

Assignment-2

Assignment Date	20-09-2022
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Student Roll.No	960519104070
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Data Visualization and Preprocessing

In [1]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"./Churn_Modelling.csv")
```

```
df.head()
```

RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance
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2. Load the data set

In [4]:

In [5]:

Out[5]:N

0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82

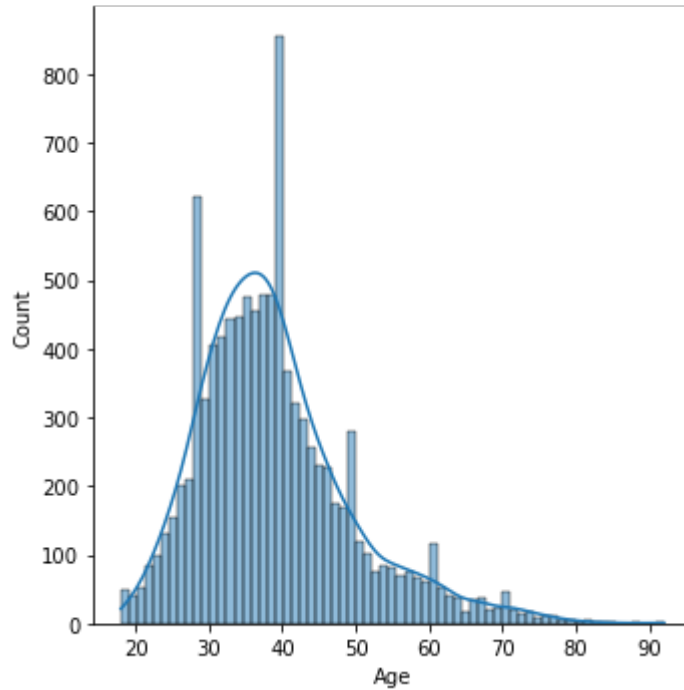
3. Data Visualizations

3.1. Univariate Analysis

```
sns.displot (df['Age' ], kde=True)
```

In [6]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f63a02fa30> Out[6]:

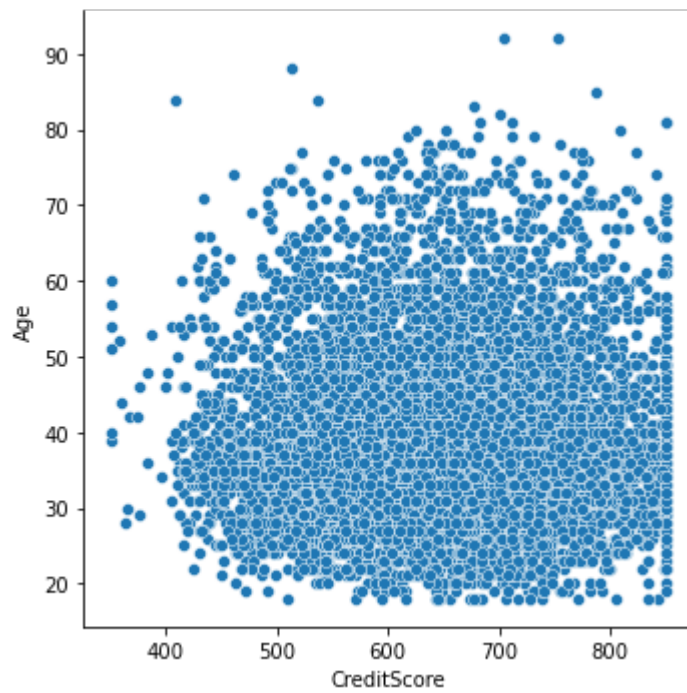


3.2. Bi - Variate Analysis

```
sns.relplot (x='CreditScore' , y='Age' , data =df)
```

In [7]:

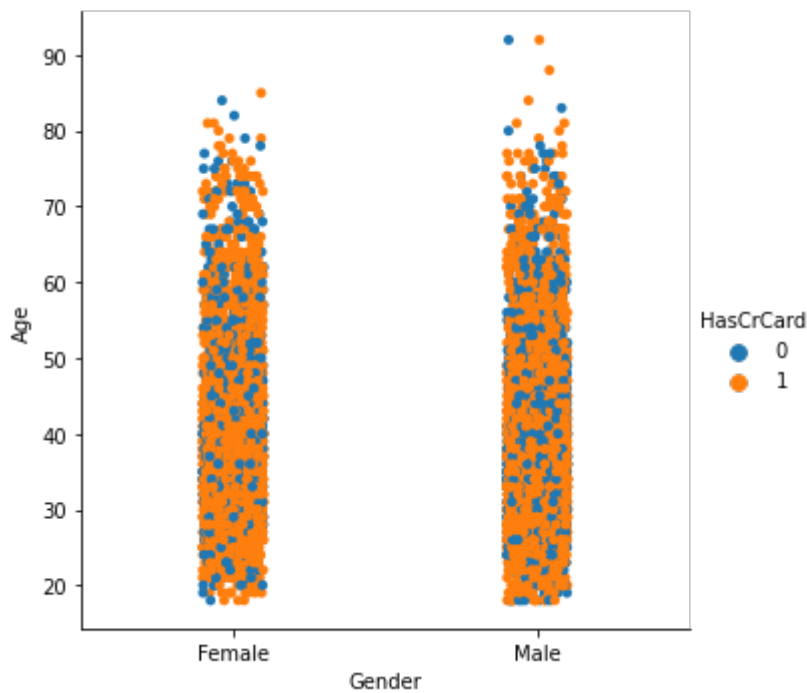
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f63a024160> Out[7]:



```
sns.catplot (x='Gender' , y='Age' , hue='HasCrCard' , data=df)
```

In [8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f647affeb0> Out[8]:

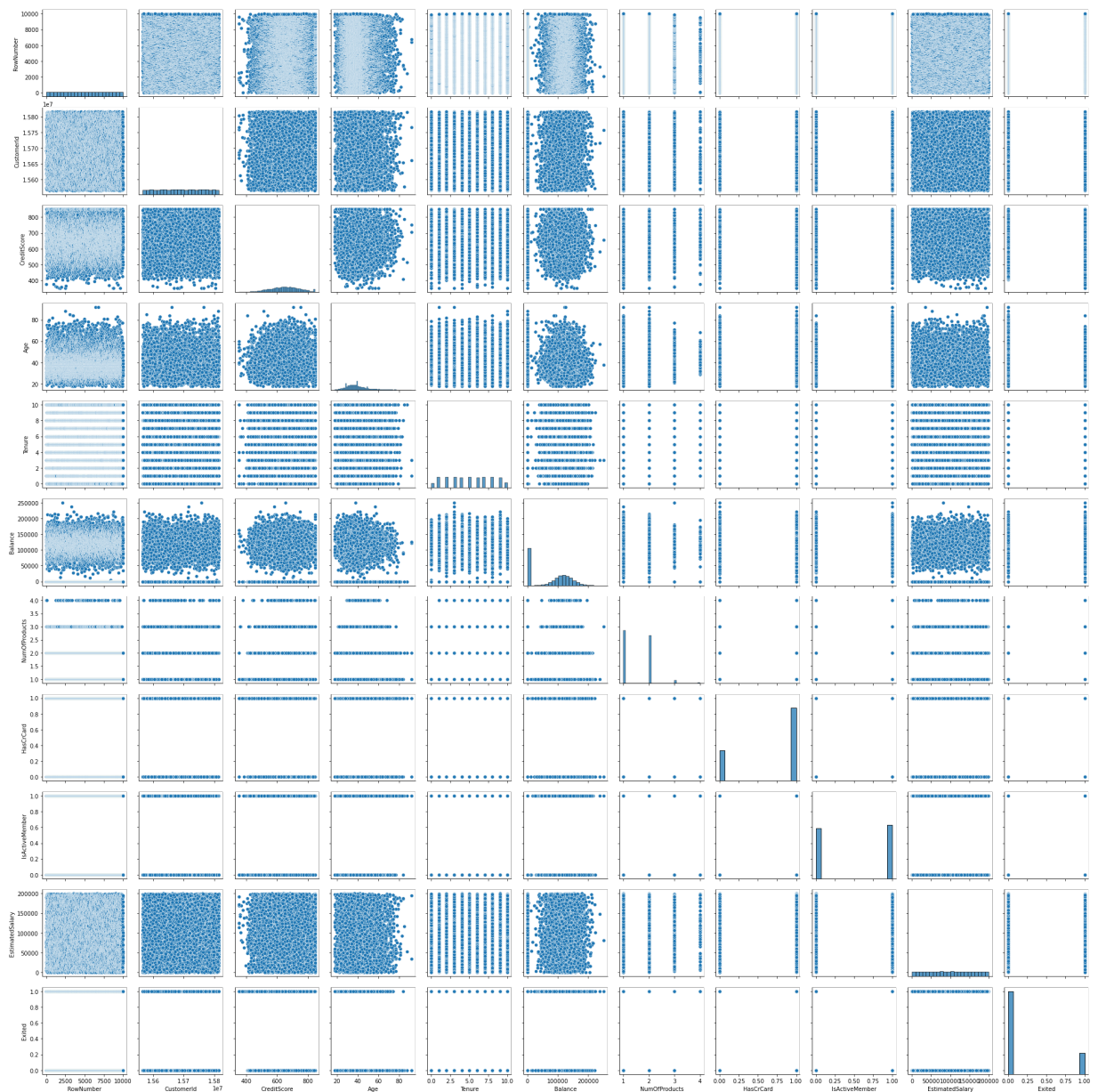


3.3. Multi - Variate Analysis

