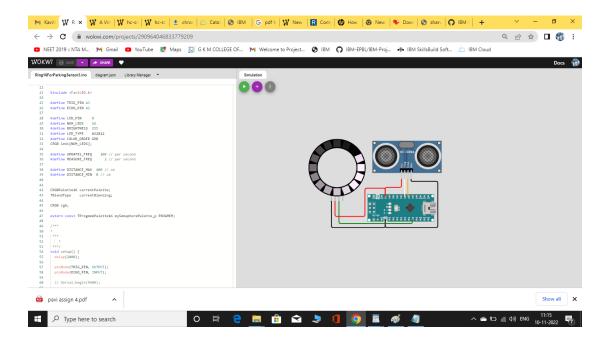
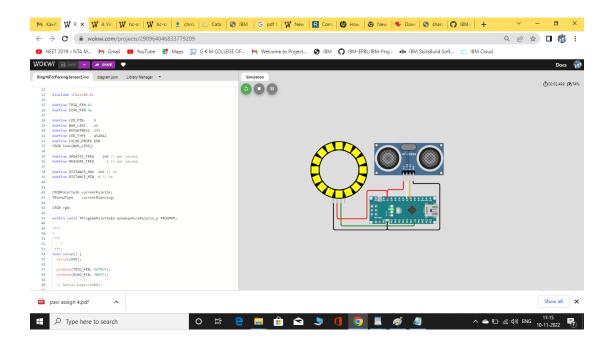
ASSIGNMENT 4

AssignmentDate	10 november2022
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Write code and connections in wokwi for ultrasonic sensor. Whenever distance is less than 100 cms send "alert" to ibm cloud and display in device recent events





```
#include <FastLED.h>
#define TRIG_PIN A3
#define ECHO_PIN A2
#define LED_PIN 8
#define NUM_LEDS 16
#define BRIGHTNESS 255
#define LED_TYPE WS2812
#define COLOR_ORDER GRB
CRGB leds[NUM_LEDS];
#define UPDATES_FREQ 100 // per second
#define MEASURE_FREQ
                      2 // per second
#define DISTANCE_MAX 400 // cm
#define DISTANCE_MIN 0 // cm
CRGBPalette16 currentPalette;
TBlendType currentBlending;
CRGB rgb;
extern const TProgmemPalette16 mySemaphorePalette_p PROGMEM;
```

```
***/
void setup() {
 delay(2000);
 pinMode(TRIG_PIN, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(ECHO_PIN, INPUT);
 // Serial.begin(9600);
 FastLED.addLeds<LED_TYPE, LED_PIN, COLOR_ORDER>(leds, NUM_LEDS); // .setCorrection(
TypicalLEDStrip );
 FastLED.setBrightness(BRIGHTNESS);
 currentPalette = mySemaphorePalette_p;
 currentBlending = LINEARBLEND;
 // blank
 FillColorDelay(CRGB::Yellow, 1000);
 // Serial.println(" [BEGIN] ");
 // blank
 FillColorDelay(CRGB::Black, 1000);
****/
void loop() {
 static unsigned int distance = 10;
 static uint8_t colorIndex;
 static byte offset = 0;
 static unsigned int offset_delay = 100;
                                            // rotation speed
 static unsigned long lastOffsetTime = 0;
                                             // last rotation change
 static unsigned long lastMeasureTime = 0;
                                              // last use of HC-SR04 sensor
 static unsigned long lastPrintTime = 0;
                                             // last Serial.print time
 // distance is 200-1500
 // ROTATION SPEED should change 20-1 rotation per second
 offset_delay = map( distance, 20, 400, 20, 100);
 if ( millis() - lastOffsetTime >= offset_delay ) {
  offset = (offset < NUM_LEDS - 1 ? offset + 1 : 0); // increment position
  lastOffsetTime = millis();
 }
 // Measure two times per second
 if (millis() - lastMeasureTime >= 1000 / MEASURE_FREQ) {
  distance = get distance();
  colorIndex = map(distance, DISTANCE_MIN, DISTANCE_MAX, 0, 240);
  // update palette
  newGradientPaletteByDistance(distance);
```

```
lastMeasureTime = millis();
 if ( distance > 30 ) {
  FillLEDsFromPalette( offset );
 } else if ( offset % 2 == 0 ) {
  FillColorDelay(CRGB::Blue,200);
  // fill_solid( leds, NUM_LEDS, CRGB::Blue);
 } else {
  FillColorDelay(CRGB::Red,200);
  // fill_solid( leds, NUM_LEDS, CRGB::Red);
 }
 // Print only for debugging
 // if (millis() - lastPrintTime >= 2000) {
 // Serial.print(" [ distance: ");
                                        Serial.print(distance, DEC);
 // Serial.print("mm o_delay: ");
                                          Serial.print(offset_delay, DEC);
 // Serial.print(" index: ");
                                       Serial.print(colorIndex, DEC);
 // Serial.println("]");
 // lastPrintTime = millis();
 //}
 FastLED.show();
 FastLED.delay(1000 / UPDATES FREQ);
}
// Get color mapped by distance and create gradient palette based by this color
void newGradientPaletteByDistance(int distance) {
 uint8_t xyz[12]; // Needs to be 4 times however many colors are being used.
 // 3 colors = 12, 4 colors = 16, etc.
 CRGB rgb;
 rgb = ColorFromPalette( mySemaphorePalette_p, map(distance, DISTANCE_MIN, DISTANCE_MAX, 0,
240), BRIGHTNESS, currentBlending);
 // index
 xyz[0] = 0;
              xyz[1] = rgb.r; xyz[2] = rgb.g; xyz[3] = rgb.b; // anchor of first color - must be zero
 xyz[4] = 40; xyz[5] = rgb.r; xyz[6] = rgb.g; xyz[7] = rgb.b;
                                              xyz[11] = 0; // anchor of last color - must be 255
 xyz[8] = 255; xyz[9] = 0;
                               xyz[10] = 0;
 currentPalette.loadDynamicGradientPalette(xyz);
}
// fill FastLED leds[] strip/ring with colors
void FillLEDsFromPalette( byte offset) {
 //fill_solid( leds, NUM_LEDS, 0);
 // One gradient
 for ( int i = 0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
  leds[i] = ColorFromPalette( currentPalette, (i+offset) * 255 / (NUM_LEDS - 1), BRIGHTNESS,
currentBlending);
```

```
// Two gradients
 // for ( int i = 0; i < NUM_LEDS/2; i++) {
 // leds[i] = ColorFromPalette(currentPalette, (i+offset) * 255 / (NUM_LEDS/2 - 1), BRIGHTNESS,
currentBlending);
 // leds[ i+(NUM_LEDS/2) ] = leds[i];
 //}
}
// Fill all leds with one color and wait duration ms
void FillColorDelay ( CRGB color, unsigned long duration ) {
 fill_solid( leds, NUM_LEDS, color);
 FastLED.show();
 FastLED.delay(duration);
}
// This example shows how to set up a static color palette
// which is stored in PROGMEM (flash), which is almost always more
// plentiful than RAM. A static PROGMEM palette like this
// takes up 64 bytes of flash.
const TProgmemPalette16 mySemaphorePalette_p PROGMEM = {
 CRGB::Magenta, CRGB::Red,
                              CRGB::Red,
                                            CRGB::Red,
 CRGB::Orange, CRGB::Orange, CRGB::Orange,
 CRGB::Yellow, CRGB::Yellow, CRGB::Green,
 CRGB::Green, CRGB::Green, CRGB::White
};
// get distance number 0-400 cm
// use TRIG_PIN and ECHO_PIN of HC-SR04 sensor
int get_distance() {
 static int distance;
 uint16_t duration = 0;
 uint32_t interval = 0;
 digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
 delayMicroseconds(5);
 digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, HIGH);
 delayMicroseconds(10);
 digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
 // Read time of the trig and echo pins
 duration = pulseIn(ECHO_PIN, HIGH);
 // Calculates the distance
 distance = (duration / 2) / 29;
 return distance; // centimeters
}
```