# IOT BASED SMART CROP PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR AGRICULTURE

Category:INTERNETOFTHINGS

# **APROJECTREPORT**

Submittedby

Sneka T

Sathiyabama S

Sivasakthi P

Tamilarasi T

**FROM** 

SRI VRNKATESWARAA COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

InfulfillmentofprojectinIBM-

NALAYATHIRAN2022TeamId:PNT2022TMI

D38273

## **PROJECTGUIDES**

IndustryMentor: Mr. Dinesh

FacultyMentor:Mrs.Anburaman S

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1 ProjectOverview:

#### **Smart crop protection system**

Smart crop protection system solutions use sensors placed in crop yields to measure humidity, temperarture, moisture and to notify farmers when crops are ready to be emptied. Over time, historical data collected by sensors can be used to identify crop patterns. The cost of these sensors is steadily decreasing, making IoT crop protection more feasible to implement and more attractive to farmer.

## 1.2 Purpose:

- At present, we can see crop are being damaged due to many reasons. Our primary goal is to protect the crop from being damaged.
- ➤ Due to damage in crops, many farmers left farming and started doing other jobs because of loss they faced in agriculture. So our crop protection should prevent crop from being damaged and produce better yield.
- In agriculture fields crops are being damaged by birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc. Our crop protection system should stop these from damaging the crops.
- So, our problem statement is to design a system based on IOT application for protecting crops from birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc and provide high yield in agriculture to make farmers happy and people enjoy the healthy food.

## 2. <u>LITERATURESURVEY</u>

## 2.1 ExistingProblem:

- At present, we can see crop are being damaged due to many reasons. Our primary goal is to protect the crop from being damaged.
- ❖ Due to damage in crops, many farmers left farming and started doing other jobs because of loss they faced in agriculture. So our crop protection should prevent crop from being damaged and produce better yield.
- ❖ In agriculture fields crops are being damaged by birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc. Our crop protection system should stop these from damaging the crops
- So, our problem statement is to design a system based on IOT application for protecting crops from birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc and provide high yield in agriculture to make farmers happy and people enjoy the healthy food.

#### **2.2 ProblemStatement Definition:**

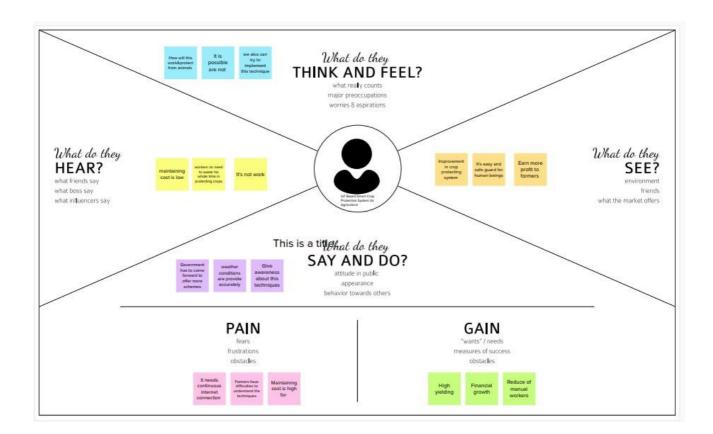
➤ Due to damage in crops, many farmers left farming and started doing other jobs because of loss they faced in agriculture. So our crop protection should prevent crop from being damaged and produce better yield .In agriculture fields crops are being damaged by birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc. Our crop protection system should stop these from damaging the crops .So, our problem statement is to design a system based on IOT application for protecting crops from birds, animals, insects, climate, disease, excess water, etc and provide high yield in agriculture to make farmers happy and people enjoy the healthy food.

#### **IDEATION&PROPOSEDSOLUTION**

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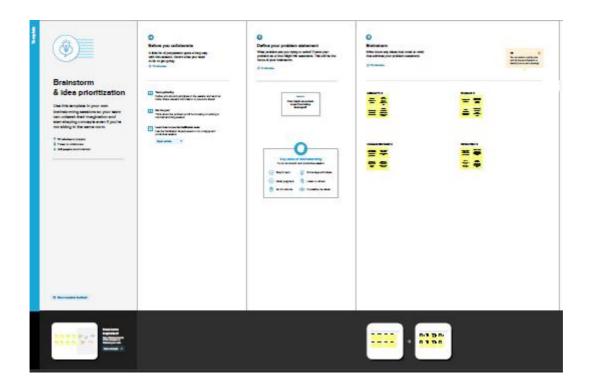
#### 3.1 EmpathyMapCanvas:

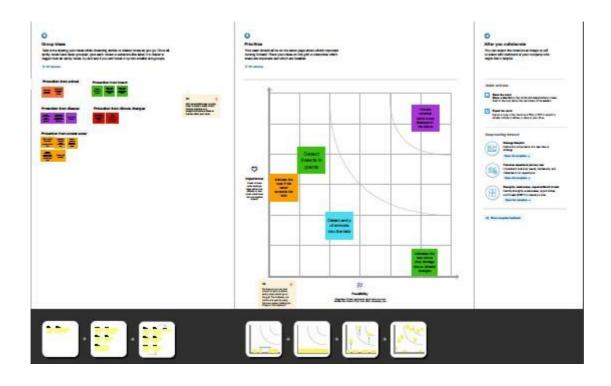
An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user'sbehavioursandattitudes. It is a useful to oltohelpsteams better understand their users. Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it. The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.



## 3.2 Ideation&Brainstorming:

Ideation and Brainstorming Ideation is often closely related to the practice of brainstorming, a **specific technique that is utilized to generate new ideas**. A principal difference between ideation and brainstorming is that ideation is commonly more thought of as being an individual pursuit, while brainstorming is almost always a group activity.



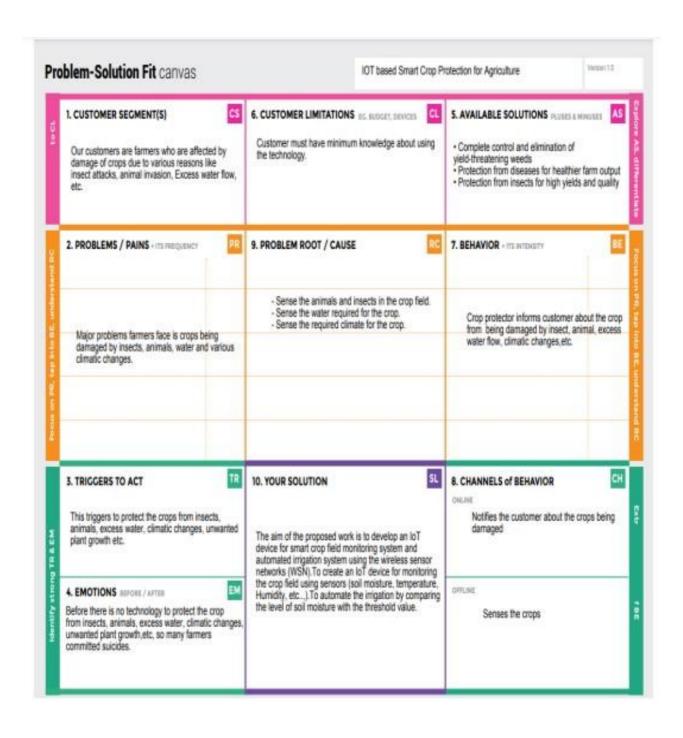


# 3.3 Proposed Solution:

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	ProblemStatement(Problemtob	IOT BASED SMART
	esolved)	CROP PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR
		AGRICULTURE
2.	Idea/Solutiondescription	The aim of the proposed
		work is to develop an IOT device for
		smart crop field monitoring system and
		automated irrigation system using the
		wireless sensor networks(WSN) . To
		create an IOT device for monitoring the
		crop field using sensors (soil
		moisture ,temperature ,Humidity ,etc.,)
		To automate the irrigation by
		comparing the level of soil moisture
		with the threshold value.
3.	Novelty/Uniqueness	Daily update about the
] 3.	Two verty/ omqueness	Condition of the land send to the
		farmers via mail
4.	Social Impact	Cost effective to the society
	/CustomerS	Modernaization to the society
	atisfaction	High protection and High yield

		Outcome	based	model	Data	based
5.	Business	model Pla	tform ba	ased mod	lel	
J.	Model(Revenue					
	Model)					
6.	ScalabilityoftheSolution	Start sma	ll and bu	uild out		

#### 3.4 PROBLEMSOLUTION FIT:



## **4REQUIREMENTANALYSIS**

# 4.1 FunctionalRequirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FRNo.	FunctionalRequirement	SubRequirement(Story/Sub-Task)
	(Epic)	
FR-1	UserRegistration	Registration through FormRegistrationthroughGmail.
FR-2	UserConfirmation	ConfirmationviaEmail .
FR-3	Interfacingwithhardware	Interfacethesensorswiththesoftwareapplicationso astoalertthefarmersincaseofanyharmforcrops.
FR-4	DatabaseConnection	DatabasesareretrievedfromIBMCloudant .
FR-5	MobileApplication	Alarmandmotorscanbeaccessedfromthemobilea pp.

# 4.2 Non-functionalRequirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FRNo.	Non-FunctionalRequirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Thesmartcropprotectionalertsthefarmersinc aseofanyobstaclesandhelpsinprotecting thecrops
NFR-2	Security	SmartAgriculturecanimprovethefarmingp ractices and maintain sustainable production of crops
		especially by preventing the
		animals into
		theagriculturallandsthroughIoTena
		bleddevices
NFR-3	Reliability	With a proper power supply, SD card andprogrammingtheprocessorshoul dbeabletorun24/7 for years. The SD card and power supply willlikely wear out faster than the Pi. The possiblereasonsbehindRaspberryPif ailurecanbepower breakdowns,SDcardfailures,andineligiblee nvironments.
NFR-4	Performance	UsageofanSDcardmodulethathelpstostore aspecifiedsoundtoscaretheanimals.  Cropdamageduetoanimalattackcanbesense d.NetworkandDesignEvaluation
NFR-5	Availability	Agriculturefordifferentvarietyofcropsi sbasedonthe monsoon changes, indoor and outdoor climatictemperatures, availabilityofrai nfallandirrigation
NFR-6	Scalability	methods.
	3333337	The product shall be made available to
		everyoneespecially in remote areas for
		better efficiency
		ofcropyieldwiththebettersafetyofcropsa

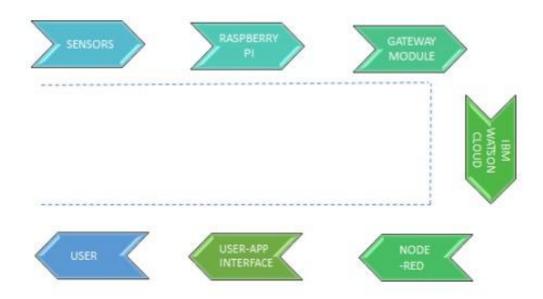
	swell asthefarmers.

#### **5PROJECTDESIGN**

## **5.1 DataFlowDiagrams:**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the informationflows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the systemrequirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes theinformation, and where datais stored.

#### DATA FLOW DIAGRAM:

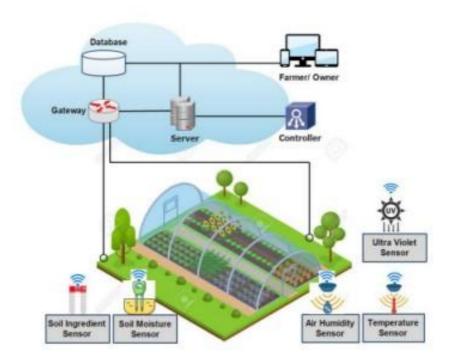


## **5.2 SOLUTIONANDTECHNICALARCHITECTURE**

## 1. Summary:

The smart crops are constructed based on the sensor application and raspberry pi . It can also act as a transceiver since it is connected to the mobile phone of the user . The overall process of the sensors and raspberry pi is monitored using real time monitor which can help data transmission. This is stored and formulated using cloud data . Through which the admin can access the data and then track the location from GPS .

#### SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE:



# 2. Components&Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	UserInterface	applicatione o	HTML,CSS,JavaScript/A ngularJs/ReactJsetc.
2.	Application Logic-1	Logicforaprocessintheapplicatio n	Java/Python
	Database	DataType,Configurationsetc.	MySQL,NoSQL,etc
4.	ІоТ	To collect the data and alert the users	IBM Watson IoT Platform, Node Red.
5.	Cloud Database	Database ServiceonCloud	Cloudant DB

# 3. **ApplicationCharacteristics:**

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open Source framework	Listtheopen- sourceframeworksused	TechnologyofOpens ourceframework
2.	Security implementation	Listallthesecurity/accessc ontrolsimplemented,useof firewallsetc .,	•
3.	Scalable Architecture	Justifythescalabilityofarc hitecture(3 –tier,Micro-services)	Technologyused
4.	Availability	Justifytheavailabilityofa pplication(e.g.use of load balancers, distributedserversetc.)	Technologyused
5.	Performance	Design consideration for theperformance of the application(num berofrequestspe rsec,useof	Technologyused

# 5.3 UserStories

Use the below template to list all the users to ries for the product.

UserType	FunctionalReq uirement(Epic)	UserStor y Number	UserStory/Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer(Farmer	Maintain fields	USN-1	Asauser,Icanmonit orthegrowthof cropsandprotectth ecropsagainstanim als	Icanmaintainthefi eldswithlesslabor	High	Sprint-1
	Analyzing problem	USN-2	As auser,Icollectthere quired information aboutthepro blemsonagr iculturefiel ds	Icanaskmyfi eldownerdir ectly.	low	Sprint-2
ProjectDesigners	Identifying theproblema nd providesolutions	USN-3	Asauser,Icanse nsethewaterlev elandflame in the field using sensor andmonitorusin gIOT	Icanperformth isactionsviaIo T.	Medium	Sprint-1
Customer field Maintainer	Problem solution	USN-4	Asauser, areas canb emonitored from ar emoteplace	CheckingP rocess	Medium	Sprint-3
	Final process	USN-5	Thispropose dsmartIOT- basedcroppr otectiondevi ceisfoundto be cost- effectiveandefficie nt	Icantakenecessa ryactionifrequir ed	High	Sprint-4

# 6. PROJECTPLANNINGANDSCHEDULING

## **6.1 SPRINTPLANNING&SCHEDULING:**

TITLE	DESCRIPTION	DATE
LiteratureS urvey &Informati onGatherin g	Literature survey on the selected project isdonebygatheringinfo rmationaboutrelatedd etailsontechnical papers and webbrowsing.	28 SEPTEMBER 2022
Prepare EmpathyMap	PreparedEmpathy Map Canvastocapture the user Pains & Gains list of problem statements.	24 SEPTEMBER 2022
Ideation	List the organizing the brainstorming session and prioritize the top 3 ideas based on the feasibility and importance.	25 SEPTEMBER 2022
ProposedSolution	Preparedtheproposedsolution document whichincludesthenovelty, feasibilityofidea, business model, social impact, scala bilityof solution, etc.	
ProblemSolutionFit	Prepared problem - solutionfitdocument.	30 SEPTEMBER 2022
Solution Architecture	Prepare solution architecture document.	28 SEPTEMBER 2022

## **6.2 SPRINTDELIVERYSCHEDULE**

## ProductBacklog,SprintSchedule,andEstimation

Usethe below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule.

#### Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation:

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Points (40)	Priority (Low to High)	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the required dataset by entering my enact, password, and confirming my password.	3	High	Ununahowe
Sprint-1		U9N-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email and the SMS once I have registered for the application	2	High	Опапавення
Sprint-2	Cloud services	U994-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Pacebook or any social media	1	Low	Ahimanyu
Sprint-4		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Great/web service	2	Modium	Dhanesi
Sprint-3	Login	US94-5	As a user, I can log into the application network by entering email & password	4	FEgh	Venkwinsh
Sprint-2	The processing	US94-6	As a farmer, the user must be able to find the system easy to access so pre-processes and other task must be perfect.	3	High	Dharen
Sprint-1	Collecting Deboret	US04-7	To collect various sources of seimal threats and keep developing a dataset.	3	Medium	Umarrahovea
Sprint-4	Integrating	US94-8	To integrate the available dataset and keep improving the accuracy of finding animals	2	Fligh	Abinunyu
Sprint-3		USN-9	To find and use appropriate compiler to run and test the data so that we can implement our program.	1.	Low	Verkutesh
Sprint-2		ED894-10	Request Saveetha Engineering College to deploy the project in our carepus and test	1	Low	Dharara
Sprint-1	Training	U8N-11	As programmer, we need to train our data perfectly so that the program rurs smoothly	3	High	Опитавони
Sprint-3		U8N-12	Train the data using out available services and IBM dataset from server and response that	2	Medium	Verkstech
Sprint-4	Coding	US94-13	To modify the code according to our program and improve the efficiency of that code	4	High	Ahimanyu
5print-2		USN-13	To improve performance	1	Low	Venkstech
Sprint-2	Record	US94-5	To record the data and plot the graph to show the characteristics officially	4	FEigh	Verkstech
Sprint-1	Plening	USN-4	Plan the programming language and feasibility	3	Medium	Umarrabowa Ahimanyu
Sprint-4		USN-14	Denominate the working and improve accuracy overall	2	Low	Ahimanyu

