```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                                                          In []:
data=pd.read excel("/content/Crude Oil Prices Daily.xlsx")
                                                                          In []:
data.isnull().any()
                                                                         Out[]:
Date
                 False
Closing Value
                 True
dtype: bool
                                                                          In []:
data.isnull().sum()
                                                                         Out[]:
Date
                 0
Closing Value
dtype: int64
                                                                          In []:
data.dropna(axis=0,inplace=True)
                                                                          In []:
data.isnull().sum()
                                                                         Out[]:
Date
                 0
Closing Value
dtype: int64
                                                                          In []:
data oil=data.reset index()['Closing Value']
data_oil
                                                                         Out[]:
0
        25.56
        26.00
1
       26.53
       25.85
3
       25.87
        . . .
8211
       73.89
8212
       74.19
8213
       73.05
8214
       73.78
8215
        73.93
Name: Closing Value, Length: 8216, dtype: float64
                                                                          In []:
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler=MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
data oil=scaler.fit transform(np.array(data oil).reshape(-1,1))
                                                                          In []:
data_oil
                                                                         Out[]:
array([[0.11335703],
       [0.11661484],
       [0.12053902],
```

```
. . . ,
        [0.46497853],
        [0.47038353],
        [0.47149415]])
                                                                              In []:
plt.plot(data oil)
                                                                             Out[]:
[]
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
                   4000
                           6000
           2000
training size=int(len(data oil)*0.65)
test_size=len(data_oil)-training_size
train_data,test_data=data_oil[0:training_size,:],data_oil[training_size:len
(data_oil),:1]
                                                                              In []:
training size, test size
                                                                             Out[]:
(5340, 2876)
                                                                              In []:
train_data.shape
                                                                             Out[]:
(5340, 1)
                                                                              In []:
def create_dataset(dataset, time_step=1):
  dataX, dataY=[],[]
  for i in range(len(dataset)-time step-1):
    a=dataset[i:(i+time step),0]
    dataX.append(a)
    dataY.append(dataset[i+time step,0])
  return np.array(dataX), np.array(dataY)
                                                                              In []:
time step=10
x_train, y_train=create_dataset(train_data, time_step)
x_test, y_test=create_dataset(test_data, time_step)
                                                                              In []:
print(x_train.shape),print(y_train.shape)
(5329, 10)
(5329,)
                                                                             Out[]:
(None, None)
```

```
In []:
print(x test.shape),print(y test.shape)
(2865, 10)
(2865,)
                                                                      Out[]:
(None, None)
                                                                       In []:
x train
                                                                      Out[]:
array([[0.11335703, 0.11661484, 0.12053902, ..., 0.10980305, 0.1089886,
        0.11054346],
       [0.11661484, 0.12053902, 0.11550422, ..., 0.1089886 , 0.11054346,
       0.10165852],
       [0.12053902, 0.11550422, 0.1156523, ..., 0.11054346, 0.10165852,
       0.09906708],
       [0.36731823, 0.35176958, 0.36080261, ..., 0.36391234, 0.37042796,
       0.370427961,
       [0.35176958, 0.36080261, 0.35354657, \ldots, 0.37042796, 0.37042796,
       0.37879461],
       [0.36080261, 0.35354657, 0.35295424, ..., 0.37042796, 0.37879461,
        0.3791648211)
                                                                       In []:
x train=x train.reshape(x train.shape[0],x train.shape[1],1)
x test=x test.reshape(x test.shape[0],x test.shape[1],1)
                                                                       In []:
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
                                                                       In []:
model=Sequential()
                                                                       In []:
model.add(LSTM(50, return sequences=True, input shape=(10,1)))
model.add(LSTM(50, return sequences=True))
model.add(LSTM(50))
                                                                       In []:
model.add(Dense(1))
                                                                       In []:
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
Layer (type)
                            Output Shape
                                                      Param #
______
lstm (LSTM)
                            (None, 10, 50)
                                                      10400
                            (None, 10, 50)
lstm 1 (LSTM)
                                                      20200
                            (None, 50)
                                                      20200
1stm 2 (LSTM)
dense (Dense)
                             (None, 1)
                                                      51
```

```
Total params: 50,851
Trainable params: 50,851
Non-trainable params: 0
model.compile(loss='mean squared error',optimizer='adam')
model.fit(x train,y train,validation data=(x test,y test),epochs=3,batch si
ze=64, verbose=1)
Epoch 1/3
84/84 [============== ] - 6s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - val
loss: 0.0011
Epoch 2/3
```

val loss: 7.8338e-04

Epoch 3/3

val loss: 7.5010e-04

Out[]: In []: ##Transformback to original form

train predict=scaler.inverse transform(train data) test_predict=scaler.inverse_transform(test_data) ### Calculate RMSE performance metrics import math

from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error math.sqrt(mean squared error(train data, train predict))

Out[]:

29.347830443269938

In []:

In []:

In []:

from tensorflow.keras.models import load model

In []:

model.save("crude oil.hs")

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as 1stm cell layer call fn, 1stm cell layer call and return conditional losses, 1stm cell 1 layer call fn, 1stm cell 1 layer call and return conditional losses, 1stm cell 2 layer cal 1 fn while saving (showing 5 of 6). These functions will not be directly ca llable after loading.

