PREDICTING THE ENERGY OUTPUT OF WIND TURBINE BASED ON WEATHER CONDITION

A Project Report

Submitted By

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1. INTRODUCTION:

1.1 Project Overview

In Modern world the usage of the wind turbine is increasing day by day. Peoples are showing their interest on the Renewable Energy sources like Solar Energy and Wind Turbine. They are ready to adopt their self for renewable energy sources. The wind energy prediction is essential for Electric power supply for a country. If we predict and know the power generated by a wind turbine by weather condition the need of electric power for a country or state is partially satisfied the wind turbine. So we need to predict the energy output of wind turbine. It depends upon the wind speed and wind direction. Basically the output energy of wind turbines are directly depends on the wind speed. In a survey denotes that By 2050, wind energy could avoid the emission of 12.3 Giga Tones of Green house gases. Wind energy preserves water resources. By 2050, wind energy can save 260 billions of gallons of water – the equivalent to roughly 400,000 Olympicsize swimming pools that would have been saved by the electric power. If the output power can be predicted more accurately, the energy producers for a country, state, organization can coordinate the collaborative production of different energy sources to more efficiently to avoid costly overproductions. In this project we train the model by a dataset of wind turbines for the prediction. It helps us to build a model and split it into train and test data that we use that trained data to predict the energy output. We choose the model named Random Forest Regression for the Model Building. We also make a Web application (Flask App) to predict the output with the help of trained data. By using Watson Studio the model need to established throughout the world and whomever can access and predict the energy in this I give the cities within the Tamil Nadu. By using this model we can also know about the weather conditions like Temperature, Humidity, Wind speed.

1.2 Purpose

The wind energy plays a vital role on the renewable energy sources. The wind turbine usage increased very much in recently. The another energy power resources are far more dangerous and not be safe. The another sources are Nuclear, coal and oil it's all lead to the emission of CO2. The CO2 will be danger for the human beings and also leads to the acidic rain. It will collapse the Balance of nature. The wind energy is a free source it can be used by anyone for

energy production. The power generated by the wind turbines can reduce the amount of energy used by the non-renewable sources.

In our project first of all we collected a dataset and We preprocessed the dataset before split the dataset into train test split. After splitting the dataset We choose the appropriate model for model building. In this case we choose the Random Forest Regression for the model. It is one of the models available in machine learning and also a good accuracy estimator for predictions and it also provide better prediction among those. We use the IBM Watson Studio for high level Machine Learning and we use it to train our data. IBM cloud helps us to deploy our trained model into the web and whomever can use our web page or web application among the world. We use the flask Application it's a web based application. We made two html pages named index and predict. Index page consists of the basic details about wind turbine and one button is "CLICK HERE TO PREDICT THE ENERGY".

The next page named predict.html consists on city selection, weather details, inputs for Theoretical power and Wind speed. At last the button is named Predict. The output is shown as in KW/h.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY:

2.1 Existing problem

Renewable energy sources, especially wind energy, are to play a larger role in providing electricity to industrial and domestic consumers. This is already the case today for a number of European countries, closely followed by the US and high growth countries, for example, Brazil, India and China. There exist a number of technological, environmental and political challenges linked to supplementing existing electricity generation capacities with wind energy. Here, mathematicians and statisticians could make a substantial contribution at the interface of meteorology and decision-making, in connection with the generation of forecasts tailored to the various operational decision problems involved. Indeed, while wind energy may be seen as an environmentally friendly source of energy, full benefits from its usage can only be obtained if one is able to accommodate its variability and limited predictability. Based on a short presentation of its physical basics, the importance of considering wind power generation as a stochastic process is motivated. After describing representative operational decision-making problems for both market participants and system operators, it is underlined that forecasts should

be issued in a probabilistic framework. Even though, eventually, the forecaster may only communicate single-valued predictions. The existing approaches to wind power forecasting are subsequently described, with focus on single-valued predictions, predictive marginal densities and space—time trajectories. Upcoming challenges related to generating improved and new types of forecasts, as well as their verification and value to forecast users, are finally discussed.

2.2 References:

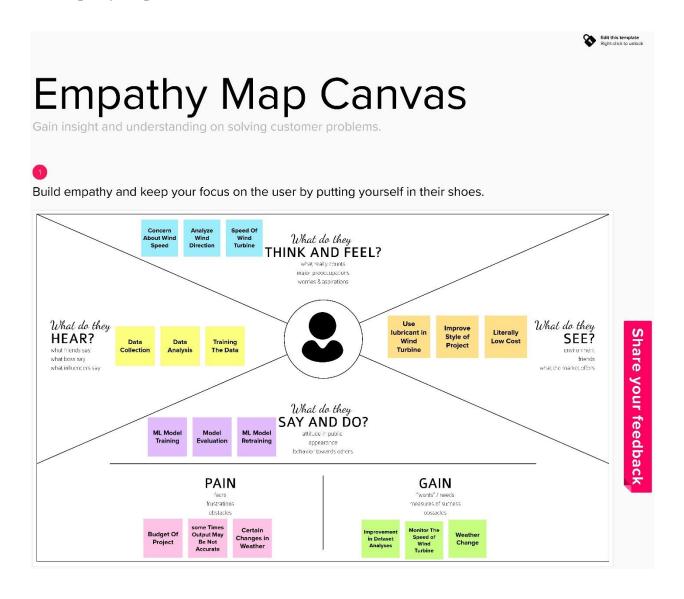
- [1] Evolved Analytics LLC. DataModeler 8.0. Evolved Analytics LLC, 2010.
- [2] A. M. Foleya, P. G. Leahya, A. Marvugliac, and E. J. McKeogha. Current methods and advances in forecasting of wind power generation. Renewable Energy, 37:1–8, 2012.
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- [9] R. Poli, W. B. Langdon, and N. F. McPhee. A Field Guide to Genetic Programming. lulu.com, 2008.
- [10] M. Schmidt and H. Lipson. Age-fitness pareto optimization. In Genetic Programming Theory and Practice VIII, Genetic and Evolutionary Computation, chapter 8, pages 129–146. Springer, 2010.

2.3 Problem Statement Definition:

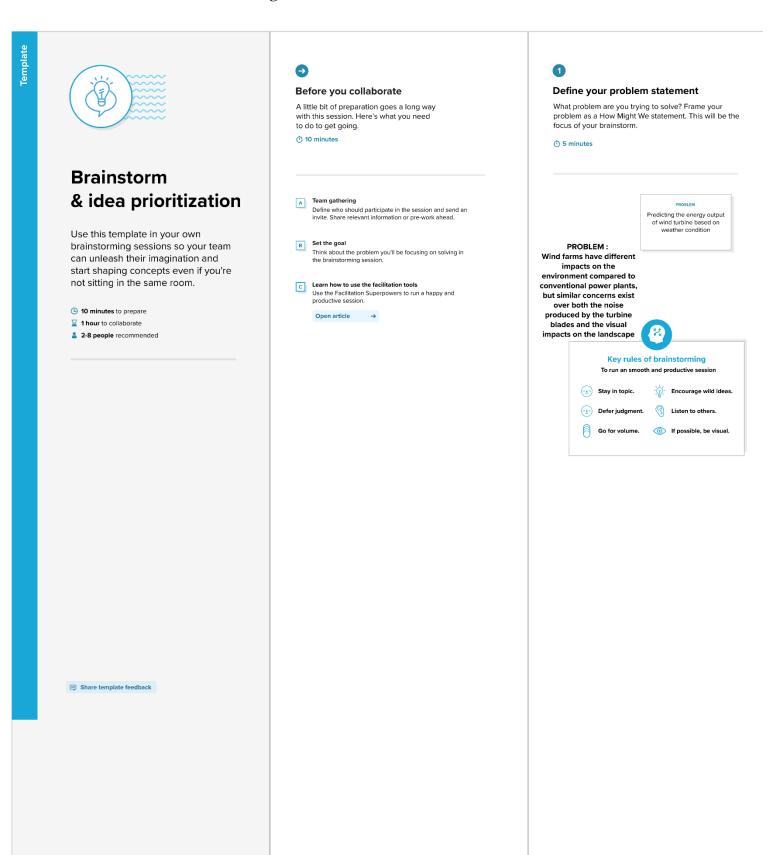
Our aim is to predict the wind energy based on previous year dataset of energy output of wind turbine(windmill). The energy output of a wind farm is highly dependent on the weather conditions present at its site. If the output can be predicted more accurately, energy suppliers can coordinate the collaborative production of different energy sources more efficiently to avoid costly overproduction.

