
Research on Intelligent Vehicle Damage Assessment System Based on Computer Vision

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Abstract. At present, under the guidance of the new generation of information technology, the rapid accumulation of data, the continuous improvement of computing power, the continuous optimization of algorithm models, and the rapid rise of multi-scene applications have made profound changes in the development environment of artificial intelligence. In this paper, based on the demand of automobile insurance claims and intelligent transportation, combined with abundant basic data and advanced machine vision algorithm, an intelligent damage determination system of 'Artificial Intelligence + Vehicle Insurance' is constructed. This paper first introduces the functions of the intelligent damage assessment system. Secondly, it discusses the realization path of each functional module in detail, and finally puts forward the vision for the future.

1. Introduction

According to August 22, 2018, 'China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission Office on the Monitoring of Small Claims Insurance Services in 2017' data show that: In 2017, 55.4113 million automobile insurance claims were settled normally. Among them, there are 40.128 million small-scale cases, accounting for 72.22%. The average insurance payment period for small-scale automobile insurance cases is 11.8 days, while the claim period for investigation, damage assessment and claim collection accounts for 9.94 days.

These data have triggered several reflections on small-scale cases: Firstly, for insurance companies, 72.22% of small cases require the presence of damage fixers, which leads to high cost of risk investigation, and the leakage problem in the process of damage fixing is difficult to control. Secondly, for the accident party, the long waiting time at the accident site, the slow payment process, the unreasonable fixed price and other issues, to a certain extent, reduce customer satisfaction with the insurance company. In addition, the potential dangers of traffic congestion and secondary accidents caused by small-scale cases also bring a great pressure to the traffic control department.

In the claims industry under the new generation of AI development plan, how can insurance companies move towards a new business model of 'Artificial Intelligence + Scene Application'? Deep convolutional neural networks [1, 2] have led to a series of breakthroughs for image classification [3]. With the development of deep learning [4], the process of computer vision has been greatly accelerated. Research on visual recognition is undergoing a transition from feature engineering to network engineering [5]. With the continuous innovation of AI algorithms and the increasing level of learning, open source deep learning framework and platform have become an important driving force for the development of AI. The improvement of hardware computing power ensures

the rapid development of AI. At the same time, the massive data of the automobile insurance industry provides abundant raw materials for network model training. Therefore, we have enough data support and algorithm model to explore the new model of 'Artificial Intelligence + Vehicle Insurance' and build an intelligent damage determination system. Such a new model can not only effectively control the cost expenditure of automobile insurance companies, but also improve the owners' compensation experience. At the same time, it can effectively alleviate road traffic pressure and avoid traffic congestion and secondary accidents.

2. The Functions of Intelligent Damage Assessment System

Intelligent damage determination system can be used to determine the appearance damage of vehicles in small cases. The system completes the whole process of survey and damage determination through four functions. They are:

(1)Accident investigation: Photographs of target vehicles and multiple trio vehicles were taken and uploaded, intelligent recognition, information input, intelligent recognition and event finalization are completed in accident investigation.

(2)Intelligent image damage assessment: image damage assessment is achieved by intelligent component recognition and intelligent damage recognition.

(3)Damage result output: Damage results including maintenance scheme recommendation and maintenance price recommendation are automatically given according to damage recognition results.

(4)Vehicle insurance anti-fraud: In the process of fixing the damage, the anti-fraud screening of vehicle insurance is completed by means of image fraud recognition and logical detection.

Intelligent damage assessment system can assist the damage locator in the front-end damage detection process. The operator

only needs to take several photos to upload according to the requirements, and the system can automatically identify the damage degree of the damaged parts and components. The system in the back-end nuclear damage link can provide auxiliary nuclear damage and anti-fraud services. It can identify the cases of fixed-loss errors through the logical recognition of vehicle parts, image fraud recognition, fixed-loss logic recognition, etc. At the same time, it can also meet the demands of anti-fraud and leakage prevention.

At present, the intelligent damage assessment system can realize the appearance damage of passenger cars, including CAR, SUV, MPV and VAN. The applicable damage range covers all types of damage of vehicle exterior parts; the applicable environment range covers rain and snow environment, dark environment (vehicle can be seen by human eyes), strong light environment and other scenarios.

3.

The Realization Path of Intelligent Damage Assessment System

Intelligent damage determination system has four functional modules: accident investigation, image damage, result output and anti-fraud of automobile insurance. The implementation path is described in detail below.

3.1. Accident Investigation

Accident investigation module includes the photography of certificates and vehicle photos, the intelligent recognition of certificate photos and the intelligent stereotyping work based on the basic information data of vehicle accessories.

(1) For the photography of vehicle damage, it is necessary to shoot the vehicle damage head-on so that the damage location is as far as possible in the center of the picture. The shooting

distance is about 1 meter, and it is suitable to shoot clearly.

(2) Multiple damage or cross-component vehicle appearance damage, if the damage distance is relatively close, then a photo can be taken, if the damage distance is relatively far, can not take a photo, then need to be taken separately.

In addition, the intellectualization of photography is also reflected in the following aspects: When taking photographs, it automatically identifies whether it is a document photo, a person-car photo, etc. If the photograph does not meet the requirements is not approved, it needs to be re-taken. At the same time, it is not mandatory to satisfy what angle of shooting can be taken, which is easy to operate and makes it easier for the damage fixer or other users to use.

3.1.2. Intelligent ID Recognition. For the photos of the uploaded driving license (front and side pages), driving license (front and side pages) and other documents, the intelligent damage determination system embedded OCR recognition technology. The VIN code, license plate number, engine number, driver's name and other information of the uploaded driving license and driver's license can be intelligently recognized and filled in.

At present, the embedded OCR technology can recognize Chinese characters, English upper and lower case letters, numbers and other information, and the recognition accuracy is 98.5%. Aiming at the problem of manual input for most fixed-loss products at mobile terminals, the embedding of OCR technology can not only save the time for the invalidation personnel to input the certificates without basic information, such as the three vehicles, but also effectively avoid the problems of input errors, which greatly improves the work efficiency.

3.1.3. Intelligent Stereotyping and Fixing. The advantages of intelligent loss determination system are also reflected in its

abundant basic information data. Through VIN code, the basic information database of vehicles and accessories can be automatically linked to realize the output of specific vehicle information such as brand, vehicle system, vehicle type, and OE code of parts corresponding to vehicle type, so as to realize one-to-one correspondence between vehicles and accessories.

3.2. Intelligent Image Damage Assessment

The core of intelligent damage fixing products is to determine which kind of damage happened to the exterior parts of the vehicle by image. The system has been experimented many times in the development of intelligent image damage algorithm. Finally, it divides the problem into three parts: the recognition of appearance parts by image, the recognition of damage parts by image, and the determination of damage parts by relative position relationship.

3.2.1. Vehicle Appearance Component Recognition Algorithms.

According to the statistics of vulnerable parts in vehicle accidents, thirty-one vehicle exterior parts have been identified in this product. Each part is divided into front and back parts, regardless of left and right parts.

Aiming at the recognition of 31 vehicle appearance parts (regardless of left or right), the recognition algorithm for panoramic or local vehicles is realized, in the complex environment of rain and snow, too strong light or dark, by using the self-built data set of vehicle appearance parts and the depth learning target detection algorithm. The list of parts is shown in Table 1.

The component recognition algorithm AP50 is 88.7%.

3.2.2. hooting requirements are put forward:

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