# PROJECT DEVELOPMENT PHASE SPRINT -II

Date	14 <sup>TH</sup> - NOV - 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID18685
<b>Project Name</b>	Natural Disaster Intensity Analysis and Classification using Artificial Intelligence

### <u>INSERTING NECESSARY LIBRARIES:</u>

**Numpy:** It is an open source numerical python library.

Scikit-learn: It is a machine learning library for python.

**OpenCV:** OpenCV is a library of programming functions mainly aimed at real-

timecomputer vision.

Flask: Web framework used for building web application.

# Inserting necessary libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np#used for numerical analysis
import tensorflow #open source used for both ML and DL for computation
from tensorflow.keras.import Sequential #it is a plain stack of layers
from tensorflow.keras import layers #A layer consists of a tensor-in tensor-out computation function
#Dense layer is the regular deeply connected neural network layer
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense,Flatten
#Faltten-used fot flattening the input or change the dimension
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPooling2D #Convolutional layer
#MaxPooling2D-for downsampling the image
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

Using Tensorflow backend.

In [2]: tensorflow.__version__

Out[3]: '2.5.0'

In [3]: tensorflow.keras.__version__

Out[3]: '2.5.0'
```

#### **LOADING DATA AND PERFORMING DATA AUGUMENTATION:**

Loading the data into the Jupyter notebook by using RR dataset path.

# 

### **CREATING THE MODEL:**

Creating the Model a Classifier Sequential. Classifier is a machine learning algorithm that determines the class of the input element based on the set of the feature. In this model using convolution2D function. Convolution2D parameter is an number of filters that convolution layer will be learn from. Then we will be using MaxPooling2D function. Then, using a Flatten() function that flatten the multidimensional input denser into the denser.

## **Creating the Model**

```
In [9]: # Initializing the CNN
        classifier = Sequential()
        # First convolution layer and poolingo
        classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
        classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
        # Second convolution layer and pooling
        classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
        # input_shape is going to be the pooled feature maps from the previous convolution layer
        classifier.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        classifier.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
        # Flattening the layers
        classifier.add(Flatten())
        # Adding a fully connected layer
        classifier.add(Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
        classifier.add(Dense(units=4, activation='softmax')) # softmax for more than 2
```

## Using classifier.summary() function summary of our model

	Model: "sequential"			
	Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
	conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	896	
	max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0	
	conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9248	
	conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 27, 27, 32)	9248	
	max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0	
	conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 32)	9248	
	flatten (Flatten)	(None, 3872)	0	
	dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	495744	
	dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 4)	516	
	Total params: 524,900 Trainable params: 524,900			

## **COMPILING THE MODEL:**

The model is compiled using the following code.

```
In [11]: # Compiling the CNN
# categorical_crossentropy for more than 2
classifier.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

## **FITTING THE MODEL:**

Fitting the Model with 70 epoch.

```
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       בטטנוו סט//ט
       149/149 [============] - 63s 421ms/step - loss: 0.0427 - accuracy: 0.9852 - val_loss: 1.8291 - val_accurac
       y: 0.7374
       Epoch 66/70
       149/149 [=======] - 62s 415ms/step - loss: 0.0574 - accuracy: 0.9838 - val_loss: 1.7194 - val_accurac
       y: 0.7424
       Epoch 67/70
       y: 0.7374
       Epoch 68/70
       y: 0.7323
       Epoch 69/70
       y: 0.7424
       Epoch 70/70
       149/149 [======] - 63s 424ms/step - loss: 0.0242 - accuracy: 0.9933 - val_loss: 3.4165 - val_accurac
       v. 9 6818
```

#### **SAVING THE MODEL:**

Saving the Model as disaster.h5. disaster.h5 file is used to find the image classification files. Model.json represents that Jason stands for JavaScript object rotation, Jason is a lite weight data format used for data inserting between multiple different language.

#### **PREDICTING RESULTS:**

Loading model from the tensorflow keras models and loading the image then converting image into array. Then predicting our model.

```
In [15]: from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
                            from keras.preprocessing import image
                           model = load_model("disaster.h5") #loading the model for testing
  In [ ]:
In [16]: img = image.load_img(r'C:\Users\ELCOT\Downloads\projest\ibm\dataset\test_set\Cyclone\870.jpg',grayscale=False, target_size= (64,6
                           x = image.img_to_array(img)#image to array\n",
                            x = np.expand_dims(x,axis = 0)#changing the shape\n"
                           pred = model.predict_classes(x)#predicting the classes\n",
                           pred
                           \verb|C:\Users\ELCOT\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\keras\engine\sequential.py: 455: UserWarning: `model.predict\_classe | Packages | Packages
                            s() is deprecated and will be removed after 2021-01-01. Please use instead:* `np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=-1)`, if your
                           model does multi-class classification (e.g. if it uses a `softmax` last-layer activation).* `(model.predict(x) > 0.5).astype ("int32")`, if your model does binary classification (e.g. if it uses a `sigmoid` last-layer activation).
                                warnings.warn('`model.predict_classes()` is deprecated and
Out[16]: array([0], dtype=int64)
In [17]: index=['Cyclone', 'Earthquake', 'Flood', 'Wildfire']
                            result=str(index[pred[0]])
Out[17]: 'Cyclone'
```

# **Submitted By**

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