FINAL DELIVERABLE PROJECT DOCUMENTATION

Date	19 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID40673
Project Name	VirtualEye-Lifeguard for Swimming
	Poolsto Detect the Active Drowning

SUBMITTED BY

TEAM LEADER :SUSITHRA.S(610919104093)

TEAM MEMBERS :ANUSHA.S(610919104008)

JANCYRANI(610919104030)

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

In

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

JAYALAKSHMI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

THOPPUR, DHARMAPURI

INDEX

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1.Project Overview
- 1.2.Purpose

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

- 2.1.Existing problem
- 2.2.References
- 2.3. Problem Statement Definition

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

- 3.1.Empathy Map Canvas
- 3.2.Ideation & Brainstorming
- 3.3. Proposed Solution
- 3.4. Problem Solution fit

4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

- 4.1.Functional requirement
- 4.2.Non-Functional requirements

5. PROJECT DESIGN

- 5.1. Data Flow Diagrams
- 5.2. Solution & Technical Architecture
- 5.3.User Stories

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

- 6.1. Sprint Planning & Estimation
- 6.2. Sprint Delivery Schedule
- 6.3. Reports from JIRA

7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

- 7.1.Feature 1
- 7.2.Feature 2

8. TESTING

- 8.1.Test Cases
- 8.2. User Acceptance Testing

9. RESULTS

9.1.Performance Metrics

10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

- 11. CONCLUSION
- 12.FUTURE SCOPE

13. APPENDIX

13.1.Source Code13.2.GitHub & Project Demo Link

1.INTRODUCTION

Recently, there has been growing interest around the topic of drowning detection systems (DDS) in the sport and leisure industry both across the UK and globally. Advancements in technology, coupled with the importance of pool safety, has led to its growing prominence, with mention of DDS now in documents such as HSG179 - the latest UK standards document for health and safety in swimming pools (Health and Safety Executive, 2018). However, the topic is a debated area for various reasons explored in this review.

Whilst there are plenty of academic articles dedicated to the technology and design behind these products in the fields of biometrics, computer science and electronic engineering, there is limited academic research investigating their application to real-world scenarios. Furthermore, there is uncertainty around their use alongside traditional lifeguarding; whether international testing standards (ISO standards) are robust enough; and general risks affecting the effectiveness of these products. This includes factors such as water clarity, high pool occupancy, lighting, glare and attractions such as water slides and wave machines.

This piece will begin with an overview of the different definitions of DDS, followed by an explanation of the aims and methodology of this review. It will then discuss what the current DDS standards are alongside legislation and guidance available around DDS, , and provide a summary of the shared responsibilities towards the effective operation of DDS. Following this, the literature review will examine the co-existence between DDS and traditional lifeguarding, provide an analysis of its impact so far, and conclude with recommendations on the direction of future DDS research.

Project Overview



Purpose

>> Establish and outline what is known on Drowning Detection Systems. >> Evaluate the current literature on Drowning Detection Systems, including their use in indoor pool environments along with interaction with traditional lifeguarding. >> Better understand where DDS are positioned in the health and safety landscape of indoor swimming pools.

The value that can be generated from these aims stem from the recognition that currently, there are no published documents drawing together all the current DDS research. The literature review aims to contribute as independent research in this field and hopes to signpost the potential future direction of DDS research.

2 LITERATURE SURVEY

Of the differing definitions of DDS, most outline three defining elements:

- 1) surveillance,
- 2) detection of a pool user in difficulty, and
- 3) raising an alarm

EXISTING PROBLEM

Whilst literature on DDS mostly agrees on areas such as the risks and issues associated with DDS performance, there are other areas where sources offer differing points of view, for example, DDS and their coexistence with lifeguards. There is debate around whether DDS can be helpful or harmful towards lifeguarding practices and how DDS may change the landscape of traditional lifeguarding, as well as some disagreement on whether they serve as justification for reducing lifeguard numbers. The term 'blended lifeguarding' or 'modern lifeguarding' has been newly coined to describe the concept of traditional lifeguarding practices being blended with technology for drowning detection (Swimming Pool Scene, 2017).

REFERENCES

[1] AngelEye. (2019). AngelEye – Distributors. Retrieved from: https://www.angeleye.it/news. php?id=28&newscat=10

[2] Aquatics International. (2007). Traumatic Experiences – Should we make our youngest lifeguards come face to face with death? Retrieved from: https://www.aquaticsintl.com/facilities/traumaticexperiences o

[3] British Standards Institution. (2018). BS EN 15288-1, Swimming pools for public use. Safety requirements for design. Retrieved from: https://shop.bsigroup.com/ProductDetail/?pid=0000000030360254

[4]British Standards Institution 1. (2018). BS EN 15288-2, Swimming pools for public use. Safety requirements for operation. Retrieved from: https://shop.bsigroup.com/ProductDetail/?p id=00000000030360257

PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

1. Swimming is one of the best exercises that helps people to reduce stress in this urban lifestyle.

- 2. Applying the CNN algorithm to the dataset.Beginners, especially, often feel it difficult to breathe underwater which causes breathing trouble which in turn causes a drowning accident.
- 3.To overcome this conflict, a meticulous system is to be implemented along the swimming pools to save human life.

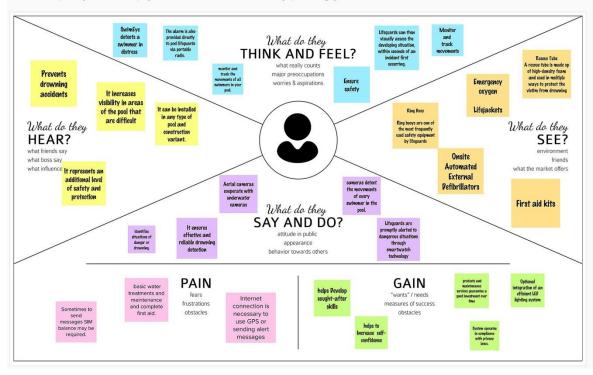
3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



1

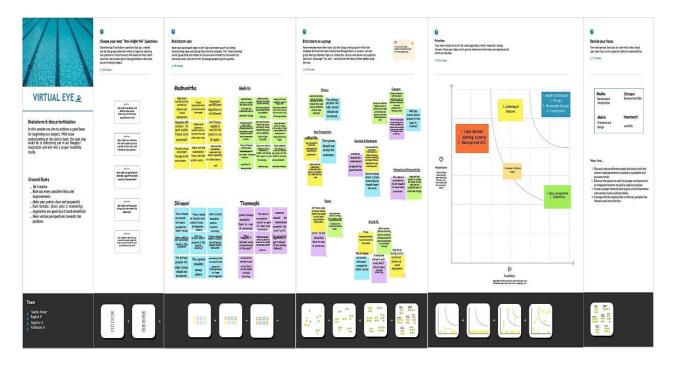
Build empathy and keep your focus on the user by putting yourself in their shoes.



