

# Assignment -4

PROJECT NAME	A NOVEL METHOD FOR HANDWRITTEN DIGIT RECOGNITION SYSTEM
NAME	K.Vijayasanthi
ROLL NO	814219104020
TEAM ID	PNT2022TMID45883

## 1. Download the dataset

Dataset Downloaded and uploaded to drive <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/code/kredy10/simple-lstm-for-text-classification/data">https://www.kaggle.com/code/kredy10/simple-lstm-for-text-classification/data</a>

### 2. <u>Import the necessary libraries</u>

import pandas as pdimport
numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as pltimport
seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_splitfrom
sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embeddingfrom
keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizerfrom
keras.preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import pad\_sequences from
keras.utils import to\_categorical
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

#### 3. Read dataset and do pre-processing

#### (i) Read dataset

df = pd.read\_csv('/content/spam.csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
df.head()



	v1	v2	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	NaN	NaN	NaN



## (ii) Preprocessing the dataset

df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>RangeIndex:
5572 entries, 0 to 5571

Data columns (total 2 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	v1	5572 non-null	object
1	v2	5572 non-null	object

dtypes: object(2)

memory usage: 87.2+ KB

X = df.v2Y = df.v1

le = LabelEncoder()

 $Y = le.fit_transform(Y)$ 

Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)

 $X_{train}, X_{test}, Y_{train}, Y_{test} = train_{test\_split}(X, Y, test\_size=0.15)$ 

max\_words = 1000 max\_len = 150

tok = Tokenizer(num\_words=max\_words)

tok.fit\_on\_texts(X\_train)

sequences = tok.texts\_to\_sequences(X\_train)

sequences\_matrix = pad\_sequences(sequences,maxlen=max\_len)



## 4.,5. Create model and Add Lavers(LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Lavers), Output)

inputs = Input(name='inputs',shape=[max\_len])

layer = Embedding(max\_words,50,input\_length=max\_len)(inputs)

layer = LSTM(64)(layer)

layer = Dense(256,name='FC1')(layer)

layer = Activation('relu')(layer)

layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)

layer = Dense(1,name='out\_layer')(layer)

layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)

model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)model.summary()

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
inputs (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	16640
activation (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 96,337

Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

#### 6. Compile the model

model.compile(loss='binary\_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accuracy'])

#### 7. Train and Fit the model

model.fit(sequences\_matrix,Y\_train,batch\_size=128,epochs=10, validation\_split=0.2)

**Epoch 1/10** 



<b>Epoch</b>					
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	263ms/step	- loss:	0.0036 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	3/10				
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	263ms/step	- loss:	0.0572 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	4/10				
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	262ms/step	- loss:	0.0038 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	5/10		-		
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	261ms/step	- loss:	0.0018 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	6/10		•		
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	263ms/step	- loss:	0.0022 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	7/10				
30/30	[=======]	- 9s	310ms/step	- loss:	0.0020 - accurac
Epoch	8/10		-		
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	261ms/step	- loss:	0.0015 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	-		•		
30/30	[=======]	- 8s	264ms/step	- loss:	0.0015 - accurac
<b>Epoch</b>	10/10				
	[======]	- 8s	263ms/step	- loss:	0.0021 - accurac
<keras.callbacks.history 0x7f2b60b5f110="" at=""></keras.callbacks.history>					
-					

## 8. Save the model

 $model.save ('sms\_classifier.h5')$ 

Preprocessing the Test Dataset

test\_sequences = tok.texts\_to\_sequences(X\_test)
test\_sequences\_matrix = pad\_sequences(test\_sequences, maxlen=max\_len)

## 9. Testing the model

Test set Loss: 0.262 Accuracy: 0.977