo	ogin	USN-5	user ,I can logi n to	gygtem gothat my	Sprin t-1

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As a	
user, I	
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ed with	
it.	
As a user, I	
can reset my	
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d if I	
U 11 1	
have	
forgotten	

	MyAccou nt	USN-6	my passwor d. As a user, I can view my personal account. As a user, I	I can use my personal Account for booking process.		Sprin t-1
			can edit my Profile.			
Custo mer CareE xecu tive		CCE-1	As a custome r care executiv e, Ican take complai nts, answer calls from the custome rs regardin g all the queries.	Pays attention to customer satisfaction to understand what services need improve ments. Customer care executive should be able to assist theusers by easily.	Hi gh	

• PROJECT PLANNING AND DESIGNING

• Sprint planning and estimation

Spri nt	Functio nal Require me nt (Ep ic)	User Story Numb er	User Story Task	Sto ry Poi nt	Priori ty	Team Mem bers
Sprint -1	Registrati on	USN-1	As a user, I can register the application for a convenient use	2	High	2
Sprint -1		USN-2	As a user, I willreceive confirmatio n email once I have registered for the device.	1	High	1
Sprint -2		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the taking care of child tracking location.	2	Low	2
Sprint -1		USN-4	As a device, we cantrack them and share the notification the user.	2	Mediu m	2
Sprint	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can	1	High	1

-1	Byuser	log into the application . And they can track the location of the train by entering the trainnumber			
	Dashboar d	The user canget lots of notificat ion options, GPS tracker ,alarm in case of emerge ncy.	3	High	3

• SPRINT DELIVERYSCHEDULE

Sprin t	Tota l Stor y Poin ts	Duratio n	Sta rt Dat e	Sprint End Date (Planne d)	Story Points Completed (ason Planned En d Dat	Sprint Releas e Date (Actu al)
					Dat	

					e)	
Sprint -1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29Oct 22	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint	20	6 Days	31 Oct	05 Nov	20	05 Nov
-2			2022	2022		2022
Sprint	20	6 Days	07 Nov	12 Nov	19	12 Nov
-3			2022	2022		2022
Sprint -4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

• FEATURES

- FEATURE 1
- IOT device
- IBM Watson platform
- Node red
- Cloudant DB
- Web UI
- Geo fence
- MIT App
- Python code
 - FEATURE2
- Registration

- Login
- Verification
- Ticket Booking
- Payment
- Ticket Cancellation
- Adding Queries

Testcase ID	Feature Type	Component	TestScenario TestScenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	ExpectedResult	Actual Result	-	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N)	BUG	Executed By
2	UI	OTP	process				numbers, Gmail, Facebook or other social sites and to get oto number	expected	pass				NAVEENTR
3	Functional	OTP verification	Verify user otp using mail		Enter gmail id and enter password Cick submit	Username: abc@gmail.com password: Testing123	OTP verified is to be displayed	Working as expected	pass				KAVI S
4	Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log into application with InValid credentials		Enter into log in page Click on My Account dropdown button S.Enter IniValid username/email in Email text box 4. Enter valid password in password text box S.Click on login button	Usemame: abc@gmail password: Testing123	Application should show Incorrect email or password "validation message.	Working as expected	pass			3	NITHINRAJ R
5	Functional	Display Train details	The user can view about the available train details	suce sit exece	1. As a user, I can enter the startand destination to get the list of trains available connecting the above	Usemame: abc@gmail.com password: Testing 123678686786876876	A user can view about the available trains to enter start and destination details	Working as expected	fail				NITHINRAAJJ

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SPRINT -2

Test case ID	Feature Type	Componen	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N)	BUGID	Executed By
1	Functional	Booking	user can provide the basic details such as a name, age, gender etc		Enter method of reservation Enter name.age.gender S.Enter how many tickets wants to be booked Also enter the number member's details like name.age.gender		Tickets booked to be displayed	Working as expected	Pass				NAVEEN T R
2	UI	Booking seats	User can choose the class, seat/berth. If a preferred seat/berth isn't available I can be allocated based on the		1, known to which the seats are available		known to which the seats are available	Working as expected	pass				NITHINRAAJ J
3	Functional	Payment	user, I can choose to pay through credit Card/debit card/UPI.		1.user can choose payment method 2.pay using thit method		payment for the booked tickets to be done using payment method through either the following methods credit Card/debit	Working as expected	pass				KAVI S
4	Functional	Redirection	user can be redirected to the selected		1.After payment the usre will be redirected to the previous page		After payment the usre will be redirected to the previous page	Working as expected	pass				NITHINRAJ R