3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION:

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



2.2 Ideation & Brainstorming





Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

10 minutes



		SUREKA V	
BALASHANK	AR M		
Use Tall and Small Towers in Shuffle	Research about Wind Turbines	Alterate Wind Speed of Box Fan	Based on Gear Ratio
Blade is Placed on Which Angle(Angle Based)	Use Of Torque Generator High/low	No of Blades Used	Material Type of Blades

POOVARASAN K

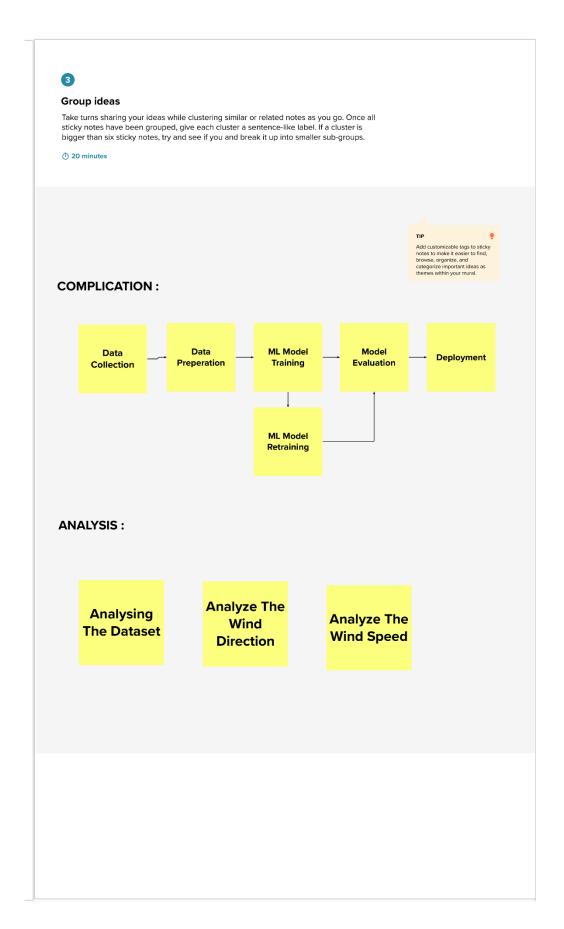
Predicting wind current in summer	Analysis on wind direction
Mapping of wind tower	Using larger rotor diameter

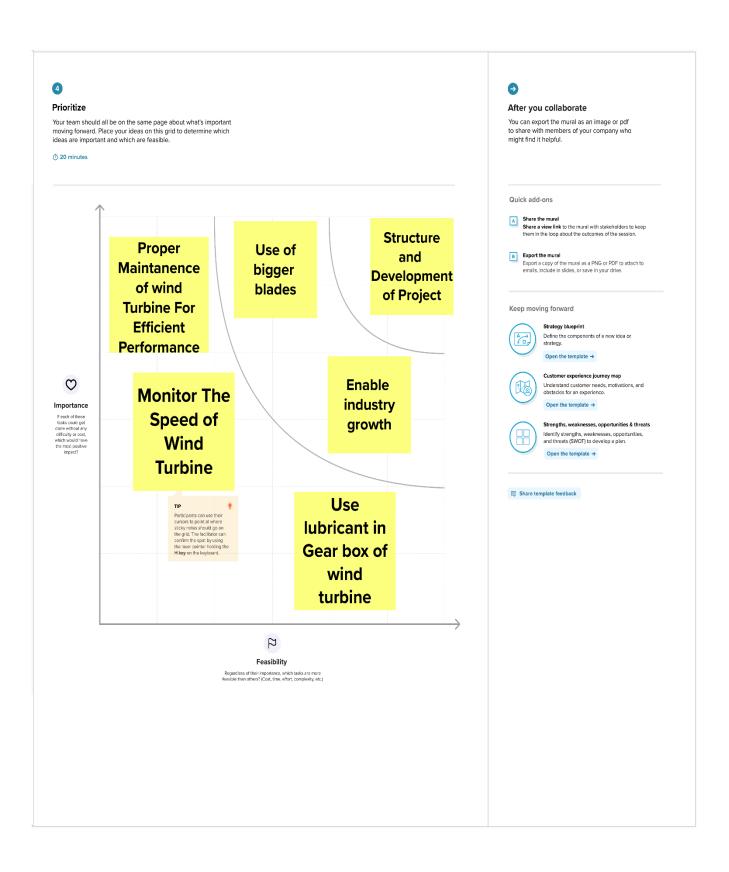
SAI RAKSHIT SB

Wind Turbine Size	installed cost
estimated	confidence in
annual power	the estimated
production	annual power

ELANGOVAN A

Research	Predict Energy Perfectly
Exploration	weather condition





3.3 Proposed Solution

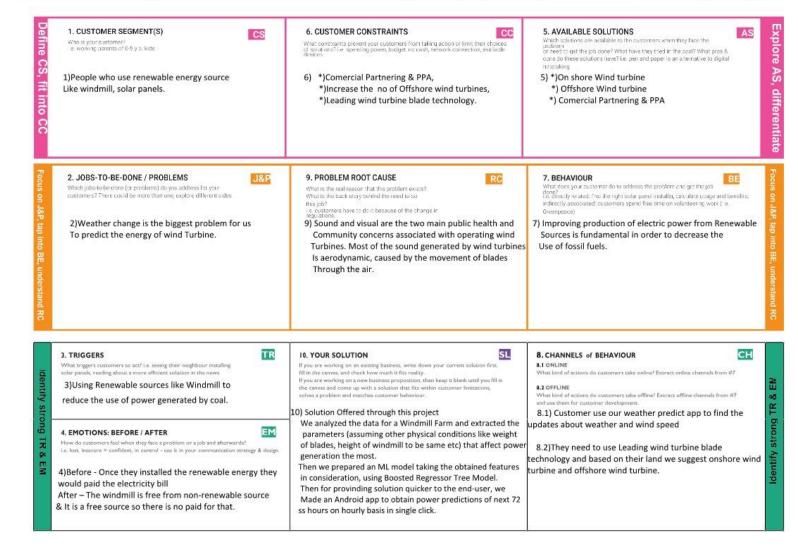
S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be	Our aim is to predict the wind energy based
	solved)	on previous year dataset of energy output of
		wind turbine(windmill). The energy output of
		a wind farm is highly dependent on the
		weather conditions present at its site. If the
		output can be predicted more accurately,
		energy suppliers can coordinate the
		collaborative production of different energy
		sources more efficiently to avoid costly
		overproduction.
2.	Idea / Solution description	We analyzed the data for a Windmill Farm
		and extracted the parameters (assuming other
		physical conditions like weight of blades,
		height of windmill to be same etc) that affect
		power generation the most.
		Then we prepared an ML model taking the
		obtained features in consideration, using
		Boosted Regressor Tree Model. Then for
		providing solution quicker to the end-user, we
		Made an Android app to obtain power
		predictions of next 72 ss hours on hourly basis
		in single click.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	We create an Android app to predict the
		weather for our users to know about the
		weather for next 72 hrs. By using this they
		will know and use the another alternate
		method for inability of wind turbine during
		Bad weather. Because use of wind turbine in

		bad weather is not possible to get power.
4.	Social Impact / Customer	Sound and visual are the two main public
	Satisfaction	health and Community concerns associated
		with operating wind turbines. Most of the
		sound generated by wind turbines Is
		aerodynamic, caused by the movement of
		blades through the air.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Wind energy has been the main resource of
		renewable energy in the China and European
		Union region for the last decade. We need to
		implement these models in the territories those
		who don't have max level of wind turbines
		and whom they don't have wind turbines.
		Making Available of wind turbines for those
		territories will reduce the use of non-
		renewable energy sources. Incase at a certain
		point there is no possible of having coal and
		crude oil we need to change ourself and adopt
		ourself to the renewable energy sources. So
		this can be the bigger business to the modern
		world.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Our Aim is to improve the wind turbines as
		large as possible.

3.4 Problem Solution fit:

Project Title: Predicting the energy output of wind turbine based on weather condition. Project Design Phase-I - Solution Fit Template

Team ID: PNT2022TMID45553



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional requirement

FR No.	Functional Requirement	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
	(Epic)	
FR-1	User Registration(For both app	Registration through by your email or
	and webpage)	mobilenumber.
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation will be sent to your registered mail id
		and msg via mobile number.
FR-3	Essentiality	City name
		Wind speed
		Wind direction
		Weather condition(temperature, humidity)
FR-4	Output	Predicated Energy will be show in KW/h

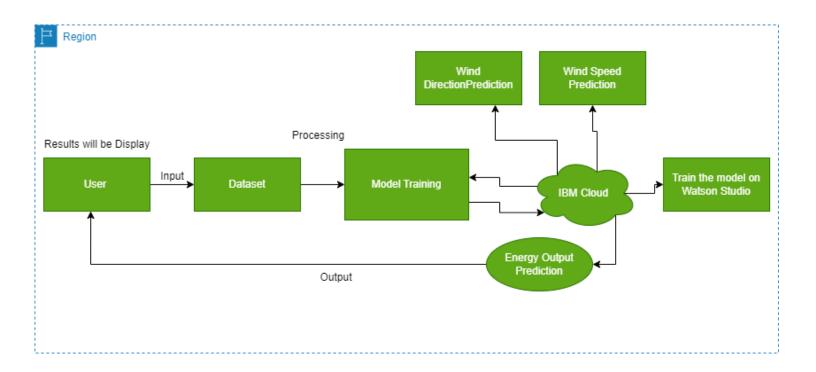
4.2 Non-functional Requirements:

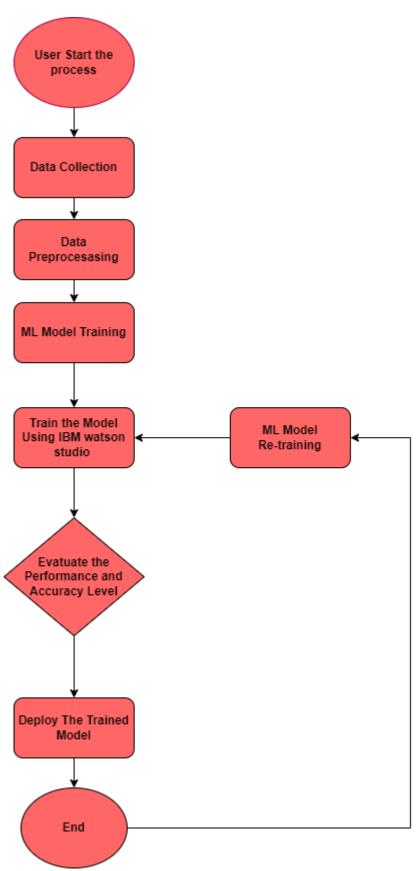
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Easy to use not need special knowledgeUser friendly
NFR-2	Security	Privacy – User need to create their account their self not to share details to others for secure their data.
NFR-3	Reliability	Wind Energy is reliable because of it's a Renewable Energy source.
NFR-4	Performance	We use more than one model to ML Model training so The Accuracy is so good.,

NFR-5	Availability	This is to be a web based application so
		anyone can access it through any device with
		better internet connection.
NFR-6	Scalability	This app can be used to provide useful
		information to the user. The users maybe
		whomever like Organizations, Students,
		Government.

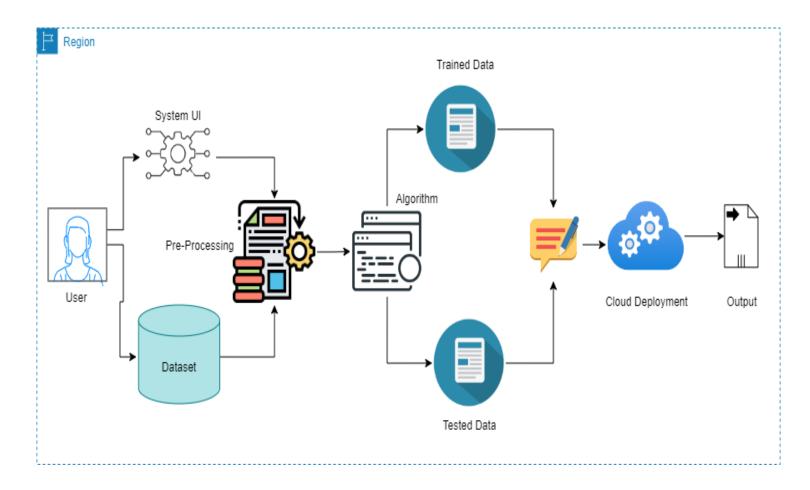
5. PROJECT DESIGN:

5.1 Data Flow Diagrams:





5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture:



5.3 User Stories:

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Mobile	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can Register the app for the first time with my mail id or phone number	I can access my account after registration by email or phone	High	Sprint-1

	USN-2	I will receive the confirmation mail	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
	USN-3	Once you receive the mail the registration is completed	The Acknowledgemen t will be sent to mail	Low	Sprint-1
	USN-4	Otherwise you can register the app through facebook also.	I can receive pop-up confirmation from facebook	Medium	Sprint-1
Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application byentering email & password	Once you log in with correct details it will show Login Successful	High	Sprint-1
Homepage		In the home page user can view the search bar for search the location	I can search the cities with the help of the search bar	Low	Sprint-1
	USN-7	As a user I can select the location by search	In this I can view	Low	

				the selected location		Sprint-2
	App Interfaces	USN-8	As a user I can see the weather conditions on it	In this I can see the weather conditions of selected city	Low	Sprint-2
			As a user I can also see the wind speed and humidity level to.	In this I can view the humidity and speed also	Medium	Sprint-3
Customer (Web user)	Login	USN-10	As a User I can register the same by the app users email and mobile number to.	I can register by mobile number and mail id on webpage	High	Sprint-3
Help line		USN-11	As a user I can contact the Helpline and ask the doubts about the use cases from any time.		High	Sprint-4
Feedback (from User)		USN-12	As a User I can provide the feedback by the app or webpage.	I can send my feedback to the developer on the webpage	High	Sprint-4

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING:

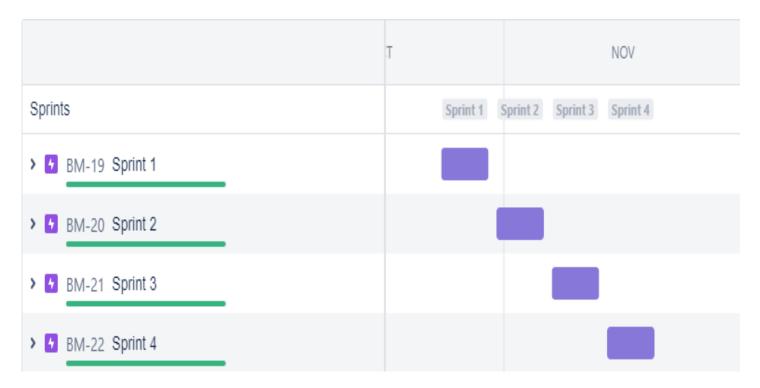
6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation:

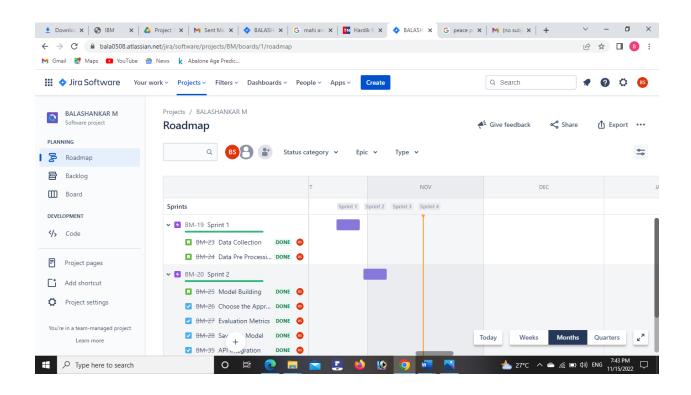
Sprint	Functional	User	User Story / Task	Story	Priority	Team Members
	Requirement	Story		Point		
	(Epic)	Number				
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for	2	High	BALASHANKAR M
			the application by entering			
			my email, password and			
			confirming my password.			
Sprint-1	Confirmation	USN-2	As a user, I will receive	1	High	SUREKA V
			confirmation email onceI			
			have registered for the			
			application			
Sprint-1	Information about	USN-3	Find wind dataset or	2	Low	BALASHANKAR M,
	wind energy		Create a New Dataset			SUREKA V
Sprint-2	Alternative	USN-4	As a user, I can register	2	Medium	BALASHANKAR M
	registration		for the application			
	method		through mobile number			
Sprint-2	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into	1	High	SUREKA V
			the application by			
			entering email &			
			password			
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	In the dashboard you can	1	Low	SAI RAKSHIT S B
			search the location with			
			longitude, latitude or by name			
Sprint-4	Check Weather	USN-7		1	Medium	POOVARASAN K
Sprint-4	Predicting Energy	USN-8	The pop-up will show the	2	High	ELANGOVAN A
	Wind Output		predicted energy output in			
			KW/h			

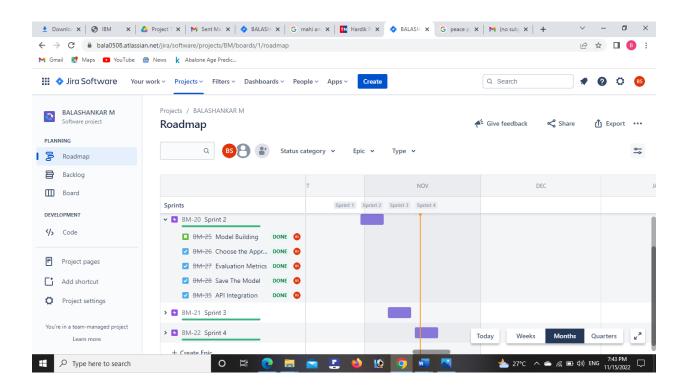
6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule:

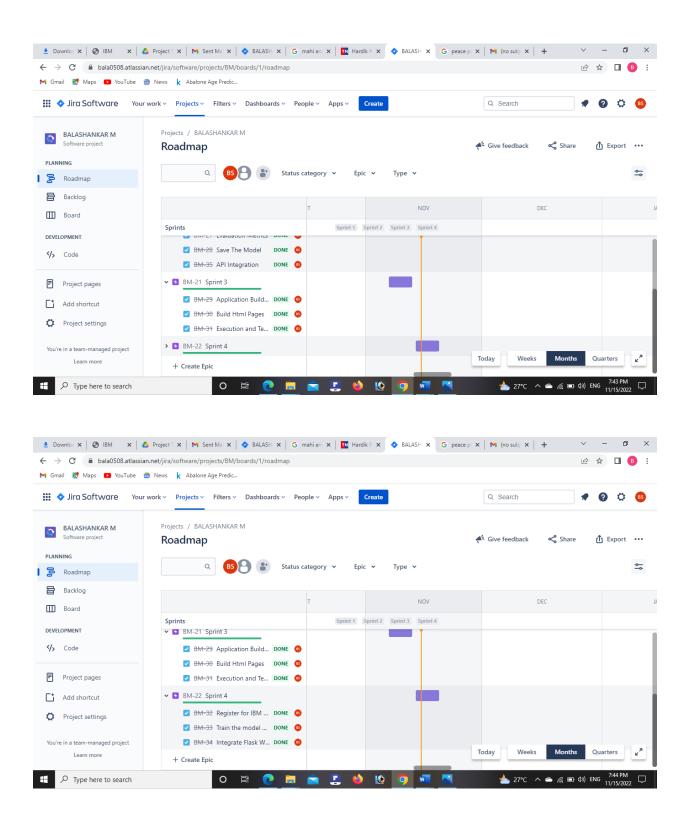
				Sprint End	Story Points	
	Total		Sprint	Date	Completed	Sprint
Sprint	Story	Duration	Start	(Planned)	(as on	Release
	Point		Date		Planned	Date
	S				End Date)	(Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
			2022			
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct	05 Nov 2022	20	04 Nov 2022
			2022			
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
			2022			
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022
			2022			

6.3 Reports from JIRA:









7. CODING & SOLUTIONING:

7.1 Features:

- We added the weather prediction to Web Application.
- We used the Random Forest Regression for model building. It provides more accurate values.
- There is a possible to add more cities to Web Application.
- The Web App consists of index and predict pages.
- Index contains the basic details of the project and the one button "CLICK HERE TO PREDICT WIND ENERGY".
- If you click on that it will be redirected to the page of prediction, It contains the weather predict options and wind energy prediction option.
- Finally the predicted output shown in the Unit KW/h.
- We made our cloud for the web application to interact with it. So anyone from everywhere can access our web app and predict the wind energy.
- The use of the app ais easier to access.