## ProjectTracker,Velocity&BurndownCharts

Sprint	TotalS toryP oints	Duration	Sprint StartD ate	SprintE ndDate( Planne d)	StoryPointsCom pleted(asonPlan ned EndDate)	SprintRel easeDate (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	5Days	20Oct2022	24Oct2022	20	21Oct2022
Sprint-2	20	5Days	25Oct2022	29Oct2022	20	27Oct2022
Sprint-3	20	5Days	31Oct 2022	4Nov2022	20	02Nov2022
Sprint-4	20	7Days	5Nov 2022	11Nov202 2	20	08Nov2022

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	5 Days	20 Oct 2022	24 Oct 2022	20	21 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	5 Days	25 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	27 Oct 2022
Sprint-3	20	5 Days	31 Oct 2022	4 Nov 2022	20	2 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	7 Days	5 Nov 2022	11 Nov 2022	20	8 Nov 2022

#### Velocity:

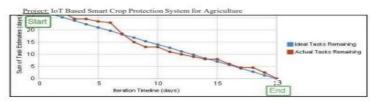
We have a 23-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint).

To Find: Calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = \frac{23}{20} = 1.15$$

#### Burndown Chart:

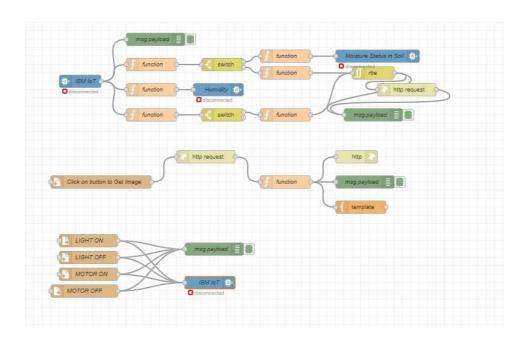
A burn down chart is a graphical representation of work left to do versus time. It is often used in agile software development methodologies such as Scrum. However, burn down charts can be applied to any project containing measurable progress over time.

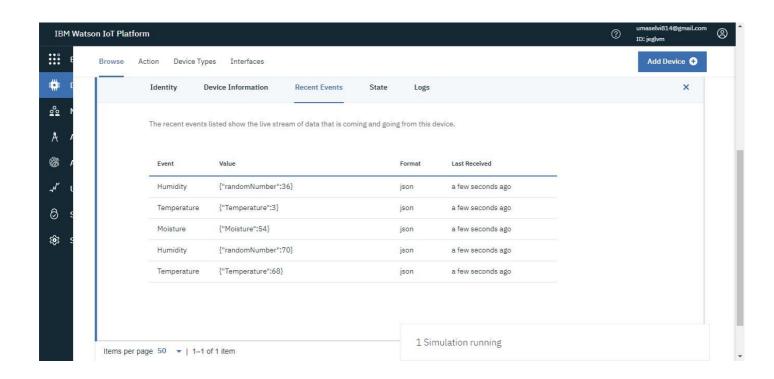


<u>7.</u>

#### **CODINGANDSOLUTIONING**

## NODEREDSERVICEASSOCIATEDWITHIBMCLOUD:





# NoderedDashboard:



## 9. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

We presented an intelligent Smart crop protection system. The system is based on IoT sensors. It is responsible formeasuring the waste level in the smart crop. When the smart crop gets affected almost there will be information received by the admin, Since the admin can access the data and location of the crop. Later send thisdata (through Internet) to a server for storage and processing.

