## Assignment-2

## PERSONAL ASSISTANCE FOR SENIORS WHO ARE SELF-RELIANT

Build a Python code, Assume you get temperature and humidity values and write a condition to continuously detect alarm in case of high temperature.

## **CODE**

```
# import standard python modules.
```

import time

# import adafruit dht library.

import Adafruit\_DHT

# import Adafruit IO REST client.

from Adafruit\_IO import Client, Feed

# Delay in-between sensor readings, in seconds.

 $DHT_READ_TIMEOUT = 5$ 

# Pin connected to DHT22 data pin

 $DHT_DATA_PIN = 26$ 

- # Set to your Adafruit IO key.
- # Remember, your key is a secret,

# so make sure not to publish it when you publish this code!

ADAFRUIT\_IO\_KEY = 'YOUR\_AIO\_KEY'

- # Set to your Adafruit IO username.
- # (go to https://accounts.adafruit.com to find your username).

```
ADAFRUIT_IO_USERNAME = 'YOUR_AIO_USERNAME'
# Create an instance of the REST client.
aio = Client(ADAFRUIT IO USERNAME, ADAFRUIT IO KEY)
# Set up Adafruit IO Feeds.
temperature feed = aio.feeds('temperature')
humidity feed = aio.feeds('humidity')
# Set up DHT22 Sensor.
dht22_sensor = Adafruit_DHT.DHT22
while True:
                                    Adafruit_DHT.read_retry(dht22_sensor,
  humidity,
               temperature
DHT_DATA_PIN)
  if humidity is not None and temperature is not None:
    print(Temp={0:0.1f}*C
                                  Humidity={1:0.1f}%'.format(temperature,
humidity))
    # Send humidity and temperature feeds to Adafruit IO
    temperature = '%.2f'%(temperature)
    humidity = '%.2f'%(humidity)
    aio.send(temperature_feed.key, str(temperature))
    aio.send(humidity_feed.key, str(humidity))
```

else:

print('Failed

get

to

# Timeout to avoid flooding Adafruit IO

time.sleep(DHT READ TIMEOUT)

DHT\_READ\_TIMEOUT, 'seconds')

DHT22

Reading,

trying

again

in