

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID42904

Smart Farmer -IOT Enabled Smart FarmingApplication

## **SPRINTDELIVERY-2**

### 5. Building Project

Connecting IOT Simulator to IBM Watson

IOTPlatform

Open link provided in above section 4.3

Give the credentials of your device in IBM Watson

IOTPlatformClick on connect

My credentials given to simulator are:

OrgID: **bnkhn1**

api: **a-bnkhn1-veyruwypcb**

Device type:**NodeMCU**

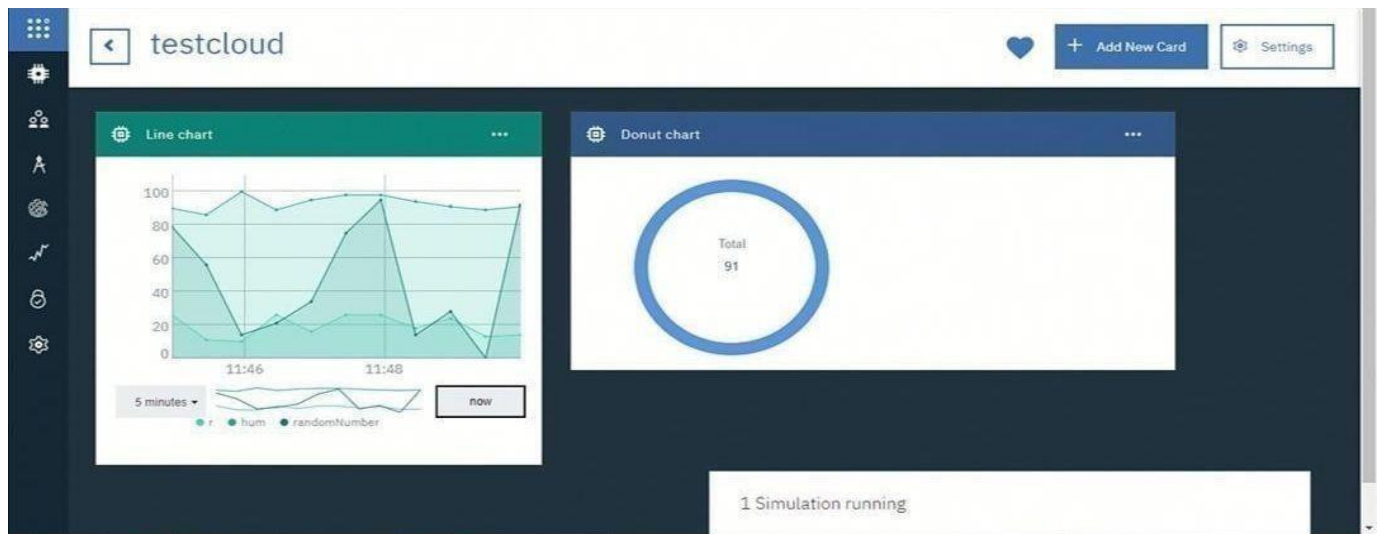
token: **KOueb8NWLNUKN422ZM**

Device ID : **12345**

Device Token : **12345678**

You can see the received data in graphs by creating cards in Boards tab

➤ You will receive the simulator data in cloud



- You can see the received data in Recent Events under your device
- Data received in this format(json)

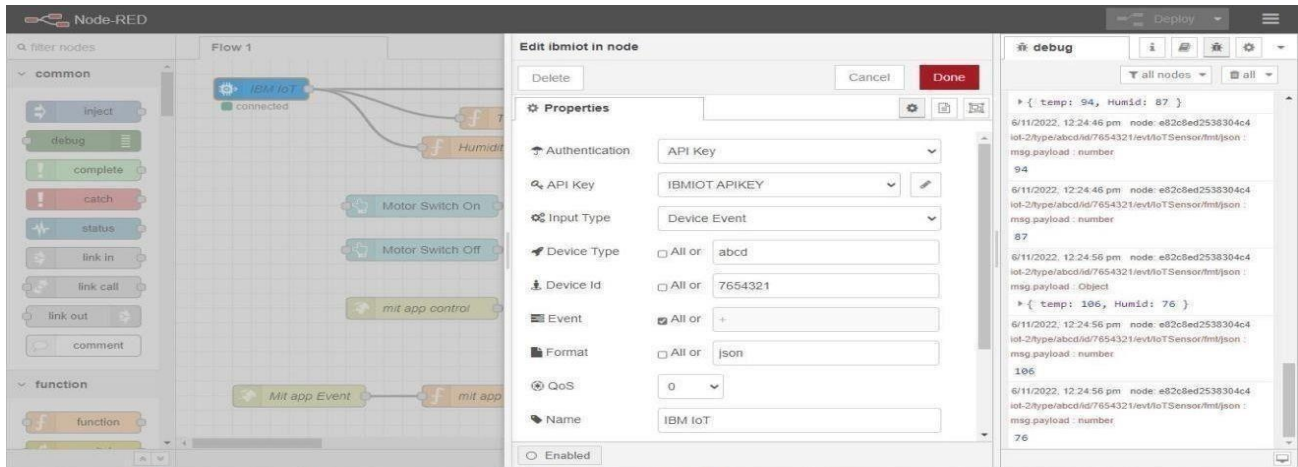
```
{
  "d": {
    "name": "NodeMCU",
    "temperature": 17,
    "humidity": 76,
    "Moisture ": 25
  }
}
```

The screenshot shows the 'Recent Events' tab for a device. The tab is titled 'Recent Events' and has a close button 'X'. Below the title, there's a message: 'The recent events listed show the live stream of data that is coming and going from this device.' Below this message is a table with the following columns: 'Event', 'Value', 'Format', and 'Last Received'. The table contains three rows of data:

Event	Value	Format	Last Received
IoTSensor	{"temp":108,"Humid":64}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"temp":91,"Humid":93}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"temp":108,"Humid":83}	json	a few seconds ago

At the bottom of the table, there's a pagination bar showing 'Items per page 50' and '1-2 of 2 items'. On the right side of the pagination bar, it says '1 of 1 page' and has navigation arrows.

## Configuration of Node-Red to collect IBM cloud data



The node IBM IOT App In is added to Node-Red workflow. Then the appropriate device credentials obtained earlier are entered into the node to connect and fetch device telemetry to Node-Red.

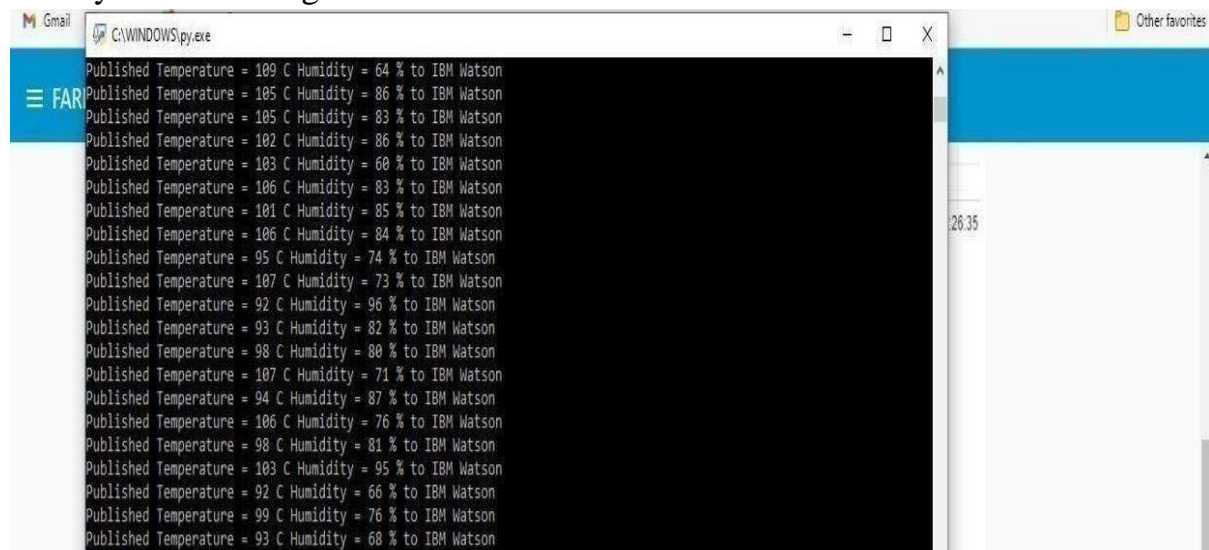
Once it is connected Node-Red receives data from the device Display the data using debug node for verification

Connect function node and write the Java script code to get each reading separately.

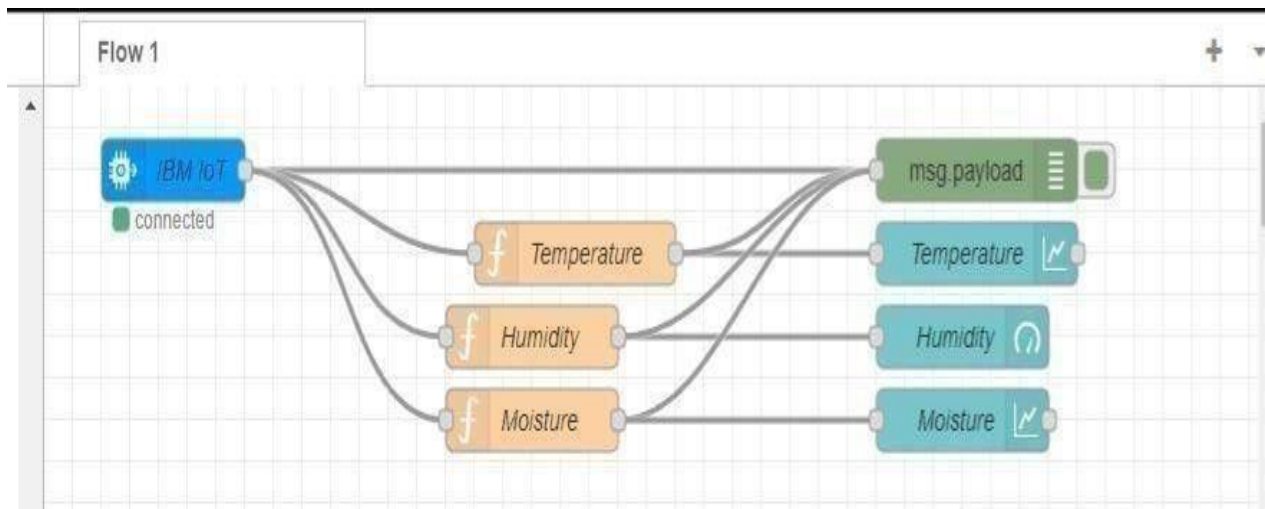
The Java script code for the function node is:

```
msg.payload = msg.payload.d.temperature return  
msg;
```