This data helps to compute the optimized collection routes forthe workers. In future, we would like to enhance the systemfor different kind of crop management system .

# 10. FUTURESCOPE

The advantage of thiswork is its contribution in making a Smart crop. Among themany challenges that a city faces, crop protection management is ofutmost importance. This is because, it is directly related to food of people living in the area. We are further extendingthis work to address problems of seggragating different kindof crops (e.g.,paddy ,wheat ,etc., ), and identifying differentagricultural department for collecting it. The optimization algorithms may be devised accordingly depending on the requirements. In future, we would like to enhance the system of different kind of crops .

## **11.APPENDIX**

## 11.1 **SOURCECODE**:

## **PYTHONCODETOPUBLISHDATA**

import cv2

importnumpy as np

importwiot.sdk.device

importplaysound

import random

import time

importdatetime

import ibm boto3

fromibm\_botocore.client import Config, ClientError

#### #CloudantDB

fromcloudant.client import Cloudant

fromcloudant.error import CloudantException

fromcloudant.result import Result, ResultByKey

fromclarifai grpc.channel.clarifai channel import ClarifaiChannel

fromclarifai grpc.grpc.api import service pb2 grpc

stub = service pb2 grpc. V2Stub(clarifaiChannel.get.grpc channel())

fromclarifai grpc.grpc.api import service pb2, resource pb2

fromclarifai grpc.grpc.api.status import status code pb2

#### #This is how you authenticate

metadata = (('authorization', 'key 0620e202302b4508b90eab7efe7475e4'),)

COS ENDPOINT = "https://s3.jp-tok.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud"

COS API KEY ID = "g5d4qO8EIgv4TWUCJj4hfEzgalqEjrDbE82AJDWlAOHo"

COS AUTH ENDPOINT = "https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token"

Config=transfer\_config

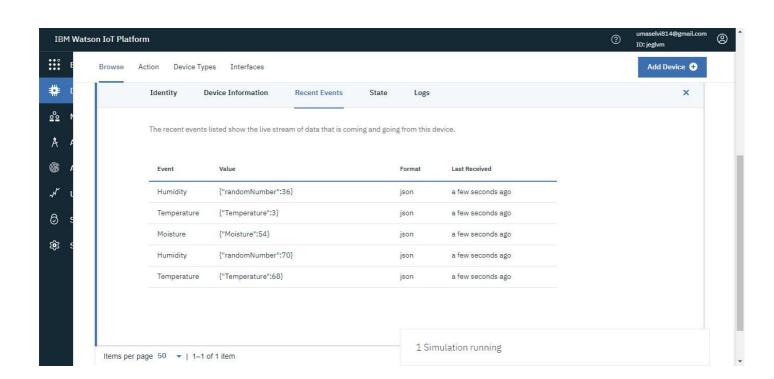
```
COS RESOURCE CRN = "crn:v1:bluemix:public:cloud-object-
storage:global:a/c2fa2836eaf3434bbc8b5b58fefff3f0:62e450fd-4c82-4153-ba41-ccb53adb8111::"
clientdb = cloudant("apikey-W2njldnwtjO16V53LAVUCqPwc2aHTLmlj1xXvtdGKJBn",
"88cc5f47c1a28afbfb8ad16161583f5a", url="https://d6c89f97-cf91-48b7-b14b-c99b2fe27c2f-
bluemix.cloudantnosqldb.appdomain.cloud")
clientdb.connect()
#Create resource
cos = ibm boto3.resource("s3",
ibm api key id=COS API KEY ID,
ibm service instance id=COS RESOURCE CRN,
ibm auth endpoint=COS AUTH ENDPOINT,
config=Config(signature version="oauth"),
endpoint url=COS ENDPOINT
def = multi part upload(bucket name, item name, file path):
try:
print("Starting file transfer for {0} to bucket: {1}\n".format(item_name, bucket_name))
    #set 5 MB chunks
part size = 1024 * 1024 * 5
    #set threadhold to 15 MB
file threshold = 1024 * 1024 * 15
    #set the transfer threshold and chunk size
transfer config = ibm boto3.s3.transfer.TransferConfig(
multipart threshold=file threshold,
multipart chunksize=part size
       )
    #the upload fileobj method will automatically execute a multi-part upload
    #in 5 MB chunks size
with open(file path, "rb") as file data:
cos.Object(bucket name, item name).upload fileobj(
Fileobj=file data,
```