SPRINT -3

Test case ID	Feature Type	Componen t	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N)	BUGID	Executed By
			during my journey.		4.Also enter the number member's details like name, age, gender								
2	UI	Ticket status	a usercan see the status of my ticket Whether it's confirmed/waiting/RAC		1.known to the status of the tivkets booked		known to the status of the tivkets booked	Working as expected	pass				NAVEEN TR
3	Functional	Remainder notificatio n			1.user can get reminder nofication		user can get reminder nofication	Working as expected	pass				NITHINRAJ R
4	Functional	GPS tracking	user can track the train using GPS and can get information such as ETA, Current stop and		1.tracking train for getting information		tracking process through GPS	Working as expected	pass				NITHINRAAJJ

SPRINT -4

Test case ID	Feature Type	Componen t	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N)	BUGID	Executed By
1	Functional	Ticket cancellatio	user can cancel my tickets there's any Change of plan		1 fickets to be cancelled		Tickets booked to be cancelled	Working as expected	Pass		7		N/THINRAL R
2	U	Raise queries	user can raise queries through the query box or via mail.		1, raise the queries		raise the queries	Working as expected	pass		*		NITHINRAAUJ
3	Functional	Answer the queries	user will answer the questions/doubts Raised by the customers.		Lanswer the queries		answer the queries	Working as expected	pass				KAWS
4	Functional		a user will feed information about the trains delays and add extra seats if a new compartment is added.		Linformation feeding on trains		information feeding on trains	Working as expected	pass				NAVEEN TR

• **RESULTS**

• PERFORMANCE METRICS



ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

10.1 ADVANTAGES

- Openness compatibility between different system modules, potentially from different/vendors;
- Orchestration ability to manage large numbers of devices, with full visibility overthem;
- Dynamic scaling ability to scale the system according to theapplication needs,

- through resource virtualization and cloud operation;
- Automation ability to automate parts
 of the system monitoring application,
 leading to better performance and lower
 operation costs.

10.2. DISADVANTAGES

- Approaches to flexible, effective, efficient, and low-costdata collection for both railway vehicles and infrastructure monitoring, using regular trains;
- Data processing, reduction, and analysis in local controllers, and subsequent sending of that data to the cloud, for further processing;
- Online data processing systems, for real-time

monitoring, using emerging

- Communication technologies;
- Integrated, interoperable, and scalable solutions for railwaysystems preventive maintenance.

CONCLUSION

Accidents occurring in Railway transportation system cost a large number of lives. So this system helps us to prevent accidents and giving information about faults or cracks in advance to railway authorities. So that they can fix them and accidents cases becomes less. This project is cost effective. By using more techniques they can be modified and developed according to their applications. By this system many lives can be saved by avoiding accidents. The idea can

be implemented in large scale in the long run to facilitate better safety standards for rail tracks and provide effective testing infrastructure for achieving better results in the future.

FUTURE SCOPE

In future CCTV systems with IP based camera can be used for monitoring the visual videos captured from the track. It will also increase security for both passengers and railways. GPS can also be used to detect exact location of track fault area, IP cameras can also be used to show fault with the help of video. Locations on Google maps with the help of sensors can be used to detect in which area track is broken.

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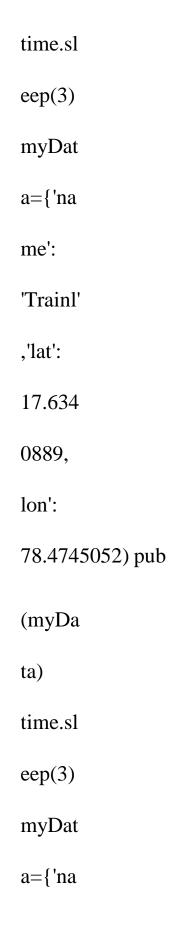
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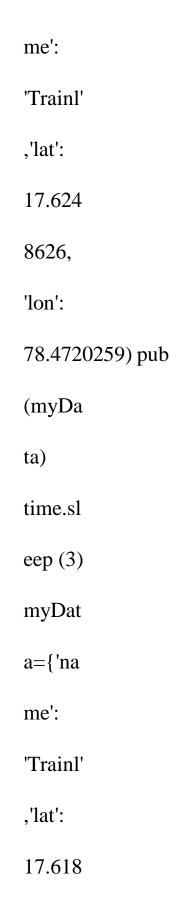
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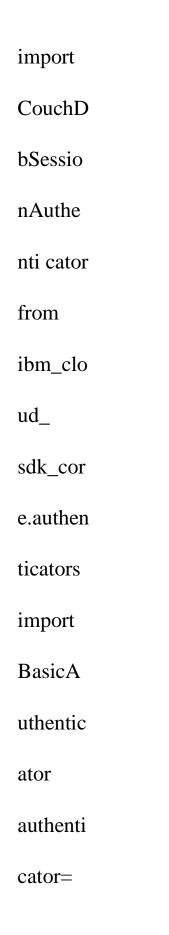


