Define CS. fit into CC

CS

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

 Phishing attempts frequently result in the loss of a customer's credentials and valuable personal information. 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

• Manual self-analysis using address features as a basis for confirmation.

• Double checking the link with a phishing database.

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2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

frequent millions of

websites

Internet users who

especially those who utilise websites for e-

banking and e-commerce.

Obtaining the URLs of websites from customers,

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

Developments in technology that encourage hacking and phishing.

Low effectiveness of algorithms.

Credential access that

7. BEHAVIOUR

 Making use of a unique extension that examines the current link

• The user can access the extension that offers results.

AS. differentiate

BE

on J&P tan into RF underst

RC

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3. TRIGGERS

TR

• As alerted with the urge or temptation to commit to a task.

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4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER



- Before: Fear of Uncertainty, Vulnerability.
- After: Relief of maintaining privacy and confidence in website access.

10. YOUR SOLUTION



Making a website in Python where a user may enter a URL and the system classifies it as a phishing website or not using machine learning algorithms and then provides the user with feedback

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR



ONLINE

Using the website link to examine the phishing website's behaviour and receiving feedback from the build is to be