```
sns.pairplot (df)
```

In [9]:

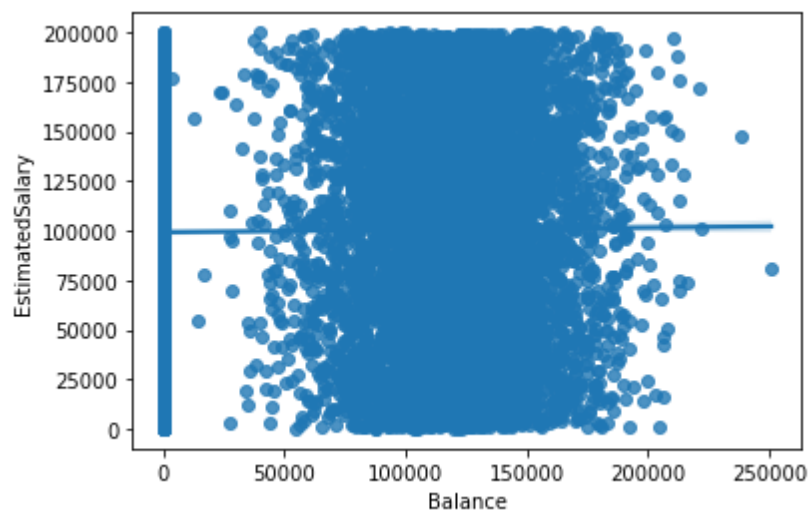
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1f6483b69a0> Out[9]:



In [10]:

```
sns.regplot (x='Balance' , y='EstimatedSalary' , data=df)
```

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Balance', ylabel='EstimatedSalary'> Out[10]:



4. Descriptive Statistics

In [11]:

Out[11]:

```
df.describe()
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumC
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	100
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	

5. Handle the Missing values

In [12]:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[12]:

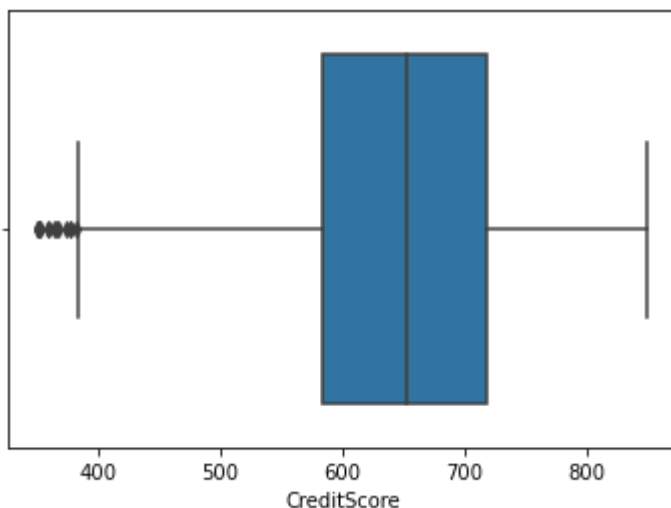
```
RowNumber      0
CustomerId      0
Surname         0 CreditScore      0
Geography      0
Gender         0
Age            0 Tenure          0
Balance        0
NumOfProducts  0
HasCrCard      0 IsActiveMember  0
EstimatedSalary 0 Exited
0 dtype: int64
```

6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

In [13]:

```
sns.boxplot(x='CreditScore', data=df)
```

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='CreditScore'> Out[13]:



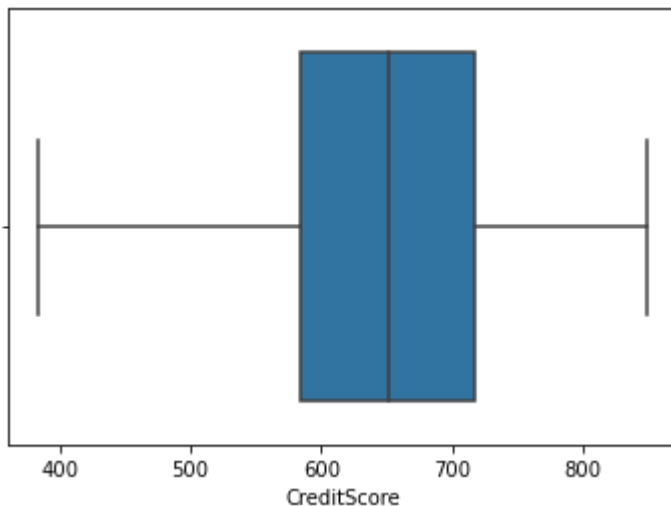
In [14]:

```
Q1 = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.75) IQR =
Q3 - Q1 whisker_width = 1.5
lower_whisker = Q1 - (whisker_width*IQR) upper_whisker = Q3 + (whisker_width*IQR)
df['CreditScore'] = np.where(df['CreditScore'] > upper_whisker, upper_whisker, np.where(df
```

In [15]:

```
sns.boxplot (x='CreditScore' , data =df)
```

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='CreditScore'> Out[15]:



7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

```
In [16]: df['Geography'].unique()
         ct = ColumnTransformer([('oh', OneHotEncoder(), [4])],
                                remainder="passthrough")
```

8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
In [17]: x=df.iloc[:,0:12].values
         y=df.iloc[:,12:14].values x[0:5,:]
```

Out[17]:

```
array([[1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', 619.0, 'France', 'Female', 42, 2, 0.0,
        1, 1, 1],
       [2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Spain', 'Female', 41, 1, 83807.86,
        1, 0, 1],
       [3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'France', 'Female', 42, 8, 159660.8,
        3, 1, 0],
       [4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'France', 'Female', 39, 1, 0.0, 2, 0,
        0],
       [5, 15737888, 'Mitchell', 850.0, 'Spain', 'Female', 43, 2,
        125510.82, 1, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
```

```
In [18]: x=ct.fit_transform(x)
```

```
#INDEPENDENT VARIABLES x[0:5,:]
```

Out[18]:

```
array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', 619.0, 'Female', 42, 2,
        0.0, 1, 1, 1],
       [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Female', 41, 1,
        83807.86, 1, 0, 1],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'Female', 42, 8,
```

```
159660.8, 3, 1, 0],
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'Female', 39, 1, 0.0, 2, 0, 0],
[0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 5, 15737888, 'Mitchell', 850.0, 'Female', 43, 2,
125510.82, 1, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
```

In [19]:

```
#DEPENDENT VARIABLES y[0:5,:]
```

Out[19]:

```
array([[1.0134888e+05, 1.0000000e+00],
       [1.1254258e+05, 0.0000000e+00],      [1.1393157e+05,
       1.0000000e+00],
       [9.3826630e+04, 0.0000000e+00],      [7.9084100e+04,
       0.0000000e+00]])
```

```
sc= StandardScaler()
x[:,8:12]=sc.fit_transform(x[:,8:12]) x[0:5,:]
```

9. Scale the independent variables

In [20]:

Out[20]:

```
array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', 619.0, 'Female',
       0.29351742289674765, -1.041759679225302, -1.2258476714090163,
       -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
       [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Female',      0.19816383219544578, -
       1.387537586562431, 0.11735002143511637,
       -0.911583494040172, 0, 1],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'Female',      0.29351742289674765,
       1.0329077647974714, 1.333053345722891,
       2.5270566192762067, 1, 0],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'Female',
       0.007456650792842043, -1.387537586562431, -1.2258476714090163,
       0.8077365626180174, 0, 0],      [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 5, 15737888, 'Mitchell',
       850.0, 'Female',
       0.3888710135980495, -1.041759679225302, 0.7857278997960621,
       -0.911583494040172, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
```

```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=
```

10. Split the data into training and testing

In [21]:

```
x_train
```

In [22]:

```
array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
```

Out[22]:

```
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 0], [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., -
0.911583494040172, 0, 1], ...,
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 0],
[0.0, 0.0, 1.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
[0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 0]], dtype=object)
```

```
x_test
```

In [23]:

```
array([[0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
```

Out[23]:

```
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 0], [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, ..., -
0.911583494040172, 1, 1], ...,
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
[0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
```

```
y_train
```

In [24]:

```
array([[5.5796830e+04, 1.0000000e+00],
```

Out[24]:

```
[1.9823020e+04, 0.0000000e+00],
[1.3848580e+04, 0.0000000e+00], ...,
[1.8142987e+05, 0.0000000e+00], [1.4875016e+05,
0.0000000e+00],
[1.1885526e+05, 1.0000000e+00]])
```

```
y_test
```

In [25]:

```
array([[1.9285267e+05, 0.0000000e+00],
```

Out[25]:

```
[1.2870210e+05, 1.0000000e+00],
[7.5732250e+04, 0.0000000e+00], ...,
[1.6740029e+05, 0.0000000e+00], [7.0849470e+04,
0.0000000e+00], [3.3759410e+04, 1.0000000e+00]])
```