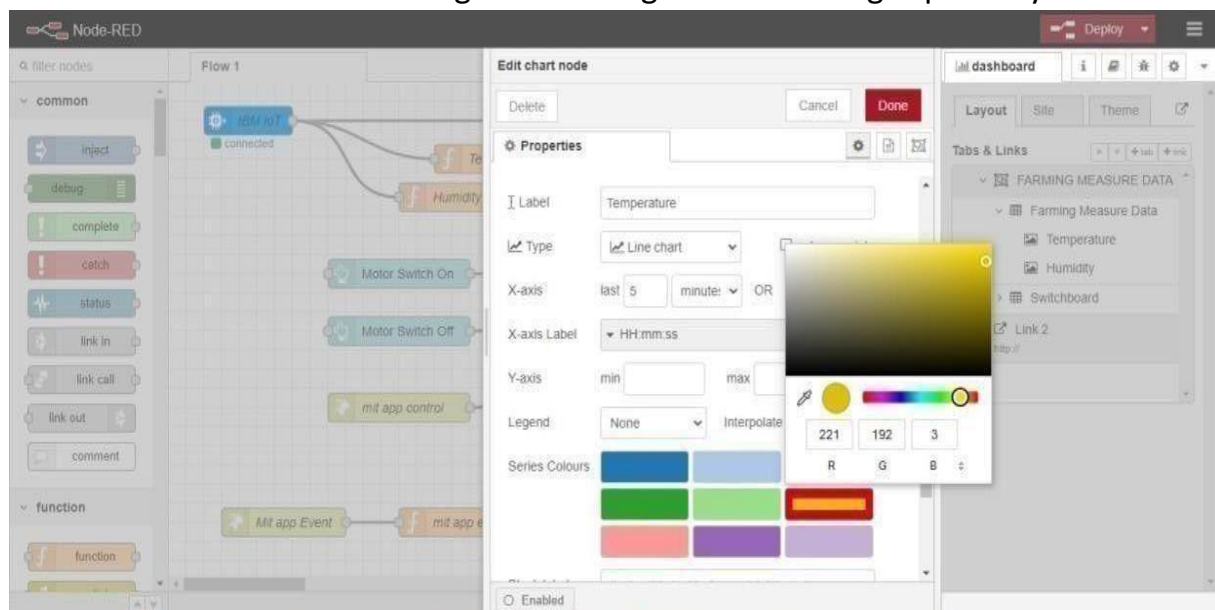
Finally connect Gauge nodes from dashboard to see the data in UI



Data received from the cloud in Node-Red console



Nodes connected in following manner to get each reading separately



This is the Java script code I written for the function node to get Temperature separately.

### Configuration of Node-Red to collect data from Open Weather

The Node-Red also receive data from the Open Weather API by HTTP GET request. An inject trigger is added to perform HTTP request for every certain interval. HTTP request node is configured with URL we saved before in section 4.4 The data we receive from Open Weather after request is in below JSON format:{"coord":{"lon":79.85,"lat":14.13},"weather":[{"id":803,"main":"Clouds", "description":"brokenclouds","icon":"04n"}],"base":"stations","main":{"temp":307 59,"feels\_like":305.5,"temp\_min":307.59,"temp\_max":307.59,"pressure":1002,"h

```
umidity":35,"sea_level":1002,"grnd_level":1000},"wind":{"speed":6.23,"deg":170},
,"clouds":{"all":68},"dt":1589991979,"sys":{"country":"IN","sunrise":1589933553,
"sunset":1589979720},"timezone":19800,"id":1270791,"name":"Gūdūr","cod":20
0}
```

In order to parse the JSON string we use Java script functions and get each parameters

```
var temperature = msg.payload.main.temp; temperature = temperature-
273.15; return
{payload : temperature.toFixed(2)};
```

In the above Java script code we take temperature parameter into a new variable and convert it from kelvin to Celsius

Then we add Gauge and text nodes to represent data visually in UI

