VisualizingandPredictingHeartDiseases withan InteractiveDashBoard

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Project Objectives:

- 1. Age: displays the age of the individual.
- 2. **Sex**: displays the gender of the individual using the following format: 1=male0 = female
- 3. *Chest-pain type*: displays the type of chest pain experienced by the individualusing the following format:
 - 1 = typical angina
 - 2 = atypical angina
 - 3 = non-anginal pain
 - 4 = asymptotic
- 4. *Resting Blood Pressure*: displays the resting blood pressure value of an individual in mmHg (unit)
- 5. **Serum Cholesterol**: displays the serum cholesterol in mg/dl (unit)
- 6. *Fasting Blood Sugar*: compares the fasting blood sugar value of an individual with 120mg/dl.

If fasting blood sugar > 120mg/dl

then: 1 (true) else: 0 (false)

- 7. **Resting** ECG: displays resting electrocardiographic results
 - 0 = normal
 - 1 = having ST-T wave abnormality
 - 2 = left ventricular hypertrophy
 - 8. *Max heart rate achieved*: displays the max heart rate achieved by an individual.
 - 9. Exercise induced angina:

1 = yes

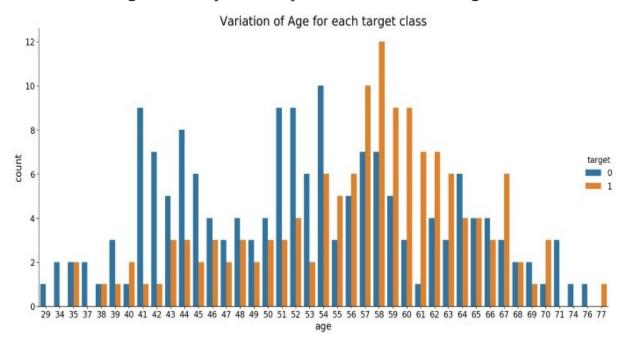
0 = no

10. ST depression induced by exercise relative to rest: displays the value which isan integer or floats.

- 11. Peak exercise ST segment:
 - 1 = upsloping
 - 2 = flat
 - 3 = downsloping
- 12. Number of major vessels (0-3) coloured by fluoroscopy: displays the value asinteger or float.
- 13. *Thal*: displays the thalassemia
 - 3 = normal
 - 6 =fixed defect
 - 7 = reversible defect
- 14. *Diagnosis of heart disease*: Displays whether the individual is suffering from heart disease or not
 - 0 = absence
 - 1, 2, 3, 4 = present.

Data Analysis

Let us look at the people's age who are suffering from the disease or not. Here, target = 1 implies that the person is suffering from heart disease and target = 0 implies the person is not suffering.

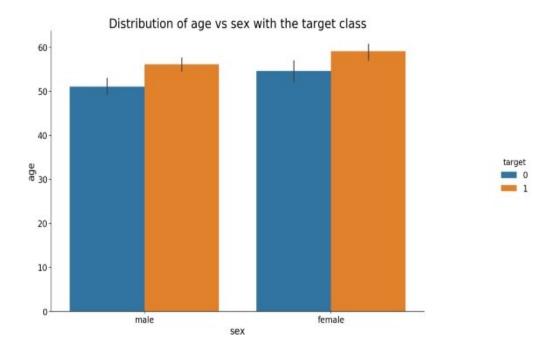


We see that most people who are suffering are of the age of 58, followedby 57.

Majorly, people belonging to the age group 50+ are suffering from the disease.

Next, let us look at the distribution of age and gender for each target class.

We see that females who are suffering from the disease are older than males.



Data Pre-Processing

The dataset contains 14 columns and 303 rows. Let us check the null values in each column of the data

We see that there are only 6 cells with null values with 4 belonging to attribute *ca* and 2 to *thal*. As the null values are very less we can either drop them or impute them. I have imputed the mean in place of the null values however one can also delete these rows entirely.

Now let us divide the data in the test and train set. In this project, I have divided the data into an 80: 20 ratio. That is, the training size is 80% and the testing size is 20% of the whole data.

Out[2]:

age 0 0 sex 0 ср trestbps 0 chol 0 fbs 0 restecg 0 thalach 0 0 exang oldpeak 0 slope 0 4 ca thal 2 target dtype: int64