

# ASSIGNMENTS - 3

Assignment Date	30 September 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

## Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific method described if applicable.

**\*\* What is 7 to the power of 4? \*\***

In [ ]:

Out[2]: 2401

In [ ]: **7\*\*4**

Out[1]: 2401

**\*\* Split this string: \*\***

s = "Hi there Sam!"

*\*into a list.\**

In [73]: s=" HI there sam!"  
s.split()

...

In [74]: s="Hi there dad!"  
s.split()

Out[74]: ['Hi', 'there', 'dad!']

**\*\* Given the variables: \*\***

planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742

**\*\* Use .format() to print the following string: \*\***

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

In [ ]: planet = "Earth"  
diameter = 12742  
print("the diameter of {} is {} kilometers".format(planet,diameter))

the diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

**\*\* Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" \*\***

```
In [ ]: lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
print(lst[3][1][2])

['hello']
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Out[14]: 'hello'

**\*\* Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky \*\***

```
In [ ]: d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{ 'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}

In [ ]: d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]
```

Out[31]: 'hello'

**\*\* What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? \*\***

```
In [ ]: #tuple --> immutable
        #list --> mutable
```

**\*\* Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: \*\***

user@domain.com

**So for example, passing "[user@domain.com \(mailto:user@domain.com\)](mailto:user@domain.com)" would return: domain.com**

```
In [75]: mail="user@domain.com"
mail.split("@")[1]
```

Out[75]: 'domain.com'

```
In [ ]:
```

Out[26]: 'domain.com'

**\*\* Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string. Don't worry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization. \*\***

```
def wdfinder(wd):
    if wd in li:
        print("True")
    else:
        print("False")
st="kunal is dog and abd also dog "
li=st.split()
wd="dog"
wdfinder(wd)
```

True

In [ ]:

Out[28]: True

**\*\* Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignore edge cases. \*\***

```
In [ ]: def wdcoun(word):
        count=0
        for i in li:
            if i==word:
                count=count+1
        print("the count is ",count)
word="dog"
wdcount(word)
```

the count is 2

In [ ]:

Out[31]: 2

## Problem

*\*You are driving a little too fast, and a police officer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases. \**

```
def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):

    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed

    if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'
```

```
In [ ]: caught_speeding(82,False)
```

```
Out[59]: 'Big Ticket'
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
Out[6]: 'Big Ticket'
```

```
In [ ]: caught_speeding(70,True)
```

```
Out[61]: 'Small Ticket'
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
Out[5]: 'Small Ticket'
```

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a for loop retrieve each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
In [ ]: emp_salary=[2000,3000,2000,3000,5000]
count=0
for i in emp_salary:
    count=count+i
print("The total salary expenditure is {}".format(count))
```

The total salary expenditure is 15000

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay

Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.

Combine both dictionaries.

```
d1={'Empid':123,'Empname':'kishore','Basicpay':30000}  
d2={'DeptName':'Developer','DepId':321}  
d3={**d1,**d2}  
d3
```

```
Out[72]: {'Empid': 123,  
          'Empname': 'kishore',  
          'Basicpay': 30000,  
          'DeptName': 'Developer',  
          'DepId': 321}
```

In [ ]: