

Project Development Phase – Sprint 2

Date	18 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID48013
Project Name	A new hint to transportation – Analysis of the NYC bike share system.
Maximum Marks	20 Marks

Feature Engineering:

calculating Age from birth year

from datetime import datetime, date

```
age=2018-df['birth_year']
```

```
df['Age']=age
```

```
df.head()
```

	tripduration	starttime	stoptime	start station id	start station name	start station latitude	start station longitude	end station id	end station name	end station latitude	end station longitude	bikeid	usertype	birth_year	gender	tripduration_bins	Age
0	11.583333	2013-06-01 00:00:01	2013-06-01 00:11:36	444	Broadway & W 24 St	40.742354	-73.989151	434.0	9 Ave & W 18 St	40.743174	-74.003664	19678	Subscriber	1983.0	1	(0.0, 30.0]	35.0
1	11.550000	2013-06-01 00:00:08	2013-06-01 00:11:41	444	Broadway & W 24 St	40.742354	-73.989151	434.0	9 Ave & W 18 St	40.743174	-74.003664	16649	Subscriber	1984.0	1	(0.0, 30.0]	34.0
3	2.050000	2013-06-01 00:01:04	2013-06-01 00:03:07	475	E 15 St & Irving Pl	40.735243	-73.987586	262.0	Washington Park	40.681782	-73.973730	16352	Subscriber	1960.0	1	(0.0, 30.0]	58.0
4	25.350000	2013-06-01 00:01:22	2013-06-01 00:26:43	2008	Little West St & 1 Pl	40.705693	-74.016777	310.0	State St & Smith St	40.689269	-73.989129	15567	Subscriber	1983.0	1	(0.0, 30.0]	35.0
6	34.283333	2013-06-01 00:02:33	2013-06-01 00:36:50	285	Broadway & E 14 St	40.734546	-73.990741	532.0	S 5 Pl & S 5 St	40.710451	-73.960876	15693	Subscriber	1991.0	1	(30.0, 60.0]	27.0

calculating age group from age

```
max_limit = df['Age'].max()
```

```
max_limit
```

```
bins = [0,20,40,60,max_limit]
```

```
agegroup = pd.cut(df['Age'], bins=bins).value_counts()
```

```
Agegroup
```

```
(20.0, 40.0]    161563
(40.0, 60.0]    148805
(60.0, 119.0]   27014
(0.0, 20.0]      0
Name: Age, dtype: int64
```

Calculating hour:

```

peak_hour['Start Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['starttime'])
peak_hour['Stop Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['stoptime'])
peak_hour['year'] = peak_hour["Start Date"].dt.year
peak_hour["Hour"] = peak_hour["Start Date"].dt.hour

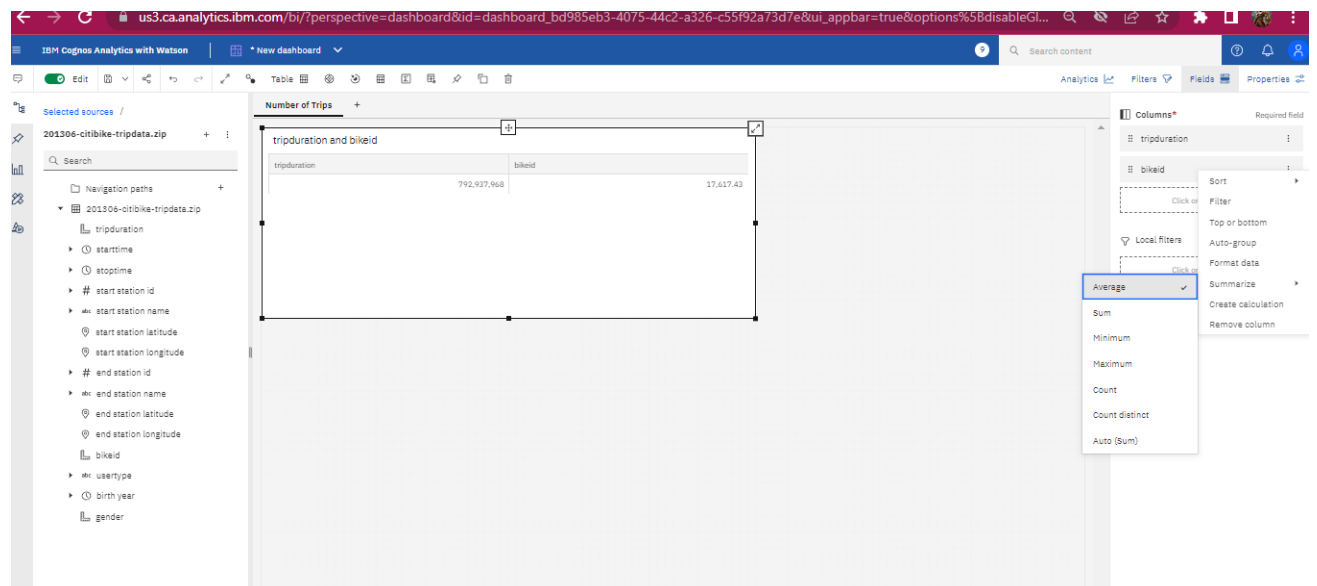
```