Share your feedback

Edit this template Right-click to unloc

IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING



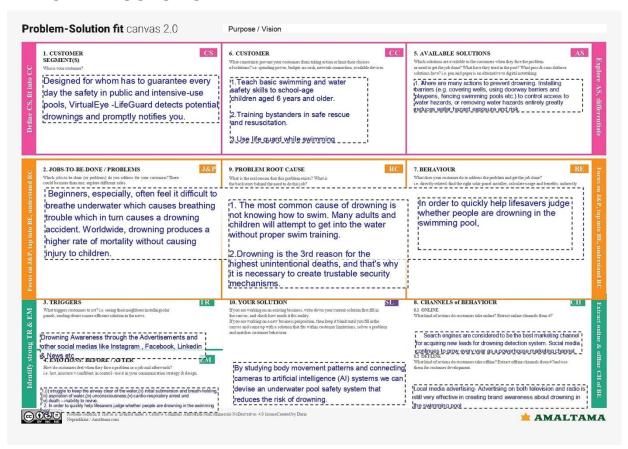
PROPOSED SOLUTION

Proposed Solution Template:

S.No	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	People use the swimming for
		enjoyment, health Exercise but for all
		age of the people pool is really
		dangerous we need lifeguard, in duty
		swimming pools are very dangerous in
		the underwater.
2.	Idea / Solution description	In this project, using Artificial
		intelligence technology, using the
		camera help we can detect the people
		action and positions and also we check
		breathing level of the people inside the
		underwater and use of any alarms
		system we can detect the some ofthem
		are in the problem
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	The uniqueness of the our system is
		track the people position and body
		condition in the drowning using YOLO

		Algorithm.
4.	Social Impact/ Customer Satisfaction	In world most of them are unexcepted
		cause very serious death in the
		underwater not only in the city but most
		occurs in the rural area in the public
		places we should avoid the accident
	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Safety innovation in the swimming
		related issuesthis makes attractive for
		end users to use our software product
5.	Scalability of the Solution	IBM cloud server will collect all the data
		and stored in the server. This will more
		safe and secure

PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT



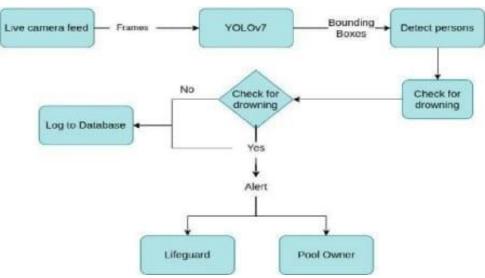
4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	Installation	Install the camera inside the underwater,
		connect necessary app in the phone or
		otherdevice
FR-2	Detection	Near swimming pool area use detectionroom
		for monitor or use IBM cloud forstorage
		purpose of the details
FR-3	Audio	Give the alert signal for the people enterinto
		the underwater and leaving into underwater
FR-4	Support	Extra support from the lifeguard if any person
		pulse rate will decrease inside the water
FR-5	Prior alert	Extreme level problem should be occursgive
		the alert signal for the entire pool

NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

FR No	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	A Lifeguard should be present in all the time
		near pool
NFR-2	Security	Alert message or signal should be give by the
		lifeguard of swimmer
NFR-3	Reliability	Triggers if any immediate needs of
		theswimmer inside the pool
NFR-4	Performance	If any unwanted position changes and
		thepulse rate will decrease this will detect it.
NFR-5	Availability	Equipment and other requirement should
		bechecked by the lifeguards
NFR-6	Scalability	Virtual eye lifeguard detects potential
		drownings and it should be notifies you.

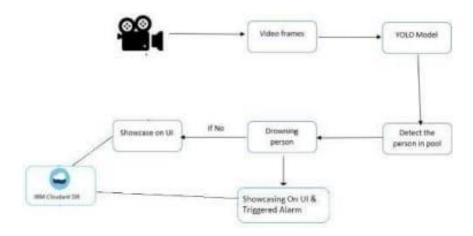
5.PROJECT DESIGN DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS



SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE

Solution Architecture:

❖ Usually, such systems can be developed by installing more than 16 cameras underwater and ceiling and analyzing the video feedsto detect any anomalies. AS a POC we make use of one camera that streams the video underwater and analyses the positionof swimmers to assess the probability of drowning, if it is higher then an alert will be generated to attract lifeguards' attention



USER STORIES

User Type	Functional Requireme nt (Epic)	User Story Numb er	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Pool owner)	Installation	USN-1	Install the camera inside the underwater, connect necessary app in the phone or other device	I can cameras to the IBM cloud DB	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Lifeguard	Secure thepeople	USN-2	As a user, I can secure the drowning personsfrom the pool	I can save the drowning person	High	Sprint-1
Customer (swimmers)	safety	USN-3	As a user, I can swim inside the underwater without fear of the Drowning	I can swim safely	Medium	Sprint-2
Customer care (Executive)	Contact	USN-4	As a user, I Can resolve if any problem occurs with any device technically	I can contact the customer care executiveto resolve any issues	Medium	Sprint-3
Administrat or	Dashboard	USN-5	Management of the drowning detection systemand database management	I can access the system's logs and any other data instantly	High	Sprint-4

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION

Sprint	Total	Duration	Sprint Start	Sprint End	Story	Sprint
	Story		Date	Date (Planned)	Points	Release
	Points				Complet	Date(Actual)
					ed (as on	
					Planned	
					End	
					Date)	
Sprint-1	8	6 days	24 oct 2022	29 oct 2022	6	29 oct 2022
Sprint-2	14	6 days	31 oct 2022	05 nov 2022	12	05 nov 2022
Sprint-3	16	6 days	07 nov 2022	12 nov 2022	11	12 nov 2022
Sprint-4	12	6 days	14 nov 2022	19 nov 2022	12	19 nov 2022

SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE

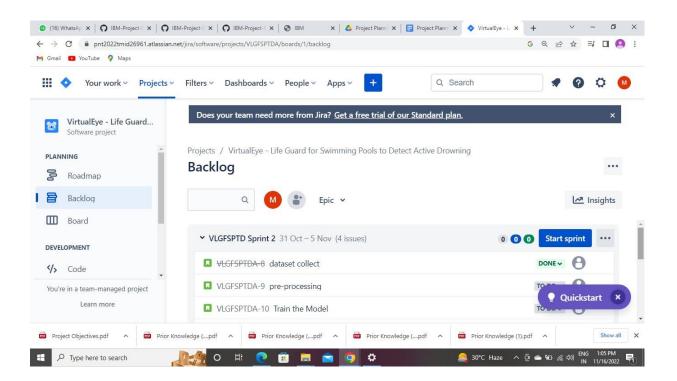
sprint	functional	user story	user	story	priori	team members
	requirement	number	story/task	poin	ty	
	(epic)			ts		
Sprint-1	Registration	VLGFSPTDA-1	As a user, I	2	high	Susithra.S
			can register			
			for the			
			application			
			by entering			
			my email,			
			password,			
			and			
			confirming			
			my			
			password.			
Sprint-1	Registration	VLGFSPTDA-2	As a user, I	1	high	Anusha.S

			will receive			
			confirmati			
			on email			
			once I have			
			registered			
			for the			
		-	application			
Sprint-1	Registration	VLGFSPTDA-3	As a user, I	2	low	Jancyrani.V
			can register			
			for the			
			application			
			through			
On what 4	Denistration	\// OFORTO 4 4	Gmail	0		Ossaithan O
Sprint-1	Registration	VLGFSPTDA-4		2	medi	Susithra.S
					um	
		\(\(\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\xi}\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex{\tex				
Sprint-1	Login	VLGFSPTDA-5	A	1	high	Anusha.S
			As a user, I			
			can register			
			for the			
			application			
			through Gmai			
Corint 0	Detect	VI CERDIDA C		2	طهنط	loneuren: V
Sprint-2	Dataset collect	VLGFSPTDA-6	Collect number of	2	high	Jancyrani.V
	Collect		databasets			
			and get			
			accuracy			
Sprint-2	Pre-	VLGFSPTDA-7	The	2	medi	Susithra.S
Spriiit-2	processing	VLGF3F1DA-/	dataset is	_	um	Jusillia.3
	processing		extracted		ani	
Sprint 2	Train the	VI CESPEDA O		4	hiah	Anucha S
Sprint-3	Train the	VLGFSPTDA-8	Train the	4	high	Anusha.S

