```
Loading necessary libraries
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
#Loading the dataset
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount("/content/gdrive")
df = pd.read csv("/content/gdrive/My Drive/Sample
Data/Churn Modelling.csv",header = 0)
Mounted at /content/gdrive
df.head()
   RowNumber CustomerId
                            Surname
                                     CreditScore Geography Gender
                                                                     Age
\
0
           1
                15634602
                          Hargrave
                                             619
                                                     France Female
                                                                      42
                                                      Spain Female
1
           2
                15647311
                               Hill
                                             608
                                                                      41
2
           3
                15619304
                               Onio
                                             502
                                                     France Female
                                                                      42
3
                                                                      39
           4
                15701354
                               Boni
                                             699
                                                     France Female
4
           5
                                                                      43
                15737888 Mitchell
                                             850
                                                      Spain Female
             Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard
                                                 IsActiveMember
   Tenure
0
                0.00
        2
                                   1
                                              1
                                                               1
        1
                                   1
                                              0
1
            83807.86
                                                               1
2
        8
                                   3
                                              1
           159660.80
                                                               0
3
                                   2
                                              0
        1
                0.00
                                                               0
4
        2
           125510.82
                                   1
                                              1
                                                               1
   EstimatedSalary Exited
0
         101348.88
                          1
1
         112542.58
                          0
2
         113931.57
                          1
3
          93826.63
                          0
4
          79084.10
                          0
```

df.shape

(10000, 14)df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999 Data columns (total 14 columns): Column Non-Null Count # Dtype _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ -----0 RowNumber 10000 non-null int64 1 CustomerId 10000 non-null int64 2 Surname 10000 non-null object 3 10000 non-null CreditScore int64 4 Geography 10000 non-null object 5 10000 non-null Gender object 6 10000 non-null int64 Age 7 Tenure 10000 non-null int64 10000 non-null 8 Balance float64 9 NumOfProducts 10000 non-null int64 10 HasCrCard 10000 non-null int64 11 IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64 12 EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64 10000 non-null int64 13 Exited dtypes: float64(2), int64(9), object(3) memory usage: 1.1+ MB from google.colab import drive drive.mount('/content/drive')

dilve.modift(/content/dilv

Mounted at /content/drive

df.describe(include='all')

Candan	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography
Gender count 10000	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000	10000.000000	10000
unique 2	NaN	NaN	2932	NaN	3
top Male	NaN	NaN	Smith	NaN	France
freq 5457	NaN	NaN	32	NaN	5014
mean NaN	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	NaN	650.528800	NaN
std NaN	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	NaN	96.653299	NaN
min NaN	1.00000	1.556570e+07	NaN	350.000000	NaN
25% NaN	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	NaN	584.000000	NaN

50% NaN	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	NaN	652.00	00000 NaN
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	NaN	718.00	00000 NaN
NaN max NaN	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	NaN	850.00	00000 NaN
	Age	Tenure		Balance	NumOfProducts
HasCrCa count	10000.000000	10000.000000	1000	0.000000	10000.000000
10000.0 unique	0000 NaN	NaN		NaN	NaN
NaN top	NaN	NaN		NaN	NaN
NaN freq	NaN	NaN		NaN	NaN
NaN					
mean 0.70550	38.921800	5.012800	7648	5.889288	1.530200
std	10.487806	2.892174	6239	7.405202	0.581654
0.45584 min	18.000000	0.000000		0.000000	1.000000
0.00000 25%	32.000000	3.000000		0.000000	1.000000
0.00000 50%	37.000000	5.000000	9719	8.540000	1.000000
1.00000 75%	44.000000	7.000000	12764	4.240000	2.000000
1.00000 max	92.000000	10.000000	25089	8.090000	4.000000
1.00000	0=100000				
count unique top		90 10000.00 aN aN	0000 NaN NaN	N	000 IaN IaN
freq mean	0.5151	aN 00 100090.23	NaN 39881	0.2037	laN 100
std min	0.49979 0.0000		92818 30000	0.4027 0.0000	
25%	0.0000	90 51002.11	L0000	0.0000	000
50% 75%	1.0000 1.0000			0.0000 0.0000	
max	1.0000			1.0000	
${\sf ma} = {\sf df}$ ${\sf ma}$.max()				

