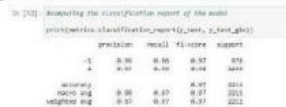



## Project Development Phase Model Performance Test

Date	10 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID06282
Project Name	Web Phishing Detection
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

### Model Performance Testing:

Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template.

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Metrics	<b>Classification Model:</b> <b>Gradient Boosting Classification</b> Accuracy Score- 97.4%	
2.	Tune the Model	Hyperparameter Tuning - 97% Validation Method – KFOLD & Cross Validation Method	

### 1. METRICS:

#### CLASSIFICATION REPORT:

```
In [52]: #computing the classification report of the model
print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_test_gbc))
```

```

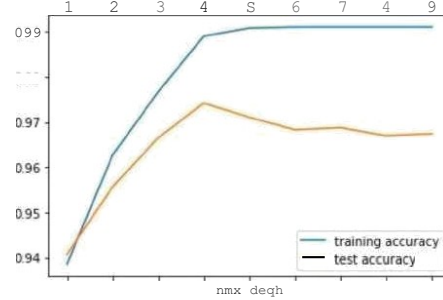
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     -1         0.99      0.96      0.97         976
         1         0.97      0.99      0.98        1235

 accuracy                   0.97         2211
 macro avg              0.98      0.97      0.97         2211
 weighted avg           0.97      0.97      0.97         2211

```

# PERFORMANCE :



	ML Model	Accuracy	f1_score	Recall	Precision
0	Gradient Boosting C tassifier	0.974	0.977	0.994	0.986
1	CatBoost Classif er	0.972	0.975	0.994	0.989
2	Random Farest	0.969	0.972	0.992	0.991
3	Support Vector Machine	0.964	0.968	0.980	0.96S
4	Dec's on Tree	0.938	0.962	0.991	0.993
5	K-NeanxtNéghboc	0.956	0.9d1	0.991	0.989
6	Log st c Regression	0.934	0.941	0.943	0.927
	Naive Bayes Classified	0.605	0.454	0.292	0.997
8	XGBoost C tassifier	0.548	0.348	0.993	0.984
9	Multi-layer Perceptron	0. V3	0T43	0.989	0.983

## 2. TUNE THE MODEL - HYPERPARAMETER TUNING

```
grid.fit(X_train, y_train)

.....
GridSearchCV
GridSearchCV(cv=5,
             estimator=GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7,
                                                    max_depth=4),
             param_grid={'max_features': array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]),
                         'n_estimators': array([ 10,  20,  30,  40,  50,  60,  70,  80,  90, 100, 110, 120, 130,
140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200])})
.....
estimator: GradientBoostingClassifier
GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7, max_depth=4)

GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7, max_depth=4)
.....

In [59]: print("The best parameters are %s with a score of %0.2f"
              | (jru.hst , yr\J.kst s'oe ))
The best parameters are ('max_features': 5, 'n_estimators': 280) with a score of 0.97
```

## VALIDATION METHODS: XFOLD & Cross Folding

### Nlcoxon signed-rank test

In [78] *#KFOLD and Cross Validation Model*

```
Tram scapy .stats irqso-“t >vilcoxsn
4 in sklearn . datasets Spot t load ie is
T mm s klearn .ensem ble rpo>-l GradientBoost 1ngC 1a s s iller
f row xgboost 1iopor-l XG8C1ass1f1er
T i am sklearn .mode 1 seT ec11 pn mpo r 4 c ross va} score, KFold

X = load_iris().data
y = load_iris().target

# Prepare models and select your CV method
model1 = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100)
model2 = JGBClassifier(n_estimators=100)
kf = KFold(n_splits=5, random_state=None)
# Extract results for each model on the same folds
results_model1 = cross_val_score(model1, X, y, cv=kf)
results_model2 = cross_val_score(model2, X, y, cv=kf)
stat, p = wilcoxon(results_model1, results_model2, zero_method='zsplit')
```

Out[78] 95.B

### 5x2CV combined F test

In [89]: from mlxtend.evaluate import cox\_f\_test\_5x2cv
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, ExtraTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
I am mlxtend . data load iris data

```
X, y = iris.data
c1 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
c2 = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Calculate p-value
I, p = cox_f_test_5x2cv(estimator1=c1,
                        estimator2=c2,
                        X=X, y=y,
                        random_state=1)
```

```
print('f-value:', f)
print('p-value:', p)
```

```
I-f-value: 1.727272727272733
p-value: 0.2840239734231782
```