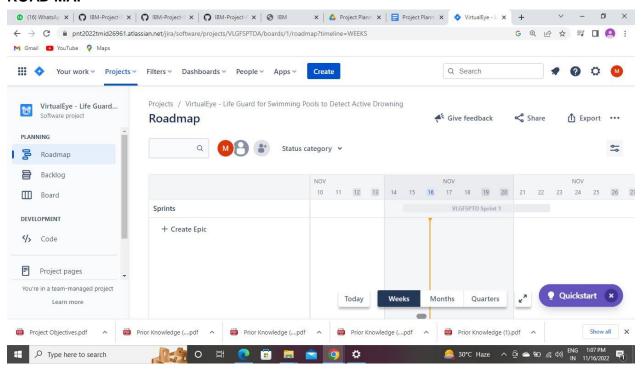
	model		model			VX
Sprint-3	Test the model	VLGFSPTDA-9	if the person is drowning the system will ring the alarm	6	high	SUsithra.S
Sprint-4	Detection	VLGFSPTDA- 10	system trained the model to predict the output	3	high	Jancyrani.V
Sprint-4	Detection	VLGFSPTDA- 11	I dectect drowning	7	high	Anusha.S

REPORT FROM JIRA

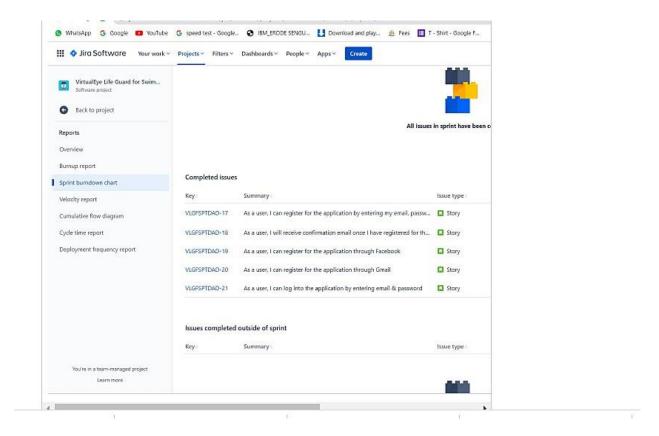
BACKLOG



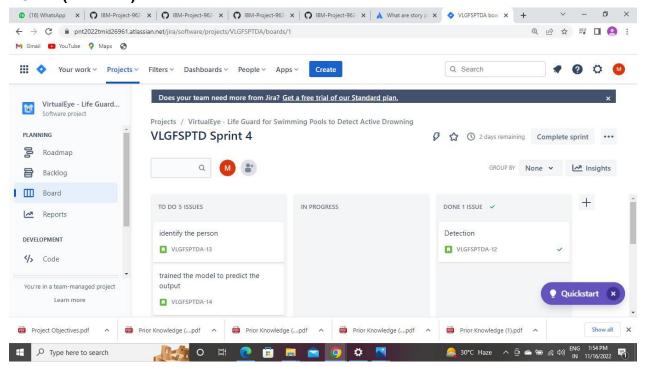
ROAD MAP



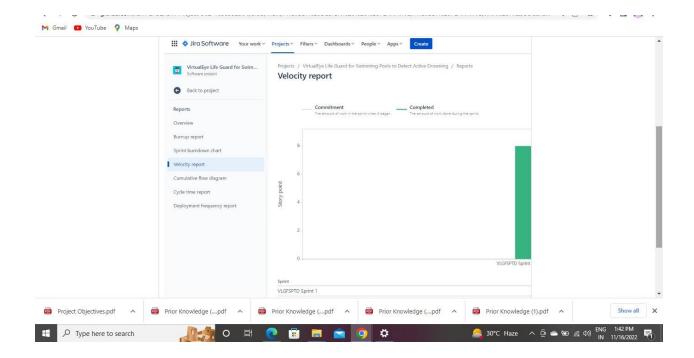
CHART



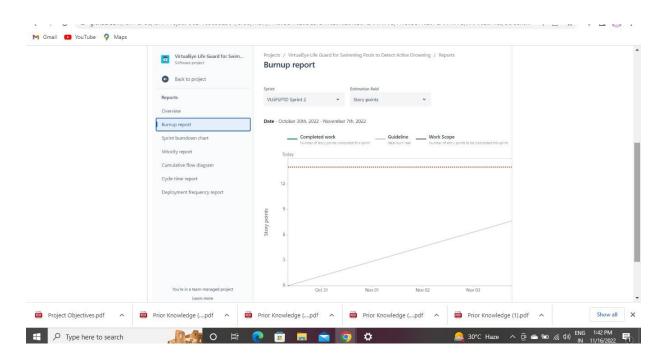
BOARD(KANBAN)



VELOCITY REPORT



BURNRUP REPORT



7. CODING & SOLUTION

FEATURE 1

```
INDEX.HTML
```

```
<!-- NAVIGATION MENUS -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8" />
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
<style>
* {
    margin: 0;
    padding: 0;
    box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

```
body {
font-family:cursive;
}
a {
text-decoration:none;
}
li{
list-style:none;
.navbar {
display:flex;
align-items:center;
justify-content:space-between;
padding:20px;
background-color:teal;
color:#fff;
.nav-links a {
color:#fff;
/* LOGO */
.logo {
font-size:32px;
/* NAVBAR MENU */
.menu {
display:flex;
gap: 1em;
font-size:18px;
}
.menu li:hover {
background-color:#4c9e9e;
border-radius:5px;
transition:0.3s ease;
.imgcontainer {
text-align:center;
```

```
margin:24px 0 12px 0;
img.avatar {
width:30%;
border-radius:50%;
.container {
padding:16px;
span.psw {
float:right;
padding-top:16px;
.menu li {
padding:5px 14px;
.services {
position:relative;
}
.dropdown {
background-color:rgb(1, 139, 139);
padding: 1em 0;
position:absolute; /*WITH RESPECT TO PARENT*/
display:none;
border-radius:8px;
top:35px;
.dropdown li + li {
margin-top:10px;
}
.dropdown li {
padding:0.5em 1em;
width:8em;
text-align:center;
.dropdown li:hover {
background-color: #4c9e9e;
```

```
}
.services:hover
.dropdown {
display: block;
#example1 {
background: url();
}
#swim
height: 200px;
width: 50%;
}
</style>
<title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
<nav class="navbar">
<!-- LOGO -->
<div class="logo">VIRTUAL EYE</div>
<!-- NAVIGATION MENU -->
ul class="nav-links">
<!-- USING CHECKBOX HACK -->
<div class="menu">
<a href="/">Home</a>
<a href="/">About</a>
<a href="/">Services</a>
<a href="/register">Register</a>
<a href="/login">Login</a>
</div>
</nav>
<div class="swim">
<imq style=""
src="https://www.digitalhealth.net/wpcontent/uploads/2017/03/eye_imag
```

```
e_generic_555.jpg.webp
" alt="Avatar" class="avatar">
<a href="/result"><button style = "position:absolute;</pre>
right:60px; bottom:45px; height:40px; width:500px;
color:cyan; background:black;">TRY THIS PROJECT IN DEMO
VERSION (CLICK HERE)</button></a>
</div>
</body>
</html>
LOGIN.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Title</title>
<style>
* {box-sizing: border-box}
/* Add padding to containers */
.container {
padding: 16px;
/* Full-width input fields */
input[type=text], input[type=password] {
width: 100%;
padding: 15px;
margin: 5px 0 22px 0;
display: inline-block;
border: none;
background: #f1f1f1;
}
input[type=text]:focus, input[type=password]:focus {
background-color: #ddd;
outline: none;
/* Overwrite default styles of hr */
hr {
border: 1px solid #f1f1f1;
```

```
margin-bottom: 25px;
/* Set a style for the submit/register button */
.registerbtn {
background-color: #04AA6D;
color: white;
padding: 16px 20px;
margin: 8px 0;
border: none;
cursor: pointer;
width: 100%;
opacity: 0.9;
.registerbtn:hover {
opacity:1;
/* Add a blue text color to links */
a {
color: dodgerblue;
/* Set a grey background color and center the text of the
"sign in" section */
.signin {
background-color: #f1f1f1;
text-align: center;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<form>
<div class="container">
<h1>LOGIN</h1>
Login with your credentials.
<hr>
<label for="email"><b>Email</b></label>
<input type="text" placeholder="Enter Email"
name="email" id="email" required>
```

