AI-BASED LOCALIZATION AND CLASSIFICATION OF SKIN DISEASE WITH ERYTHEMA

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PROJECT LINK:

https://github.com/IBMEPBL/IBM-Project-

50252-1660901100

INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW:

- Erythema, abnormal redness of the skin.
- Erythema is caused by dilation and irritation of the superficial capillaries; the augmented flow of blood through them imparts a reddish hue to the skin. Skin redness can have cause that aren't due to underlying disease. Examples include sunburn, friction, poorly fitting clothes, messages, too much pressure on the area, blushing or exercise.
- Erythema may arise from a great variety of cause and disease conditions. Blushing is a transient from of erythema.
- Erythema multiforme (EM) is a cutaneous and mucosal hypersensitivity reaction with characteristic lesions in target triggered by certain antigenic stimuli.
- It represents an acute condition, sometimes recurrent, of the skin and mucosal membranes manifested by papular, bullous, and necrotic lesions.

LITERATURE SURVEY:

EXISTING PROBLEM:

Rednes of the skin, caused by hyperemia of the capillaries in the lower layers of the

skin.

Computer-aided diagnosis (CAD) is a computer-based sytem that is used in the medical imaging field to aid healthcare workers in their diagnoses. CAD has become a mainstream tool in several medical field such as a memmography and colonography.

However, in dermatology, although skin disease is a common disease, one in which early detection and classification is crucial for the successful treatment and recovery of patients, dermatologists perform most nonivasive screening tests only with the naked eye.

We have shown that even without a large dataset and high-quality images, with higher quality and larger quantity of data, it will be viable to use state-of-the-art models to enable the use of CAD in the field of dermatology.

PROPOSED SOLUTION:

For all forms of erythema multiforme (EM), the most important treatment is usually symptomatic, including oral antihistamines, analgesics, local skin care, and soothing mouthwashes (eg, oral rinsing with warm saline or a solution of diphenhydramine, xylocaine, and kaopectate).

Topical steroids may be considered. For more severe cases, meticulous wound care and use of Burrow or Domeboro solution dressings may be necessary.

The cause of the erythema multiforme should be identified, if possible. If a drug is suspected, it must be withdrawn as soon as possible. This includes all medications begun during the preceding 2 months. Discontinue all unnecessary medications.

KEY WORDS:

Capillary malformation-arteriovenous malformation; EPHB4 mutation; Erythema; Port-wine stain.

TREATMENT:

SELF-TREATMENT

Avoiding harsh or perfumed soaps, detergents and lotions, as well as any known allergy triggers may help to reduce redness. Using an antihistamine or steroid cream may also help.

SEEKING MEDICAL CARE:

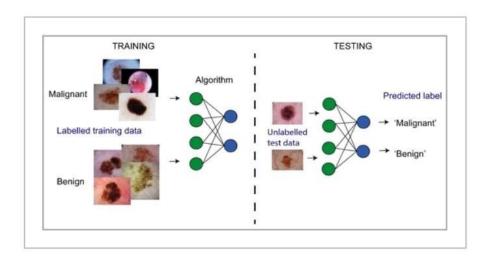
- See a doctor immediately if the redness.
- Appears suddenly or for no apparent reason.

- Spreads quickly or covers most of your body.
- Is accompanied by fever.

Make an appointment to see a doctor if the redness:

- Is persistent.
- Feels painful.
- Oozes yellow or green fluid.
- Occurs along with blisters.

BLOCK DIAGRAM:



FLOW CHART:

- Create IBM services.
- Creating skills for erythema.
- Collecting the database for Erythema.
- Creating & Installing for Python IDE.
- Creating Microsoft's Visual Object Tagging Tool (VoTT).
- Installing Python Packages.
- Creating IBM cloud, Register & Login for IBM cloud.

- Creating a Service credentials.
- Creating a Dataset.
- Creating a HTML web page.
- Creating a PYTHON code.
- Integrate the Skin disease for Erythema with web page.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS:

Erythema multiforme:

- Fatigue, fever, and itching (before lesions appear).
- Sudden outbreak of spots, bumps, and lesions (usually on knees, elbows, palms, hands, and feet).
- Target lesions (spots surrounded by rings of normal and red skin, looking like a target).
- Erythema infectiosum (caused by a virus and known as fifth disease), rash on face and arms lasting about 2 weeks.

