#### PROJECT REPORT

**PROJECT TITLE:** University Admit Eligibility Predictor

**TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID34617** 

#### **TEAM MEMBERS:**

BERLIN JINO D

ANAND RAJ V

DINESH RAM G S

FLOREN DARIOUS k

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project Overview

In the present conditions, students regularly have difficulty finding a fitting institution to Pursue higher studies based on their profile. There are some advisory administrations And online apps that recommend universities but they ask huge consultancy fees and Online apps are not accurate. So, the aim of this research is to develop a model that Predict the percentage of chances into the university accurately. This model provides Also the analysis of scores versus chance of prediction based on historical data so that Students can understand whether their profile is suitable or not. The proposed model Uses linear regression and random forestalgorithm but cat boost algorithm is giving Highest accuracy.

### 1.2 Purpose

The primary purpose of the University Admit Eligibility Predictor is to help the student to find the chance to get their desired University and the percentage of getting them inside the University with surity. This give them a fair idea about their admission chances in a particular university. This analysis should help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

#### 2.LITERATURE SURVEY

#### 2.1Existing problem

Decision making by applying data mining methods is being used inmany service organizations. Educational bodies gradually started to use the business intelligence techniques to identify the current progress in their institutions. Numerous factors which have an impact in academia will be vivid to the educationalists while applying data mining techniques on the academic data. By employing the data mining methodologies, we could identify different patterns which aid institutions to take strategic decisionsto improve the students' academic performance. Potential graduate students will have a dilemma on identifying the universities for their post graduate admissions and on the other hand an average graduate student would be uncertain on getting post graduate admission in a reputed university based on their academic scores. In this study, we applied the classification techniques such as Logistic Regression, KNN Classification, Support Vector Classification, Naive Bayes Classification, DecisionTree Classification and Random Forest Classification on the given academic admission dataset.

#### 2.2 References

- [1] Selvaprabu Jeganathan, Saravanan Parthasarathy and P. M. Ashok Kumar, "PREDICTING THE POST GRADUATE ADMISSIONS USING CLASSIFICATION TECHNIQUES"
- [2] Akkem Yaganteeswarudu, "MULTI DISEASE PREDICTION MODEL BY USING MACHINE LEARNING AND FLASK API"
- [3] A. Sivasangari, V. Shivani, Y. Bindhu, D. Deepa, R. Vignesh, ": PREDICTION PROBABILITY OF GETTING AN ADMISSION INTO A UNIVERSITY USING

ML"

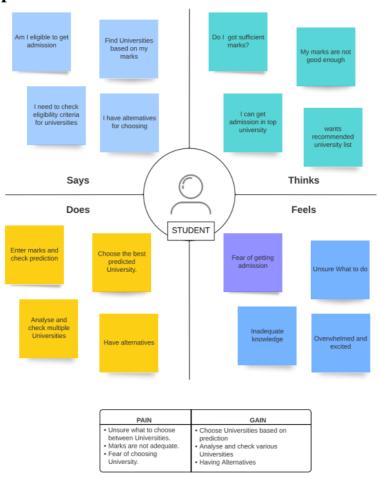
[4] S. Sridhar, S. Mootha and S. Kolagati, "A UNIVERSITY ADMISSIONPREDICTION SYSTEM USING STACKED ENSEMBLE LEARNING"

#### 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

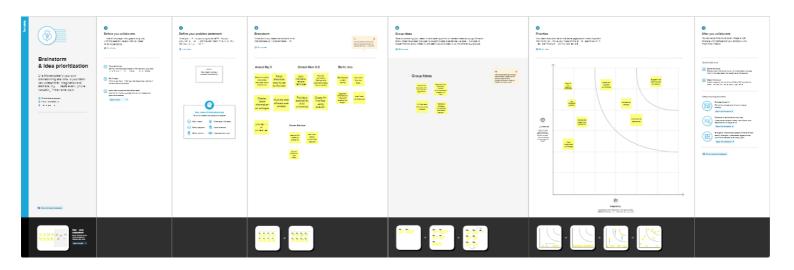
Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University. The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles. The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances in a particular university. This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

#### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

#### 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



# 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



# Ideation Phase Define the Problem Statements

Date	17.09.2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID34617
Project Name	University Admit Eligibilty Predictor
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

#### **Customer Problem Statement Template:**

Create a problem statement to understand your customer's point of view. The Customer Problem Statement template helps you focus on what matters to create experiences people will love.