```
<label for="psw"><b>Password</b></label>
<input type="password" placeholder="Enter Password"
name="psw" id="psw" required>
<a href="/index" class="registerbtn">LOGIN</a>.
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
REGISTER.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Title</title>
<style>
* {box-sizing: border-box}
/* Add padding to containers */
.container {
padding: 16px;
/* Full-width input fields */
input[type=text], input[type=password] {
width: 100%;
padding: 15px;
margin: 5px 0 22px 0;
display: inline-block;
border: none;
background: #f1f1f1;
input[type=text]:focus, input[type=password]:focus {
background-color: #ddd;
outline: none;
}
/* Overwrite default styles of hr */
border: 1px solid #f1f1f1;
margin-bottom: 25px;
```

```
/* Set a style for the submit/register button */
.registerbtn {
background-color: #04AA6D;
color: white;
padding: 16px 20px;
margin: 8px 0;
border: none;
cursor: pointer;
width: 100%;
opacity: 0.9;
.registerbtn:hover {
opacity:1;
/* Add a blue text color to links */
a {
color: dodgerblue;
}
/* Set a grey background color and center the text of the
"sign in" section */
.signin {
background-color: #f1f1f1;
text-align: center;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<form>
<div class="container">
<h1>Register</h1>
Please fill in this form to create an account.
<hr>
<label for="email"><b>Email</b></label>
<input type="text" placeholder="Enter Email"</pre>
name="email" id="email" required>
<label for="psw"><b>Password</b></label>
```

```
<input type="password" placeholder="Enter Password"
name="psw" id="psw" required>
<label for="psw-repeat"><b>Repeat Password</b></label>
<input type="password" placeholder="Repeat Password"
name="psw-repeat" id="psw-repeat" required>
<hr>
<hr>
<a href="/index" class="registerbtn">Register</a>.
</div>
<div class="container signin">
Already have an account? <a href="/login">Sign
in</a>.
</div>
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

FEATURE 2

```
#import necessary packagesimport
cv2
import os
import numpy as np
from .utils import download file
initialize = Truenet
= None
dest_dir = os.path.expanduser('~') + os.path.sep + '.cvlib' + os.path.sep +
'object_detection' +os.path.sep + 'yolo' +
os.path.sep + 'yolov3'
classes = None
#colors are BGR instead of RGB in python
COLORS = [0,0,255], [255,0,0]
def populate_class_labels():
#we are using a pre existent classifier which is more reliable and more
efficient than one#we could make
using only a laptop
#The classifier should be downloaded automatically when you run this
scriptclass file name =
```

```
'yolov3 classes.txt'
class file abs path = dest dir + os.path.sep + class file name
url = 'https://github.com/Nico31415/Drowning-
Detector/raw/master/yolov3.txt'if not
os.path.exists(class_file_abs_path):
download_file(url=url, file_name=class_file_name, dest_dir=dest_dir)f =
open(class file abs path, 'r')
classes = [line.strip() for line in f.readlines()]
return classes
def get output layers(net)
#the number of output layers in a neural network is the number of
possible#things the network
can detect, such as a person, a dog, a tie, a phone... layer_names =
net.getLayerNames()
output_layers = [layer_names[i[0] - 1] for i in
net.getUnconnectedOutLayers()]
return output_layers
def draw_bbox(img, bbox, labels, confidence, Drowning, write_conf=False):
global COLORS
global classes
if classes is None:
classes = populate class labels()
for i, label in enumerate(labels):
#if the person is drowning, the box will be drawn red instead of blueif label
==
'person' and Drowning:
color = COLORS[0] label
= 'DROWNING'
else:
color = COLORS[1]
if write conf:
label += ' ' + str(format(confidence[i] * 100, '.2f')) + '%'
#you only need to points (the opposite corners) to draw a rectangle. These
points#are stored in the
variable bbox
cv2.rectangle(img, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]), (bbox[i][2],bbox[i][3]), color, 2)
cv2.putText(img, label, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]-10),
```

```
cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX, 0.5, color, 2)
return img
def detect common objects(image, confidence=0.5, nms thresh=0.3):
Height, Width = image.shape[:2]scale =
0.00392
global classes
global dest dir
#all the weights and the neural network algorithm are already
preconfigured#as we are using
YOLO
#this part of the script just downloads the YOLO files
config_file_name = 'yolov3.cfg'
config_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + config_file_name
weights file name = 'yolov3.weights'
weights file abs path = dest dir + os.path.sep + weights file name
url = 'https://github.com/Nico31415/DrowningDetector/raw/master/yolov3.cfg'
if not os.path.exists(config_file_abs_path):
download_file(url=url, file_name=config_file_name, dest_dir=dest_dir)
url = 'https://pjreddie.com/media/files/yolov3.weights'
if not os.path.exists(weights_file_abs_path):
download file(url=url, file name=weights file name, dest dir=dest dir)
global initialize
global net
if initialize:
classes = populate class labels()
net = cv2.dnn.readNet(weights_file_abs_path, config_file_abs_path)initialize
= False
blob = cv2.dnn.blobFromImage(image, scale, (416,416), (0,0,0), True,
crop=False)
net.setInput(blob)
outs = net.forward(get output layers(net))
class_ids = []
confidences = []
boxes = []
for out in outs:
for detection in out: scores =
detection[5:]
```

```
class_id = np.argmax(scores)
max_conf = scores[class_id] if
max_conf > confidence:
center_x = int(detection[0] * Width) center_y =
int(detection[1] * Height)w = int(detection[2] * Width)
h = int(detection[3] * Height)x = center_x - w / 2
y = center_y - h / 2 class_ids.append(class_id)
confidences.append(float(max_conf))boxes.append([x, y, w, h])
indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes, confidences, confidence, nms_thresh)
bbox = []label = []conf =
[]
for i in indices:
i = i[0]
box = boxes[i]x = box[0]
y = box[1] w = box[2]h =
box[3]
bbox.append([round(x), round(y), round(x+w), round(y+h)])
label.append(str(classes[class_ids[i]])) conf.append(confidences[i])
return bbox, label, conf
```

8.TESTING TEST CASES

				19-Nov-22 PNT2022TMID26961			
				Virtuale eye-Lifeguard for swimming 4 marks			
Test case ID	Feature Type Functional		Test Scenario Verify user is able to see the Login/Signup popup when user clicked on My account button	Steps TO Execute LEnter URL and click go 2.Click on My Account dropdown button 3. Verify login/singup popup displayed or not	Test Login.html	Expected Result Login/Signup popup should display	Actual Result Working a
		Home Page		I.Enter tIRL and dick go		Application should show below	
LoginPage_TC_002		Home Page	Verify the UI elements in Login√≲grup popup	L. dick on My Account dropdown A. Verify login/Singup popup with below Ut elements: a amail to at box b. password text box d. New outstome? Create account link e. Last password? Recovery password link	Login.html	elements: a.email taxt box b.password text box corange colour New custofner? Crea ta acount link e Last password? Recovery password link	Working a expected
tognrage_1C_002		nome Page		I.Enter URL and dick go 2. Click on My Account dropdown 3. Enter Valid username/email in Email text 4. Enter valid password in password text box	Logm.ntmi Username laxpg gmail password: lax26	User should navigate to prediction homepage	working as
	Functional	Home page	Verify user is able to log into application with Valid credentials	5. Click On in button			
	Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log intotal application with invalid credentials	1, Enter URL and click go 2. Click on My Account dropdown button 3. Enter invalid username/amail in Emailtext box 4. Enter valid password in password text box 5. Click on •n button	Username lux password lax26	Application should show 'incorrect email or password ' validation message.	working
				I-Enter URL and click go 2. Click On My Account dropdown 3. Enter Valid username/email in Email text box 4. Enter Invalid password in password text box	username lax26@mail password:lax26	Application should show *Incorrect email or password 'validation message.	working as
LoginPage_TC_004	Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log into application with Invalid credentials	5.Click on in button			
			Verify user is able to into application	Click on My Account dropdown Enter invalid username/email in	username Jax 26 @mail password: 1803	Application should show 'Incorrect email or password ' validation message.	working as
	Functional	Login page	with InValid credentials	Enter Invalid password in password text box Click on I in button			
Predictionpage_TC_ 00 6		Prediction Page	Page should display whether the person is drowning or not	Camera should take pictures of people swimming in pools 2. It should predict the probability of drowning S. It should show a bounding box displaying the probability of drowning		generate a alert to lifeguard if people are drowning	Working as
	Functional						

USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING

1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the [ProductName] project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT)

1. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	2	0	0	2
Client Application	2	0	0	2
Security	1	0	0	1
Outsource Shipping	1	0	0	1
Exception Reporting	2	0	0	2
Final Report Output	1	0	0	1

2. Test Case Analysis

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	2	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	11	2	34	20	37
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1:
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2
Won't Fix	0	5	2	1	8

Version Control 1 0 0 1

CHAPTER 9

9.RESULT PERFORMANCE METRICS

LOGIN.HTML

<!IDOCTYPE html>

```
<html >
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,initialscale=1">
<title>VIRTUAL EYE</title>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico'rel='stylesheet'
type='text/css'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo'rel='stylesheet'type='t
ext/css'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300'rel='stylesheet'typ
e='text/css'>
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css</pre>
?family=Merriweather'rel='stylesheet'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Josefin
Sans'rel='stylesheet'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat'rel='stylesheet'>
<style>
.header {
top:0;
margin:0px;
left: 0px;
right: 0px;
position: fixed;
background-color: #28272c;
color: white;
box-shadow: 0px 8px 4px grey;
overflow: hidden;
padding-left:20px;
font-family: 'Josefin Sans';
font-size: 2vw;
width: 100%;
height:8%;
text-align: center;
```

```
.topnav {
overflow:hidden;
background-color:#333;
.topnav-right a {
float:left;
color:#f2f2f2;
text-align:center;
padding:14px 16px;
text-decoration: none;
font-size:18px;
.topnav-right a:hover {
background-color:#ddd;
color:black;
.topnav-right a.active {
background-color:#565961;
color:white;
}
.topnav-right {
float: right;
padding-right:100px;
}
.login{
margin-top:-70px;
body {
background-color:#ffffff;
background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-size:cover;
background-position: 0px 0px;
.login{
margin-top:100px;
```

```
form {border:3px solid #f1f1f1; margin-left:400px;margin-right:400px;}
input[type=text],
input[type=email],input[type=number],input[type=password]
width:100%;
padding:12px 20px;
display:inline-block;
margin-bottom:18px;
border:1px solid #ccc;
box-sizing:border-box;
}
button {
background-color:#28272c;
color:white;
padding:14px 20px;
margin-bottom:8px;
border:none;
cursor:pointer;
width:100%;
font-weight:bold;
button:hover {
opacity: 0.8;
.cancelbtn {
width: auto;
padding: 10px 18px;
background-color:#f44336;
.imgcontainer {
text-align: center;
margin: 24px 0 12px 0;
img.avatar {
width: 30%;
border-radius:50%;
}
```

```
.container {
padding:16px;
}
span.psw {
float: right;
padding-top:16px;
/* Change styles for span and cancel button on extra small screens*/
@media screen and (max-width: 300px){
span.psw {
display:block;
float: none;
.cancelbtn {
width:100%:
LOGOUT.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initialscale=1">
<title>Virtual Eye</title>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico'rel='stylesheet'
type='text/css'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo'rel='stylesheet'
type='text/css'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300'rel='stylesheet'
type='text/css'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans+Condensed:30
0' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather'rel='styleshee
t'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Josefin
```

```
Sans'rel='stylesheet'>
k
href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat'rel='stylesheet'>
<style>
.header {
top:0;
margin:0px;
eft:0px;
right:0px;
position:fixed;
background-color:#28272c;
color:white;
box-shadow:0px 8px 4px grey;
overflow:hidden;
padding-left:20px;
font-family:'Josefin Sans';
font-size:2vw;
width:100%;
height:8%;
text-align:center;
}
.topnav {
overflow:hidden;
background-color: #333;
}
.topnav-right a {
float:left;
color:#f2f2f2;
text-align:center;
padding:14px 16px;
text-decoration:none;
font-size:18px;
}
.topnav-right a:hover {
background-color:#ddd;
color:black;
}
```

```
.topnav-right a.active {
background-color:#565961;
color:white;
.topnav-right {
float:right;
padding-right:100px;
}
.login{
margin-top:-70px;
}
body {
background-color:#ffffff;
background-repeat:no-repeat;
background-size:cover;
background-position:0px 0px;
.main{
margin-top:100px;
text-align:center;
}
form {margin-left:400px;margin-right:400px;}
input[type=text],
input[type=email],input[type=number],input[type=password] {
width:100%;
padding:12px 20px;
display:inline-block;
margin-bottom:18px;
border:1px solid #ccc;
box-sizing:border-box;
button {
background-color:#28272c;
color:white;
padding:14px 20px;
margin-bottom:8px;
border:none;
```

```
cursor:pointer;
width:20%;
}
button:hover {
opacity:0.8;
.cancelbtn {
width:auto;
padding:10px 18px;
background-color:#f44336;
}
.imgcontainer {
text-align:center;
margin:24px 0 12px 0;
img.avatar {
width:30%;
border-radius:50%;
}
.container {
padding:16px;
span.psw {
float:right;
padding-top:16px;
/* Change styles forspan and cancel button on extra small screens*/
@media screen and (max-width: 300px) {
span.psw {
display:block;
float:none;
}
.cancelbtn {
width:100%;
</style>
```

```
</head>
<body style="font-family:Montserrat;">
<div class="header">
<div style="width:50%;float:left;font-size:2vw;textalign:left;color:white;</pre>
padding-top:1%">Virtual eye</div>
<div class="topnav-right" style="padding-top:0.5%;">
<a href="{{ url for('home')}}">Home</a>
<a href="{{ url_for('login')}}">Login</a>
<a href="{{ url_for('register')}}">Register</a>
</div>
</div>
<div class="main">
<h1>Successfully Logged Out!</h1>
<h3 style="color:#4CAF50">Login for more information<h3>
<a href="{{url for('login') }}"><button type="submit">Login</button></a>
</form>
</div>
</body>
</html>
BASE.HTML
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initialscale=1.0">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="ie=edge">
<title>High Quality Recognition</title>
k
href="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet">
<script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"></scri
pt>
<script src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/jquery/3.3.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"></scrip
t>
k href="{{url_for('static',filename='css/main.css') }}"rel="stylesheet">
```

```
<style>
.bg-dark{
background-color:#42678c!important;
}
#result {
color:#0a1c4ed1;
</style>
</head>
<body style="background-color:black";>
<headerid="head"class="header">
<section id="navbar">
<h1 style="color:white;">Virtual Eye</h1>
<div class="nav--items">
<l
<!-- <li><a href="#about">About</a>
<a href="#services">Services</a> -->
</div>
</section>
</header>
<div class="container">
<div id="content" style="margin-top:2em">
<div class="container">
<div class="row">
<div class="col-sm-6" >
<h2><em style="color:white">High Quality Drowning
Recognition</em></h2>
<br/>cbr><h5><i style="color:white;">Drowning Detection Using Virtual
Eye</i></h5>
<img src="https://gue.com/blog/wpcontent/uploads/2021/07/2018_Drowning-8176-</pre>
1024x768.jpg"style="height:440px"alt="Gesture">
</div>
<div class="col-sm-6">
<div>
<h4 style="color:white;">Upload Image Here</h4>
<form action = "http://localhost:5000/"id="upload-file" method="post"</pre>
```

```
enctype="multipart/form-data">
<label for="imageUpload" class="uploadlabel">
Choose Image
</label>
<input type="file"name="image"id="imageUpload"accept=".png, .jpg,</pre>
.jpeg,.pdf">
</form>
<div class="image-section"style="display:none;">
<div class="img-preview">
<div id="imagePreview">
</div>
</div>
<div>
<button type="button"class="btn btninfo btn-lg "id="btnpredict">Analyse</button>
</div>
</div>
<div class="loader"style="display:none;"></div>
<h3>
<span id="result"></span>
</h3>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</body>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<footer>
<script src="{{url_for('static', filename='js/main.js')}</pre>
}}"type="text/javascript"></script>
</footer>
</html>
INDEX.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
```