Erythema nodosum:

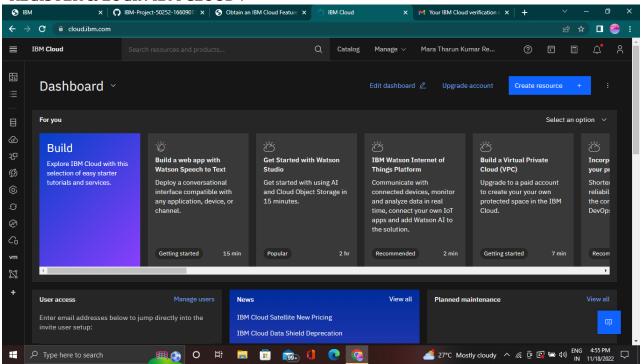
- Fatigue, flu-like symptoms (before lesions appear).
- Clusters of nodules (small round masses) and lesions on shins, forearms, thighs, and trunk.
- Red, painful lesions become soft and bluish, and fade to yellow and brown.
- Joint pain.
- Arthritis.

CREATE IBM SERVICE:

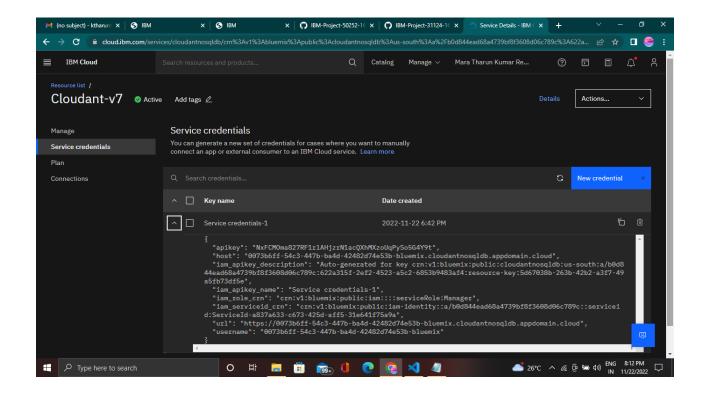
CREATE IBM CLOUD:

In this activity, you will be creating the Necessary IBM service. The following are the service that you have to create.

REGISTER & LOGIN IBM CLOUD:



CREATE SERVICE CREDENTIALS:



BUILD PYTHON CODE:

IMPORTING LIBRARIES:

```
import re
import numpy as np
import os
from flask import Flask, app,request,render_template
import sys
from flask import Flask, request, render_template, redirect, url_for
import argparse
from tensorflow import keras
from PIL import Image
from timeit import default_timer as timer
import test
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
```

Creating a function get_parent_dir() to get the parent directory so that we can go the required directory adding path to the parent directory.

```
def get_parent_dir(n=1):
    """ returns the n-th parent dicrectory of the current
    working directory ""
    current_path = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(_file__))
    for k in range(n):
        current_path = os.path.dirname(current_path)
    return current_path
src_path =r'C:\Users\HP\Desktop\Skin Disease-Flask\2 Training\src'
print(src_path)
utils path = r'C:\Users\HP\Desktop\Skin Disease-Flask\Utils'
print(utils_path)
sys.path.append(src path)
sys.path.append(utils path)
import argparse
from keras yolo3.yolo import YOLO, detect video
from PIL import Image
from timeit import default timer as timer
from utils import load extractor model, load features, parse input, detect objec
import test
import utils
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from Get_File_Paths import GetFileList
import random
os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "3"
# Set up folder names for default values
data_folder = os.path.join(get_parent_dir(n=1), "Skin Disease-Flask", "Data")
image folder = os.path.join(data folder, "Source Images")
```

Go to the data folder in the project directory then go to test_image folder and store the path to test image folder in a variable, similarly for the detection result folder and model weights folder also.

```
os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "3"

# Set up folder names for default values
data_folder = os.path.join(get_parent_dir(n=1), "5kin Disease-Flask", "Data")
image_folder = os.path.join(data_folder, "Source_Images")
image_test_folder = os.path.join(image_folder, "Test_Images")
detection_results_folder = os.path.join(image_folder, "Test_Image_Detection_Results")
detection_results_file = os.path.join(detection_results_folder, "Detection_Results.csv")
model_folder = os.path.join(data_folder, "Model_Neights")
model_weights = os.path.join(model_folder, "trained_weights_final.h5")
model_classes = os.path.join(model_folder, "data_classes.txt")
anchors_path = os.path.join(src_path, "keras_yolo3", "model_data", "yolo_anchors.txt")
FLAGS = Nane
```

An object of Flask class is our WSGI application. Flask constructor takes the name of the current module (_name_) as argument.