A well-articulated customer problem statement allows you and your team to find the ideal solution for the challenges your customers face. Throughout the process, you'll also be able to empathize with your customers, which helps you better understand how they perceive your product or service.



Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	12 <sup>th</sup> grade	get	There is	of no real	stressed
	student	admission	no	time	
		details in	updates in	updates	

		website	seat		
			availability		
PS-2	a UG	Check my	There is	of no proper	Difficult and worried
	graduate	eligibility of	no proper	information	
		university for	guidance		
		higher	in website		
		studies	and lot of		
			irrelevant		
			data		

# 3.4 Problem fit solution

Define CS, fit into CC	CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)  Students who have completed there schooling and wanted to get there favourite eligible universities		OMER CONSTRAINTS  y not trust the predictor since it is not 100 percent accurate or	5. AVAILABLE SOL Students need to research more or know about eligible universi	UTIONS  on lot of universities to choose these in the existing solution.	Explore AS, differential	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS     Students will be confused on choosing the universities based on their eligibility criteria. this predictor addresses this problem of the student.	The root ca fake or not	BLEM ROOT CAUSE use for this problem is the availability of so reliable information over the interhet. ity criteria of the Universities is not clearly	The behavioural pattern for	the customers to use predictor is to have an irrideram University in which they are eligible.	Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	
_	3. TRIGGERS Getting the best prediction on the list of universities will trigger the users.		10. YOUR SOLUTION Design a Admit predictor application which uses random forest, the list of universities that are eligible to apply for the Student'U.	KNN algorithm to predict fiser	CHANNELS of BEHAVIOU     s.1 online: Students might search the univerginality criteria.     s.2 Offines Number may visit University of eligibility.	versities on internet and get relevant details on	
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER Before using the predictor, students will feel insecure, fear and worried. After using, gets a clear idea on how to choose the best university.					_ D 0 G =	•

# 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

# 4.1 Functional requirement

# Project Design Phase-II Solution Requirements (Functional & Non-functional)

Date	03 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID34617
Project Name	University Admit Eligibility Predictor
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

#### **Functional Requirements:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)		
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail		
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP		
FR-3	User Login	Login with username and password Login with Gmail		
FR-3	User Details	Submit the documents  TOEFL Score Sheet  GRE Score Statement of Purpose (SOP) Resume		
FR-4	User Requirements	Upload all the relevant documents in the appropriate location in the website     Based on the uploads, the system would scrape necessary information		

# **4.2 Non-Functional requirements**

#### Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Website will be user friendly and not complicated     Do not require high computing skills to access the website
NFR-2	Security	<ul> <li>Only the authenticated user would be able to utilize the services of the site.</li> <li>Users with valid email id and password can access the website</li> </ul>
NFR-3	Reliability	The system would always strive for maximum reliability The Data entered by the user will be commited to the Database
NFR-4	Performance	<ul> <li>The website can efficiently handle the traffic by service the request as soon as possible.</li> <li>High load Traffic can be effectively handled.</li> <li>Support multitenancy</li> </ul>
NFR-5	Availability	Minimal data redundancy     Less prone to errors     Accessible from any browser
NFR-6	Scalability	<ul> <li>Adequate amount of users can access the website at same time.</li> <li>The admission season is probably when the system will be under the most strain.</li> <li>Able to managenumerous concurrent users.</li> </ul>

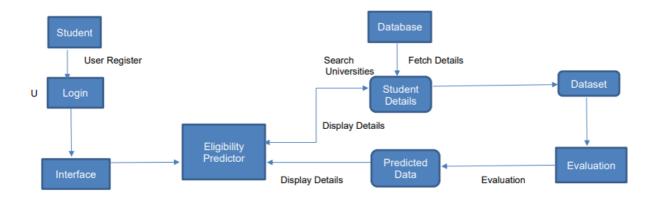
# 5. PROJECT DESIGN

### **5.1 Data Flow Diagram**

# Project Design Phase-II Data Flow Diagram & User Stories

Date	03 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID34617
Project Name	University Admit Eligibility Predictor
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

#### **Data Flow Diagram:**



# 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

#### Project Design Phase-II Technology Stack (Architecture & Stack)

Date	03 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID34617
Project Name	University Admit Eligibility Predictor
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