	Start Date	Stop Date	year	Hour	bikeid
0	2013-06-01 00:00:01	2013-06-01 00:11:36	2013	0	19678
1	2013-06-01 00:00:08	2013-06-01 00:11:41	2013	0	16649
3	2013-06-01 00:01:04	2013-06-01 00:03:07	2013	0	16352
4	2013-06-01 00:01:22	2013-06-01 00:26:43	2013	0	15567
6	2013-06-01 00:02:33	2013-06-01 00:36:50	2013	0	15693
...
577687	2013-06-30 23:58:09	2013-07-01 00:05:25	2013	23	19454
577689	2013-06-30 23:57:52	2013-07-01 00:00:57	2013	23	16746
577690	2013-06-30 23:58:39	2013-07-01 00:08:34	2013	23	19290
577698	2013-06-30 23:59:27	2013-07-01 00:14:52	2013	23	15250
577700	2013-06-30 23:59:33	2013-07-01 00:02:14	2013	23	18910

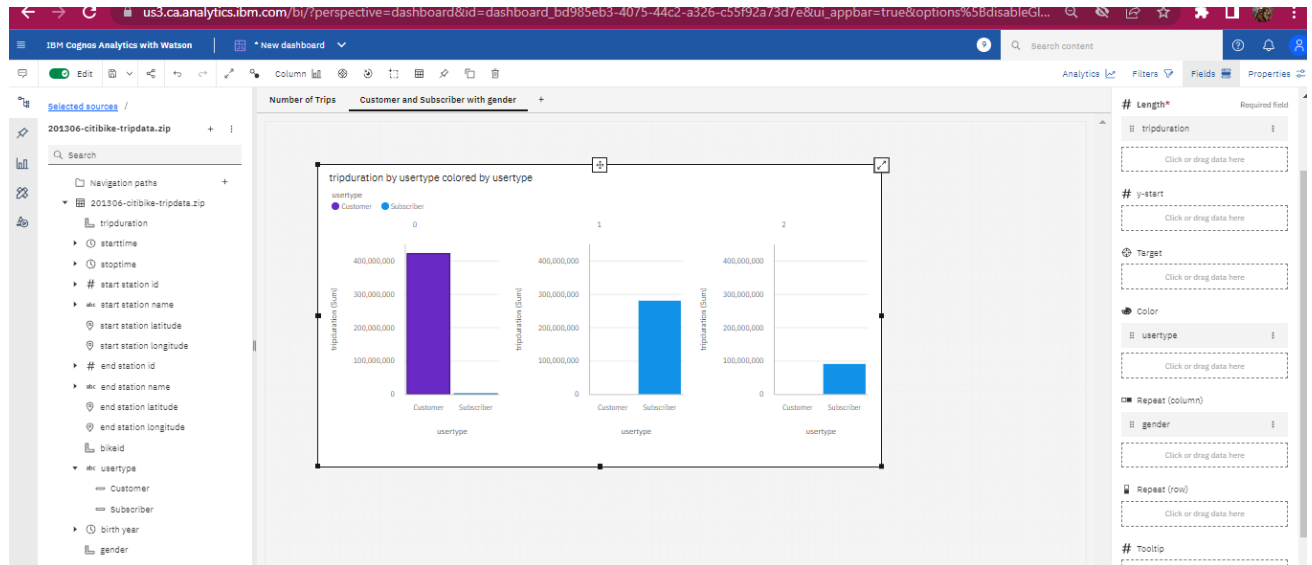
337382 rows x 5 columns

Visualization of the dataset in COGNOS Platform:

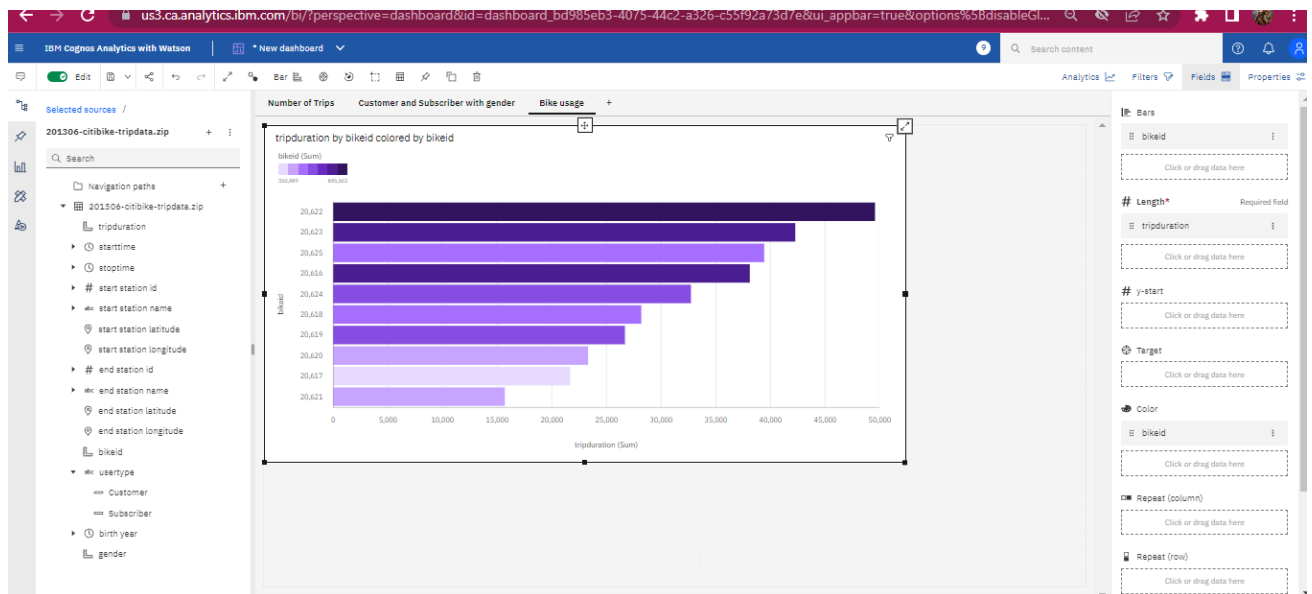
Finding the number of trips per each bike:



Finding the percentage of customers and subscribers :



Bike Usage - Bike Id Vs Trip Duration:



Age Group Differentiation by Bike Id:

The screenshot shows the IBM Cognos Analytics interface. On the left, the 'Selected sources' pane lists various data fields including 'age_group', 'bikeid', 'startstationid', 'endstationid', 'starttime', 'stoptime', 'birthyear', and 'gender'. The main workspace displays a table titled 'bikeid and age_group' with the following data:

age_group	bikeid
1899	564,344
1900	1,460,364
1901	242,241
1913	223,567
1920	94,528
1921	279,185

On the right, the 'Columns' pane shows 'age_group' and 'bikeid' as required fields. Below it, the 'Local filters' section is empty.

Validation:

if(age<=20) then

('<20')

else if(age>=21 and age<=30) then

('21-30')

else if(age>=31 and age<=40) then

('31-40')

else if(age>=41 and age<=55) then

('41-55')

else('>55')

bikeid and Age_Group	
Age_Group	bikeid
21-30	5,721
31-40	5,749
41-55	5,741
<20	1,525
>55	5,781
Summary	5,794

Finding the top 10 start stations with customer age group:

