## Assignment - 4

# Data Analytics – Python Programming

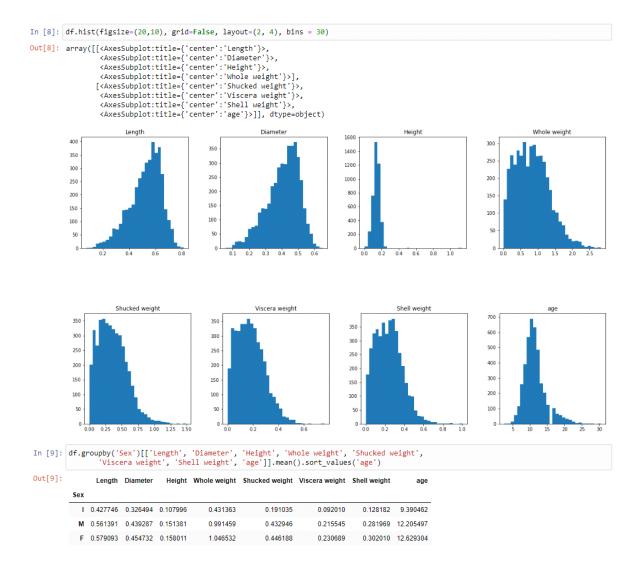
Assignment Date	18 October 2022
Student Name	Ms. P.Sabitha
Student Roll Number	19ITA47
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

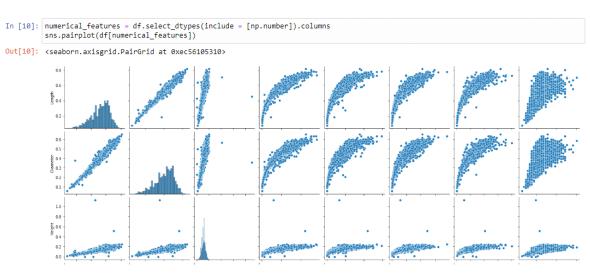
```
In [1]: import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       %matplotlib inline
       import seaborn as sns
In [2]: import os
    os.chdir("C:/Users/User/Desktop/Datasets")
In [3]: df=pd.read_csv('abalone.csv')
In [4]: df.head()
Out[4]: Sex Length Diameter Height Whole weight Shucked weight Viscera weight Shell weight Rings
       0 M 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.5140 0.2245 0.1010 0.150 15
       1 M 0.350 0.265 0.090
                                  0.2255
                                               0.0995
                                                          0.0485
                                                                    0.070
       2 F 0.530 0.420 0.135 0.6770 0.2565 0.1415 0.210 9
       3 M 0.440 0.365 0.125 0.5160
                                               0.2155
                                                         0.1140 0.155 10
       4 I 0.330 0.255 0.080 0.2050 0.0895 0.0395 0.055 7
```

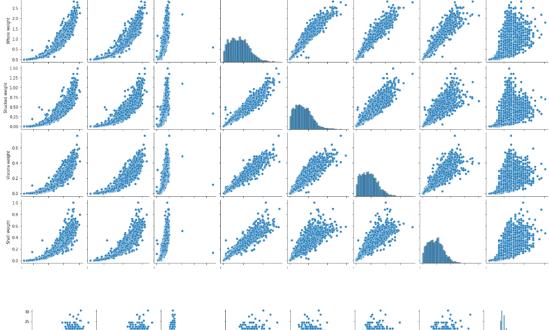
	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	Rings
count	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000
mean	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0.238831	9.933684
std	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0.139203	3.224169
min	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0.001500	1.000000
25%	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0.130000	8.000000
50%	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0.234000	9.000000
75%	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0.329000	11.000000
max	0.815000	0.650000	1.130000	2.825500	1.488000	0.760000	1.005000	29.000000

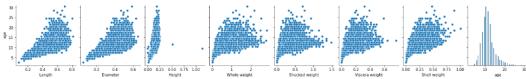
## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

```
In [7]: df['age'] = df['Rings']+1.5
df = df.drop('Rings', axis = 1)
```









C:\Users\User\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_5940\3796453440.py:2: DeprecationWarning: `np.object` is a deprecated alias for the builtin `object`. To silence this warning, use `object` by itself. Doing this will not modify any behavior and is safe.

Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations categorical\_features = df.select\_dtypes(include = [np.object]).columns

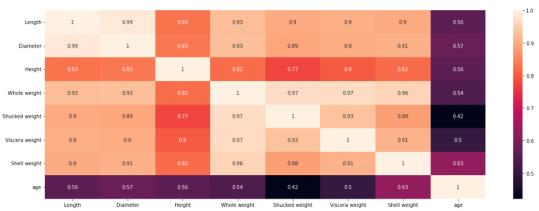
In [12]: numerical\_features

In [13]: categorical\_features

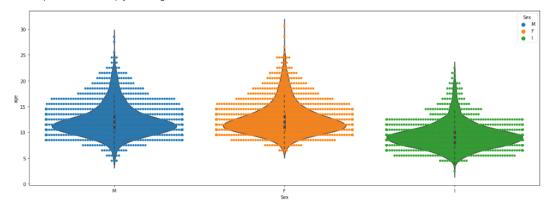
Out[13]: Index(['Sex'], dtype='object')

In [14]: plt.figure(figsize = (20,7))
sns.heatmap(df[numerical\_features].corr(),annot = True)

Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:>



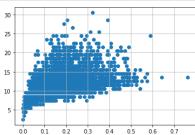




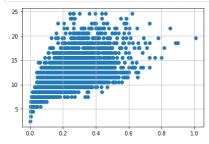
#### **Data Preprocessing**

```
In [16]: # outlier handling
df = pd.get_dummies(df)
dummy_df = df
```

```
In [17]: var = 'Viscera weight'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
```



```
In [19]: var = 'Shell weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
  plt.grid(True)
```



```
In [20]:
var = 'Shucked weight'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
            15
            10
               0.0
                              0.6
                                    0.8
                                        1.0
                                             1.2
 In [23]: var = 'Whole weight'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
          17.5
          15.0
          12.5
          10.0
           5.0
In [25]: var = 'Diameter'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
```

```
20.0

17.5

15.0

10.0

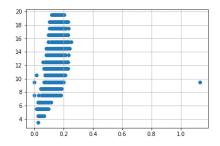
7.5

5.0

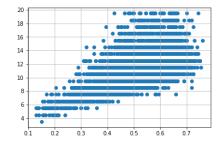
2.5

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6
```

```
In [27]:
    var = 'Height'
    plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
    plt.grid(True)
```



```
In [29]: var = 'Length'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
```



#### **Feature Selection and Standardization**

```
In [31]: X = df.drop('age', axis = 1)
y = df['age']
```

```
In [32]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
             from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest
In [33]: standardScale = StandardScaler()
standardScale.fit_transform(X)
             selectkBest = SelectKBest()
             X_new = selectkBest.fit_transform(X, y)
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_new, y, test_size = 0.25)
             Linear Regression
In [34]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
In [35]: lm = LinearRegression()
             lm.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[35]: LinearRegression()
In [36]: y_train_pred = lm.predict(X_train)
y_test_pred = lm.predict(X_test)
In [37]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error
            s = mean_squared_error(y_train, y_train_pred)
print('Mean Squared error of training set :%2f'%s)
           p = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_test_pred)
print('Mean Squared error of testing set :%2f'%p)
           Mean Squared error of training set :3.544594
Mean Squared error of testing set :3.618508
In [38]: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
           s = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
print('R2 Score of training set:%.2f'%s)
           p = r2_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
print('R2 Score of testing set:%.2f'%p)u
```

R2 Score of training set:0.53 R2 Score of testing set:0.54