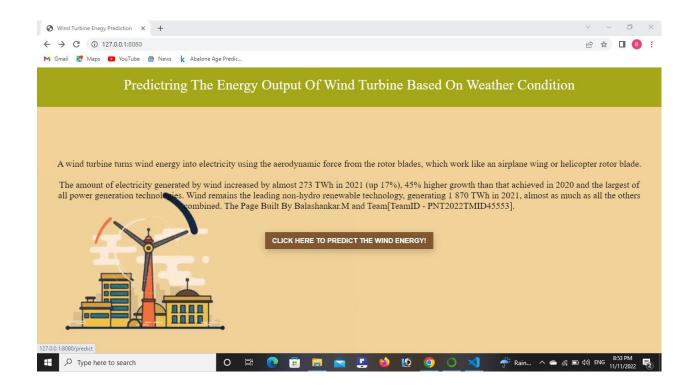
8. TESTING:

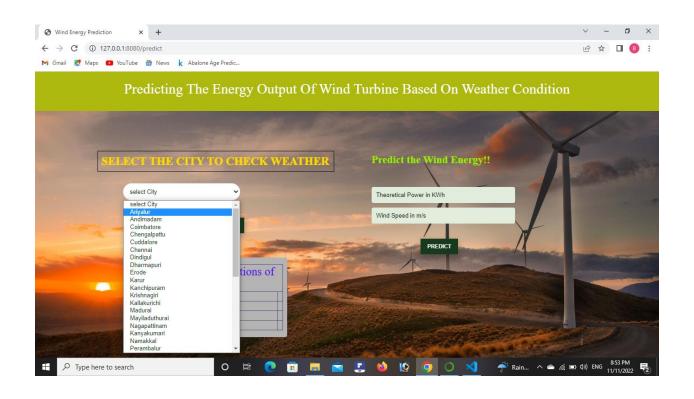
8.1 Test Cases:

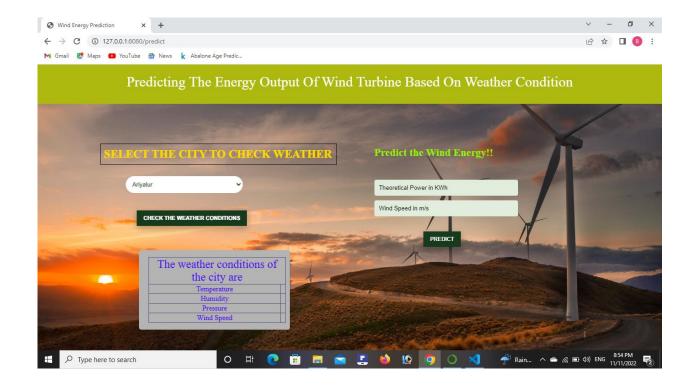
Test Scenarios

- 1. User use our web app and see the index page first
- 2. In index page user can use the button "CLICK HERE TO PREDICT 3.
- WIND ENERGY" and it redirects into the predict page
 User can see weather details by select the city and click "GET THE WEATHER DATA OF THE CITY"
- 4. Give the inputs of "Theoretical Power and Wind Speed" and click "PREDICT"
- 5. The results will show in the Unit Of KW/h

8.2 User Acceptance Testing









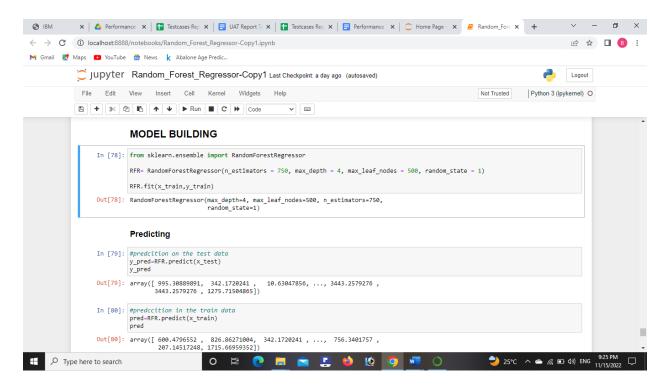


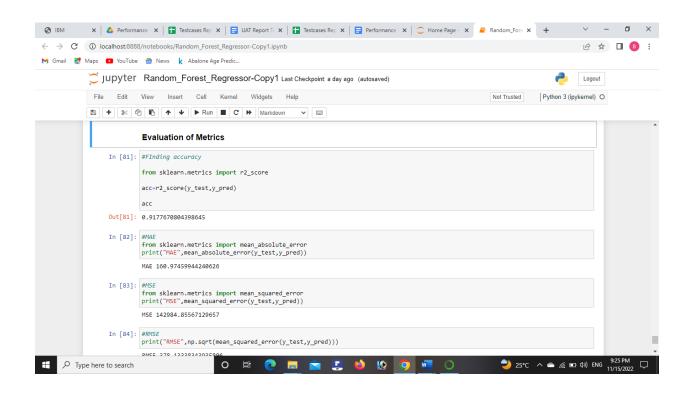


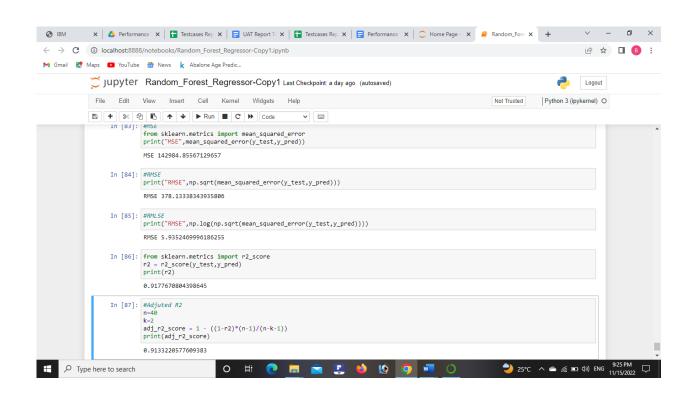
9. RESULTS:

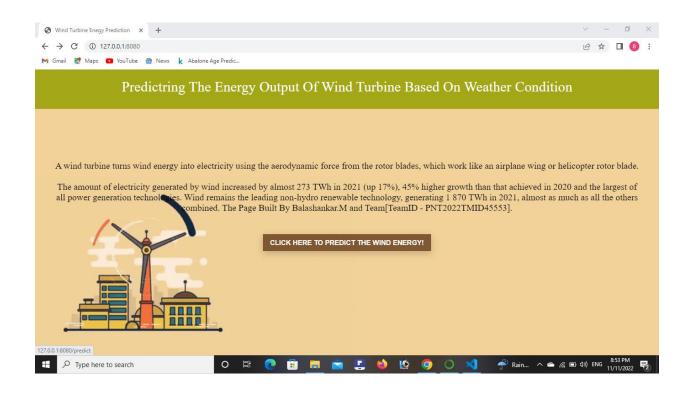
9.1 Performance Metrics:

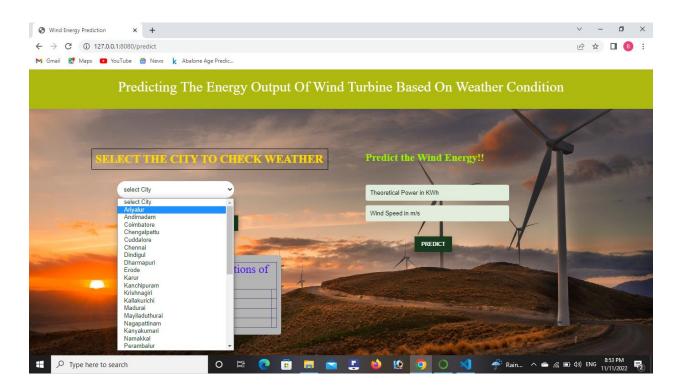
We evaluated the Performance using the Metrics. Accuracy score, RME, RMSE. RMLSE, R2, Adjusted R2.