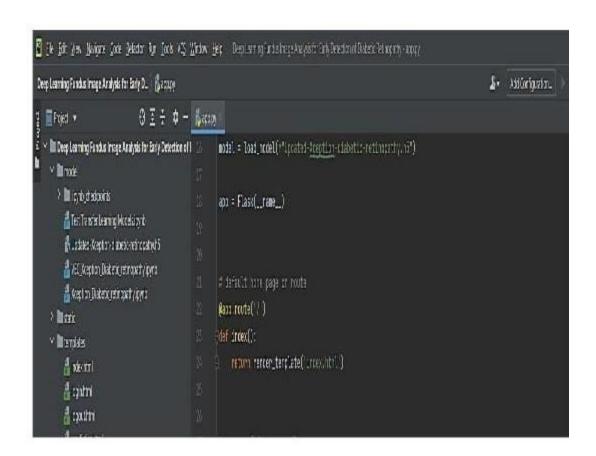
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register htm 

logout html 

logout html
       @app.route('/register')
     def register():
           return render template('register.html')
      @app.route('/afterreg', methods=['POST'])
      def afterreg():
           x = [x for x in request.form.values()]
           print(x)
           data = [
           ' id': x[1], | Setting id is optional
           'psw':x[2]
           print(data)
           query = {' id': {'$eq': data[' id']}}
           docs = my database.qet query result(query)
           print (docs)
           print(len(docs.all()))
           if(len(docs.all())==0):
               url = my database.create document(data)
```

```
D.\Deep Learning Fundus Image Analysis for Early Detection of Diabetic Retinopathy\app.py - Notepad++
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           else:
               return render template ('register.html', pred="You are already a member,
       @app.route('/login')
      edef login():
           return render template('login.html')
      @app.route('/afterlogin',methods=['POST'])
      def afterlogin():
           user = request.form[' id']
           passw = request.form['psw']
           print (user, passw)
           query = [' id': ['Seg': user]]
           docs = my database.get query result(query)
           print (docs)
           print (len (docs.all()))
```

```
@app.route('/result',methods=["GET","POST"])
def res():
   # Delete all default flags
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(argument_default=argparse.SUPPRESS)
    Command line options
    parser.add_argument(
        "--input_path",
        type=str,
        default=image_test_folder,
        help="Path to image/video directory. All subdirectories will be included. Def
        + image_test_folder,
    parser.add_argument(
       "--output",
       type=str,
        default=detection_results_folder,
       help="Output path for detection results. Default is "
        + detection_results_folder,
    parser.add_argument(
        "--no_save_img",
        default=False,
        action="store_true",
        help="Only save bounding box coordinates but do not save output images with a
    parser.add_argument(
        "--file_types",
"--names-list",
```

```
parser.add_argument(
    "--file_types",
    "--names-list",
   nargs="*",
    default=[],
   help="Specify list of file types to include. Default is --f
)
parser.add_argument(
    "--yolo_model",
    type=str,
    dest="model_path",
    default=model weights,
    help="Path to pre-trained weight files. Default is " + mode
)
parser.add_argument(
    "--anchors",
    type=str,
    dest="anchors_path",
    default=anchors path,
   help="Path to YOLO anchors. Default is " + anchors_path,
)
parser.add_argument(
    "--classes",
    type=str,
    dest="classes path",
    default=model classes,
    help="Path to YOLO class specifications. Default is " + mod
```

```
if file types:
    input paths = GetFileList(FLAGS.input path, endings
    print(input paths)
else:
    input paths = GetFileList(FLAGS.input path)
    print(input paths)
# Split images and videos
img_endings = (".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png")
vid_endings = (".mp4", ".mpeg", ".mpg", ".avi")
input image paths = []
input video paths = []
for item in input paths:
    if item.endswith(img_endings):
        input image paths.append(item)
    elif item.endswith(vid endings):
        input video paths.append(item)
output path = FLAGS.output
if not os.path.exists(output path):
    os.makedirs(output path)
# define YOLO detector
yolo = YOLO(
        "model path": FLAGS.model path,
        "anchors path": FLAGS.anchors path,
        "classes path": FLAGS.classes path,
        "score": FLAGS.score,
        "gpu num": FLAGS.gpu num,
        "model image size": (416, 416),
```

```
end = timer()
    print(
        "Processed {} images in {:.1f}sec - {:.1f}FPS".fe
            len(input image paths),
            end - start,
            len(input image paths) / (end - start),
    out df.to csv(FLAGS.box, index=False)
# This is for videos
if input video paths:
    print(
        "Found {} input videos: {} ...".format(
            len(input video paths),
            [os.path.basename(f) for f in input video par
    start = timer()
    for i, vid path in enumerate(input video paths):
        output path = os.path.join(
            FLAGS.output,
            os.path.basename(vid path).replace(".", FLAG
        detect_video(yolo, vid_path, output_path=output_
    end = timer()
    print(
        "Processed {} videos in {:.1f}sec".format(
            len(input_video_paths), end - start
# Close the current yolo session
yolo.close session()
return render template('prediction.html')
```

Main Function:

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=False)
```

BUILD HTML CODE:

- We use HTML to create the front-end part of the web page.
- Here, we have created 1 HTML page-Erythema.html.
- Erythema.html displays the home page.
- A simple HTML page is created.

Run the application:

- Open anaconda prompt from the start menu.
- Navigate to the folder where your python script is.
- Now type "python app.py" command.
- Navigate to the localhost where you can view your web page.
- Click on the predict button from the top right corner, enter the inputs, click on the submit button, and see the result/prediction on the web.

SOURCE CODE:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""Untitled0.ipynb
```

Automatically generated by Colaboratory.

Original file is located at

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1PYFZ7zKhWpFF5YilnguhZ8X1EgtSIJN4

import re

import numpy as np

```
import os
from flask import Flask, app,request,render_template
import sys
from flask import Flask, request, render_template, redirect, url_for
import argparse
from tensorflow import keras
from PIL import Image
from timeit import default_timer as timer
import test
from pyngrok import ngrok
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
def get_parent_dir(n=1):
     """ returns the n-th parent dicrectory of the current
     working directory """
     current_path = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(_file_))
     for k in range(n):
           current_path = os.path.dirname(current_path)
     return current_path
src_path=r'/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM_PROJECT/yolo_structure/2_Training/src'
print(src_path)
utils_path=r'/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM_PROJECT/yolo_structure/Utils'
print(utils_path)
sys.path.append(src_path)
sys.path.append(utils_path)
```

```
import argparse
from keras_yolo3.yolo import YOLO, detect_video
from PIL import Image
from timeit import default_timer as timer
from utils import load_extractor_model, load_features, parse_input, detect_object
import test
import utils
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from Get_File_Paths import GetFileList
import random
os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "3"
# Set up folder names for default values
data_folder = os.path.join(get_parent_dir(n=1), "yolo_structure", "Data")
image_folder = os.path.join(data_folder, "Source_Images")
image_test_folder = os.path.join(image_folder, "Test_Images")
detection_results_folder = os.path.join(image_folder, "Test_Image_Detection_Results")
detection_results_file = os.path.join(detection_results_folder, "Detection_Results.csv")
model_folder = os.path.join(data_folder, "Model_Weights")
model_weights = os.path.join(model_folder, "trained_weights_final.h5")
model_classes = os.path.join(model_folder, "data_classes.txt")
```

```
anchors\_path = os.path.join(src\_path, "keras\_yolo3", "model\_data", "yolo\_anchors.txt")
FLAGS = None
from cloudant.client import Cloudant
# Authenticate using an IAM API key
client =
Cloudant.iam('0073b6ff-54c3-447b-ba4d-42482d74e53b-
bluemix', 'NxFCMOma827RF1rlAHjzrN1acQXhMXzoUqPySo5G4Y9t',
connect=True)
# Create a database using an initialized client
my_database = client.create_database('my_database')
app=Flask(_name_)
port_no=5000
ngrok.set_auth_token("2H7aM94zEuTa40t3J6jKpIqWAc3_B2UxzZs6qxetntgadxQW")
public_url = ngrok.connect(port_no).public_url
print(f"To acces the Gloable link please click {public_url}")
#default home page or route
@app.route('/')
def index():
     return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/index.html')
```

```
def home():
      return render_template("index.html")
#registration page
@app.route('/register')
def register():
      return render_template('register.html')
@app.route('/afterreg', methods=['POST'])
def afterreg():
     x = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in request.form.values}()]
      print(x)
      data = {
      '_id': x[1], # Setting _id is optional
      'name': x[0],
      'psw':x[2]
     }
      print(data)
      query = {'_id': {'$eq': data['_id']}}
      docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
      print(docs)
      print(len(docs.all()))
      if(len(docs.all())==0):
            url = my_database.create_document(data)
            #response = requests.get(url)
```

```
return render_template('register.html', pred="Registration Successful, please
login using your details")
      else:
           return render_template('register.html', pred="You are already a member,
please login using your details")
#login page
@app.route('/login')
def login():
     return render_template('login.html')
@app.route('/afterlogin',methods=['POST'])
def afterlogin():
      user = request.form['_id']
      passw = request.form['psw']
      print(user,passw)
     query = {'_id': {'$eq': user}}
      docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
      print(docs)
     print(len(docs.all()))
     if(len(docs.all())==0):
           return render_template('login.html', pred="The username is not found.")
      else:
           if((user==docs[0][0]['_id'] and passw==docs[0][0]['psw'])):
                 return redirect(url_for('prediction'))
           else:
                 print('Invalid User')
```

```
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
     return render_template('logout.html')
@app.route('/prediction')
def prediction():
     return render_template('prediction.html',path="../static/img/6623.jpg",)
@app.route('/result',methods=["GET","POST"])
def res():
     # Delete all default flags
     parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(argument_default=argparse.SUPPRESS)
     Command line options
     .....
     f = request.files['file']
     f.save("./drive/MyDrive/IBM_PROJECT/Flask/static/img/"+f.filename)
     parser.add_argument(
           "--input_path",
           type=str,
           default=image_test_folder,
           help="Path to image/video directory. All subdirectories will be included.
Default is "
```

```
+ image_test_folder,
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--output",
           type=str,
           default=detection_results_folder,
           help="Output path for detection results. Default is "
           + detection_results_folder,
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--no save img",
           default=False,
           action="store_true",
           help="Only save bounding box coordinates but do not save output images with
annotated boxes. Default is False.",
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--file_types",
           "--names-list",
           nargs="*",
           default=[],
           help="Specify list of file types to include. Default is --file_types .jpg .jpeg .png
.mp4",
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--yolo_model",
           type=str,
```

```
dest="model_path",
      default=model_weights,
     help="Path to pre-trained weight files. Default is " + model_weights,
)
parser.add_argument(
      "--anchors",
      type=str,
     dest="anchors_path",
     default=anchors_path,
     help="Path to YOLO anchors. Default is " + anchors_path,
)
parser.add_argument(
      "--classes",
     type=str,
     dest="classes_path",
     default=model_classes,
     help="Path to YOLO class specifications. Default is " + model_classes,
)
parser.add_argument(
     "--gpu_num", type=int, default=1, help="Number of GPU to use. Default is 1"
)
parser.add_argument(
     "--confidence",
     type=float,
     dest="score",
     default=0.25,
```

```
help="Threshold for YOLO object confidence score to show predictions. Default
is 0.25.",
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--box_file",
           type=str,
           dest="box",
           default=detection_results_file,
           help="File to save bounding box results to. Default is "
           + detection_results_file,
     )
     parser.add_argument(
           "--postfix",
           type=str,
           dest="postfix",
           default="_disease",
           help='Specify the postfix for images with bounding boxes. Default is "_disease"',
     )
     yolo = YOLO(
           **{
                 "model_path": FLAGS.model_path,
                 "anchors_path": FLAGS.anchors_path,
                 "classes_path": FLAGS.classes_path,
                 "score": FLAGS.score,
```

```
"gpu_num": FLAGS.gpu_num,
                "model_image_size": (416, 416),
           }
     )
     img_path="/drive/MyDrive/IBM_PROJECT/Flask/static/img/"+f.filename
     prediction, image,lat,lon= detect_object(
                yolo,
                img_path,
                save_img=save_img,
                save_img_path=FLAGS.output,
                postfix=FLAGS.postfix,
     )
     yolo.close_session()
render_template('prediction.html',prediction=str(prediction),path="../static/img/"+f.filena
me)
""" Running our application """
if_name_== "_main_":
     app.run(port=port_no)
OUTPUT:
```

