Assignment -2

Data Visualization and Pre-processing

| Assignment Date | 28 September 2022 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Student Name | MURALIKRISHNAN T |
| Student Roll Number | 611719104018 |
| Maximum Marks | 2 Marks |

To Perform Below Tasks to complete the assignment:-

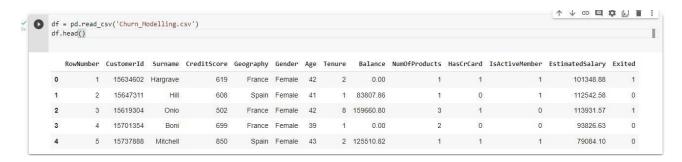
Step 1. Download the dataset: Dataset

Step 2. Load the dataset.

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head()

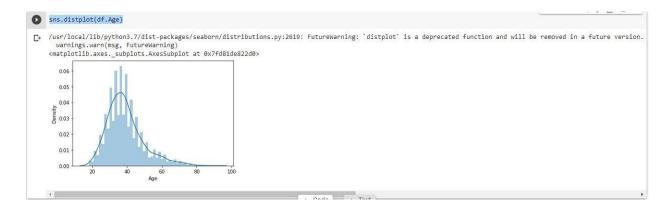
Output:



Step 3. Perform Below Visualizations.

• Univariate Analysis

sns.distplot(df.Age)



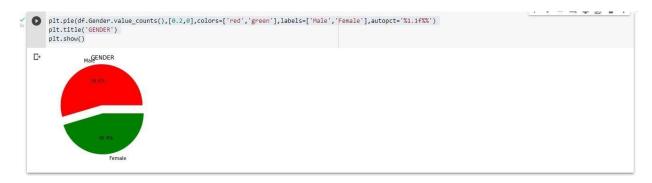
sns.lineplot(df.Age,df.Exited)

Output:

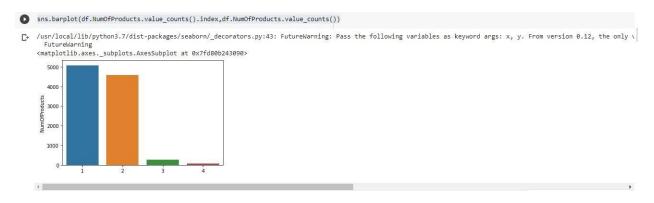


 $plt.pie(df.Gender.value_counts(),[0.2,0],colors=['red','green'],labels=['Male','Female'],autopct='\%1.1f\%\%')\\ plt.title('GENDER')\\ plt.show()$

Output:



 $sns.barplot(df.NumOfProducts.value_counts().index, df.NumOfProducts.value_counts())$



• Bi - Variate Analysis

```
def countplot_2(x,hue,title=None,figsize=(6,5)):
  plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
  sns.countplot(data=df[[x,hue]],x=x,hue=hue)
  plt.title(title)
  plt.show()
```

countplot_2('IsActiveMember','NumOfProducts','Credit Card Holders Product Details')

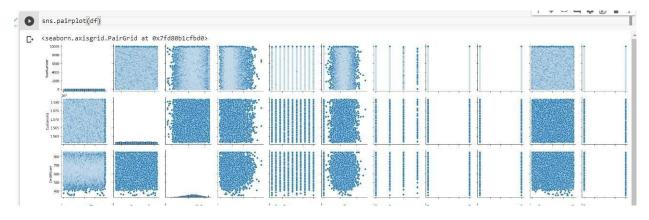
Output:



• Multi - Variate Analysis

sns.pairplot(df)

Output:

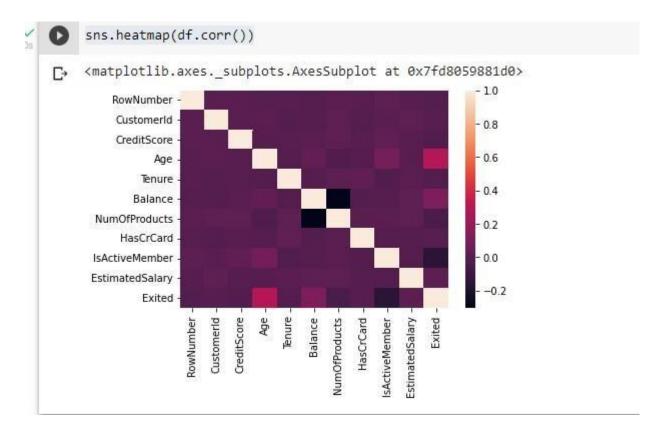


df.corr()

Output:

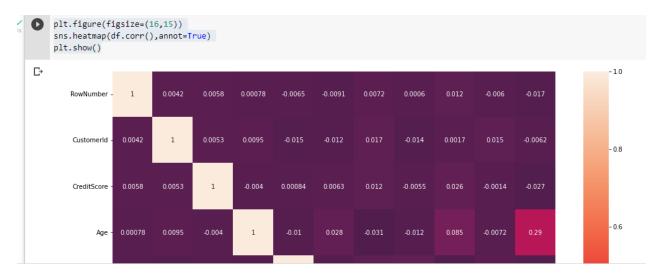


sns.heatmap(df.corr())



plt.figure(figsize=(16,15))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
plt.show()

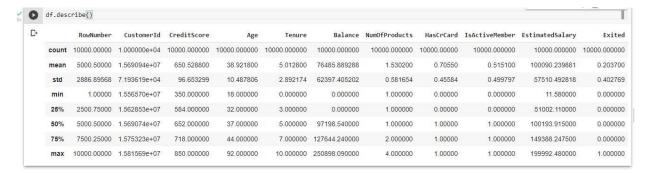
Output:



Step 4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

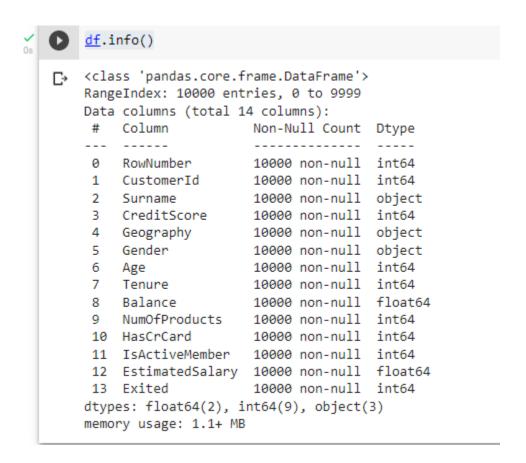
df.describe()

Output:



df.info()

Output:

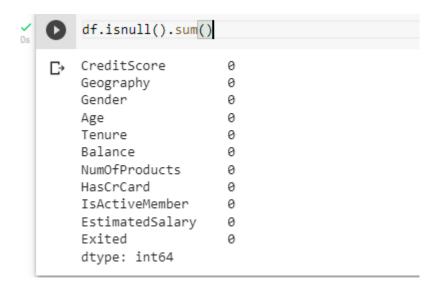


Step 5. Handle the Missing values.

df = df.drop(columns=['RowNumber','CustomerId','Surname'])

df.isnull().sum()

Output:



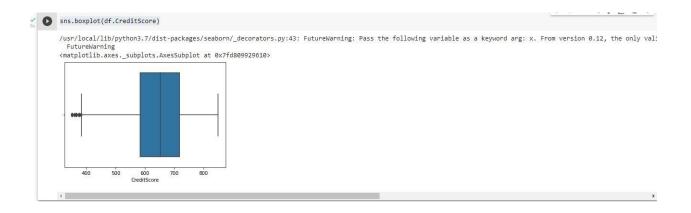
df.shape

Output:



Step 6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

sns.boxplot(df.CreditScore)



Q1 = df.CreditScore.quantile(0.25) Q3 = df.CreditScore.quantile(0.75)

IQR = Q3-Q1

upper_limit = Q3 + (1.5*IQR)

 $lower_limit = Q1 - (1.5*IQR)$

df['CreditScore'] = np.where(df['CreditScore']<lower_limit,650,df['CreditScore']) sns.boxplot(df.CreditScore)

Output:



Step 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder le = LabelEncoder() df.Geography = le.fit_transform(df.Geography) df.Gender = le.fit_transform(df.Gender)

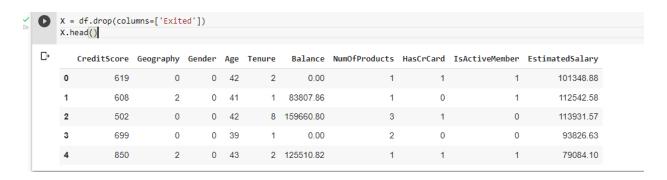
df.head()

| 0 | df.he | ead() | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| • | C | reditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
| | 0 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.88 | 1 |
| | 1 | 608 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.58 | 0 |
| | 2 | 502 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.57 | 1 |
| | 3 | 699 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 | 0 |
| | 4 | 850 | 2 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.10 | 0 |

Step 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

X = df.drop(columns=['Exited']) X.head()

Output:



Y = df.Exited Y.head()

Output:



Step 9. Scale the independent variables

 $\label{eq:continuous_continuous_color} from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler \\ scale = MinMaxScaler() \\ X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale.fit_transform(X),columns=X.columns) \\$

Step 10. Split the data into training and testing

 $from \ sklearn.model_selection \ import \ train_test_split \\ x_train \ , \ y_train \ , \ x_test \ , \ y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled,Y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)$