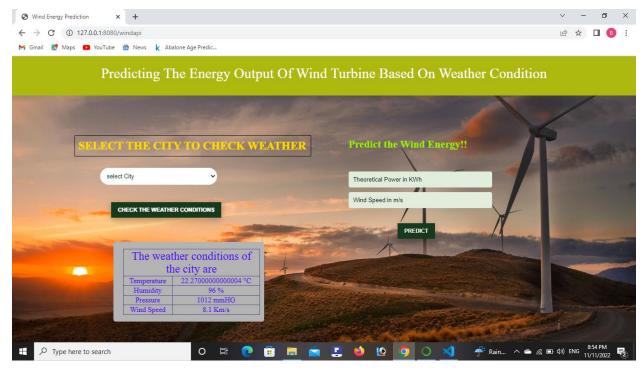


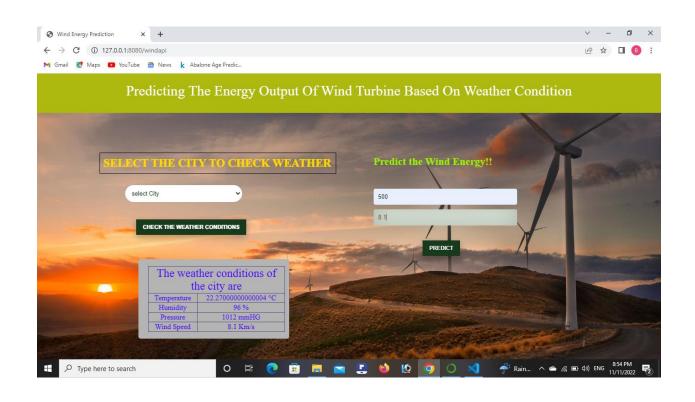


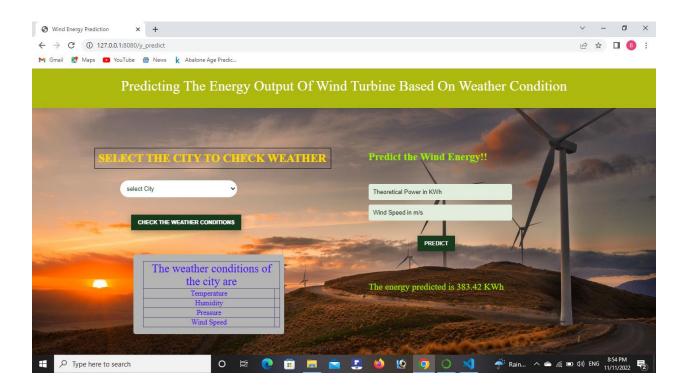












10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES:

ADVANTAGES:

- ₩ Wind energy is free and with modern technology it can be captured efficiently.
- ♣ Once the wind turbine is built the energy it produces does not cause green house gases or other pollutants.
- ♣ Although wind turbines can be very tall each takes up only a small plot of land. This means that the land below can still be used. This is especially the case in agricultural areas as farming can still continue.
- ♣ Many people find wind farms an interesting feature of the landscape.
- ♣ Remote areas that are not connected to the power grid can use wind turbines to produce their own electricity.
- Wind turbines have a role to play in both the developed and third world.
- ♣ Wind turbines are available in a range of sizes which means a vast range of people and businesses can use them. From single households to small towns and villages can make good use of a range of wind turbines available today.

DISADVANTAGES:

- ♣ The strength of the wind is not constant and it varies from zero to gale force. This means that wind turbines do not produce the same amount of electricity all the time. There will be times when they produce no electricity at all.
- ♣ Many people feel that the countryside should be left untouched, without these large structures being built. The landscape should left in its natural form for everyone to enjoy.
- ♣ Wind turbines are noisy. Each one can generate the same level of noise as a family car travelling at 70 mph.
- ♣ Many people see large wind turbines as unsightly structures and not pleasant or interesting to look at. They disfigure the countryside and are generally ugly.

11. CONCLUSION:

The new invention, innovation, creation are to be favor for the nature not only favor the people. Because we need to maintain the nature as good as possible for the next generation. The wind turbines are the one of the best renewable energy sources. It's mainly fuel free. People need to update adopt theirself for the modern science and Technology. To avoid the use of Non-Renewable energy sources we use these kind of energy sources like solar, water energy, Wind turbine. To make a Better World We need to update ourself to latest technology and is not be affect the nature we use the nature we don't affect them.

12. FUTURE SCOPE:

By Offshore Wind Turbines:

This is a very effective method of generation of wind energy. Offshore wind turbines are constructed near the water-bodies. Energy which is generated by offshore wind is more as compared to on land. Almost 1,662 turbines are situated at 55 offshore locations across 10 European countries for generating electricity and that energy is enough for almost 500000 households [7]. Generation of wind energy by offshore wind turbines are not much used in India because of the Indian economy. Indian economy is not very strong to setup an offshore wind turbines industry but, due to scope of this type of generation of energy some companies came forward to set up the offshore wind turbines. In India, Gujarat is the first place which is planning to set up the offshore wind power project which is initiated by Suzlon Energy limited, it is world's fifth largest wind turbine supplier.

Highway Windmill:

Vehicles moving in a highway suffer a lot to drive the vehicle during night time due to lighting problem. It is not possible task to lay electric cables underground and provide lighting

throughout the length of the roads. In this paper, the drawback can be overcome by make use of VAWT (Vertical Axis Wind Turbine) [9]. The VAWT is coupled with disc type alternator placed on the highway road dividers. As the wind is forced by passing vehicles from both sides, the wind speed on the center place of highway roads will be more than at the pedestrian walking lane. This wind is forced to the VAWT from two directions heavily but this VAWT makes use of both the wind directions and rotates in one direction only. If the speed of the turbine increases results in increasing the speed of the alternator and the corresponding increased power is obtained at the output terminal. This power can be stored in battery bank which is placed under the windmill and utilized at night time for lighting purpose on the highway.

APPENDIX:

Application Building:

Flask App:

```
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import joblib
import requests

app = Flask(__name__)

model = joblib.load('Power_Prediction.sav')

@app.route('/')
def home():
    return render_template('intro.html')
```

```
@app.route('/predict')
def predict():
  return render_template('predict.html')
@app.route('/windapi',methods=['POST'])
def windapi():
  city=request.form.get('city')
  apikey="a802b0f626c637d04185e582b5ad0d58"
  url="http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q="+city+"&appid="+apikey
  resp = requests.get(url)
  resp=resp.json()
  temp = str((resp["main"]["temp"])-273.15) +" °C"
  humid = str(resp["main"]["humidity"])+" %"
  pressure = str(resp["main"]["pressure"])+" mmHG"
  speed = str((resp["wind"]["speed"])*3.6)+" Km/s"
                 render_template('predict.html',
                                                                              humid=humid,
  return
                                                         temp=temp,
pressure=pressure,speed=speed)
@app.route('/y_predict',methods=['POST'])
def y_predict():
```

```
For rendering results on HTML GUI
  x_test = [[float(x) for x in request.form.values()]]
  prediction = model.predict(x_test)
  print(prediction)
  output = prediction[0]
  return render_template('predict.html', prediction_text='The energy predicted is {:.2f}
KWh'.format(output))
if __name__ == "__main__":
  app.run(debug=False)
Flask App_1:
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import joblib
import requests
app = Flask(__name__)
model = joblib.load('Power_Prediction.sav')
```

```
@app.route('/')
def home():
  return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict')
def predict():
  return render_template('predict.html')
@app.route('/windapi',methods=['POST'])
def windapi():
  city=request.form.get('city')
  apikey="a802b0f626c637d04185e582b5ad0d58"
  url="http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q="+city+"&appid="+apikey
  resp = requests.get(url)
  resp=resp.json()
  temp = str((resp["main"]["temp"])-273.15) + " °C"
  humid = str(resp["main"]["humidity"])+" %"
  pressure = str(resp["main"]["pressure"]) + "mmHG"
  speed = str((resp["wind"]["speed"])*3.6)+" Km/s"
  return
                  render_template('predict.html',
                                                         temp=temp,
                                                                               humid=humid,
pressure=pressure,speed=speed)
```

```
@app.route('/y_predict',methods=['POST'])
def y_predict():
  ***
  For rendering results on HTML GUI
  ***
  x_test = [[float(x) for x in request.form.values()]]
  prediction = model.predict(x_test)
  print(prediction)
  output = prediction[0]
  return render_template('predict.html', prediction_text='The energy predicted is {:.2f}
KWh'.format(output))
if __name__ == "__main__":
  app.run(debug=False)
Index Page:
</html>
</head>
<title>Wind Turbine Enegy Prediction</title>
<style>
 body {
```

background-image:

url(https://media3.giphy.com/media/L2ngJFciKq7WCVsCJ1/giphy.gif?cid=790b7611fe5a51515db6a9f7609b0c3752fba5a069638cc4&rid=giphy.gif&ct=gges/m123.gif);

```
top: 10%;
     width: 40px;
     height: 20px;
     background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-color: #f2d299;
background-position: left bottom;
     background-attachment: fixed;
     background-size: 700px;
}
   .header{
     top: 0px;
     margin: 0px;
     left: 0px;
     right: 0px;
     position: fixed;
     background: #a4a717;
     color: rgb(255, 255, 255);
     overflow: hidden;
```

```
padding-bottom: 30px;
 font-family: 'Times New Roman', Times, serif;
 font-size: 2.30vw;
 width: 100%;
 padding-left: 0px;
 text-align: center;
 padding-top: 20px;
}
.second\{
 top: 90px;
 bottom: 0px;
 margin: 0px;
 left: 0px;
 right: 0px;
 position: fixed;
 padding: 0px;
 width: 100%;
}
. inside \{\\
 top: 90px;
 bottom: 0px;
 margin: 0px;
```

```
left: 0px;
 right: 0px;
  position: fixed;
 padding-left: 40px;
 padding-top: 8%;
 padding-right: 40px;
 overflow: hidden;
 opacity: 100%;
 font-family: 'Times New Roman', Times, serif;
 color: black;
 font-size: 20px;
 text-align: center;
}
.myButton{
 border: none;
 text-align: center;
 font-weight: bolder;
 cursor: pointer;
  text-transform: uppercase;
  outline: none;
 overflow: hidden;
 color: #ffffff;
 font-weight: 700;
```

```
font-size: 15px;

background-color: #6d4321da;

padding: 10px 15px;

margin: auto;

box-shadow: 0 5px 15px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.20);

}

</style>

</head>

</body>
```

<div class="header">Predictring The Energy Output Of Wind Turbine Based On Weather
Condition</div>

```
<div class="second">
```

<div class="inside">A wind turbine turns wind energy into electricity using the aerodynamic force from the rotor blades, which work like an airplane wing or helicopter rotor blade.
br>

The amount of electricity generated by wind increased by almost 273 TWh in 2021 (up 17%), 45% higher growth than that achieved in 2020 and the largest of all power generation technologies. Wind remains the leading non-hydro renewable technology, generating 1 870 TWh in 2021, almost as much as all the others combined.

```
The Page Built By Balashankar.M and Team[TeamID - PNT2022TMID45553].

<a href="for('predict')}"><button type="button" class="myButton">Click Here To Predict The Wind Energy!</button></a>
```

</div>

```
</div>
</body>
</html>
Predict Page:
</html>
    <head>
       <title>Wind Energy Prediction</title>
       <style>
         #page {
           max-width: 80%;
           margin: auto;
         }
         body{
           background-image: url(https://images2.alphacoders.com/753/753985.jpg);
           width: 100%;
           height: 100%;
           background-repeat: no-repeat;
           background-attachment: fixed;
           background-size: cover;
           overflow: hidden;
```

```
}
table{
  width: 100%;
  border-collapse: collapse;
}
.card{
  margin-right: auto;
  margin-left: 15%;
  width: 300px;
  box-shadow: 0 15px 25px rgba(129,124,124,0);
  border-radius: 5px;
  backdrop-filter: blur(14px);
  background-color: rgb(180, 180, 180);
  padding: 15px;
  text-align: center;
}
.head{
  top: 0px;
  margin: 0px;
  left: 0px;
  right: 0px;
```

```
position: fixed;
  background: #aeb90f;
  color: white;
  overflow: hidden;
  padding-bottom: 30px;
  font-size: 2.3vw;
  width: 100%;
  padding-left: 0px;
  text-align: center;
  padding-top: 20px;
.second{
  top: 80px;
  bottom: 0px;
  margin: 0px;
  left: 0px;
  right: 0px;
  position: fixed;
  padding: 0px;
  width: 100%;
  font-family: 'Times New Roman', Times, serif;
  color: black;
```

}

```
font-size: 20px;
}
.inside{
  top: 180px;
  bottom: 0px;
  margin: 0px;
  left: 51%;
  right: 0px;
  position: fixed;
  padding-left: 40px;
  font-family: 'Times New Roman', Times, serif;
  color: #96f400;
  font-size: 20px;
  font-weight: 100;
  text-align: justify;
}
.mybutton{
  border: none;
  text-align: center;
  cursor: pointer;
  text-transform: uppercase;
  outline: none;
```

```
overflow: hidden;
  color: #fff;
  font-weight: 700;
  font-size: 12px;
  background-color: #183a1d;
  padding: 10px 15px;
  margin: 0 auto;
  box-shadow: 0 5px 15px rgba(0,0,0,0.3);
  margin-left: 17%;
input{
  width: 50%;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
  background: #e1eedd;
  border: none;
  outline: none;
  padding: 10px;
  font-size: 13px;
  color: #6c493a;
  text-shadow: white;
  border-radius: 4px;
  box-shadow: white;
```

}

```
}
::placeholder{
  color: black;
  opacity: 1;
}
.left{
  top: 80px;
  bottom: 0px;
  margin: 0px;
  left: 0px;
  right: 45.5%;
  position: fixed;
  padding-left: 10%;
  padding-top: 5%;
  padding-right: 40px;
  font-weight: 700;
  -webkit-text-stroke-width: 0.2px;
  font-family: 'Times New Roman', Times, serif;
  color: rgb(255, 217, 0);
  font-size: 25px;
}
```

```
select{
            width: 50%;
           margin-bottom: 10px;
           background: white;
            border: none;
            outline: none;
           padding: 10px;
            font-size: 13px;
           color: #183a1d;
           text-shadow: white;
            border: #6c493a;
           border-radius: 40px;
           box-shadow: white;
         }
         input:focus {box-shadow: inset 0 -5px 45px rgba(100, 100, 100, 0.4), 0 1px 1px
rgba(255,255,255,0.2);}
         table, th, td {
           border: 1px solid rgb(86, 72, 128);
           border-collapse: collapse;
           color: #3f00ff;
         }
```

```
@media screen and (max-width:500px){
           .left
           .second
           .third{
             width: 70%;
           }
         }
      </style>
    </head>
    <body>
       <header id="head">
         <div class="head">Predicting The Energy Output Of Wind Turbine Based On Weather
Condition</div>
         </header>
         <div class="second">
         <div class="left">
```