RowNumber 10000 CustomerId 15815690

Surname	Zuyeva
CreditScore	850
Geography	Spain
Gender	Male
Age	92
Tenure	10
Balance	250898.09
NumOfProducts	4
HasCrCard	1
IsActiveMember	1
EstimatedSalary	199992.48
Exited	1
dtype: object	

mi = df.min()

mi

RowNumber	1
CustomerId	15565701
Surname	Abazu
CreditScore	350
Geography	France
Gender	Female
Age	18
Tenure	0
Balance	0.0
NumOfProducts	1
HasCrCard	0
IsActiveMember	0
EstimatedSalary	11.58
Exited	0

dtype: object

df.describe()

RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age
Tenure \			
count 10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000
10000.000000			
mean 5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800
5.012800			
std 2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806
2.892174			
min 1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000
0.000000			
25% 2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000
3.000000			
50% 5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000
5.000000			
75% 7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000
7.000000			

max 10000.00000 1.581569e+07 850.000000 92.000000 10.000000

count mean std min 25% 50% 75% max	Balance 10000.0000000 76485.889288 62397.405202 0.000000 0.000000 97198.540000 127644.240000 250898.090000	NumOfProducts 10000.000000 1.530200 0.581654 1.000000 1.000000 2.000000 4.000000	HasCrCard 10000.00000 0.70550 0.45584 0.00000 1.00000 1.00000	IsActiveMember 10000.000000 0.515100 0.499797 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000	\
count mean std min 25% 50% 75% max	EstimatedSalary 10000.0000000 100090.239881 57510.492818 11.580000 51002.110000 100193.915000 149388.247500 199992.480000	10000.000000 0.203700 0.402769 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000			

#Measure of central tendency

#Mean

df.mean()/100

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

RowNumber	50.005000
CustomerId	156909.405694
CreditScore	6.505288
Age	0.389218
Tenure	0.050128
Balance	764.858893
NumOfProducts	0.015302
HasCrCard	0.007055
IsActiveMember	0.005151
EstimatedSalary	1000.902399
Exited	0.002037
d+ £1 a a ± 6 4	

dtype: float64

#Median

df.median()/100

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

RowNumber	50.00500
CustomerId	156907.38000
CreditScore	6.52000
Age	0.37000
Tenure	0.05000
Balance	971.98540
NumOfProducts	0.01000
HasCrCard	0.01000
IsActiveMember	0.01000
EstimatedSalary	1001.93915
Exited	0.00000
dtype: float64	

Mode

df.mode()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	
Age	\				_		
0	1	15565701	Smith	850.0	France	Male	
37.0 1	2	15565706	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN	2	13303700	IVAIV	ivaiv	ivaiv	IVAIN	
2	3	15565714	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN							
3	4	15565779	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN	-	15565706	N a N	NaN	NeN	NaN	
4 NaN	5	15565796	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
			• • •				
9995	9996	15815628	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN							
9996	9997	15815645	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN 9997	9998	15815656	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN	9990	13013030	IVAIV	ivaiv	ivaiv	Ivaiv	
9998	9999	15815660	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN							
9999	10000	15815690	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN							

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9995	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9996	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9997	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9998	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9999	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
	Fctimat	edSalary	Exited			
0		24924.92	0.0			
1		NaN				
			NaN			
2		NaN	NaN			
3		NaN	NaN			
4		NaN	NaN			

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

NaN

#Data Visualization

#Univariate Analysis Univariate analysis is the simplest form of analysis where we explore a single variable.