WARNING: absl: has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Cons ider renaming to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.keras.models .load model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom o bjects' parameter of the load function.

WARNING:absl: has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Cons ider renaming to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.keras.models .load_model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom o bjects' parameter of the load function.

WARNING: absl: has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Cons ider renaming to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.keras.models .load model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom_o bjects' parameter of the load function.

In []:

Plotting look back=10 trainpredictPlot = np.empty like(data oil)

```
trainpredictPlot[:, :] = np.nan
trainpredictPlot[look_back:len(train_predict)+look_back, :] = train_predict
# shift test predictions for plotting
testPredictplot = np.empty like(data oil)
testPredictplot[:,: ] = np.nan
testPredictplot[look back:len(test predict)+look back, :] = test predict
# plot baseline and predictions
plt.plot(scaler.inverse transform(data oil))
plt.show()
140
120
 100
 80
 60
 40
 20
             2000
                     4000
                              6000
                                       8000
len(test_data)
                                                                           Out[]:
2876
                                                                            In []:
x input=test data[2866:].reshape(1,-1)
x input.shape
                                                                           Out[]:
(1, 10)
                                                                            In []:
temp input=list(x input)
temp_input=temp_input[0].tolist()
                                                                            In []:
temp input
                                                                           Out[]:
[0.44172960165852215,
 0.48111950244335855,
 0.49726047682511476,
 0.4679401747371539,
 0.4729749740855915,
 0.47119798608026064,
 0.47341922108692425,
 0.4649785280616022,
 0.4703835332444839,
 0.47149415074781587]
                                                                            In []:
lst output=[]
n_steps=10
i=0
```

while(i<10):

```
if(len(temp input)>10):
#print(temp input)
       x input=np.array(temp input[1:])
       print("{} day input {}".format(i,x input))
       x input=x input.reshape(1,-1)
       x input = x input.reshape((1, n steps, 1)) #print(x input)
       yhat = model.predict(x input, verbose=0)
       print("{} day output {}".format(i,yhat))
       temp input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
       temp input=temp input[1:] #print(temp input)
       lst output.extend(yhat.tolist())
       i=i+1
    else:
       x input = x input.reshape((1, n steps,1))
       yhat = model.predict(x input, verbose=0)
       print(yhat[0])
       temp input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
       print(len(temp input))
       lst output.extend(yhat.tolist())
       i=i+1
[0.47442466]
11
1 day input [0.4811195 0.49726048 0.46794017 0.47297497 0.47119799 0.47341
0.46497853 0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442466]
1 day output [[0.47781762]]
2 day input [0.49726048 0.46794017 0.47297497 0.47119799 0.47341922 0.46497
853
 0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781762]
2 day output [[0.47653615]]
3 day input [0.46794017 0.47297497 0.47119799 0.47341922 0.46497853 0.47038
353
 0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781762 0.47653615]
3 day output [[0.47364426]]
4 day input [0.47297497 0.47119799 0.47341922 0.46497853 0.47038353 0.47149
 0.47442466 0.47781762 0.47653615 0.473644261
4 day output [[0.47442248]]
5 day input [0.47119799 0.47341922 0.46497853 0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442
 0.47781762 0.47653615 0.47364426 0.47442248]
5 day output [[0.47467044]]
6 day input [0.47341922 0.46497853 0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781
762
0.47653615 0.47364426 0.47442248 0.47467044]
6 day output [[0.47518066]]
7 day input [0.46497853 0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781762 0.47653
615
0.47364426 0.47442248 0.47467044 0.47518066]
7 day output [[0.47546706]]
8 day input [0.47038353 0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781762 0.47653615 0.47364
426
 0.47442248 0.47467044 0.47518066 0.47546706]
8 day output [[0.4767432]]
9 day input [0.47149415 0.47442466 0.47781762 0.47653615 0.47364426 0.47442
248
```

```
0.47467044 0.47518066 0.47546706 0.47674319]
9 day output [[0.47736228]]
                                                                                  In []:
day new=np.arange(1,11)
day pred=np.arange(11,21)
len(data_oil)
plt.plot(day_new, scaler.inverse_transform(data_oil[8206:]))
plt.plot(day_pred, scaler.inverse_transform(lst_output))
                                                                                 Out[]:
[]
 77
 76
 75
 74
 73
 72
 71
 70
       2.5
           5.0
                7.5
                    10.0
                         12.5
                              15.0
                                  17.5
                                       20.0
df3=data oil.tolist()
df3.extend(lst_output)
plt.plot(df3[8100:])
                                                                                 Out[]:
[]
0.50
0.48
0.46
0.44
0.42
0.40
0.38
 0.36
          20
                40
                     60
                           80
                                100
                                     120
df3=scaler.inverse_transform(df3).tolist()
                                                                                  In []:
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(data_oil))
                                                                                 Out[]:
[]
```