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initialscale=1.0">
<!--Bootstrap -->
k rel="stylesheet"
href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.mi
n.css" integrity="sha384-
Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPq6fy4IWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGqFAW/d
AiS6JXm" crossorigin="anonymous">
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery3.2.1.slim.min.js"integrity="sha384-</p>
KJ3o2DKtlkvYlK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF93h
XpG5KkN" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.
min.js" integrity="sha384-
ApNbgh9B+Y1QKtv3Rn7W3mgPxhU9K/ScQsAP7hUibX39j7fakFPskvXusvf
a0b4Q" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.j
s" integrity="sha384-
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQxSfFWpi1MquVdAyjUar5+76PV
CmYI" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://kit.fontawesome.com/8b9cdc2059.js"crossorigin="anonymous
"></script>
k
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Akronim&family=Roboto&
display=swap" rel="stylesheet">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="../static/style.css">
<!-- <script defer src="../static/js/main.js"></script> --><title>Virtual
Eve</title>
</head>
<body>
<header id="head"class="header">
<section id="navbar">
<h1 class="nav-heading"></i>Virtual Eye</h1>
<div class="nav--items">
ul>
```

```
</div>
</section>
<section id="slider">
<div id="carouselExampleIndicators" class="carousel" dataride="carousel">

    class="carousel-indicators">

data-target="#carouselExampleIndicators" data-slideto="0" class="active"
">
data-target="#carouselExampleIndicators" data-slideto="2">
</01>
<div class="carousel-inner">
<div class="carousel-item active">
<img class="d-block w-
100"src="https://www.tmc.edu/news/wpcontent/uploads/sites/2/2019/06/RE 20170713
Dry Drowning 02-
1.jpg"alt="First slide">
</div>
<div class="carousel-item">
<imq class="d-block
w100"src="https://www.soundingsonline.com/.image/c limit%2Ccs srgb%2
Cg_auto:good%2Cw_700/MTY1MTA0NjY0Nzk3MjU5MDY0/istock874190162.webp"alt=
"Second slide">
</div>
<div class="carousel-item">
<imq class="d-block
w100"src="https://st.depositphotos.com/2224394/2636/i/450/depositphoto
s_26366515-stock-photo-summer-danger.jpg"alt="Third slide">
</div>
</div>
<a class="carousel-control-prev"href="#carouselExampleIndicators"</p>
role="Button" dataslide="prev">
<span class="carousel-control-prev-icon" ariahidden="true"></span>
<span class="sr-only">Previous</span>
</a>
<a class="carousel-control-next"href="#carouselExampleIndicators"</p>
role="button" dataslide="next">
```

```
<span class="carousel-control-next-icon" ariahidden="true"></span>
<span class="sr-only">Next</span>
</a>
</div>
</section>
</header>
<section id="about">
<div class="top">
<h3 class="title text-muted">
ABOUT PROJECT
</h3>
<div class="line"></div>
</div>
<div class="body">
<div class="left">
<h2>Problem:</h2>
>
```

Swimming is one of the best exercises that helps people to reduce stress in this urban lifestyle. Swimming pools are found larger in number in the hotels, weekend tourist spots and barely people have in their house backyard. Beginners, especially often feel it difficult to breathe under water and causes breathing trouble which in turn cause a drowning accident. Worldwide, drowning produces a higher rate of mortality without causing injury to children. Children under six of their age are found to be suffering the highest drowning mortality rates worldwide. Such kinds of deaths account for the third cause of unplanned death globally, with about 1.2 million cases yearly.

```
</div>
<div class="left">
<h2>Solution:</h2>
```

To overcome the conflict, a meticulous system is to be implemented along the swimming pools to save the human life. By studying body movement patterns and connecting cameras to an artificial intelligence (AI)system we can devise an underwater pool safety system that reduces the risk of drowning. Usually such systems can be developed by installing more than 16 cameras underwater and ceiling and analysing the video feeds to detect any anomalies . but AS a POC we make use of one camera that streams the video underwater and analyses the position of swimmers to assess the probability of drowning ,if it is higher than an alert will be generated to attract lifeguards attention.

```
</div>
</div>
<div class="bottom">
<d>< <d><
Note: The system is not designed to replace a lifeguard or other human
monitor, but to act as an additional tool. It helps the lifeguard to detect the
underwater situation where they can easily observe.
</b>
</div>
</section>
<section id="footer">
Copyright © 2022. All Rights Reserved
<div class="social">
<a href="#" target="_blank"><i class="fab fa-2x fa-twittersquare"></i></a>
<a href="#" target=" blank">
<i class="fab fa-2x fa-linkedin"></i></a>
<a href="#">
<i class="#"></i>
</a>
</div>
</section>
</body>
</html>
PREDICTION.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initialscale=1.0">
```

```
<!--Bootstrap -->
k
rel="stylesheet"href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/cs
s/bootstrap.min.css"integrity="sha384-
Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPg6fy4lWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGgFAW/d
AiS6JXm" crossorigin="anonymous">
<script src="https://code.iguery.com/jquery3.2.1.slim.min.js"integrity="sha384-</pre>
KJ3o2DKtlkvYlK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF93h
XpG5KkN" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.
min.js" integrity="sha384-
ApNbgh9B+Y1QKtv3Rn7W3mgPxhU9K/ScQsAP7hUibX39j7fakFPskvXusvf
a0b4Q" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.j
s" integrity="sha384-
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQxSfFWpi1MquVdAyjUar5+76PV
CmYI" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://kit.fontawesome.com/8b9cdc2059.js"crossorigin="anonymous
"></script>
k
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Akronim&family=Roboto&
display=swap" rel="stylesheet">
k rel="stylesheet" href="../static/style.css">
<script defer src="../static/js/JScript.js"></script>
<title>Prediction</title>
</head>
<body>
<header id="head" class="header">
<section id="navbar">
<div class="nav--items">
<111>
<!-- <li><a href="#about">About</a>
<a href="#services">Services</a> -->
```

