ASSIGNMENT 3

PYTHON CODE TO BLINK AN LED AND TRAFFIC LIGHT CONTROL

Assignment Date	14-10-2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

QUESTION:

Write python code for blinking LED and Traffic lights for Raspberry pi.Only python code is enough, no need to execute in raspberry pi.

Solution: "BLINKING LED"

COMPONENTS REQUIRED:

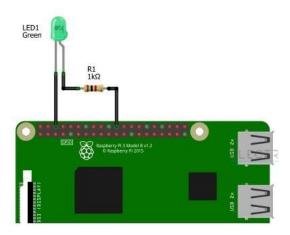
- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B
- 5mm LED x 1
- 1KΩ Resistor (1/4 Watt) x 1
- Connecting wires
- Miscellaneous (Computer, Ethernet cable, Power Supply for Raspberry Pi etc.)

CONNECTION:

The anode of the LED is connected to GPIO25 (Physical Pin 22) through a $1K\Omega$ current limiting resistor. The cathode of the LED is connected to the GND Pin.

In this circuit, the GPIO Pins will act as source and provides with 3.3V when it is activated.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:



FLOW CHART: START Set Mode as GPIO Numbering of Pins Set GPIO PIN 22 as output pin and make it low initially **Make GPIO PIN** 22 - HIGH **WAIT FOR 2 SECONDS Make GPIO PIN** 22 - HIGH WAIT FOR 2 SECONDS NO Is CTRL + C pressed? **END**

PYTHON CODE:

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # RPi.GPIO can be referred as GPIO from now
import time
ledPin = 22 # pin 22
def setup():
    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) # GPIO Numbering of Pins
    GPIO.setup(ledPin, GPIO.OUT) # Set ledPin as output
    GPIO.output(ledPin, GPIO.LOW) # Set ledPin to LOW to turn Off the LED
def loop():
    while True:
         GPIO.output(ledPin, GPIO.HIGH) # LED On
                                # wait 2 sec
         time.sleep(2.0)
         GPIO.output(ledPin, GPIO.LOW) # LED Off
         time.sleep(2.0)
                                # wait 2 sec
def endprogram():
    GPIO.output(ledPin, GPIO.LOW) # LED Off
    GPIO.cleanup()
                             # Release resources
if __name__ == '__main__': # Program starts from here
    setup()
    try:
         loop()
    except KeyboardInterrupt: # When 'Ctrl+C' is pressed, the destroy() will be executed.
         endprogram()
```

CONCLUSION:

Thus the Python code for LED Blinking is successfully executed.

"TRAFFIC LIGHTS"

SOLUTION:

COMPONENTS REQUIRED:

- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B
- Red 5mm LED x 1
- Green 5mm LED x 1
- Yellow 5mm LED x 1
- 75Ω Resistor x 3
- Connecting wires
- Miscellaneous (Computer, Ethernet cable, Power Supply for Raspberry Pi etc.)

CONNECTION: 11 13 15

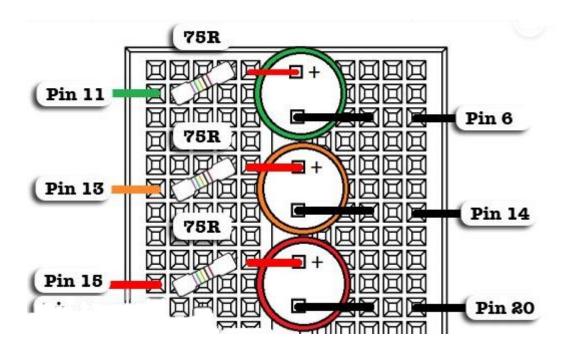
The anode of the Red LED is connected to Physical Pin 11 through a 75Ω current limiting resistor. The cathode of the LED is connected to the GND Pin 6.

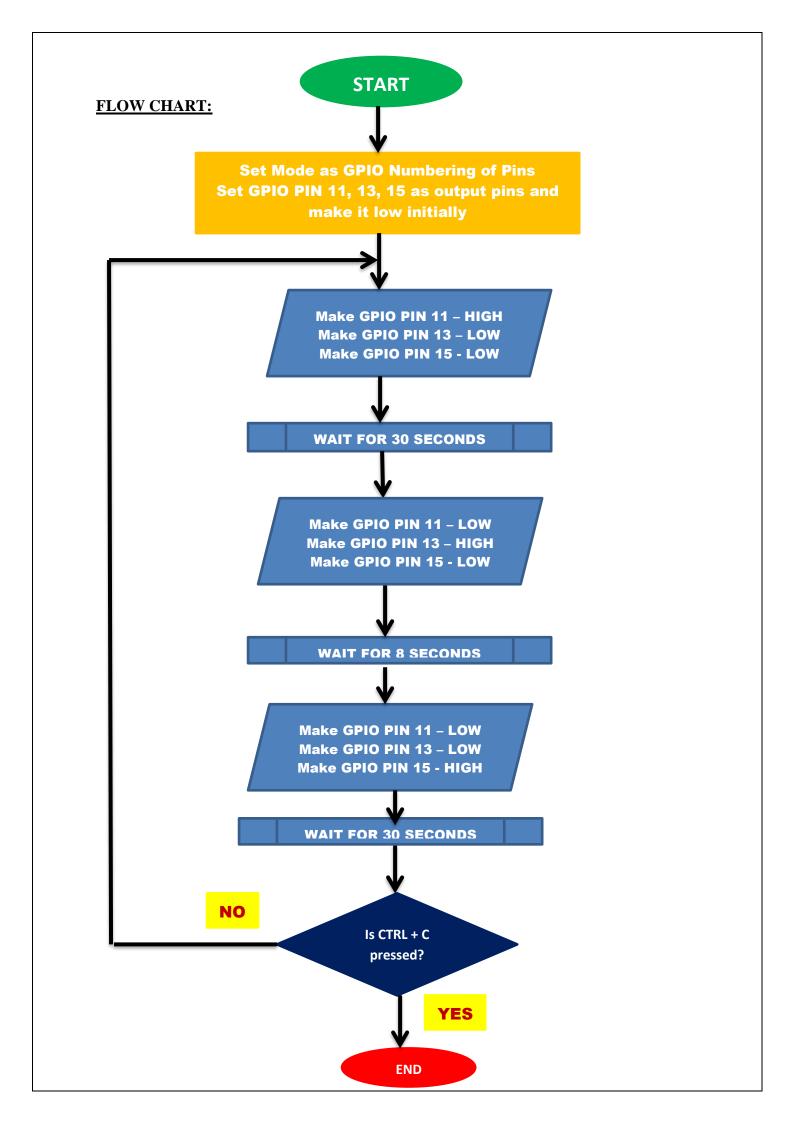
The anode of the Green LED is connected to Physical Pin 13 through a 75Ω current limiting resistor. The cathode of the LED is connected to the GND Pin 14.

The anode of the Yellow LED is connected to Physical Pin 15 through a 75Ω current limiting resistor. The cathode of the LED is connected to the GND Pin 20.

In this circuit, the GPIO Pins will act as source and provides with 3.3V when it is activated.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:





PYTHON CODE:

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # RPi.GPIO can be referred as GPIO from now
import time
red_led = 11 \# pin11
yellow_led = 13 # pin13
green_led = 15 # pin15
def setup():
    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) # GPIO Numbering of Pins
    GPIO.setup(red_led, GPIO.OUT) # Set red_led as output
    GPIO.setup(yellow_led, GPIO.OUT) # Set yellow_led as output
    GPIO.setup(green_led, GPIO.OUT) # Set green_led as output
    GPIO.output(red_led, GPIO.LOW) # Set red_led to LOW to turn Off the Red LED
    GPIO.output(yellow_led, GPIO.LOW) # Set yellow_led to LOW to turn Off the
Yellow LED
    GPIO.output(green_led, GPIO.LOW) # Set green_led to LOW to turn Off the Green
LED
def loop():
    while True:
        #RED LED ON
        GPIO.output(red_led, GPIO.HIGH) #RED LED On
        GPIO.output(yellow_led, GPIO.LOW) # YELLOW LED Off
        GPIO.output(green led, GPIO.LOW) # Green LED Off
                              # wait 30 seconds
        time.sleep(30)
        #YELLOW LED ON
        GPIO.output(red_led, GPIO.LOW) #RED LED Off
        GPIO.output(yellow_led, GPIO.HIGH) # YELLOW LED On
        GPIO.output(green_led, GPIO.LOW) # GREEN LED Off
```

```
time.sleep(8) # wait 8 seconds
        #GREEN LED ON
        GPIO.output(red_led, GPIO.LOW) #RED LED Off
        GPIO.output(yellow_led, GPIO.LOW) # YELLOW LED Off
        GPIO.output(green_led, GPIO.HIGH) # GREEN LED On
                             # wait 30 seconds
        time.sleep(30)
def endprogram():
    GPIO.output(red_led, GPIO.LOW) # LED Off
    GPIO.output(yellow_led, GPIO.LOW) # LED Off
    GPIO.output(green_led, GPIO.LOW) # LED Off
    GPIO.cleanup()
                            # Release resources
if __name__ == '__main__': # Program starts from here
    setup()
    try:
        loop()
    except KeyboardInterrupt: # When 'Ctrl+C' is pressed, the destroy() will be executed.
        endprogram()
```

CONCLUSION:

Thus the Python code for Traffic Light Control is successfully executed.