Count Plot

9995

9996

9997

9998 9999

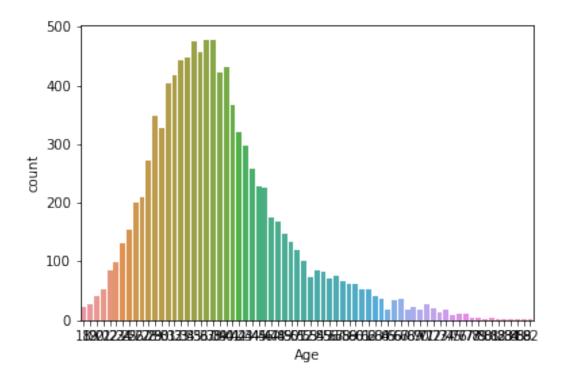
This gives a count of frequency plot in the form of a bar graph

```
sns.countplot(df['Age'])
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f16252859d0>



```
#Histogram
```

```
plt.figure(1,figsize=(20,8))
n=0
for x in
["CreditScore", "Age", "Tenure", "Balance", "NumOfProducts", "EstimatedSala
ry"]:
    n += 1
    plt.subplot(2 ,3, n)
    plt.subplots_adjust(hspace=0.5, wspace=0.5)
    plt.ylabel("frequency")
    sns.distplot(df[x])
    plt.title('Histogram of {}'.format(x))
plt.show()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed

in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

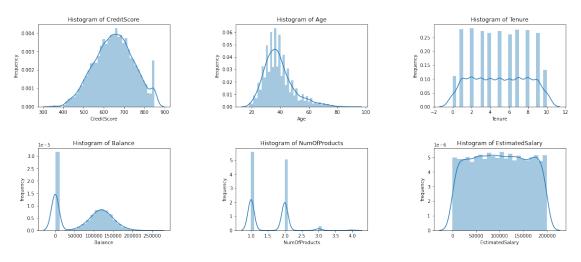
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

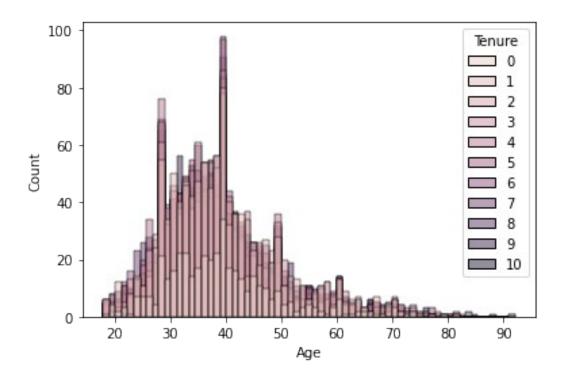
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)



For categorical values

sns.histplot(x='Age',data=df,hue=df['Tenure'],color='blue')
<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1624b4f050>



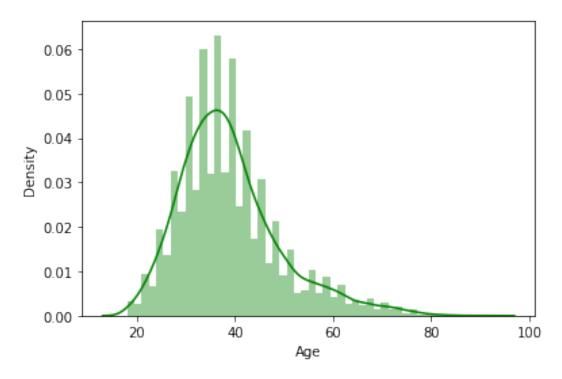
#Distplot

sns.distplot(df["Age"],color='green')

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f162322d1d0>



#Skewness of dataset

df.skew()

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

RowNumber	0.000000
CustomerId	0.001149
CreditScore	-0.071607
Age	1.011320
Tenure	0.010991
Balance	-0.141109
NumOfProducts	0.745568
HasCrCard	-0.901812
IsActiveMember	-0.060437
EstimatedSalary	0.002085
Exited	1.471611