```
</div>
</section>
</header>
<!-- dataset/Training/metal/metal326.jpg -->
</br>
<section id="prediction">
<h2 class="title text-muted class="header">Virtual Eye- Life Guard for
Swimming Pools to Detect Active Drowning</h1>
<div class="line"style="width:900px"></div>
</section>
</br>
<section id="about">
<div class="body">
<div class="left">
>
Swimming is one of the best exercises that helps people to reduce stress in
this urban lifestyle. Swimming pools are found larger in number in the
hotels, weekend tourist spots and barely people have in their house
backyard. Beginners, especially often feel it difficult to breathe under water
and causes breathing trouble which in turn cause a drowning accident.
Worldwide, drowning produces a higher rate of mortality without causing
injury to children. Children under six of their age are found to be suffering
the highest drowning mortality rates worldwide.. Such kinds of deaths
account for the third cause of unplanned death globally, with about 1.2
million cases yearly.
</div>
<div class="left">
<div class="prediction-input">
<img class="d-block w50"src="https://www.australiawidefirstaid.com.au/media-</pre>
library/drowninggirl-1000w.jpg"alt="Second slide">
</br>
<form id="form" action="/result"method="post"enctype="multipart/formdata">
<input type="submit"class="submitbtn"value="Click Me! For a Demo">
</form>
</div>
<h5 style="text-color:Red">
```

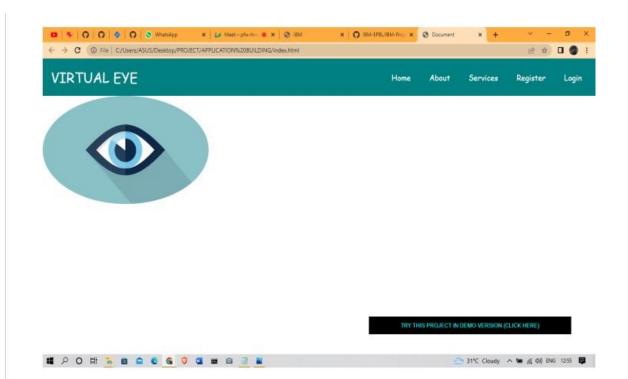
```
<b style="text-color:Red"><b>
</h5>
</div>
</div>
</section>
</br>
<section id="footer">
Copyright © 2021. All Rights Reserved
</section>
</body>
</html>
REGISTER.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial- scale=1">
<title>Virtual Eye</title>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico'
rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo' rel='stylesheet'
type='text/css'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300'
rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans+Conde
nsed:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
k rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/style.css') }}">
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Merriweather'
rel='stylesheet'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Josefin Sans'
rel='stylesheet'>
k href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat'
rel='stylesheet'>
<style>
.header {
top:0;
margin:0px;
```

```
left: 0px;
right: 0px;
position: fixed;
background-color: #28272c;
color: white;
box-shadow: 0px 8px 4px grey;
overflow: hidden;
padding-left:20px;
font-family: 'Josefin Sans';
font-size: 2vw;
width: 100%;
height:8%;
text-align: center;
}
.topnav {
overflow: hidden;
background-color: #333;
.topnav-right a {
float: left;
color: #f2f2f2;
text-align: center;
padding: 14px 16px;
text-decoration: none;
font-size: 18px;
}
.topnav-right a:hover {
background-color: #ddd;
color: black;
}
.topnav-right a.active {
background-color: #565961;
color: white;
.topnav-right {
float: right;
padding-right:100px;
```

```
.login{
margin-top:-70px;
body {
background-color:#ffffff;
background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-size:cover;
background-position: 0px 0px;
}
.login{
margin-top:100px;
form {border: 3px solid #f1f1f1; margin-left:400px;margin-right:400px;}
input[type=text],
input[type=email],input[type=number],input[type=password] {
width:100%;
padding:12px 20px;
display:inline-block;
margin-bottom:18px;
border:1px solid #ccc;
box-sizing:border-box;
button {
background-color: #28272c;
color:white;
padding:14px 20px;
margin-bottom:8px;
border:none;
cursor:pointer;
width:100%;
}
button:hover {
opacity:0.8;
.cancelbtn {
width:auto;
```

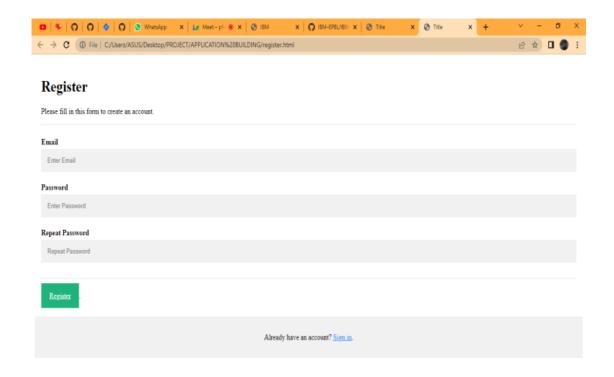
```
padding:10px 18px;
background-color:#f44336;
}
.imgcontainer {
text-align:center;
margin:24px 0 12px 0;
img.avatar {
width:30%;
border-radius:50%;
}
.container {
padding:16px;
}
span.psw {
float:right;
padding-top:16px;
/* Change styles for span and cancel button on extra small screens*/
@media screen and (max-width: 300px) {
span.psw {
display: block;
float: none;
}
.cancelbtn {
width:100%;
}
</style>
</head>
<body style="font-family:Montserrat;">
<div class="header">
<div style="width:50%;float:left;font-size:2vw;text-align:left;color:white;</pre>
padding-top:1%">Virtual Eye</div>
<div class="topnav-right" >
<a href="{{ url_for('home')}}">Home</a>
<a href="{{ url_for('login')}}">Login</a>
```

```
<a class="active"href="{{ url_for('register')}}">Register</a>
</div>
</div>
<div id="login" class="login">
<form action="{{url_for('afterreg')}}}"method="post">
<div class="imgcontainer">
<imq style=""
src="https://www.digitalhealth.net/wpcontent/uploads/2017/03/eye_image_generic_555.j
pg.webp" alt="Avatar"
class="avatar">
</div>
<div class="container">
<input type="text" placeholder="Enter Name" name="name" required><br>
<input type="email" placeholder="Enter Email ID" name=" id" required><br>
<input type="password" placeholder="Enter Password" name="psw"</pre>
required>
<button type="submit">Register</button><br>
</div>
<div class="container"style="background-color:#f1f1f1">
<div class="psw">Already have an account?&nbsp;&nbsp;<a href="{{</pre>
url_for('login') }}">Login</a></div>
</div>
</form>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```









CHAPTER 10

10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES

- (i) user feel comfortable and more secure
- (ii) Children, adult, pet animal, old age people are used

- (iii) spending more time for family, freedom for safety guards near the Swimming pool
- (iv) Swimmers, resort are gain in the financal
- (v) drowning should be monitored

DISADVANTAGES

- (i) For uneducated people will suffer from this technology
- (ii) Electricity will be required
- (iii) Software and hardware requirement will need

CHAPTER 11

11.CONCLUSION

This section will draw from three core documents: ISO_20380, HSG179, and the recently published German guideline, DGfdB R 94.15. A summary of each is given, outlining the key messages they disseminate and what this means for those involved with DDS. ISO_20380 This document focuses on the requirements for the installation,

operation, maintenance and performance of DDS, the testing methods, and the information required from the supplier in the operating manual. These international standards do not apply to systems used in domestic pools or pools smaller than 150m2 . Prior to the installation of any DDS, 'a technical study shall be carried out by the supplier in consultation with or based on information provided by the swimming pool's owner/operator'. This is to establish the quantity and positioning of the equipment making up the system such as cameras, central processing unit, alarm tools, and other related equipment. The technical study must also provide a technical drawing of the pool basin, showing areas of 'coverage' and 'non-coverage', as well as the minimum lighting levels required above and below the water surface for the DDS to operate within performance requirements. To carry out the study, a list of factors to consider are given, outlining the variables that make each pool unique such as the architecture, and alarm reception coverage area of mobile devices to be used with the system. With this information all in one document, the technical study can be used to help optimise performance of the system, and forms part of the contract between the supplier and the pool operator. The next area of the standard is the performance requirements. This outlines the requirements needed to pass the regular maintenance testing and performance requirements for normal operation. This section covers the alarm set off time for operational performance, which is to be 15 seconds or less and displayed on the system interface. It also states that the alarm set off time must be built-in and shall not be changeable by staff. The section also discusses the areas covered by the DDS and highlights that each trained staff member must be aware of these areas. Another coverage-related requirement is that the DDS must be able to temporarily create areas where detection is disabled, to manage specific activities such as rescue drills.

