SPRINT 3

INITIALIZING HARDWARE

Team ID	PNT2022TMID52810
Project Name	Project - Signs with smart connectivity for Better road safety

Integrate hardware that can connect to cloud services and modify output based on output processing.

```
#include <string>
#include <LiquidCrystal I2C.h>
#include <WiFi.h>
#include "ArduinoJson.h"
#include <HTTPClient.h>
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27,20,4);
const char* ssid = "harrish";
const char* password = "endhapassword";
String payload;
void setup() {
 // put your setup code here, to run once:
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println();
 Serial.print("Connecting to ");
 Serial.println(ssid);
 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
 while (WiFi.status() != WL CONNECTED) {
   delay(50);
   Serial.print(".");
 }
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.println("WiFi connected");
 Serial.println("IP address: ");
 Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
 lcd.begin();
 lcd.backlight();
void link(void) {
 HTTPClient http;
 String url="https://node-red-wrxia-2022-11-13.eu-gb.mybluemix.net/data";
//Serial.print(url);
 Serial.print("Making a request");
 http.begin(url.c_str()); //Specify the URL and certificate
 http.setFollowRedirects(HTTPC STRICT FOLLOW REDIRECTS);
 int httpCode = http.GET();
  if (httpCode > 0) { //Check for the ing code
    payload = http.getString();
```

```
Serial.println(httpCode);
    Serial.println(payload);
   }
  else {
   Serial.println("Error on HTTP request");
 http.end();
void loop() {
 // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
 //JSON
 Serial.println("Parsing start: ");
 //char JSONMessage[] = payload; //Original message
 StaticJsonBuffer<1000> JSONBuffer;
                                                   //Memory pool
 JsonObject& parsed = JSONBuffer.parseObject(payload); //Parse message
 if (!parsed.success()) { //Check for errors in parsing
  Serial.println("Parsing failed");
  delay(5000);
  ;
 }
 const char * sensorType = parsed["location"]; //Get sensor type value
 const char * sensorType1 = parsed["weather report"];
 const char * sensorType2 = parsed["wea alt"];
 const char * sensorType3 = parsed["schl_tmg"];
 const char * sensorType4 = parsed["spd_alt"];
 int value = parsed["humidity"];
                                           //Get value of sensor measurement
 double value1 = parsed["temperature"];
 int value2 = parsed["pressure"];
 Serial.print("Location: ");
 Serial.println(sensorType);
 Serial.print("Temperature: ");
 Serial.println(value1);
 Serial.print("Pressure: ");
 Serial.println(value2);
 Serial.print("Humidity: ");
 Serial.println(value);
 Serial.print("Weather Report: ");
 Serial.println(sensorType1);
 Serial.print("Message: ");
 Serial.println(sensorType2);
 Serial.print("Timing: ");
 Serial.println(sensorType3);
 Serial.print("Speed Limit: ");
```

```
Serial.println(sensorType4);
 Serial.println();
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Welcome IBM IOT");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Loc: ");
 lcd.print(sensorType);
 delay(1500);
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Temp: ");
 lcd.print(value1);
 lcd.print((char)223);
 lcd.print("C");
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Hum: ");
 lcd.print(value);
 lcd.print("%");
 delay(1500);
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Wea: ");
 lcd.print(sensorType1);
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print("Time: ");
 lcd.print(sensorType3);
 delay(1500);
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print(sensorType2);
 lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
 lcd.print(sensorType4);
}
```

HARDWARE

The output from esp32 after fetching location details is shown in figure 9.2.



Fig 9.2 LCD monitor output 1

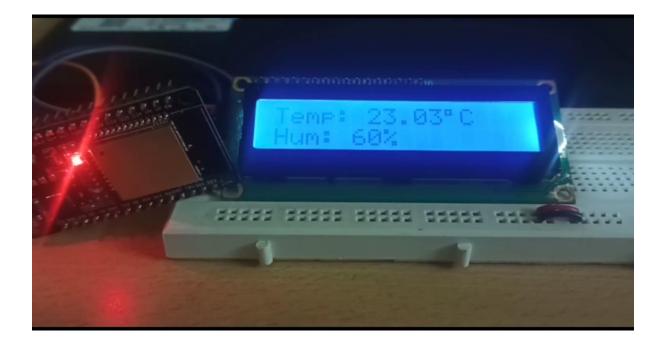


Fig 9.3 LCD monitor output 2

The output from esp32 after fetching temperature and humidity details is shown in figure 9.3.



Fig 9.4 LCD monitor output 3

The output from esp32 after fetching weather and time details details is shown in figure 9.4.



Fig 9.5 LCD monitor output 4

The output from esp32 after fetching weather and time details is shown in figure 9.5.