#### TECHNOLOGY ARCHITECHTURE:

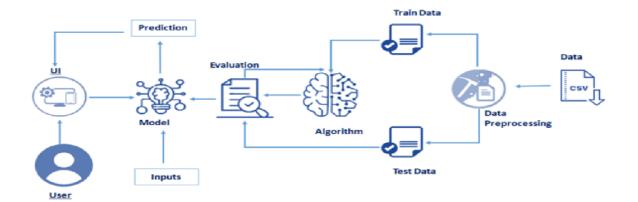


Table-1 : Components & Technologies

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	Front end of Application.	HTML, CSS.
2.	Application Logic-1	Collecting Input from the user	Python
3.	Application Logic-2	Integrating machine learning algorithms	Python
4.	Database	To store user data	MySQL
5.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2.
6.	Machine Learning Model	Predictive modelling to predict the outcomes based on certain patterns.	Predictive model.
7.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System Using Flask Web Framework	Flask web framework

#### **Table-2: Application Characteristics**

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks Security Implementations	Flask web framework REST.HTTP authentication.	Framework which is available in Python Flask security configuration
3.	Scalable Architecture	Flask is a micro framework which will be pretty adequate and good for machine learning web applications.	Flask
4.	Availability	Allows customization and provides distributed environment	Flask
5.	Performance	Uses Jinja ,a powerful templating tool integrated with flask and flask have a support for secure request dispatching.	Flask

# **5.3** User Stories

#### **User Stories**

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, we can register in the application by entering email, password, and confirming password.	we can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, we will receive confirmation email once we have registered for the application	we can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, we can register for the application through Social medias	we can register & access the dashboard with Social media Login	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-4	As a users, we can log into the application by entering email & password	We can access our account	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-5	While entering the home page, I can see profile, customer details and logout	Check for the completed profile	High	Sprint-2
Customer (Web user)	Registration	USN-6	As a customer, we can login to the website by entering email & password	we can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-3
	Home page	USN-7	Enter all the marks as specified column To check the availability	we can able to see list of available universities	low	Sprint-4
	Evaluation	USN-8	Based on the accuracy level, the result will be Sorted on ascending order	Make a solid predictions on the Universities	Medium	Sprint-4
	Result	USN-9	As customer, we can choose eligible of my university		High	Sprint-4
Administrator	Authentication	USN-10	As a administrator, I can verify and authenticate users	Retrieve and make use of User details	High	Sprint-2

# 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

# **6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation**

# Project Planning Phase Project Planning Template (Product Backlog, Sprint Planning, Stories, Story points)

Date	18 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID34617
Project Name	University Admit Eligibility Predictor
Maximum Marks	8 Marks

#### Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Sprint Functional User Story User Requirement (Epic) Number		User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members	
Sprint-1	Home			8	Low	Berlin Jino D Anand Raj V
Sprint-1	Data Set	USN-2	Performing Data Analysis, Data Cleaning of dataset and choosing a perfect model for prediction		High	Anand Raj V Berlin Jino D Dinesh Ram G S
Sprint-2	Designing User Interface page	USN-3	As a user, we can enter the mark details to predict the eligible universities		Medium	Floren Darious K Dinesh Ram G S Anand Raj V
Sprint -3	Implementing ML model	USN-4	The user details will be validated based on the accuracy and efficiency of the ML model	12	High	Berlin Jino D Dinesh Ram G S
Sprint-3	Python With Flask	USN-5	For Backend and server development, integrate ML model with Flask.	13	High	Berlin Jino D Floren Darious K
Sprint-4	Predicted result page USN-6 As a user, I can get a list of eligible Universities in the result page		15	Low	Berlin Jino D Anand Raj V Dinesh Ram G S\ Floren Darious K	

# **6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule**

#### Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	15	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	15	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	25	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	25	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	10	19 Nov 2022

#### **VELOCITY:**

$$AV = 75/24 = 3.12$$

# 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

#### **7.1 Feature 1**

- IBM Watson Platform
- Web UI
- Python Code
- HTML
- CSS
- JS

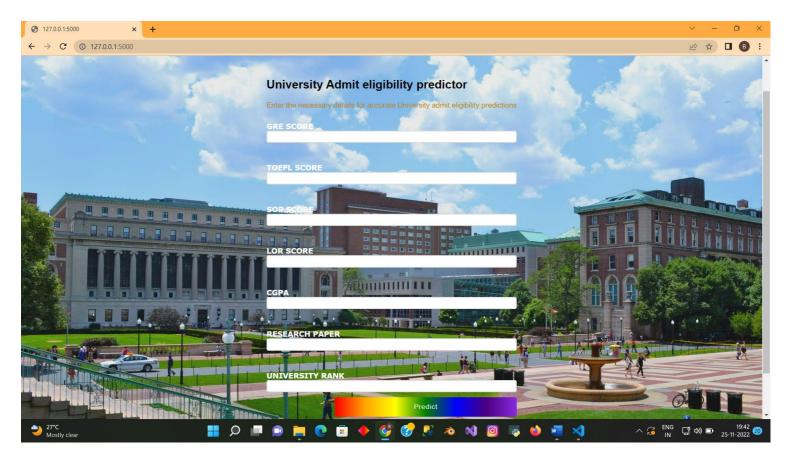
#### **7.2 Feature 2**

- Index
- Chance
- Nochance
- Demo2

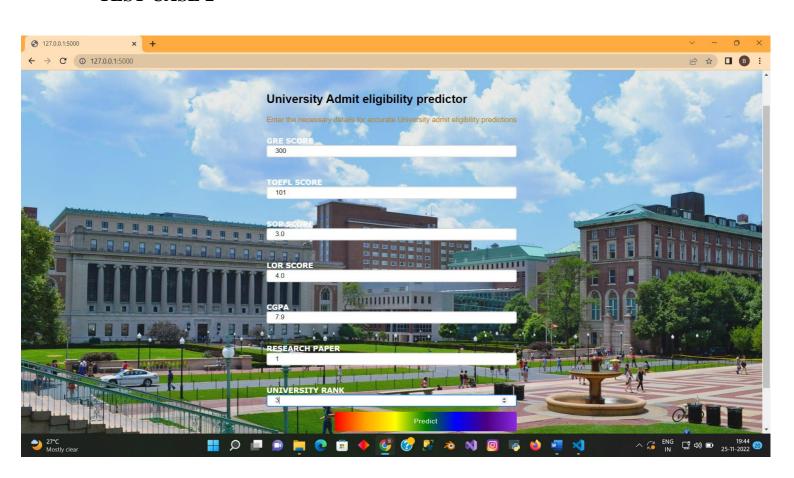
### **8.TESTING AND RESULTS**

**8.1 Test Cases** 

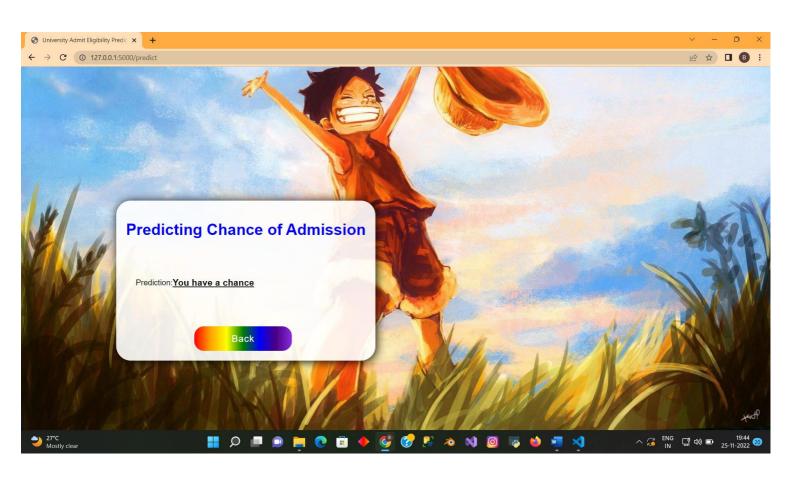
**TEST CASE 1** 



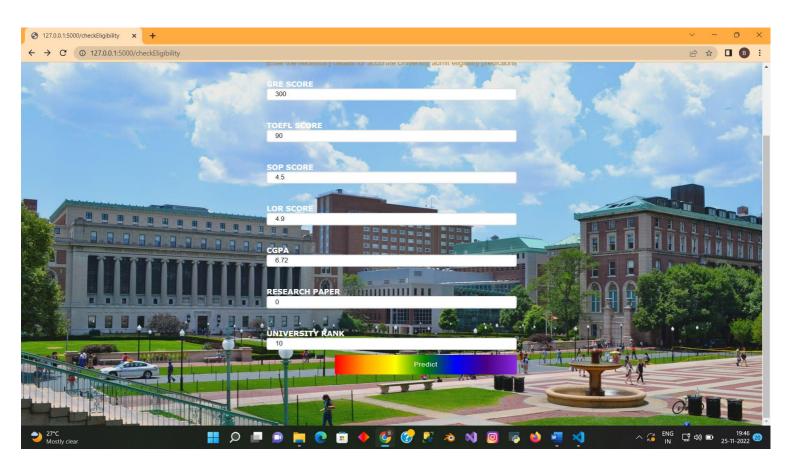
**TEST CASE 2** 



**TEST CASE 3** 



#### **TEST CASE 4**



#### **TEST CASE 5**































#### 9. ADVANTAGES

- Easy prediction of University based on the scores secured.
- It helps student for making decision for choosing the right college
- It avoids data redundancy and inconsistency

#### 10. DISADVANTAGES

- Only few selected university are available for the prediction.
- A system will provide inaccurate result if data entered incorrectly.

