ASSIGNMENT 4

Assignment Date	19 September 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

- HISTORICALLY, Individual parts have been a cause of disunity & resulted in countries being exploited by foreign nations. The decline of Mughals resulted in Individual kings fighting each other which led to the British Empire. The spirit of the 'whole' led to Independence.
- On the LEGAL front post-Independence, the constituent Assembly put together 395 Articles & 8 Schedules. Then began the clash of the parts -Fundamental Rights v/s Directive Principles. Finally, the Keshavanand Bharti case focused on the 'whole' and gave birth to the 'Basic Structure Doctrine' which represents the essence of the constitution in India.
- On the CULTURAL Front, India resembles a melting pot of diverse cultures. From
 ancient times, it has incorporated the Greek, Persian, Turkish, Mughal &
 European cultures. It stands for the principle of 'UNITY IN DIVERSITY. This has
 been possible because Individuals identity themselves as 'INDIAN' first.
- On the POLITICAL front, the recent repeal of the farm laws again proves the
 power of the whole. If Individual farmers had tried to protest, the farm laws
 might never have been repealed. The 'Sanyukt Kisan Morcha' formed by the
 farmers acted as a 'united pressure group' & brought the change which they
 intended.

- On the ECONOMIC front, India ranks 6th in terms of nominal GDP. Post COVID-19, the Indian Economy had contracted by 8%. This could have been worse without the 20% growth registered by the agricultural sector during the COVID period. This is an important lesson for policymakers to focus on the development of the economy as a 'whole' with a balanced focus on its parts.
- Finally, in SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY front, the Industrial Revolution 4.0 has begun on the 'foundation of the Internet'. The Internet is one the best example of the power of the 'whole'. It has given hope for universal access to technology thereby enabling an egalitarian society.

```
#
coding:
utf-8
          # In[1]:
          import gensim, logging
          # In[2]:
          logging.basicConfig(format='%(asctime)s : %(levelname)s : %(message)s',
          level=logging.INFO)
          # In[3]:
          from gensim.models.doc2vec import LabeledSentence
          from gensim.models import Doc2Vec
          # In[4]:
          with open("sentiment labelled sentences/yelp labelled.txt") as f:
              for item_no, line in enumerate(f):
                  print(item_no, line)
          # In[19]:
          sentences = []
          sentiments = []
          with open("sentiment labelled sentences/yelp_labelled.txt") as f:
              for item no, line in enumerate(f):
                  line_split = line.strip().split('\t')
                  sentences.append((line_split[0], "yelp_%d" % item_no))
```

```
sentiments.append(int(line_split[1]))
         # In[21]:
          len(sentences), sentences
         # In[37]:
          import re
          sentences = []
          sentiments = []
         for fname in ["yelp", "amazon_cells", "imdb"]:
              with open("sentiment labelled sentences/%s_labelled.txt" % fname) as f:
                  for item_no, line in enumerate(f):
                      line_split = line.strip().split('\t')
                      sent = line_split[0].lower()
                      sent = re.sub(r'\'', '', sent)
                      sent = re.sub(r'\W', '', sent)
                      sent = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', sent).strip()
                      sentences.append(LabeledSentence(sent.split(), ["%s_%d" % (fname,
          item_no)]))
                      sentiments.append(int(line_split[1]))
         # In[38]:
          sentences
         # In[43]:
          import random
          class PermuteSentences(object):
             def __iter__(self):
                  shuffled = list(sentences)
                  random.shuffle(shuffled)
                  for sent in shuffled:
                      yield sent
          permuter = PermuteSentences()
         model = Doc2Vec(permuter, min_count=1)
         # In[44]:
         model.most_similar('tasty')
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential, load model
from keras.layers import Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dense,
Activation
from keras.utils import np utils
\textbf{from} \text{ keras.preprocessing.image } \textbf{import} \text{ ImageDataGenerator}
```

```
from keras.callbacks import TensorBoard
import itertools
Using TensorFlow backend.
                                                                       In [2]:
# all images will be converted to this size
ROWS = 256
COLS = 256
CHANNELS = 3
                                                                       In [3]:
train image generator = ImageDataGenerator(horizontal flip=True,
rescale=1./255, rotation range=45)
test image generator = ImageDataGenerator(horizontal flip=False,
rescale=1./255, rotation range=0)
train_generator = train_image_generator.flow_from_directory('train',
target_size=(ROWS, COLS), class_mode='categorical')
test generator = test image generator.flow from directory('test',
target size=(ROWS, COLS), class mode='categorical')
Found 5994 images belonging to 200 classes.
Found 5794 images belonging to 200 classes.
                                                                      In [12]:
train generator.reset()
test generator.reset()
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3), input shape=(ROWS, COLS, CHANNELS)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(4,4)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(4,4)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(400))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(200))
model.add(Activation('softmax'))
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer='adamax',
metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
Layer (type)
                        Output Shape Param #
______
                           (None, 254, 254, 64) 1792
conv2d 19 (Conv2D)
```

activation_28 (Activation)	(None,	254, 254, 64)	0
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None,	252, 252, 64)	36928
activation_29 (Activation)	(None,	252, 252, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPooling	(None,	63, 63, 64)	0
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	61, 61, 64)	36928
activation_30 (Activation)	(None,	61, 61, 64)	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	59, 59, 64)	36928
activation_31 (Activation)	(None,	59, 59, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_11 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None,	12544)	0
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	12544)	0
dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	400)	5018000
activation_32 (Activation)	(None,	400)	0
dropout_9 (Dropout)	(None,	400)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	200)	80200
activation_33 (Activation)	(None,	200)	0
Total params: 5,210,776			

Total params: 5,210,776 Trainable params: 5,210,776 Non-trainable params: 0

tensorboard = TensorBoard(log_dir='./logs/custom')

model.fit_generator(train_generator, steps_per_epoch=512, epochs=10,
callbacks=[tensorboard], verbose=2)

```
Epoch 1/10
```

- 434s - loss: 4.4682 - acc: 0.0687

Epoch 2/10

- 440s - loss: 4.1851 - acc: 0.0919

Epoch 3/10

- 443s - loss: 3.9278 - acc: 0.1270

Epoch 4/10

- 428s - loss: 3.6948 - acc: 0.1615

Epoch 5/10

- 437s - loss: 3.4944 - acc: 0.1935

In [15]:

```
Epoch 6/10
- 439s - loss: 3.3103 - acc: 0.2196

Epoch 7/10
- 438s - loss: 3.1253 - acc: 0.2492

Epoch 8/10
- 443s - loss: 2.9927 - acc: 0.2757

Epoch 9/10
- 431s - loss: 2.8474 - acc: 0.2998

Epoch 10/10
- 430s - loss: 2.7354 - acc: 0.3271

Out[15]:

print(model.evaluate_generator(test_generator, steps=1000))

[3.3455331521880121, 0.22266875981161696]

In []:
```