SELECT
THE CITY TO CHECK WEATHER

```
<div style="margin-left:10%">
<form action="{{ url_for('windapi')}}"method="post" >
    <select name="city" required >
       <option value="" selected>select City</option>
       <option value ="Ariyalur" >
                                         Ariyalur
                                                        </option>
       <option value ="Andimadam"</pre>
                                                 Andimadam
                                                                </option>
       <option value ="Coimbatore"</pre>
                                                 Coimbatore
                                                                </option>
       <option value ="Chengalpattu"</pre>
                                                 Chengalpattu </option>
                                         >
       <option value ="Cuddalore"</pre>
                                                                </option>
                                                 Cuddalore
       <option value ="Chennai" >
                                         Chennai
                                                        </option>
       <option value ="Dindigul" >
                                         Dindigul
                                                        </option>
       <option value ="Dharmapuri"</pre>
                                                 Dharmapuri
                                                                </option>
       <option value ="Erode"</pre>
                                         Erode </option>
       <option value ="Karur"</pre>
                                         Karur </option>
       <option value ="Kanchipuram"</pre>
                                                 Kanchipuram </option>
       <option value ="Krishnagiri"</pre>
                                                 Krishnagiri
                                                                </option>
       <option value ="Kallakurichi"</pre>
                                                 Kallakurichi
                                                               </option>
                                         >
       <option value ="Madurai" >
                                         Madurai
                                                        </option>
       <option value ="Mayiladuthurai" >
                                                 Mayiladuthurai
                                                                       </option>
```

```
<option value ="Nagapattinam"</pre>
                                                     Nagapattinam </option>
                                             >
          <option value ="Kanyakumari"</pre>
                                                     Kanyakumari </option>
         <option value ="Namakkal"</pre>
                                                     Namakkal
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Perambalur"</pre>
                                                     Perambalur
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Pudukottai"</pre>
                                                     Pudukottai
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Ramanathapuram"</pre>
                                                            Ramanathapuram
                                                     >
</option>
         <option value ="Ranipet" >
                                             Ranipet
                                                            </option>
         <option value ="Salem"</pre>
                                             Salem </option>
         <option value ="Sivaganga"</pre>
                                                     Sivaganga
                                                                    </option>
         <option value ="Tenkasi" >
                                             Tenkasi
                                                            </option>
         <option value ="Thanjavur"</pre>
                                                     Thanjavur
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
                                             Theni </option>
         <option value ="Theni"</pre>
         <option value ="Thiruvallur"</pre>
                                                     Thiruvallur
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Thiruvarur"</pre>
                                                     Thiruvarur
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Thoothukudi"</pre>
                                                     Thoothukudi </option>
                                             >
                                                     Tiruchirappalli</option>
         <option value ="Tiruchirappalli"</pre>
         <option value ="Tirunelveli"</pre>
                                             >
                                                     Tirunelveli
                                                                    </option>
         <option value ="Tirupathur"</pre>
                                                     Tirupathur
                                                                    </option>
                                             >
         <option value ="Tiruppur" >
                                                            </option>
                                             Tiruppur
         <option value ="Tiruvannamalai" >
                                                     Tiruvannamalai
                                                                           </option>
         <option value ="Nilgiris" >
                                                            </option>
                                             Nilgiris
         <option value ="Vellore" >
                                             Vellore</option>
```

```
<option value ="Viluppuram"</pre>
                                     Viluppuram </option>
                                 >
           <option value ="Virudhunagar"</pre>
                                      Virudhunagar </option>
         </select><br><br>
              style="margin-left:-15%"><button type="submit"
         <div
                                                 class="myButton"
>Check the Weather Conditions</button></div>
        </form>
        </div>
        <br>
        <div class="card">
       The weather conditions of the city
are
         Temperature   {temp}} 
         Humidity{ humid} }
```

```
Pressure{ {pressure}}
           Wind Speed{{speed}}}
           </div>
        </div>
          <div class="inside">
         <div style="font-size:23px;font-weight:bold;">Predict the Wind Energy!!</div>
          <br>><br>>
         <form action="{{ url_for('y_predict')}}"method="post">
           <input type="text" name="theo" placeholder="Theoretical Power in KWh"
required="required" />
           <input type="text"
                              name="wind"
                                            placeholder="Wind
                                                              Speed in
                                                                        m/s"
required="required" /><br><br>
           <button type="submit" class="myButton" >Predict</button>
          </form>
         <br>>
```

```
<br>
          {{ prediction_text }}
         </div>
         </div>
      </body>
    </html>
Flask App Integration With Scoring End Point:
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import joblib
import requests
# IBM Cloud account Credentials.
API_KEY = "S0ahhsqevpUY0Eu1YKv5Kyl38OMCy3haa5WCXw0am_wL"
token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token', data={"apikey":
API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'})
```

mltoken = token_response.json()["access_token"]

```
header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}
app = Flask(__name__)
# model = joblib.load('Power_Prediction.sav')
@app.route('/')
def home():
  return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict')
def predict():
  return render_template('predict.html')
@app.route('/windapi',methods=['POST'])
def windapi():
  city=request.form.get('city')
  apikey="a802b0f626c637d04185e582b5ad0d58"
  url="http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q="+city+"&appid="+apikey
  resp = requests.get(url)
  resp=resp.json()
  temp = str((resp["main"]["temp"])-273.15) +" °C"
  humid = str(resp["main"]["humidity"])+" %"
  pressure = str(resp["main"]["pressure"])+" mmHG"
  speed = str((resp["wind"]["speed"])*3.6)+" Km/s"
                  render_template('predict.html',
                                                                               humid=humid,
  return
                                                          temp=temp,
pressure=pressure,speed=speed)
@app.route('/y_predict',methods=['POST'])
```

```
def y_predict():
  For rendering results on HTML GUI
  x_{test} = [[float(x) for x in request.form.values()]]
  print(x_test)
  payload_scoring = {"input_data":
                      [{"field": [["Theoretical_Power", "Wind_Speed"]],
                      "values": x test}]}
  response_scoring
                                                                         requests.post('https://us-
south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/1a772765-e95e-4920-a46b-
25ede8ef1b44/predictions?version=2022-11-06',
                                                                          json=payload_scoring,
headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken})
  print("Scoring response")
  predictions =response_scoring.json()
  print(predictions)
  print('Final Prediction Result',predictions['predictions'][0]['values'][0][0])
  pred =response_scoring.json()
  print(pred)
  #print('Final Prediction Result', predictions['predictions'][0]['values'][0][0])
```

```
# prediction = model.predict(x_test)
print(pred)
output = pred['predictions'][0]['values'][0][0]
return render_template('predict.html', prediction_text='The energy predicted is {:.2f}
KWh'.format(output))

if __name__ == "__main__":
app.run(debug=False, port=8080)
```

GitHub Link:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-54199-1661768780