CHAPTER 12

12. FUTURE SCOPE

This lifeguard system consists of three main components, i.e., the drowning detection, the rescuing drone, and the hazardous activity detection. All three components combined will create a system capable of detecting drowning victims, dispatching an inflatable tube using a drone (as depicted in Fig.9) and detecting hazardous activities—eventually becoming an entity that could assist a lifeguard. The system is

accessible to its primary user, presumably a pool owner or a lifequard, in the form of an interface with a sound alarm and an android mobile service that holds the capabilities of receiving Firebase notifications. Confined with a few of the hardware limitations, such as the use of a single camera and the Jetson Nano at the presence of better-quality hardware, could affect the speed and accuracy of the overall system is becoming a state-of-theart. This limitation could be omitted with the use of multiple cameras that could be placed over the premises in several ground coordinates, increasing the accuracy of the computer vision algorithms. Moreover, due to the inability to fly a drone in extreme weather conditions such as rain, strong winds or lightning, the system is limited to be used under few specifications. As swimming in extreme weather conditions is not preferred either, the system could be further improved to emit a warning signal if a person was to swim in any of the above weather conditions, bypassing the need to fly the drone. Additionally, all the processing is done on the clientside of the applications on the Jetson Nano board, preventing any security and privacy issues that might arise due to the sensitive information inputted through the cameras. For future developments convenience wise, the system could benefit by having an additional set of cameras to identify and verify a drowning or a hazardous activity on the premises. Accessibility could also be improved by extending the Android service to be an application both in Android and iOS platforms that could hold the details of each premise individually, making a centralized system that watches over the decentralized pool premises. Both drown and hazardous activity detection could be improved by gathering a night time dataset that increases the accuracy of the data in low light.

CHAPTER 13

13. APPENDIX

(i) SOURCE CODE

Init.py
from .object_detection import detect_common_objects
Object_detect.py

```
#import necessary packages
import cv2
import os
import numpy as np
from .utils import download_file
initialize = True
net = None
dest dir = os.path.expanduser('~') + os.path.sep + '.cvlib' + os.path.sep +
'object_detection' + os.path.sep + 'yolo' + os.path.sep + 'yolov3'
classes = None
#colors are BGR instead of RGB in python
COLORS = [0,0,255], [255,0,0]
def populate_class_labels():
#we are using a pre existent classifier which is more reliable and more
efficient than one
#we could make using only a laptop
#The classifier should be downloaded automatically when you run this
script
class_file_name = 'yolov3_classes.txt'
class_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + class_file_name
url =
'https://github.com/Nico31415/DrowningDetector/raw/master/yolov3.txt'
if not os.path.exists(class file abs path):
download file(url=url, file name=class file name, dest dir=dest dir)
f = open(class_file_abs_path, 'r')
classes = [line.strip() for line in f.readlines()]
return classes
def get_output_layers(net):
#the number of output layers in a neural network is the number of
possible
#things the network can detect, such as a person, a dog, a tie, a
phone...
layer_names = net.getLayerNames()
output_layers = [layer_names[i[0] - 1] for i in
net.getUnconnectedOutLayers()]
return output layers
def draw bbox(img, bbox, labels, confidence, Drowning, write conf=False):
```

```
global COLORS
global classes
if classes is None:
classes = populate_class_labels()
for i, label in enumerate(labels):
#if the person is drowning, the box will be drawn red instead of blue
if label == 'person' and Drowning:
color = COLORS[0]
label = 'DROWNING'
else:
color = COLORS[1]
if write conf:
label += ' ' + str(format(confidence[i] * 100, '.2f')) + '%'
#you only need to points (the opposite corners) to draw a rectangle.
#are stored in the variable bbox
cv2.rectangle(img, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]), (bbox[i][2],bbox[i][3]), color, 2)
cv2.putText(img, label, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]-10),
cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, color, 2)
return img
def detect_common_objects(image, confidence=0.5, nms_thresh=0.3):
Height, Width = image.shape[:2]
scale = 0.00392
global classes
global dest dir
#all the weights and the neural network algorithm are already
preconfigured
#as we are using YOLO
#this part of the script just downloads the YOLO files
config file name = 'yolov3.cfg'
config_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + config_file_name
weights_file_name = 'yolov3.weights'
weights_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + weights_file_name
url =
'https://github.com/Nico31415/DrowningDetector/raw/master/yolov3.cfg'
if not os.path.exists(config_file_abs_path):
download file(url=url, file name=config file name, dest dir=dest dir)
url = 'https://pjreddie.com/media/files/yolov3.weights
```

```
if not os.path.exists(weights_file_abs_path):
download_file(url=url, file_name=weights_file_name, dest_dir=dest_dir)
global initialize
global net
if initialize:
classes = populate_class_labels()
net = cv2.dnn.readNet(weights file abs path, config file abs path)
initialize = False
blob = cv2.dnn.blobFromImage(image, scale, (416,416), (0,0,0), True,
crop=False)
net.setInput(blob)
outs = net.forward(get_output_layers(net))
class_ids = []
confidences = []
boxes = []
for out in outs:
for detection in out:
scores = detection[5:]
class_id = np.argmax(scores)
max_conf = scores[class_id]
if max conf > confidence:
center_x = int(detection[0] * Width)
center_y = int(detection[1] * Height)
w = int(detection[2] * Width)
h = int(detection[3] * Height)
x = center_x - w / 2
y = center_y - h / 2
class_ids.append(class_id)
confidences.append(float(max_conf))
boxes.append([x, y, w, h])
indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes, confidences, confidence,
nms_thresh)
bbox = []
label = []
conf = []
for i in indices:
i = i[0]
```

```
box = boxes[i]
x = box[0]
y = box[1]
w = box[2]
h = box[3]
bbox.append([round(x), round(y), round(x+w), round(y+h)])
label.append(str(classes[class_ids[i]]))
conf.append(confidences[i])
return bbox, label, conf
Detect.py
import cylib as cy
from cvlib.object_detection import draw_bbox
import cv2
import time
import numpy as np
from playsound import playsound
#for PiCamera
#from picamera Import PiCamera
#camera = PiCamera
#camera.start_preview()
# open webcam
webcam = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
if not webcam.isOpened():]
print("Could not open webcam")
exit()
t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970
#variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been
standing
centre0 = np.zeros(2)
isDrowning = False
#this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person doesn't
move.
#or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they are drowning
#loop through frames
while webcam.isOpened():
# read frame from webcam
status, frame = webcam.read()
```

```
if not status:
print("Could not read frame")
exit()
# apply object detection
bbox, label, conf = cv.detect_common_objects(frame)
#simplifying for only 1 person
\#s = (len(bbox), 2)
if(len(bbox)>0):
bbox0 = bbox[0]
\#centre = np.zeros(s)
centre = [0,0]
#for i in range(0, len(bbox)):
#centre[i]=[(bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2,(bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2]
centre=[(bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2,(bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2]
#make vertical and horizontal movement variables
hmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])
vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])
#there is still need to tweek the threshold
#this threshold is for checking how much the centre has moved
x=time.time()
threshold = 10
if(hmov>threshold or vmov>threshold):
print(x-t0, 's')
t0 = time.time()
isDrowning = False
else:
print(x-t0, 's')
if((time.time() - t0) > 10):
isDrowning = True
#print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label ,'confidence: ' conf[0],
'centre: ', centre)
#print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:', centre0)
print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)
centre0 = centre
# draw bounding box over detected objects
out = draw bbox(frame, bbox, label, conf,isDrowning)
```

```
#print('Seconds since last epoch: ', time.time()-t0)
# display output
cv2.imshow("Real-time object detection", out)
if(isDrowning == True):
playsound('alarm.mp3')
# press "Q" to stop
if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
break
# release resources
webcam.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

GITHUB LINK:https: IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-52225-1660991533