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1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids

Farmers

Define

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fit into

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

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What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available

- Financial instability
- Inadequate knowledge about technology
- Insufficient water supply

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the

or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking

Using groundwater and dam water can help minimise water shortages but depletion of these resources might result from continuous use.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.

Provide advice to farmers about the suitable conditions for cultivation.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do

i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.

Unpredictable weather conditions and water scarcity.

7. BEHAVIOUR

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What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

Directly Related: Find the suitable conditions for cultivation and estimate the profit.

Indirectly Associated: Get help and insights from other farmers and experts.

3. TRIGGERS

What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.

Seeing other farmers with high yields triggers them to use the same techniques regardless of their crop conditions.

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER

How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design

Before: Worried, sad, lost, insecure. After: Hopeful, confident.

10. YOUR SOLUTION

If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations solves a problem and matches customer behaviour

Develop a dashboard that displays the dataset of variables, including weather, yield from past years, data extraction from records, and irrigation facility. The dashboard displays these statistics collectively and offers guidance on how to increase production yield.

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR

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What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7

What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.

Online: Upload dataset and analyze suitable conditions for each crop.

Offline: Get help and insights from other farmers and experts.



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