Import the library In [1]: from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator Arguments for ImageDataGenerator class In [2]: train\_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,shear\_range=0.2,zoom\_range=0.2,horizontal\_flip=True)
text\_dataset=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255) Applying ImageDataGenerator functionality to trainset and testset In [3]: from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator train\_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale= 1./255,horizontal\_flip = True,vertical\_flip = True,zoom\_range = 0.2) test\_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale= 1./255) In [5]: x\_train = train\_datagen.flow\_from\_directory("/content/drive/MyDrive/ibm project/TRAIN\_SET", target\_size = (64,64), class\_mode = "categorical",batch\_size = 24) Found 4118 images belonging to 5 classes. In [6]: x\_test = test\_datagen.flow\_from\_directory("/content/drive/MyDrive/ibm project/TEST\_SET", target\_size = (64,64), class\_mode = "categorical",batch\_size = 24) Found 929 images belonging to 3 classes. In [7]: # !pip install opencv.python In [8]: import cv2 In [9]: #imread is used to read the image In [10]: img = cv2.imread("/content/drive/MyDrive/ibm project/TEST\_SET/APPLES/n07740461\_1191.jpg") In [11]: img Out[11]: array([[[174, 188, 207], [173, 187, 206], [171, 185, 204], [181, 192, 206], [180, 192, 204], [179, 191, 203]], [[175, 189, 208], [174, 188, 207], [174, 188, 207], ..., [182, 193, 207], [182, 193, 207], [181, 193, 205]], [[178, 192, 211], [177, 191, 210], [177, 191, 210], ..., [184, 195, 209], [184, 195, 209], [184, 195, 209]], ..., [[161, 185, 209], [164, 188, 212], [163, 191, 215], ..., [184, 198, 216], [186, 200, 218], [187, 201, 220]], [[157, 185, 209], [158, 186, 210], [156, 187, 210], . . . , [185, 199, 217], [187, 201, 219], [187, 201, 220]], [[154, 186, 209], [153, 185, 208], [150, 182, 205], [187, 199, 217], [188, 202, 221], [189, 203, 222]]], dtype=uint8) In [12]: img.ndim Out[12]: 3 In [13]: type(img) Out[13]: numpy.ndarray In [14]: img.shape Out[14]: (256, 256, 3) In [15]: #flag 1 means color image In [16]: img\_flag = cv2.imread("/content/drive/MyDrive/ibm project/TEST\_SET/APPLES/n07740461\_1191.jpg") In [17]: img\_flag Out[17]: array([[[174, 188, 207], [173, 187, 206], [171, 185, 204], . . . , [181, 192, 206], [180, 192, 204], [179, 191, 203]], [[175, 189, 208], [174, 188, 207], [174, 188, 207], ..., [182, 193, 207], [182, 193, 207], [181, 193, 205]], [[178, 192, 211], [177, 191, 210], [177, 191, 210], . . . , [184, 195, 209], [184, 195, 209], [184, 195, 209]], ..., [[161, 185, 209], [164, 188, 212], [163, 191, 215], . . . , [184, 198, 216], [186, 200, 218], [187, 201, 220]], [[157, 185, 209], [158, 186, 210], [156, 187, 210], ..., [185, 199, 217], [187, 201, 219], [187, 201, 220]], [[154, 186, 209], [153, 185, 208], [150, 182, 205], [187, 199, 217], [188, 202, 221], [189, 203, 222]]], dtype=uint8) In [18]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt In [19]: plt.imshow(img) Out[19]: 100 -150 200 250 100 150 200 250 In [20]: plt.imshow(img\_flag) Out[20]: 100 -150 200 250 150 200 100 250 In [21]: #resize the image In [22]: resized\_img = cv2.resize(img,(100,100)) In [23]: resized\_img.shape Out[23]: (100, 100, 3) In [24]: plt.imshow(resized\_img) Out[24]: 20 40 -60 80 40 60 20 80 Covert color In [25]: cv\_img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR\_BGR2YCR\_CB) In [27]: plt.imshow(cv\_img) Out[27]: 50 100 150 200 250 100 150 200 In [28]: cv\_img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR\_BGR2GRAY) In [29]: plt.imshow(cv\_img) Out[29]: 100 150 200 250 100 150 200 50 250 Roi or crop of image In [30]: roi\_img = img[50:280,35:150] roi\_img = img[10:40,35:150] In [32]: plt.imshow(roi\_img) Out[32]: 10 20 60 80 100 20 In [33]: roi\_img = img[10:40,0:90] In [34]: plt.imshow(roi\_img) Out[34]: 10 20 In [35]: roi\_img = img[0:90,10:40] In [36]: plt.imshow(roi\_img) Out[36]: 10 20 30 40 50 -60 -70 -80 -20 Blur or Smoothing In [37]: # averaging # cv2.blur() or cv2.boxFilter In [38]: img\_bl = cv2.blur(img,(10,10)) In [39]: plt.imshow(img\_bl) Out[39]: 100 150 200 250 100 150 200 250 In [40]: #gaussian blur img\_gbl = cv2.GaussianBlur(img,(5,5),0) In [41]: plt.imshow(img\_gbl) Out[41]: 100 150 200 250 100 50 150 200 250 Canny edge detection In [43]: img\_edge = cv2.Canny(img,230,350) In [44]: plt.imshow(img\_edge) Out[44]: 50 100 150 -200 -250 -50 100 150 200 250 Thershold In [45]: #binary In [46]: #src -- image #thresh #max\_value #type -- type of thersholding #cv2.THRESH\_BINARY -- Binary Thersholding thresh, thresh\_img = cv2.threshold(img, 200, 255, cv2.THRESH\_BINARY) #img In [47]: plt.imshow(thresh\_img) Out[47]: 100 -150 200 250 -100 150 200 In [48]: #circle #cv2.circle(image,(center coordinates),radius,(color), thickness) circle = cv2.circle(img,(300,200),60,(255,0,0),5) In [49]: plt.imshow(img) Out[49]: 100 -150 200 250 100 50 150 200 In [50]: #rectangle #cv2.rectangle(img,(start coord),(end coord),color,thickness) rectangle = cv2.rectangle(img,(200,100),(400,300),(0,0,255),10) In [51]: plt.imshow(img) Out[51]: 100 150 200 250 100 150 200 In [52]: #line #cv2.line(img,(start coord),(end coord),color,thickness) line = cv2.line(img,(200,100),(400,300),(0,255,0),3)In [53]: plt.imshow(img) Out[53]: 50 100 -150 200 250 100 150 200 In [54]: #creating or writing text an image In [55]: #cv2.putText(img,text,(coord),fontstyle,fontscale,color,thickness) text = cv2.putText(img, "Opencv", (200,50), cv2.FONT\_HERSHEY\_SIMPLEX, 2, (255, 255, 255), 5) In [56]: plt.imshow(img) Out[56]: 100 150 200 250 150 100 200