

Smart Farmer - IoT Enabled Smart Farming Application



PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

V. Preethika [19CS116]

K. Sathish Reddy [19CS074]

P. Baba Fakruddin [19CS095]

M. Vinay [19CS086]

In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

Of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

MUTHAYAMMAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

RASIPURAM (637 408)

ANNA UNIVERSITY :: CHENNAI- 600 025

JUNE 2023

MUTHAYAMMAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) RASIPURAM – 637 408

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this Report titled "IoT Enabled Smart Farming Application" is the bonafide work of V. Preethika (19CS116) K. Sathish Reddy(19CS074) P. Baba-Fakruddin (19CS095) M.Vinay(19CS086) who carried out the work under my supervision. Certified further that to the best of my knowledge the work reported herein does not form part of any other thesis or dissertation on the basis of which a degree or award was conferred on an earlier occasion on this or any other candidate.

Signature of the HOD

Mrs.G.KAVITHA

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT

Department of Computer Science and

Engineering

Muthayammal Engineering College

Rasipuram-637408

Signature of the Supervisor

Dr.E.PUNARSELVAM, M.E.,Ph.D.,

Professor

Department of Information Technology

Muthayammal Engineering College

Rasipuram-637408

Submitted for the Project Work Phase - II Viva-Voce examination held	
on	

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

DECLARATION

We affirm that the Project work titled "IoT Enabled Smart Farming
Application" being submitted in partialfulfillment for the award of BACHELOR
OF ENGINEERING [CSE] is the original work carried out by us. It is not the part of
any other project work submitted for award of any degree or diploma, either in this or
any other university.

Signature of the Candidates

V. PREETHIKA	[19CS116]
K. SATHISH REDDY	[19CS074]
P. BABA FAKRUDDIN	[19CS095]
M. VINAY	[19CS086]

I certify that the declaration made above by the candidates is true

Signature of the Guide,

Dr.E.PUNARSELVAM, M.E.,Ph.D.,

Professor

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We heartily thank our Chairman **Shri.R.KANDASAMY**, Muthayammal Educational Trust & Research Foundation.

We express our heart full thanks to **Dr.K.GUNASEKARAN**, **M.E.**, **Ph.D.**, **F.I.E.**, Secretary and Managing trustee for providing necessary facilities.

We thank our beloved Principal **Dr.M.MADHESWARAN,M.E., Ph.D.,M.B.A.,** profusely for all the motivation and moral support he had extended to us to complete this project successfully.

We extend our sincere thanks to Mr.A.S.PRABAHARAN, M.Tech.,(Ph.D), Associate Professor & HOD[Incharge] of Information Technology for his guidance and kind co-operation.

We are greatly thankful to our Project Coordinator **Dr.E.PUNARSELVAM**, **M.E.,Ph.D.**, Professor, Department of Information Technology for his valuable guidance and motivation, which helped us to complete this project on time.

We express our sincere thanks to **Dr.E.PUNARSELVAM**, **M.E.,Ph.D.**, Professor, Department of Information Technology, Project Guide for his valuable guidance in our project and making it success.

We whole heartedly thank all the philanthropic teaching and non-teaching faculty members of our department without whom we would not be able to make this project a reality.

ABSTRACT:

IoT-based agriculture system helps the farmer in monitoring different parameters of his field like soil moisture, temperature, and humidity using some sensors.

Farmers can monitor all the sensor parameters by using a web or mobile application even if the farmer is not near his field. Watering the crop is one of the important tasks for the farmers.

They can make the decision whether to water the crop or postpone it by monitoring the sensor parameters and controlling the motor pumps from the mobile application itself.

INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Project Overview
- 1.2 Purpose
- 1. LITERATURE SURVEY
- 1.1 Existing problem
- 1.2 References
- 1.3 Problem Statement Definition
- 2. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION
- 2.1 Empathy Map Canvas
- 2.2 Ideation & Brainstorming
- 2.3 Proposed Solution
- 2.4 Problem Solution fit
- 3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS
- 3.1 Functional requirement
- **4. PROJECT DESIGN** 5.1 Data Flow Diagrams
- 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture
- 5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING
- 5.1 Sprint Planning, Schedule & Estimation
- 6. CODING & SOLUTIONING
- 6.1 Feature
- 7. TESTING
- 7.1 Test Cases
- 7.2 User Acceptance Testing
- 8. RESULTS
- **8.1** Performance Metrics
- 9. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES
- 10. CONCLUSION
- 11. Abstract
- 12. FUTURE SCOPE

1. CHAPTER

INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

The objectives of this report is to proposed IoT based Smart Farming System which will enable farmers to have live data of soil moisture environment temperature at very low cost so that live monitoring can be done. The structure of the report is as follows: chapter I will cover over of overview of IoT Technology and agriculture-concepts and definition, IOT enabling technologies, IOT application in agriculture, benefits of IOT in agriculture and IOT and agriculture current scenario and future forecasts. Chapter II will cover definition of IOT based smart farming system , the components and modules used in it and working principal of it. Chapter III will cover algorithm and flowchart of the overall process carried out in the system and its final graphical output. chapter IV consist of conclusion, future scope and references.

PURPOSE

- 1. IoT enables easy collection and management of tons of data collected from sensors and with integration of cloud computing services like Agriculture fields maps, cloud storage etc., data can be accessed live from anywhere and everywhere enabling live monitoring and end to end connectivity among all the parties concerned.
- **2.** IoT is regarded as key component for Smart Farming as with accurate sensors and smart equipment's, farmers can increase the food production by 70% till year 2050 as depicted by experts.
- **3.** With IoT productions costs can be reduced to a remarkable level which will in turn increase profitability and sustainability.
- **4.** With IoT, efficiency level would be increased in terms of usage of Soil, Water, Fertilizers, Pesticides etc.
 - **5.** With IoT, various factors would also lead to the protection of environment.

2. CHAPTER LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM:

Farmers are under pressure to produce more food AND use less energy and water in the process. A remote monitoring and control system will help farmers deal effectively with these pressures.

Irrigated farms typically deploy a single pump to irrigate 80 to 100 acres of land. Many large farms, therefore, require 40 to 80 or more irrigation pumps spread over hundreds of square miles. Most are pumping ground water for irrigation purposes, most operate in remote fields, and trucks must roll to tend to them.

Ideally, each field should get just the right amount of water at just the right time. Underwatering causes crop stress and yield reduction. Overwatering can also cause yield reduction and consumes more water and fuel than necessary and leads to soil erosion and fertilizer, herbicide, and pesticide runoff.

Agricultural operations waste 60% of water consumed each year. Now more than ever, new technologies for water conservation must be adopted. According to U.S. government statistics, however, only 10% of irrigated farms use advanced water management decision tools, including precision irrigation controls and soil moisture/water level sensing devices. There are both state and federal incentive plans now in place to help increase those percentages, and we were recently awarded an Arkansas Conservation Stewardship Grant to do advanced research in soil and water level monitoring.

2.2 REFERENCES:

Goldstone, J.A. The new population bomb: The four megatrends that will change the world. Foreign Aff. 2010, 89, 31.

Young, A. Is there really spare land? A critique of estimates of available cultivable land in developing countries. Environ. Dev.

Conforti, P. Looking Ahead in World Food and Agriculture: Perspectives to 2050; Food and Agriculture Organization of the United

2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Smart Farming has enabled farmers to reduce waste and enhance productivity with the help of sensors (light, humidity, temperature, soil moisture, etc.) and automation of irrigation systems. Further with the help of these sensors, farmers can monitor the field conditions from anywhere. Internet of Things based Advanced Farming is highly efficient when compared with the

conventional approach. The applications of intelligent Agriculture solutions not only targets conventional, large farming. With operations, but could also be new levers to uplift other growing or common trends in agricultural like organic farming, family farming (complex or small spaces, particular cattle and/or cultures, preservation of specific or high-quality varieties, etc.), and enhance highly transparent Farming.

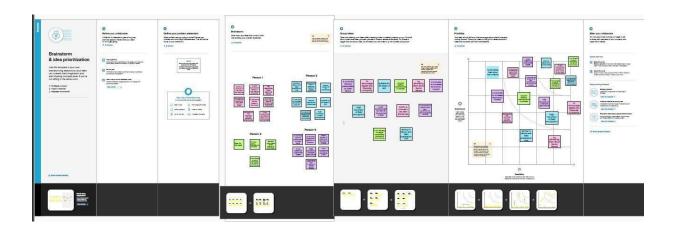
CHAPTER 3

IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP



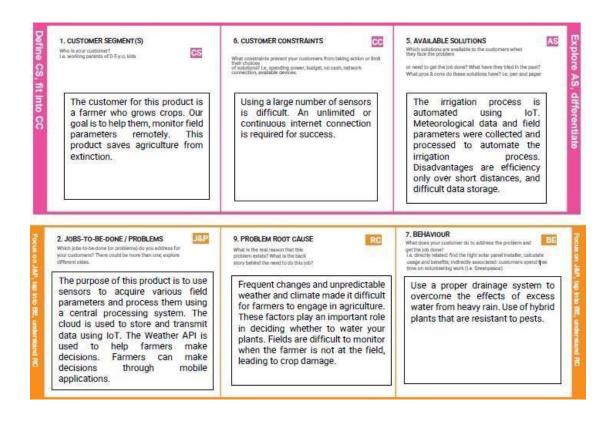
3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING

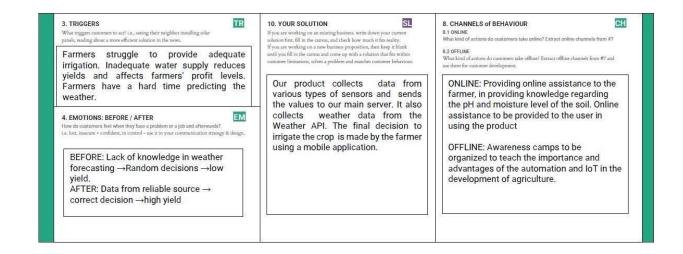


3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION:

S. No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To provide efficient decision support system using wireless sensor network which handle different activities of farm and gives useful information related to farm. Information related to Soil moisture, Temperature and Humidity content. Due to the weather condition, water level increasing Farmers get lot of distractions which is not good for Agriculture.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Smart Agricultural System solutions provide an integrated IoT platform in agriculture that allows farmers to leverage sensors, smart gateways and monitoring systems to collect information, control various parameters on their farms and analyze real-time data in order to make informed decisions.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Various eminent researchers have been making efforts for smart farming by using IoT concepts in agriculture. But, a bouquet of unfolded challenges is still in a queue for their effective solution. This study makes some efforts to discuss past research and open challenges in IoT based agriculture.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	Reduces the wages for labors who work in the agricultural field. It saves a lot of time. IoT can help improve customer relationships by enhancing the customer's overall experience.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	A monthly subscription is charged to farmers for prediction and suggesting the irrigation timing based on sensors parameters like temperature, humidity, soil moisture.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Scalability in smart farming refers to the adaptability of a system to increase the capacity, for example, the number of technology devices such as sensors and actuators, while enabling timely analysis.

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:





CHAPTER 4

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

FR No.	Functional Requirement	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
1	User Registration	 Registration through Gmail Registration through phone number

2	> User Confirmation	 Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP Confirmation via verification link sent to registered mail id
3	> Roles and service	 Choose roles (ex: farmer, student etc.) Enter the personal details. Choose the type of service or options (ex: irrigation, pest management, crop management etc.)
4	> Details of farm and plans	 Choose the crop you want to plant Choose the types of plans (ex: regular and premium)

Details according to farm information	 Check the weather information Enter the soil nutrient and pH value click SAVE Soon the details will share to registered mail EXIT
---------------------------------------	---

${\bf Non-functional\ Requirements:}$

NFR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
1	❖ ❖ Usability	✓ A system is built for monitoring the crop field with the help of sensors and automating the irrigation system and helps the farmer to understand the important aspects.

2	❖ ❖ Security	✓ Applications must be designed with the security of their use in mind. This includes personal data and their
		user's well-being.
3	❖ ❖ Reliability	✓ It allows farmers to maximize yields using minimum resources such as water, fertilizers, seeds etc.
4	❖ ❖ Performance	✓ It increases efficiency and reduce the environmental impacts and to implement technology properly to minimize cost.
5	❖ ❖ Availability	✓ This concept focused on providing the agricultural industry with the infrastructure to leverage advanced technology.

6	❖ ❖ Scalability	✓ It provides the recognition of each object that makes up a solution and ensure communication. The system must remain operational regardless.

CHAPTER 5

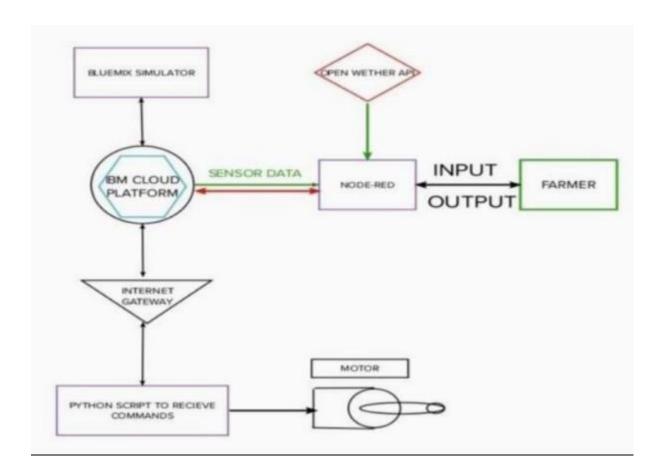
PROJECT DESIGN

Data Flow Diagram:

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

- The different soil parameters temperature, soil moistures and then humidity are sensedusing different sensors and obtained value is stored in the IBM cloud.
- Arduino UNO is used as a processing Unit that process the data obtained from the sensors and whether data from the weather API.
- NODE-RED is used as a programming tool to write the hardware, software, and APIs. The MQTT protocol is followed for the communication.
- All the collected data are provided to the user through a mobile application that was developed using the MIT app inventor. The user spuld plan through an app, weather to water the

crop or not depending upon the sensor values. By using the app they can remotely operate to the motor switch.



5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE

- The different soil parameters temperature, soil moistures and then humidity are sensed using different sensors and obtained value is stored in the IBM cloud.
- Arduino UNO is used as a processing Unit that process the data obtained from the sensors and whether data from the weather API.
- NODE-RED is used as a programming tool to write the hardware, software, and APIs. The MQTT protocol is followed for the communication.
- All the collected data are provided to the user through a mobile application that was developed using the MIT app inventor. The user could decide through an app, weather to water the crop or not depending upon the sensor values. By using the app, they can remotely operate the motor switch.

CHAPTER 6

PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

6.1 SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functi0nal	User	User Story	story	Priority	Team Member
	Requirement	Story	/Task	Points		
	(Epic)	Number				
Sprint-1	Registration (Farmer Mobile User)	UNS-1	As a user, I can register for the application by Enter in my email password, and confirming my password.	2	High	Preethika.V (Leader)
Sprint-1	Login	UNS-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	Sathish Reddy (Member1)
Sprint-2	User Interface	UNS-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	3	Medium	Baba Fakruddin (Member 2)

Sprint-1	Data Visualizati on	UNS-4	As a user, I can register for theapplication throughGMAIL	2	Medium	M. Vinay naidu (Member 3)
Sprint-3	Registration (Farmer- Web-User)	USN -1	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email and password As a registered	3	High	preethika (leader)
Sprint- 2	Login	USN -2	user, I need to easily login log into my register account via the web page in minimum time	3	High	Sathish reddy
Sprint - 1	Registration (Chemical Manufact urer - Web user)	USN-1	As a new user, I want to first register using my organization email and create a password for the account.	2	Medium	Vinay naidu

Sprint- 4 Web 1	I USN -3	As a user, I need to have a friendly user interface to easily view and access the resources	3	High	Baba fakruddin
-----------------	----------	---	---	------	----------------

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE:

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date(Pla nned)	Story Points Complet ed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	12	6 Days	24Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	6	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	30 OCT 2022
Sprint-3	6	6 Days	07 Nov 2022 xx	12 Nov 2022	20	6 NOV 2022

Sprint-4	6	6 Days	14 Nov	19 Nov	20	7 NOV
			2022	2022		2022

CHAPTER 7 CODING &

SOLUTIONING

7.1 coding:

```
import wiotp.sdk.device
import time import os import
datetime import random myConfig
={
  "identity": {
  "OrgID":"00i4r"

  "typeId": "NodeMCU",
  "deviceId": "12345"
},
  "auth": {
```

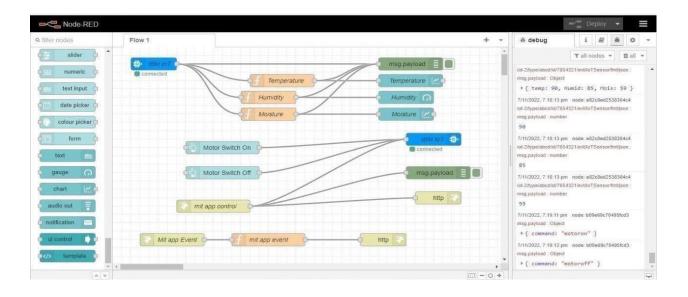
```
"token": "098765432"
}
}
client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig,logHandlers=None) client.connect
() def myCommandCallback (cmd):
                                                    Platform:
print("Message
                  received
                             from
                                     IBM
                                             IoT
                                                                %s"
                                                                        %cmd.data['command'])
m=cmd.data['command'] if (m=="motoron"):
print("Motor is switchedon") elif (m=="motoroff"):
print ("Motor is switchedOFF") print
(" ")
while
         True:
                        moist
=random.randint (0,100)
temp=random.randint
                        (-20,
125)
hum=random.randint
                                             (0,
                                                                        100)
myData={'moisture':moist,'temperature':temp,'humidity':hum}
client.publishEvent (eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0,
onPublish=None) print ("Published data Successfully: %s",myData) time.sleep
(2)
client.commandCallback =myCommandCallback
client.disconnect ()
```

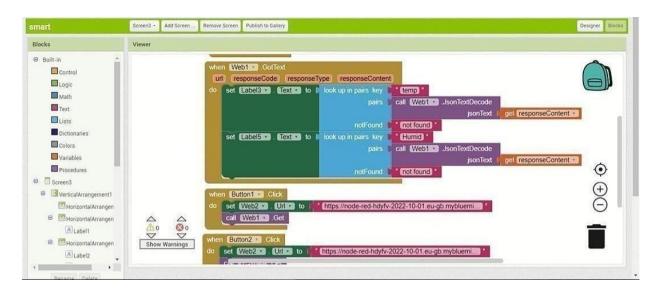
chapter 8

TESTING

8.1 Test case

Web application using Node Red





8.2 User Acceptance Testing:



8.3 Advantages &

Disadvantages :

Advantages:

- Farms can be monitored and controlled remotely.
- Increase in convenience to farmers.
- Less labor cost.
- Better standards of living **Disadvantages:**
- Lack of internet/connectivity issues.
- Added cost of internet and internet gateway infrastructure. Farmers wanted to adapt the use of Mobile App.

CHAPTER-9

10 CONCLUSION

Farmers can benefit greatly from an IoT-based smart agriculture system. As a result of the lack of irrigation, agriculture suffers. Climate factors such as humidity, temperature, and moisture can be adjusted dependent on the local environmental variables. This technology also detects animal invasions, which are a major cause of crop loss. This technology aids in the scheduling of irrigation based on present data from the field and records from a climate source. It helps in deciding the farmer to whether to do irrigation or not to do. Continuous internet connectivity is required for continuous monitoring of data from sensors. This also can be overcome by using GSM unit as an alternative of mobile app. By GSM, SMS can be sent to farmers phone.

11 Future scope

In the current project we have implemented the project that can protect and maintain the the crop. In this project the farmer monitor and control the field remotely. In future we can add or update few more things to this project

- . We can create few more models of the same project ,so that the farmer can have information of a entire.
- We can update the this project by using solar power mechanism. So that the power supply from electric poles can be replaced with solar panels. It reduces the power line cost. It will be a one time investment. We can add solar fencing technology to this project.
- We can use GSM technology to this project so that the farmers can get the information directly to his home through SMS. This helps the farmer to get information if there is a internet issues. We can add camera feature so that the farmer can monitor his field in real time. This helps in avoiding thefts.

REFERENCE & SOURCES:

- 1. https://:www.researchgate.net
- 2. https://:www.wikipedia.org
- 3. https://:www.rapidonline.com
- 4. https://:www.schematics.com
- 5. https://:www.batteryuniversity.com
- 6. https://:www.thingspeak.com
- 7. https://:www.youtube.com