ASSIGNMENT -3[08-10-2022]

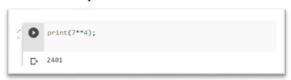
RETAIL STORE STOCK INVENTORY ANALYTICS

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Answer the questions or complete the tasks:

1. ** What is 7 to the power of 4?**



2. ** Split this string:**

S = "Hi there Sam!"

```
s="Hi there Sam!"
s=s.split()
print(s);
['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']
```

S = '"Hi there dad!"

```
s="Hi there dad!"
s=s.split()
print(s);

['Hi', 'there', 'dad!']
```

3. ** Given the variables:**

Planet = "Earth" Diameter = 12742

Use .format() to print the following string: **

```
The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

[ ] planet = "Earth" diameter = 12742

planet = "Earth" diameter = 12742 print( 'The diameter of {} is {} kilometers.' .format(planet,diameter));

□ The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
```

4. ** Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" **

```
[ ] lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]

    lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
    a=lst[3][1][2];
    print(a)

[: hello']
```

5. ** Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky **

```
[ ] d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]

d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]
print(d['k1'][3]["tricky"][3]['target'][3])

C hello
```

6. ** What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? **

```
[ ] #Tuple is immutable

#Tuples does not have many built-in methods

#tuples consumes less memory

#list is mutable

#list consumes more memory

#list many built-in methods are available
```

7. ** Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: **

user@domain.com

So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com

```
def domainGet(email):
    return email.split('@')[-1]

domainGet('user@domain.com')

    'domain.com'
```

8. ** Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string.

Don't worry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization. **

9. ** Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignore edge cases. **

```
[7] def countDog(st):
    count = 0
    for word in st.lower().split():
        if word == 'dog':
            count += 1
    return count

CountDog('This dog runs faster than the other dog dude!')

→ 2
```

10. **You are driving a little too fast, and a police officer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases. **

```
[9] def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):
    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed

    if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'

caught_speeding(81,False)

    'Big Ticket'

caught_speeding(81,True)
    'Small Ticket'
```

11. Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a for loop retrieve each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
employeee=[18000,22000,25000,30000,35000]
total=0
for i in employeee:
    total+=i

print("Total salary:",total)

Total salary: 130000
```

12. Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId. Combine both dictionaries.

```
10] def Merge(dict1, dict2):
    res = dict1 | dict2
    return res

dict1 = {'Empid', 'Empname', 'Basicpay'}
dict2 = { 'DeptName', 'DeptId'}
dict3 = Merge(dict1, dict2)
print(dict3)

{'Basicpay', 'Empname', 'DeptName', 'DeptId', 'Empid'}
```