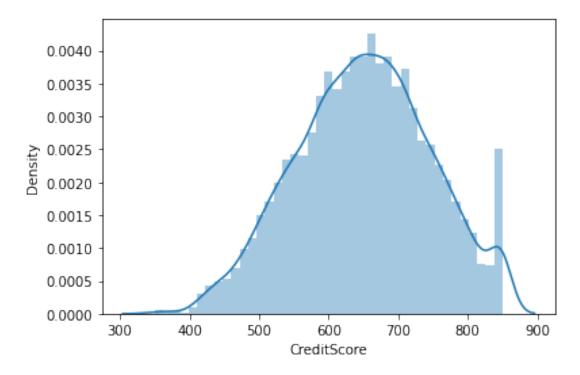
dtype: float64

sns.distplot(df['CreditScore'])

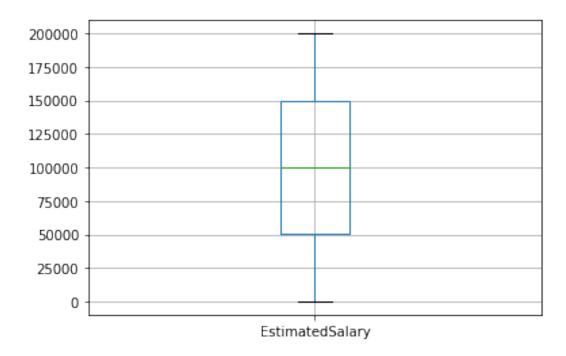
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an

axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f16230d8190>



#Boxplot
df.boxplot(column=['EstimatedSalary'])
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f162470a350>



#Bivariate Analysis Bivariate Analysis is used when we have to explore the relationship between 2 different variables

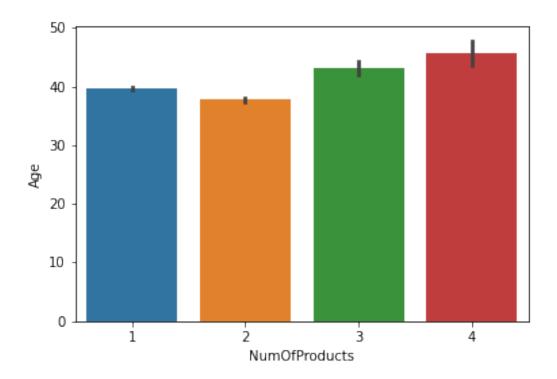
Barplot

sns.barplot(df["NumOfProducts"],df["Age"])

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1623232210>



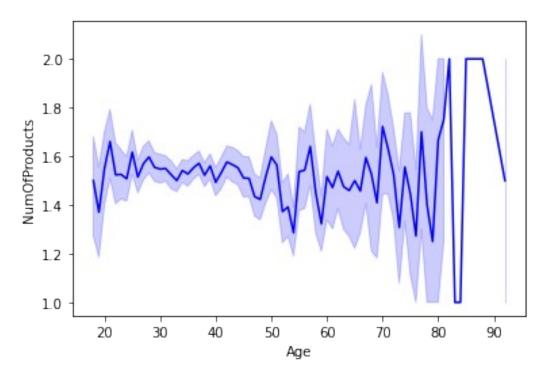
#Linear plot

sns.lineplot(df["Age"],df["NumOfProducts"], color='blue')

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1622eede10>



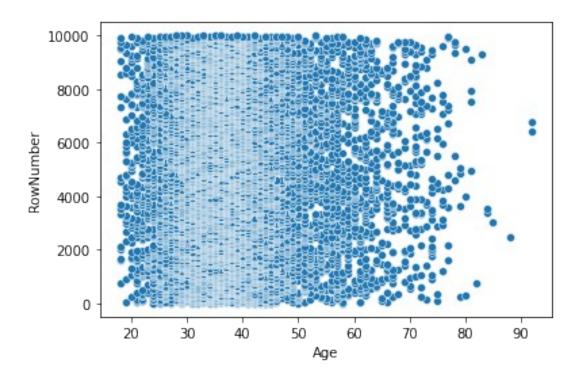
#Scatter Plot

sns.scatterplot(df['Age'], df['RowNumber'])