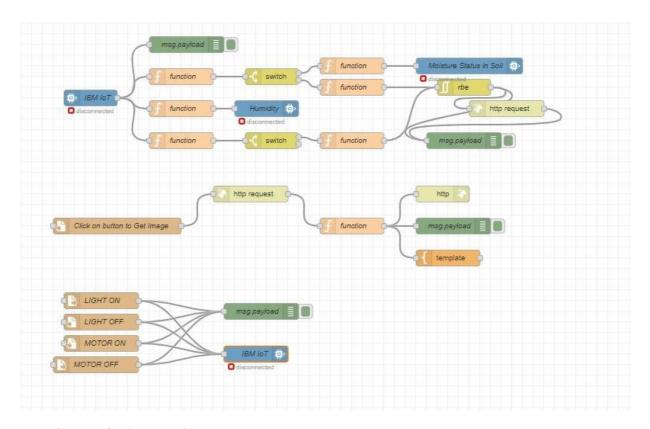
```
)
print("Transfer for {0} Complete!\n".format(item name))
exceptClientError as be:
print("CLIENT ERROR: {0}\n".format(be))
except Exception as e:
print("Unable to complete multi-part upload: {0}".format(e))
defmyCommandCallback(cmd):
print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data)
command=cmd.data['command']
print(command)
if(commamd=="lighton"):
print('lighton')
elif(command=="lightoff"):
print('lightoff')
elif(command=="motoron"):
print('motoron')
elif(command=="motoroff"):
print('motoroff')
myConfig = {
  "identity": {
    "orgId": "chytun",
    "typeId": "NodeMCU",
    "deviceId": "12345"
     },
  "auth": {
    "token": "12345678"
client = wiot.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect()
database name = "sample"
```

```
my database = clientdb.create database(database name)
ifmy dtabase.exists():
print(f"(database name)' successfully created.")
cap=cv2.VideoCapture("garden.mp4")
if(cap.isOpened()==True):
print('File opened')
else:
print('File not found')
while(cap.isOpened()):
ret, frame = cap.read()
gray = cv3.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR BGR@GRAY)
imS = cv2.resize(frame, (960,540))
cv2.inwrite('ex.jpg',imS)
with open("ex.jpg", "rb") as f:
file bytes = f.read()
  #This is the model ID of a publicly available General model. You may use any other public or
custom model ID.
request = service pb2.PostModeloutputsRequest(
model id='e9359dbe6ee44dbc8842ebe97247b201',
inputs=[resources pb2.Input(data=resources pb2.Data(image=resources pb2.Image(base64=file byt
es))
                     )])
response = stub.PostModelOutputs(request, metadata=metadata)
ifresponse.status.code != status code pb2.SUCCESS:
raise Exception("Request failed, status code: " + str(response.status.code))
detect=False
for concept in response.outputs[0].data.concepts:
     #print('%12s: %.f' % (concept.name, concept.value))
if(concept.value>0.98):
       #print(concept.name)
if(concept.name=="animal"):
print("Alert! Alert! animal detected")
```

```
playsound('alert.mp3')
picname=datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%y-%m-%d-%H-%M")
cv2.inwrite(picname+'.jpg',frame)
multi part upload('Dhakshesh', picname+'.jpg', picname+'.jpg')
         json document={"link":COS ENDPOINT+'/'+'Dhakshesh'+'/'+picname+'.jpg'}
new document = my database.create document(json document)
ifnew document.exists():
print(f"Document successfully created.")
time.sleep(5)
detect=True
moist=random.randint(0,100)
humidity=random.randint(0,100)
myData={'Animal':detect,'moisture':moist,'humidity':humidity}
print(myData)
if(humidity!=None):
client.publishEvent(eventId="status",msgFormat="json", daya=myData, qos=0, onPublish=None)
print("Publish Ok..")
client.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
cv2.imshow('frame',imS)
if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
break
client.disconnect()
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

## **OUTPUT**





## **TECH TO SPEECH:**

fromibm\_watson import TextToSpeechV1 fromibm\_cloud\_sdk\_core.authenticators import IAMAuthenticator importplaysound

