import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from google.colab import files
upload=files.upload()
df = pd.read_csv('abalone.csv')

Choose Files abalone.csv

• **abalone.csv**(text/csv) - 191962 bytes, last modified: 10/29/2022 - 100% done Saving abalone.csv to abalone (1).csv

df.describe()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	
count	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177
mean	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0
std	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0
min	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0
25%	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0
50%	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0
75%	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0
max	0.815000	0.650000	1.130000	2.825500	1.488000	0.760000	1

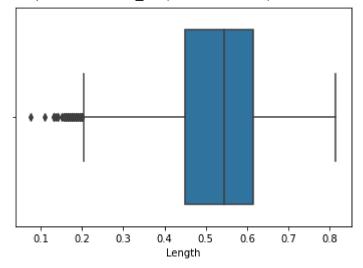
df.head()

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell w
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	

sns.boxplot(df.Length)

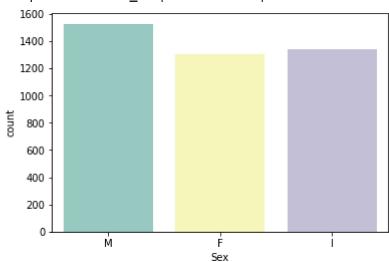
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass t FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff5877a5350>



sns.countplot(x = 'Sex', data = df, palette = 'Set3')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff586e42c10>

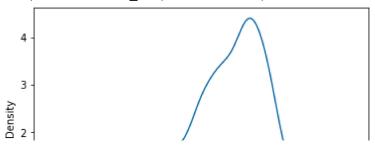


a = pd.read_csv('abalone.csv')

a['age'] = a['Rings']+1.5
a = a.drop('Rings',axis = 1)

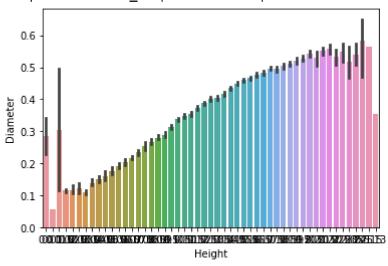
sns.kdeplot(a['Diameter'])

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff586d84350>

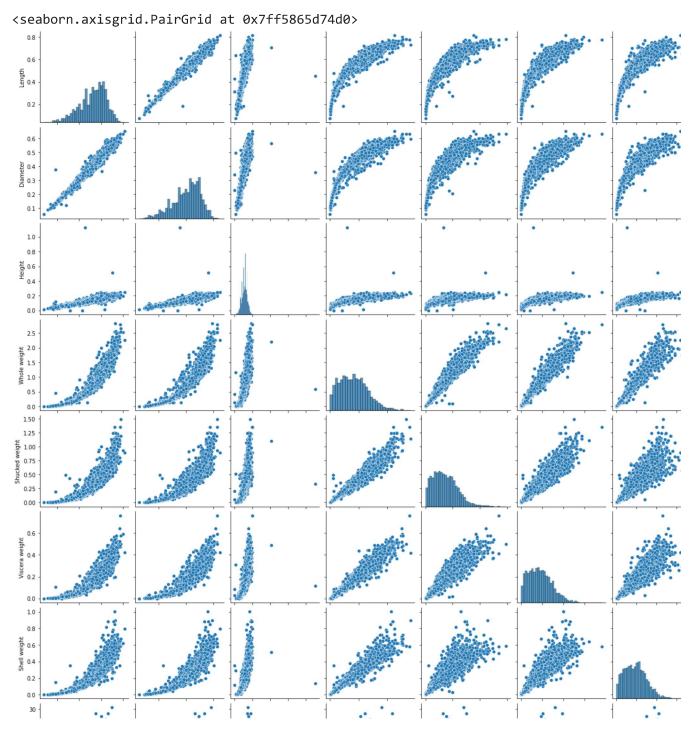


sns.barplot(x=df.Height,y=df.Diameter)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff5868893d0>



sns.pairplot(a)



a.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4177 entries, 0 to 4176
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Sex	4177 non-null	object
1	Length	4177 non-null	float64
2	Diameter	4177 non-null	float64
3	Height	4177 non-null	float64
4	Whole weight	4177 non-null	float64
5	Shucked weight	4177 non-null	float64
6	Viscera weight	4177 non-null	float64

7 Shell weight 4177 non-null float64 8 age 4177 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(8), object(1)
memory usage: 293.8+ KB

a['Diameter'].describe()

count 4177.000000 0.407881 mean std 0.099240 min 0.055000 25% 0.350000 50% 0.425000 75% 0.480000 0.650000 max

Name: Diameter, dtype: float64

a['Sex'].value_counts()

M 1528 I 1342 F 1307

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

df['Height'].describe()

count 4177.000000 mean 0.139516 std 0.041827 0.000000 min 25% 0.115000 50% 0.140000 75% 0.165000 1.130000 max

Name: Height, dtype: float64

df[df.Height == 0]

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	
1257	I	0.430	0.34	0.0	0.428	0.2065	0.0860	
3996	I	0.315	0.23	0.0	0.134	0.0575	0.0285	

df['Diameter'].median()

0.425

df['Shucked weight'].skew()

0.7190979217612694

```
missing_values = df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending = False)
percentage_missing_values = (missing_values/len(df))*100
pd.concat([missing_values, percentage_missing_values], axis = 1, keys= ['Missing values', '%
```

	Missing values	% Missing
Sex	0	0.0
Length	0	0.0
Diameter	0	0.0
Height	0	0.0
Whole weight	0	0.0
Shucked weight	0	0.0
Viscera weight	0	0.0
Shell weight	0	0.0
Rings	0	0.0

```
q1=df.Rings.quantile(0.25)
q2=df.Rings.quantile(0.75)
iqr=q2-q1
print(iqr)
```

3.0

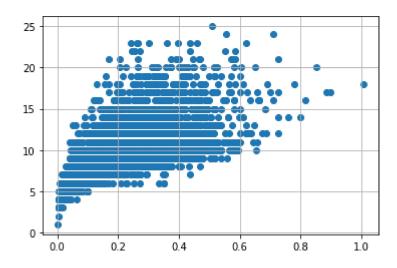
```
df = pd.get_dummies(df)
dummy_df = df
df.boxplot( rot = 90, figsize=(20,5))
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff581e54fd0>

```
df['age'] = df['Rings']
df = df.drop('Rings', axis = 1)
```

df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']> 0.5) & (df['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True)
df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']<0.5) & (df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)

var = 'Shell weight'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)



numerical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
categorical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.object]).columns

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: DeprecationWarning: `np Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: https://numpy.org/devdocs/rele

```
→
```

abalone_numeric = df[['Length', 'Diameter', 'Height', 'Whole weight', 'Shucked weight','Visce abalone_numeric.head()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age	Sex_l
0	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	15	(

```
x = df.iloc[:, 0:1].values
y = df.iloc[:, 1]
У
     0
             0.365
             0.265
     1
     2
             0.420
     3
             0.365
     4
             0.255
     4172
             0.450
     4173
             0.440
     4174
             0.475
     4175
             0.485
     4176
             0.555
     Name: Diameter, Length: 4150, dtype: float64
print ("\n ORIGINAL VALUES: \n\n", x,y)
      ORIGINAL VALUES:
      [[0.455]
      [0.35]
      [0.53]
      [0.6]
      [0.625]
      [0.71]]0
                       0.365
             0.265
     2
             0.420
     3
             0.365
             0.255
     4172
             0.450
     4173
             0.440
     4174
             0.475
     4175
             0.485
     4176
             0.555
     Name: Diameter, Length: 4150, dtype: float64
from sklearn import preprocessing
min_max_scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler(feature_range =(0, 1))
new_y= min_max_scaler.fit_transform(x,y)
print ("\n VALUES AFTER MIN MAX SCALING: \n\n", new_y)
```

VALUES AFTER MIN MAX SCALING:

```
[[0.51351351]
      [0.37162162]
      [0.61486486]
      [0.70945946]
      [0.74324324]
      [0.85810811]]
X = df.drop('age', axis = 1)
y = df['age']
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest
standardScale = StandardScaler()
standardScale.fit transform(X)
selectkBest = SelectKBest()
X_new = selectkBest.fit_transform(X, y)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_new, y, test_size = 0.25)
X train
     array([[0.475, 0.355, 0.12, ..., 0. , 0.
                                                          ],
            [0.5, 0.365, 0.13, ..., 0., 0.
                                                  , 1.
                                                          ],
            [0.58, 0.43, 0.125, ..., 0., 0.
                                                   , 1.
            [0.49, 0.38, 0.135, ..., 0., 0.
                                                          ],
                                                  , 1.
            [0.4 , 0.31 , 0.1 , ..., 0. , 1.
                                                   , 0.
                                                          ],
            [0.5, 0.37, 0.115, ..., 0., 1.
                                                  , 0.
                                                          11)
y_train
     65
              8
     2826
              9
     3100
             10
     1753
             10
     503
             13
             . .
     1820
             13
     1902
             11
     12
             11
     2127
              7
     2980
     Name: age, Length: 3112, dtype: int64
from sklearn import linear_model as lm
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
```

```
model=lm.LinearRegression()
results=model.fit(X train,y train)
accuracy = model.score(X_train, y_train)
print('Accuracy of the model:', accuracy)
     Accuracy of the model: 0.5385553745257212
lm = LinearRegression()
lm.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_train_pred = lm.predict(X_train)
y_train_pred
     array([ 8.7821132 , 8.69223506, 7.91346477, ..., 10.66419868,
             6.49661756, 7.32689668])
X_train
     array([[0.475, 0.355, 0.12, ..., 0. , 0.
                                                          ],
            [0.5, 0.365, 0.13, ..., 0., 0.
                                                  , 1.
                                                          ],
            [0.58, 0.43, 0.125, ..., 0., 0.
                                                   , 1.
                                                          ],
            [0.49, 0.38, 0.135, ..., 0., 0.
                                                  , 1.
                                                         ],
            [0.4 , 0.31 , 0.1 , ..., 0. , 1.
                                                  , 0.
                                                         ],
            [0.5, 0.37, 0.115, ..., 0., 1.
                                                          11)
                                                   , 0.
y_train
     65
             8
     2826
             9
     3100
             10
     1753
            10
     503
             13
     1820
             13
     1902
            11
     12
             11
             7
     2127
     2980
     Name: age, Length: 3112, dtype: int64
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error
s = mean_squared_error(y_train, y_train_pred)
print('Mean Squared error of training set :%2f'%s)
     Mean Squared error of training set :4.638811
y_train_pred = lm.predict(X_train)
y_test_pred = lm.predict(X_test)
y_test_pred
```

```
array([ 9.65587378, 5.56256054, 12.55940421, ..., 8.63884103, 7.17360886, 9.97959562])
```

X_test

```
array([0.42, 0.325, 0.115, ..., 0., 0.]
                                                 ],
      [0.31, 0.225, 0.05, ..., 0., 1.
                                                 ],
      [0.52, 0.415, 0.175, ..., 0., 0.
                                          , 1.
                                                 ],
      [0.385, 0.305, 0.105, ..., 1. , 0.
                                           , 0.
                                                 ],
      [0.635, 0.495, 0.015, ..., 1. , 0.
                                          , 0.
                                                 ],
      [0.55, 0.43, 0.145, \ldots, 0. , 1.
                                                 ]])
                                          , 0.
```

y_test

```
542
        15
2116
         6
3223
         8
1974
        10
2554
        7
2525
        9
1956
        11
2287
         7
1174
        9
2760
        10
```

Name: age, Length: 1038, dtype: int64

```
p = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_test_pred)
print('Mean Squared error of testing set :%2f'%p)
```

Mean Squared error of testing set :5.150781

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
s = r2_score(y_train, y_train_pred)
print('R2 Score of training set:%.2f'%s)
```

R2 Score of training set:0.54

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