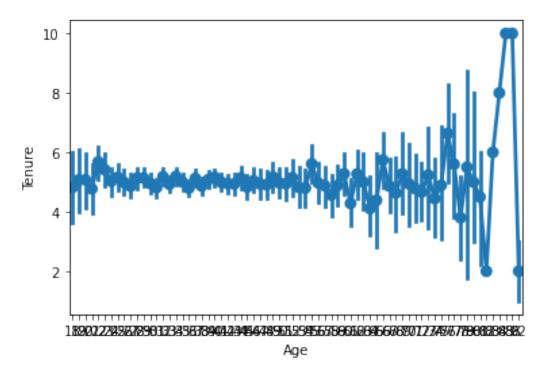
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1622e81c90>



#Point PLot
sns.pointplot(x='Age',y='Tenure',data=df)
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1622d9a150>

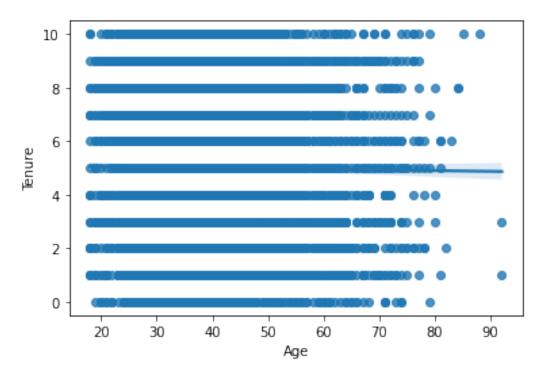


```
sns.regplot(df['Age'],df['Tenure'])
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

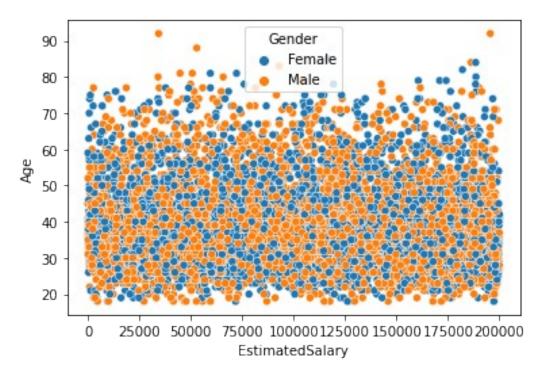
FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1622bb91d0>



#Multivariate analysis

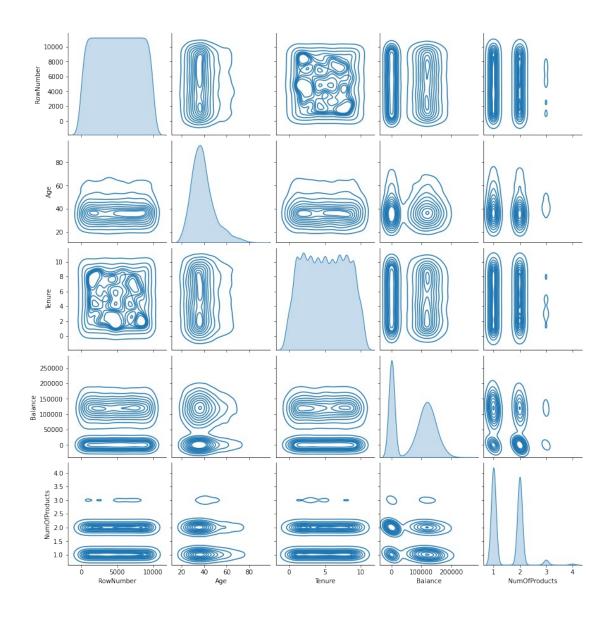
sns.scatterplot(x=df['EstimatedSalary'],y=df['Age'],hue=df["Gender"])
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1620314990>



#Pairplot

sns.pairplot(data=df[["RowNumber","Age","Tenure","Balance","NumOfProdu
cts"]],kind="kde")

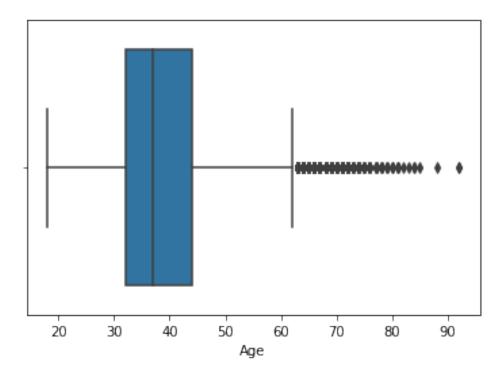
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f16202bd7d0>



Handling missing values df.isnull().any()

RowNumber	False
CustomerId	False
Surname	False
CreditScore	False
Geography	False
Gender	False
Age	False
Tenure	False
Balance	False
NumOfProducts	False
HasCrCard	False
IsActiveMember	False

