A NOVEL METHOD FOR HANDWRITTEN DIGIT RECOGNITION SYSTEM

SARDAR RAJA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

MUKILA S (952719106005)

MATHAN KUMAR S (952719106004)

PRIYA R (952719106007)

SOWMIYA S (952719106012)

ABSTRACT:

An enormous number of CNN classification algorithms have been proposed in the literature. Nevertheless, in these algorithms, appropriate filter size selection, data preparation, limitations in datasets, and noise have not been taken into consideration. As a consequence, most of the algorithms have failed to make a noticeable improvement in classification accuracy. To address the shortcomings of these algorithms, our paper presents the following contributions: Firstly, after taking the domain knowledge into consideration, the size of the effective receptive field (ERF) is calculated. Calculating the size of the ERF helps us to select a typical filter size which leads to enhancing the classification accuracy of our CNN. Secondly, unnecessary data leads to misleading results and this, in turn, negatively affects classification accuracy. To guarantee the dataset is free from any redundant or irrelevant variables to the target variable, data preparation is applied before implementing the data classification mission. Thirdly, to decrease the errors of training and validation, and avoid the limitation of datasets, data augmentation has been proposed. Fourthly, to simulate the real-world natural influences that can affect image quality, we propose to add an additive white Gaussian noise with s = 0.5 to the MNIST dataset. As a result, our CNN algorithm achieves state-of-the-art results in handwritten digit recognition, with a recognition accuracy of 99.98%, and 99.40% with 50% noise.

LITRATURE REVIEW

AUTHOR / YEAR /	TITLE	CONCEPT	ISSUES
PUBLICATION			
Aliya Fathima, S.	A Survey on	The various pre-	Lastly, it has been
Geethanjali, M.	Handwritten Text	processing	concluded that using
Janani, Dr.R. Geetha	Recognition Using	techniques involved	a single method for
/2007	Deep Learning	in the text	pre-processing, the
		recognition with a	image cannot be
		variety of pictures	processed
		ranging from simple	completely.
		written form-	
		based documents	
		and	
		documents	
		containing coloured	
		and sophisticated	
		background are dealt	
		in this paper.	
Chirag Dodiya, DR.	Handwritton	In this paper, the	There has been
Gayatri S Pandi /	Recognition	offline handwritten	plenty of research
2013	Recognition	recognition will be	done in the field of
2013		done using a	HCR but still, it is an open problem as we
		Convolutional neural	are still lacking in
		network and	getting the best
		TensorFlow.	accuracy.
		TORBOIT TOW.	

Yash Pandey,Bhanu Pratap, Sangras Bhargav, J.Shiva Nandhini /2014	Optical Character Recognition	Handwriting recognition has two basic type existing one is online and other is offline. In this project, by using	Less Accuracy and takes more time.
T. Wakabayashi a F. Kimura /2007	Handwritten Numeric Recognition	Linear Support Vector we will present the handwriting recognition system in a very simple and feasible way. Digit recognition is used in post offices, in banks for reading cheques, for license plate recognition. The digit recognition can be divided into two groups, printed digit recognition and handwritten digit recognition. Recognition of printed digits is easier compared to the handwritten digit recognition.	there are numerous handwriting styles for the same digit; hence more effort is required to find the accurate handwritten

J.Pradeep,	Diagonal based	An off-line	Extraction process is
	feature extraction for	handwritten	complicated.
E.Srinivasan and	handwritten	alphabetical	complicated.
S.Himavathi /2011	alphabets	character recognition	
	recognition	system using	
	system using	multilayer feed	
	neural network	forward	
	1100101111001110111	neural	
		network is described	
		in the paper.	
		1 1	
		D	
		Diagonal based	
		feature extraction is	
		introduced for	
		extracting the	
		features of the	
		handwritten	
		alphabets. 570 different handwritten alphabetical characters are used for testing.	