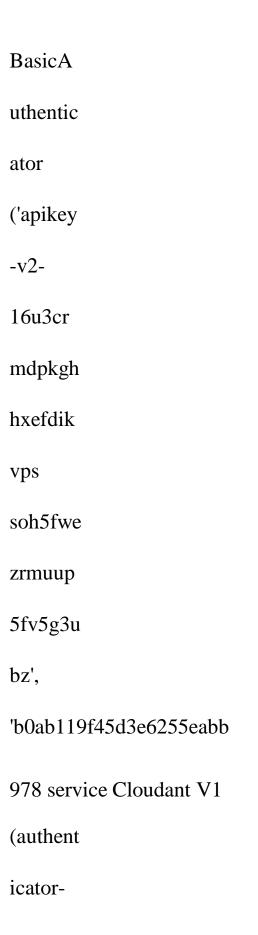


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78.4698726) pub
(myDat
a)
time.sle
ep (3)
myData
={'nam
e':
'Train1'
,'lat':
17.613
2382,
'lon':
78.4707318) pub
```

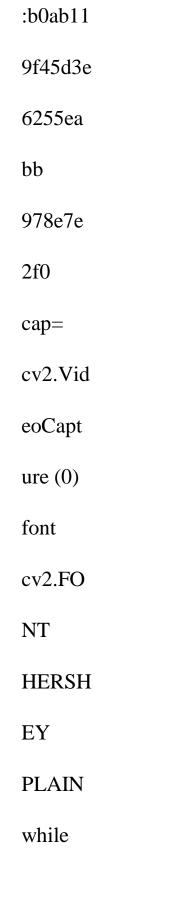
```
(myDat
a)
time.sle
ep (3)
client.c
omman
dCallba
ck
= my Command Callback \\
client.disconnect()
QR SCANNER CODE:
Import
cv2
import
numpy
as np
import
```

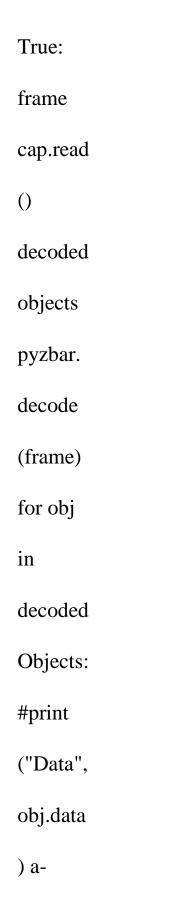
time Import pyzbar. pyzbar as pyzbar from ibmclou dant.clo udant_v 1 import Cloudan tV1 from ibmclou dant





authenti cator) service. set_serv ice_url(' htt ps://api key-v2-16u3cr mdpkgh hxefdik vps soh5fwe zrmuup 5fv5g3u bz

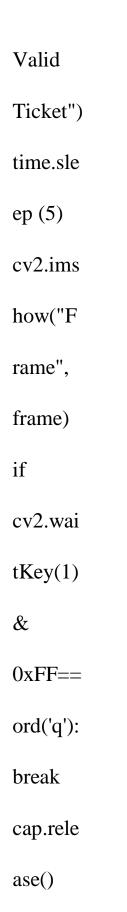




```
obj.data
.decode(
'UTF-8')
cv2.put
Text
(frame,
"Ticket"
, (50,
50),
font, 2,
(255, 0, 0), 3) #print (a)
try: response =
servic
e.get_
docu
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(
```

db='b ookin g, doc_i d = a).get_re sult() print (respon se) time.sle ep(5) except Excepti on as e: print

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cv2.dest
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import

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deviceCli =
  ibmiotf.device.Client(devi
```

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sys.exit()
# Connect
  and
  send a
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  "
  hello&
  quot;
  with
  value
  "
```

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   overpass_query}
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```

```
coords = []
if
   resp
   onse
   .stat
   us_c
   ode
   ==
   200:
data = response.json()
places =
   data.get
   ('e
   lements
   &#39;,
   [])
```

```
for place in
places:
coords.app
end((place[
&#39;1
   at'
  ],
   place[&
   #39;lon
   &#39;])
   )
print
   (&quo
   t;Got
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  'Longitude':
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            def
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           ck():
         print(&qu
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          ed gprs
         location =
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print(&quo
   t;Not
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   IoTF&q
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time.sleep(1)
   deviceCli.disconnect()
```