```
EstimatedSalary
                    False
                     False
Exited
dtype: bool
The dataset provides doesn't have any null values. Creating a custom dataset to show the
missing value handling
cust_dataset = pd.DataFrame({
    \overline{}"a": [1,2,3],
    "b": [4, None, None],
    "c": [5,6,None]
})
cust_dataset
   а
        b
              С
   1 4.0
           5.0
0
  2 NaN 6.0
1
2
  3 NaN NaN
cust_dataset.isnull().any()
     False
а
      True
b
      True
С
dtype: bool
Fill the missing values using the mean
mean values = cust dataset.mean()
cust dataset.fillna(mean values, inplace=True)
cust_dataset
        b
              С
   a
           5.0
   1 4.0
  2 4.0 6.0
1
2
  3 4.0 5.5
#Identifying outliers and replacing them
sns.boxplot(x=df['Age'])
<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f162308ad90>
```

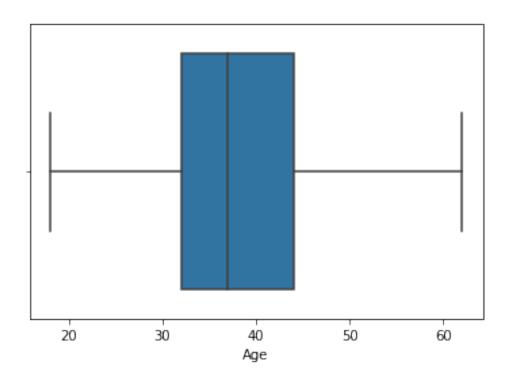


```
q1 = df['Age'].quantile(0.25)
q3 = df['Age'].quantile(0.75)
iqr = q3 - q1
iqr

12.0

df.loc[df['Age'] < q1 - 1.5*iqr, 'Age'] = q1
df.loc[df['Age'] > q3 + 1.5*iqr, 'Age'] = q3
sns.boxplot(x=df['Age'])
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1625ae8b50>



Checking for categorical columns and perform encoding df.head()

,	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43
	Tonuro	Doloneo Num	OfDroducto	Hackstard	TalativaMa	mbon \	

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1	1	
1	1	83807.86	1	0	1	
2	8	159660.80	3	1	0	
3	1	0.00	2	0	0	
4	2	125510.82	1	1	1	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	101348.88	1
1	112542.58	0
2	113931.57	1

```
93826.63
3
          79084.10
df["Geography"].unique()
array(['France', 'Spain', 'Germany'], dtype=object)
surnames = df["Surname"].unique()
surname encoding = {}
for i in range(len(surnames)):
  surname encoding[surnames[i]] = i
len(surname encoding)
2932
the categorial columns are gender and geography and surname encoding
df["Geography"].replace({"France":0,"Spain":1,"Germany":3},
inplace=True)
df["Gender"].replace({"Female":0,"Male":1}, inplace=True)
df["Surname"].replace(surname encoding, inplace=True)
df.head()
   RowNumber CustomerId Surname CreditScore Geography
                                                              Gender
                                                                       Age
\
0
           1
                 15634602
                                  0
                                             619
                                                           0
                                                                    0
                                                                        42
                                             608
                                                           1
                                                                        41
1
           2
                 15647311
                                  1
                                                                    0
2
           3
                 15619304
                                  2
                                             502
                                                           0
                                                                    0
                                                                        42
3
           4
                 15701354
                                  3
                                             699
                                                                        39
                                                           0
                                                                    0
           5
                                  4
                                                                        43
4
                 15737888
                                             850
                                                           1
                       NumOfProducts
                                      HasCrCard
   Tenure
             Balance
                                                   IsActiveMember
0
        2
                 0.00
                                    1
                                               1
                                                                 1
1
        1
            83807.86
                                    1
                                               0
                                                                 1
2
        8
           159660.80
                                    3
                                                1
                                                                 0
3
        1
                                    2
                                               0
                                                                 0
                 0.00
4
        2
                                    1
                                                1
           125510.82
                                                                 1
   EstimatedSalary Exited
0
         101348.88
                          1
1
         112542.58
                          0
2
                          1
         113931.57
3
          93826.63
                          0
4
          79084.10
```

```
Spliting the data into dependant and independant set
```

```
y = df['Exited']
X = df.drop(columns=['Exited'], axis=1)
X.head()
```

`	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age
0	1	15634602	0	619	Θ	0	42
1	2	15647311	1	608	1	0	41
2	3	15619304	2	502	0	0	42
3	4	15701354	3	699	0	0	39
4	5	15737888	4	850	1	0	43

	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	\
0	2	0.00	1	1	1	
1	1	83807.86	1	0	1	
2	8	159660.80	3	1	0	
3	1	0.00	2	0	0	
4	2	125510.82	1	1	1	

```
EstimatedSalary
0 101348.88
1 112542.58
2 113931.57
3 93826.63
4 79084.10
```

Scaling independant variables

```
-1.03067011, -0.12523071],
       [ 1.73187761, -0.87055909, -0.47667543, ..., 0.64609167,
       -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
X = pd.DataFrame(X, columns =column name)
X.head()
  RowNumber CustomerId
                          Surname CreditScore Geography
Gender \
 -1.731878
            -0.783213 -1.224703
                                     -0.326221 -0.815465 -1.095988
1 -1.731531 -0.606534 -1.223367
                                    -0.440036 -0.000326 -1.095988
2 -1.731185
             -0.995885 -1.222032
                                     -1.536794 -0.815465 -1.095988
3 -1.730838 0.144767 -1.220696
                                      0.501521 -0.815465 -1.095988
4 -1.730492 0.652659 -1.219360
                                      2.063884 -0.000326 -1.095988
              Tenure
                       Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard
       Age
IsActiveMember
0 0.457039 -1.041760 -1.225848
                                    -0.911583
                                                0.646092
0.970243
1 0.342361 -1.387538 0.117350
                                    -0.911583 -1.547768
0.970243
  0.457039 1.032908 1.333053
                                     2.527057 0.646092
1.030670
  0.113004 -1.387538 -1.225848
                                    0.807737 -1.547768
1.030670
4 0.571717 -1.041760 0.785728
                               -0.911583
                                               0.646092
0.970243
  EstimatedSalary
0
         0.021886
         0.216534
1
2
         0.240687
3
        -0.108918
4
        -0.365276
#Spliting data into training and testing datasets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y)
x train.shape, x test.shape, y train.shape, y test.shape
((7500, 13), (2500, 13), (7500,), (2500,))
```

[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 1.1569636, ..., 0.64609167,