

Sprint-1

SMART WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR METROPOLITAN CITIES

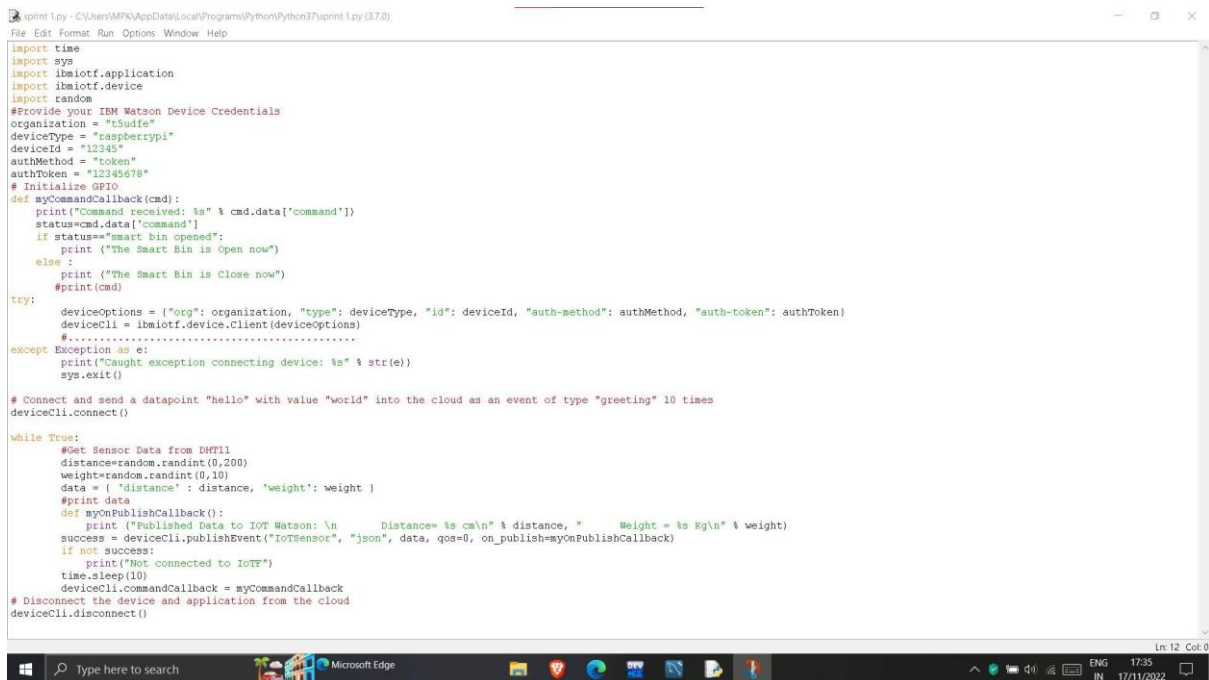
PYTHON CODE:

```
import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "t5udfe"
deviceType = "raspberrypi"
deviceId = "12345"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "12345678"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="smart bin opened":
        print ("The Smart Bin is Open now")
    else :
        print ("The Smart Bin is Close now")
    #print(cmd)
try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id":
deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
    sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the
cloud as an
event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
```

```

while True:
#Get Sensor Data from DHT11
distance=random.randint(0,200)
weight=random.randint(0,10)
data = { 'distance' : distance, 'weight': weight }
#print data
def myOnPublishCallback():
print ('Published Data to IOT Watson: \n Distance= %s cm\n' %
distance, " Weight = %s Kg\n" % weight)
success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
if not success:
print("Not connected to IoTF")
time.sleep(10)
deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()

```



The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. A text editor window titled 'xprint 1.py - C:\Users\MPK\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\python37\python.exe' is open, displaying a Python script. The script includes imports for time, sys, random, and ibmiotf. It defines a myCommandCallback function and a myOnPublishCallback function. The main logic is enclosed in a while True loop that generates random sensor data (distance and weight), prints it, and publishes it to the IoT cloud using deviceCli.publishEvent. It also includes a disconnect function call. The taskbar at the bottom shows the Windows Start button, a search bar, and several application icons including Microsoft Edge, File Explorer, and the Python interpreter. The system tray on the right shows the date and time as 17/11/2022 at 17:35.

```

xprint 1.py - C:\Users\MPK\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\python.exe
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import time
import sys
import random
import ibmiotf
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
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deviceType = "raspberrypi"
deviceId = "12345"
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# Initialize GPIO
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        print ("The Smart Bin is Close now")
    #print(cmd)
tty:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
    sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
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    data = { 'distance' : distance, 'weight': weight }
    #print data
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        print ('Published Data to IOT Watson: \n Distance= %s cm\n' % distance, " Weight = %s Kg\n" % weight)
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# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
Ln 12 Col 0

```

```
Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.0 (tags/v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2019, 04:59:51) [MSC v.1914 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
== RESTART: C:\Users\MPK\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\aspnet 1.py ==
2022-11-17 17:41:19.440 ihmiotf.device.Client INFO Connected successfully: d:tSudfe:raspberrypi:12345
Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 48 cm
Weight = 8 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 168 cm
Weight = 2 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 198 cm
Weight = 10 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 113 cm
Weight = 5 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 143 cm
Weight = 3 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 165 cm
Weight = 9 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 159 cm
Weight = 10 Kg

Published Data to IOT Watson:
Distance= 135 cm
Weight = 3 Kg
```

Here we are generating random values for both the parameters weight and distance with the help of the random function in python. The weight parameter denotes the weight of smartbin and the distance parameter denotes the amount of garbage present in the smartbin which has a maximum length of 200 cm.

IBM Watson IoT Platform

Browse Devices

All Devices Diagnose

This table shows a summary of all devices that have been added. It can be filtered, organized, and searched on using different criteria. To get started, you can add devices by using the Add Device button, or by using API.

Search by Device ID

Device Simulator ☒

Device ID	Status	Device Type	Class ID	Date Added	Descriptive Location
12345	Connected	raspberrypi	Device	12 Nov 2022 19:26	

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1 Simulation running

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Recent Events

The recent events listed show the live stream of data that is coming and going from this device.

Event	Value	Format	Last Received
IoTSensor	{"distance":153,"weight":1}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"distance":29,"weight":2}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"distance":173,"weight":1}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"distance":10,"weight":9}	json	a few seconds ago
IoTSensor	{"distance":131,"weight":7}	json	a few seconds ago

Items per page 50 | 1-1 of 1 item

1 of 1 page

0 Simulations running

A new device is created and the random values from the python code is connected to the IoT sensors. These random values are considered to be sensor values