#### 11. CONCLUSION

In University Admit Eligibility Predictor students can register with their Personal as well as marks details for predicting the admission in the colleges and Correct results even if the data has been entered wrong.

#### 12. FUTURE SCOPE

The future Scope of this project is very high. The app can ensemble multiple machine Learning algorithms to improve the accuracy of the prediction. This app can authenticate users and provide relevant access control to students and Add Universities to the UI so that students can select their prefered Universities.

from flask import Flask,render\_template,request

mltoken = token\_response.json()["access\_token"]

#### 13. APPENDIX

#### 13.1 Source Code

import requests

```
API_KEY = "eJtq0iryC5KHdxl8bvueo_ggjM6g0QGlFGqwVAfWvJ5q"
token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token', data={"apikey":
API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'})
```

header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}

```
app = Flask(__name__)
@app.route('/')
@app.route('/checkEligibility')
def checkEligibility():
    return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
def predict():
    greScore = int(request.form['gre'])
    toeflScore = int(request.form['ielts'])
    univRank = int(request.form['university rank'])
    sop = float(request.form['sop'])
    lor = float(request.form['lor'])
    cgpa = float(request.form['cgpa'])
    research = int(request.form['research paper'])
    array_of_input_fields = ['greScore', 'toeflScore', 'univRank', 'sop', 'lor', 'cgpa',
'research']
    array_of_values_to_be_scored = [greScore, toeflScore, univRank, sop, lor, cgpa,
research]
    payload_scoring = {"input_data": [{"fields": [array_of_input_fields], "values":
[array_of_values_to_be_scored]}]}
    response_scoring = requests.post('https://us-
south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/f4104242-d8ce-4409-86ee-
94ceb3f85d0e/predictions?version=2022-11-21', json=payload_scoring,
headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken})
    predictions = response_scoring.json()
    prediction = predictions['predictions'][0]['values'][0][0]
    print(prediction)
    if prediction:
        return render_template('chance.html')
    else:
        return render_template('noChance.html')
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run()
```

#### 13.2 HTML Code

#### Index.html

```
<html>
<head>
krel="stylesheet" href="{{url_for('static',filename='css/style.css')}}">
</head>
<body class="classy">
```

```
<form action="/predict" method="post">
<div class="container">
 <div class="left">
   <div class="header">
     <h2 class="animation a1">University Admit eligibility predictor</h2>
     <h4 class="animation a2">Enter the necessary details for accurate University admit eligibility
predictions</h4>
      </div>
       <label>GRE SCORE </label>
       <label>TOEFL SCORE </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" max="120" min="0" name="ielts" required><br><br><br>
       <label>SOP SCORE </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" step ="any" max="5" min="0" name="sop"</pre>
required><br><br>
       <label>LOR SCORE </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" step ="any" max="5" min="0" name="lor"</pre>
required><br><br>
       <label>CGPA </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" step ="any" max="10" min="0" name="cgpa"</pre>
required><br><br>
       <label>RESEARCH PAPER </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" min="0" name="research paper" required><br><br><br><br>
       <label>UNIVERSITY RANK </label>
       <input type="number" class="form-field" max="50" min="1" name="university rank" required</pre>
maxlength='5'>
   <button class="animation a6">Predict</button>
 </div>
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

#### Chance.html

```
</div>
    <a href="/checkEligibility"><button type="button" class="btns">Back</button></a>
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### nochance.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="../static/css/style.css">
    <title>University Admit Eligibility Predictor</title>
</head>
<body class="predict1">
    <div class="prediction-box">
        <h1>Predicting Chance of Admission...</h1>
        <div class="prediction">
            <span>Prediction: </span>
            <h3 style="font-weight: 600;">Sorry!! You don't have a chance</h3>
        </div>
        <a href="/checkEligibility"><button type="button" class="btns">Back</button></a>
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 13.3 GitHub

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-49391-1660818486

#### 13.4 Project Demo link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1yhwAKbUfMmrqAAgb6Tgx8k1Elf4iJG-x/view?usp=sharing